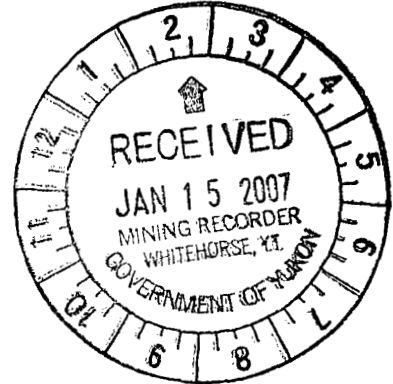


094747

PROSPECTING REPORT
ON THE NI PROPERTY



JUNE 8 - JULY 14 2006

CLAIMS NI 1 - 6 YB 57993 - YB57998
NI 7 - 12 YC 41028 - YC 41033

WHITEHORSE MINING DISTRICT

NTS MAP # 105D/10

LOCATED AT
513000 E - 6711000 N
UTM ZONE 8 NAD 83

REPORT PREPARED BY BRIAN SCOTT
JAN. 12 2007

Costs associated with this report have been approved in the amount of \$ 2500.00 for assessment credit under Certificate of Work No. QW27934

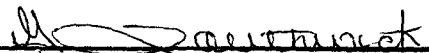

Mining Recorder
Whitehorse Mining District

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LOCATION AND ACCESS

The NI claims are located 26 kilometres south of Whitehorse, Yukon. The claim group is centered at 513000 E - 6711000 N UTM Zone 8 NAD 83, on NTS map # 105D/10 near Mt. Lorne in the Whitehorse Mining District. Access to the property is from the end of a 4 km. long secondary road which turns east off the Klondike Hwy. approximately 20 kilometers southeast of the city of Whitehorse. From this point an ATV trail leads another four kilometers to the property.

CLIMATE, TOPOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The NI claims encompass gently rolling hills with a maximum elevation of just over 1400 meters (4600 feet), surrounded by lower lying coniferous forest and swamp with a minimum elevation of 1160 meters (3800 feet). Alpine and sub – alpine hilltops account for roughly thirty percent of the claim area.

This area experiences long cold winters and warm relatively dry summers. Much of the precipitation falls as snow from October through May, effectively limiting the field season to the June – September period.

PROPERTY INFORMATION

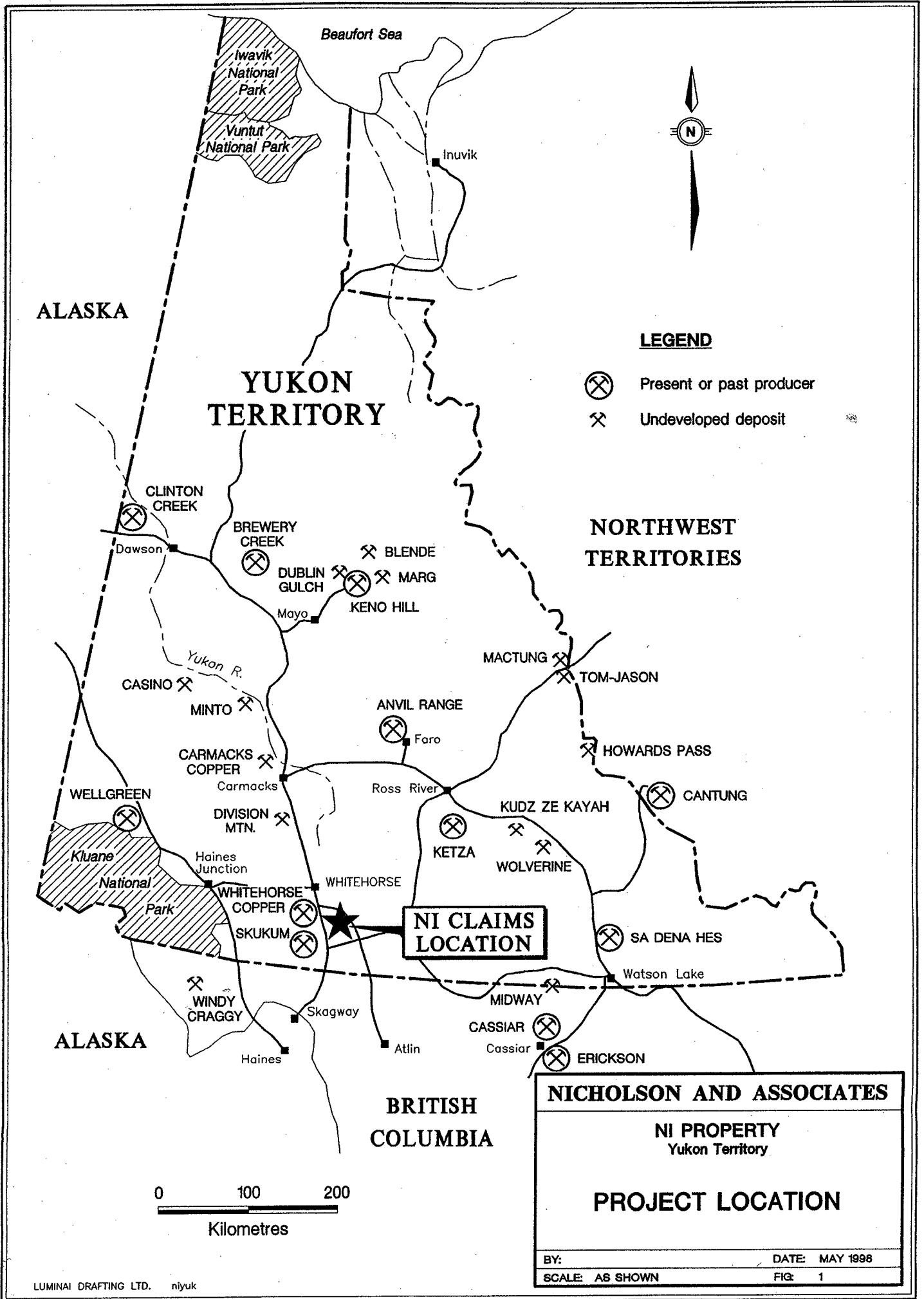
The NI property consists of 12 contiguous Yukon quartz claims, held jointly by Brian Carter and Brian Scott, in the Whitehorse Mining District on NTS map # 105D/10.

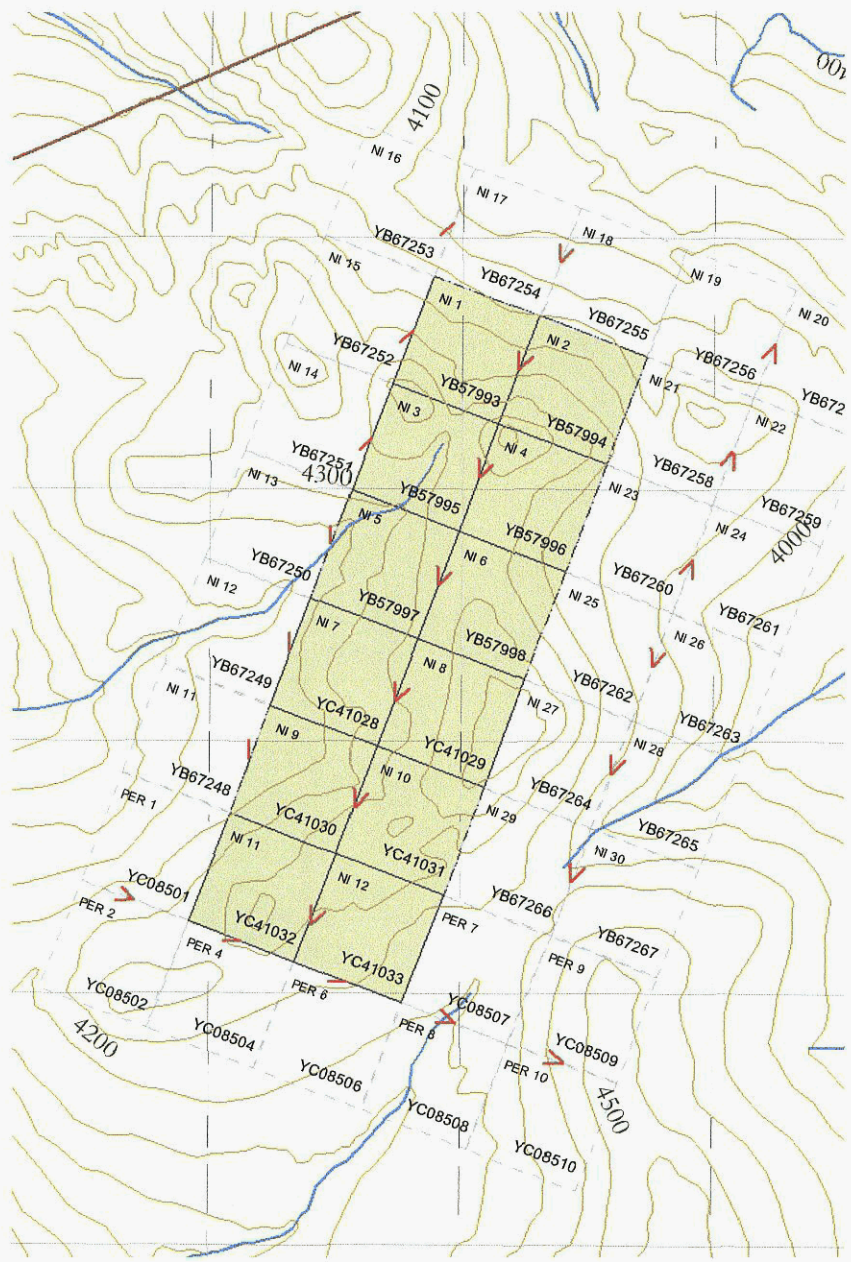
Claim information is summarized below:

CLAIM NAME	GRANT NUMBER	EXPIRY DATE
NI 1 – 6	YB57993 – YB57998	2009 – 01 – 12
NI 7 – 12	YC41028 – YC41033	2009 – 01 – 12

HISTORY

The property has been staked approximately a dozen times since 1959. Between 1967 and 1970, Len Doey built a cat trail to the claims from the Klondike Hwy, stripped a total of 1850 cubic yards of frozen ground and rock, and performed bulldozer trenching as well. No further work was done until Brian Carter re-staked the property in 1995. Grab samples from the old trenches by Carter, Kennecott Canada Inc. and Hemlo Gold Ltd. returned values up to 30 g/t Au. The property was optioned to RFH Investments who carried out geological mapping, prospecting, geochemical sampling, magnetic and EM geophysical surveying in 1996. No further work was done until 2006 when the prospecting program described in this report was implemented.





NI PROPERTY
 NTS 105 D/10

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The NI claims are located within the Whitehorse Trough, one of several terranes within the Intermontane Belt. The Whitehorse Trough consists of three lithological units: 1 - Lewes River Group – an Upper Triassic island arc assemblage of mafic volcanic and volcano-sedimentary rocks including greywacke, siltstone, argillite and conglomerate, as well as an upper limestone unit. 2 – Laberge Group – a Lower and Middle Jurassic predominantly sedimentary assemblage, lithologically indistinguishable from Lewes River sediments but stratigraphically higher than the Upper Lewes River limestone. 3 – Tantalus Formation – an Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous sedimentary assemblage locally containing coal seams.

The Whitehorse Trough, as with all terranes in the Intermontane Belt, is intruded by plutonic suites of Mid-Cretaceous, Late Cretaceous and Eocene age. The Late Cretaceous quartz monzonite Mt. Lorne pluton, which underlies the south end of the NI property, is one such intrusive.

The Whitehorse Copper Belt, a northwest trending zone of past-producing copper/gold skarns stretching over 30 kilometers, is located approximately 5 kilometers north of the NI property, and shares the same geological setting.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

The NI property is underlain by a broad package of banded limestone intruded by a feldspar-biotite porphyritic monzonite dike system. This occurred as a series of pulses of fine grained monzonite with each successive injection being more leucocratic and fine grained. Early phases have undergone intensive jointing with gold bearing quartz-arsenopyrite veining structurally controlled by the jointing. One small plug contains roughly 3 - 4% arsenopyrite across a 6 metre width. Minor chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite also occur; massive arsenopyrite has returned values up to 30 g/t Au. This style of mineralization has been documented in two locations approximately 30 metres apart. Late stage, more finely grained phases appear weakly silicified and fractured, with fracture related pyrite, chlorite and rare arsenopyrite. Values up to 0.5 g/t Au were obtained from this material. Localized strong endoskarn development, with up to 20% pyrrhotite and 1% chalcopyrite, occurs near contacts with limestone, which has been thermally altered to marble with minor limonite. The presence of pyrrhotite and minor biotite indicates that emplacement of the intrusives occurred at moderate to high temperatures, favourable conditions for gold emplacement.

PROSPECTING AND FIELDWORK IN 2006

The 2006 fieldwork consisted of a total of four man/days of prospecting by the claimholders, Brian Scott and Brian Carter, on claims NI 2, 3, 4, 11, and 12, to follow up on the 1996 exploration efforts. In 1996, a property wide grid was established, followed by geological mapping, prospecting, geochemical sampling and magnetic and EM geophysical surveying. A new copper skarn showing at the extreme southern end of the property had been discovered during line-cutting of the grid, but had not been investigated at that time. During 2006, portions of the grid were re-established, with reference points located by GPS survey, to facilitate mapping, and ground-truthing of the 1996 mag and EM anomalies. As well, the copper skarn discovery was relocated, sampled and three m/days were spent prospecting in the vicinity.

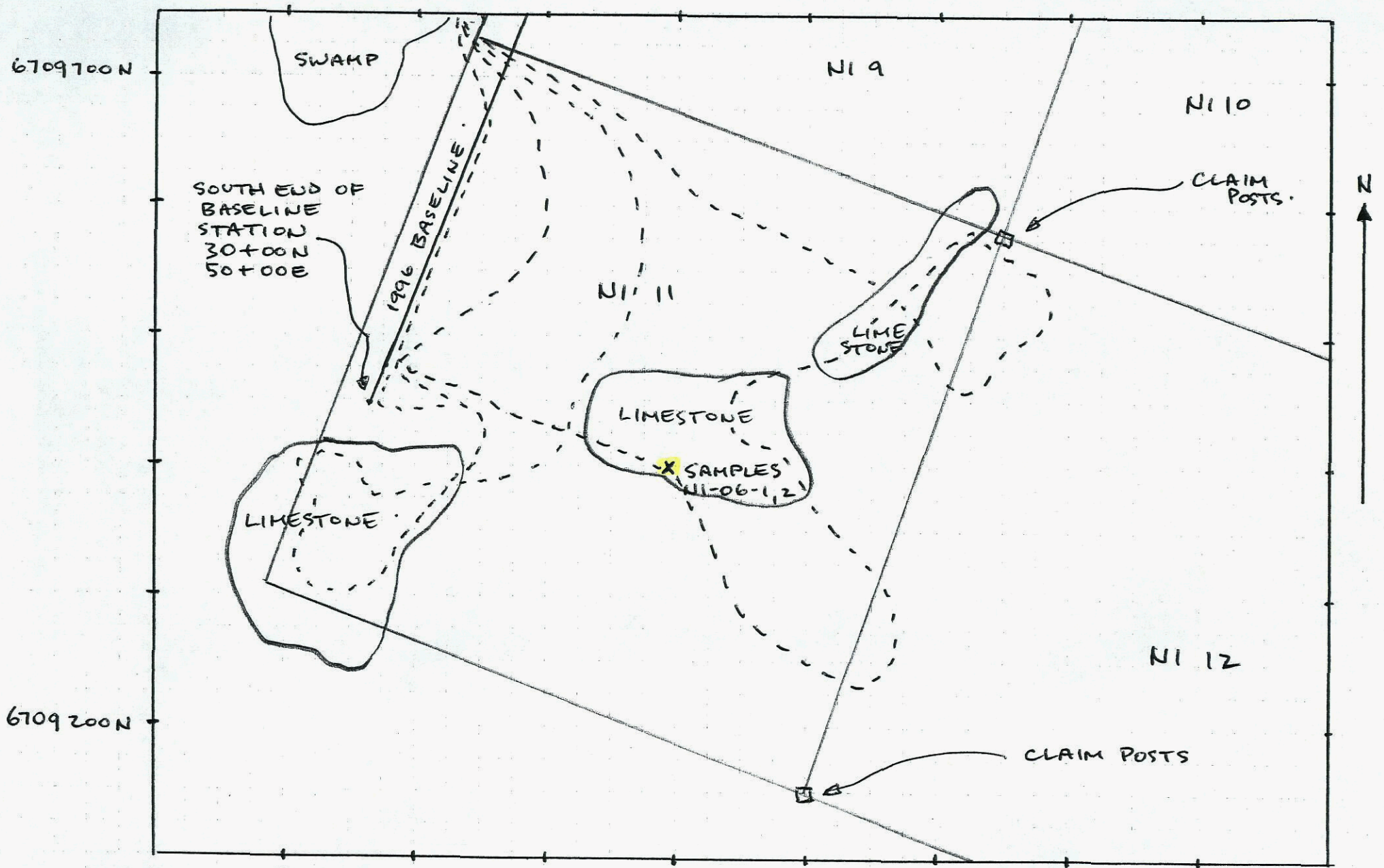
RESULTS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The 1996 baseline was well cut out and easy to follow, however the cross-lines were harder to ascertain. As well, no GPS locations had been taken at that time. In order to find the 1996 copper skarn discovery, and to ground-truth several of the '96 EM and magnetic anomalies, several reference points were surveyed by GPS (Nad 83) during the 2006 field program:

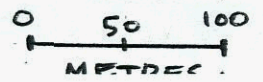
L30+00N, BL50+00E - southern end of 1996 baseline – 512230E, 6709428N on NI 11

L50+00N, BL50+00E - 1996 baseline station closest to - 512980E, 6711370N on NI 3
historic main showing

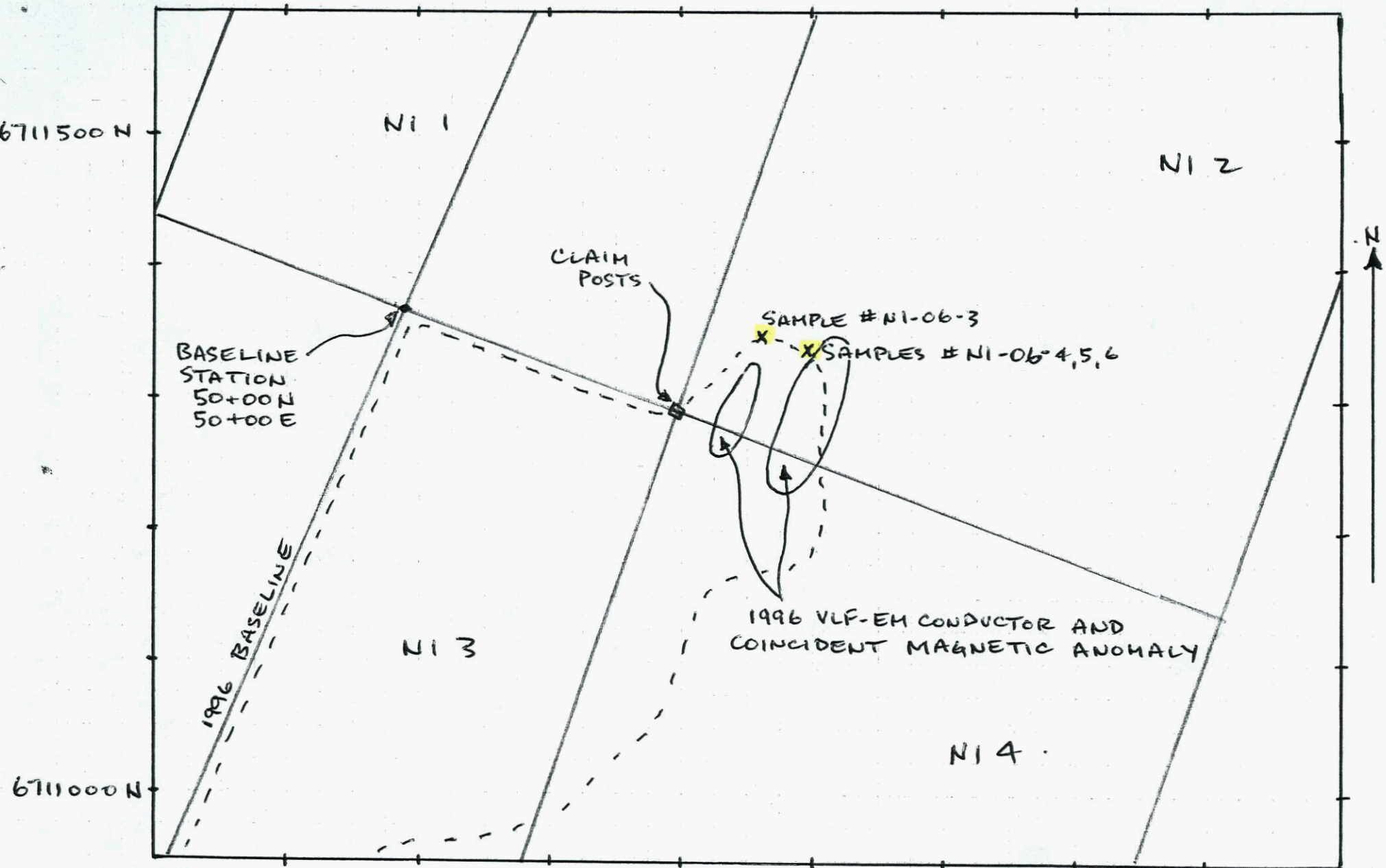
The 1996 copper skarn discovery was subsequently found at L30+00N, 52+50E (512490E, 6709390N) on claim NI 11. It consists of a pod of skarn mineralization (chalcopyrite, pyrite, garnet) approximately 2 metres by 1 metre in size. Two grab samples (NI-06-1, NI-06-2) returned values of .68% and .86% Cu respectively. Several days of prospecting in this vicinity on NI 11, 12 failed to turn up any additional mineralization. Outcrop is generally limited to hilltops. The historic main showing (NI 2, 3, 4) was also re-visited during the 2006 program. A geophysical survey in 1996 had outlined a coincident VLF-EM conductor and magnetic high in this area around L50N/53E. By re-establishing this portion of the 1996 grid, we were able to determine that the geophysical anomalies correlated very well with two quartz monzonite dykes which had previously been trenched (1967-69) and had returned values up to 30 g/t Au (Carter-1995). The first dyke, located at 513265E, 6711350N, on claim NI 2 was grab sampled (# NI-06-3, fine-grained monzonite with pyrite and rare arsenopyrite) but returned no anomalous values. Three grab samples (# NI-06-4,5,6, all fine-grained monzonite with arsenopyrite, minor chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite) from the second dyke (at 513290E, 6711345N) also on claim NI 2 returned gold values of 140, 816 and 2001 ppb respectively. It appears that VLF-EM, in conjunction with magnetic geophysical surveys, is effective in outlining areas of potential skarn mineralization and delineating potentially mineralized intrusive dykes. Therefore, it is recommended that VLF-EM and magnetic surveys should be completed on the southern portion of the 1996 grid. As well, a coincident VLF-EM conductor and magnetic high centered at grid line 58N/66E should be investigated by prospecting and trenching.



NTS 105 D/10
 UTM ZONE 8
 NAD 83



NI PROPERTY
 2006 PROSPECTING & SAMPLE LOCATION X
 BRIAN SCOTT
 NI 11, 12
 --- TRAVERSE # 1
 --- TRAVERSE # 7



NTS 105 D/10
 UTM ZONE 8
 NAD 83
 0 50 100
 METRES

512900 E

NI PROPERTY
 2006 PROSPECTING SAMPLE LOCATION x
 BRIAN SCOTT
 NI 2, 3, 4.
 --- TRAVERSE #2

513600 E

APPENDIX

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Brian Scott, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a self-employed prospector, residing at Tagish, Yukon with mailing address Box 77 Tagish, Y0B 1T0.**

- 2. I successfully completed the Yukon Basic Prospecting course in Whitehorse in 1977, and the Advanced Prospecting course in 1988. As well, I completed the Petrology for Prospectors course in Whitehorse in 1994.**

- 3. I have been actively involved in mineral exploration in the Yukon and northern British Columbia since 1977.**

- 4. I performed all work on the NI claims (June 8 – July 14 2006) described in this report, with the assistance of co-owner Brian Carter.**

Dated at Tagish, Yukon this 12th day of January, 2007.



Brian Scott

STATEMENT OF EXPENSES

JUNE 08 2006 - Prospecting – B. Scott 1 day @ \$300 \$300
4x4 truck @ \$75 \$ 75
ATV @ \$125 \$125

JUNE 15 2006 – Prospecting – B. Scott 1 day @ \$300 \$300
4x4 truck @ \$75 \$ 75
ATV @ \$125 \$125

JULY 14 2006 – Prospecting – B. Carter, B. Scott 2 m/days @ \$300 \$600
2 – 4x4 trucks @ \$75 \$150
2 – ATV @ \$125 \$250

Fuel, flagging, batteries, bags, etc. \$257.50

Assays and shipping \$242.80

Report preparation \$300

GRAND TOTAL \$2800.30

All expenses incurred on the NI property 2006



Brian Scott - Jan. 12 2007



ASSAY CERTIFICATE



Carter, Brian PROJECT N1 File # A607896

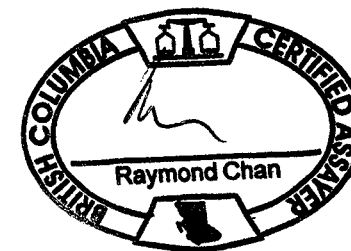
c/o B. Scott Box 77, Tagish YT Y0B 1T0 Submitted by: BRIAN SCOTT

SAMPLE#	Mo %	Cu %	Pb %	Zn %	Ag gm/mt	Ni %	Co %	Mn %	Fe %	As %	Sr %	Cd %	Sb %	Bi %	Ca %	P %	Cr %	Mg %	Al %	Na %	K %	W %	Hg %
G-1	<.001	<.001	<.01	<.01	<2	<.001	<.001	.06	2.00	<.01	.009	<.001	<.001	<.01	.66	.075	.001	.64	1.27	.15	.58	<.001	<.001
NI-06-1	.001	.677	<.01	.02	7	<.001	.002	.11	19.98	<.01	<.001	.001	.001	<.01	19.73	.027	.001	.03	.29	.01	.02	.005	<.001
NI-06-2	.002	.857	<.01	.02	8	<.001	.002	.11	19.65	<.01	.001	.001	.001	<.01	20.72	.028	.002	.04	.28	.01	.01	.008	<.001
NI-06-3	<.001	.025	<.01	<.01	<2	.001	.001	.04	5.77	.01	.024	<.001	<.001	<.01	1.98	.130	<.001	1.78	4.28	.45	1.56	.001	<.001
NI-06-4	<.001	.026	<.01	<.01	<2	.001	.001	.03	4.78	.64	.016	<.001	<.001	<.01	1.72	.116	.001	1.64	4.24	.52	1.33	.001	<.001
NI-06-5	<.001	.005	<.01	<.01	<2	.001	.012	.03	5.45	2.62	.015	<.001	.001	<.01	1.13	.116	.001	1.62	3.40	.39	1.12	<.001	<.001
NI-06-6	<.001	.004	<.01	<.01	2	.001	.005	.03	6.01	3.01	.026	<.001	.001	<.01	1.78	.125	<.001	1.79	4.51	.55	1.58	<.001	<.001
STANDARD SF-3	.032	.784	.95	1.09	55	.344	.018	.43	7.77	<.01	.006	.005	.002	<.01	2.70	.055	.017	4.38	1.08	.52	1.05	.011	<.001

GROUP 7AR - 1.000 GM SAMPLE, AQUA - REGIA (HCL-HNO3-H2O) DIGESTION TO 100 ML, ANALYSED BY ICP-ES.
- SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150

11-17-06 P01:54 OUT

Data FA DATE RECEIVED: OCT 26 2006 DATE REPORT MAILED:.....





GEOCHEM PRECIOUS METALS ANALYSIS

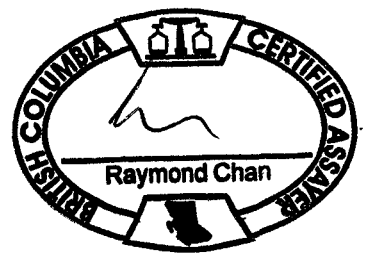
Carter, Brian PROJECT NI File # A607896
 c/o B. Scott Box 77, Tagish YT Y0B 1T0 Submitted by: BRIAN SCOTT

SAMPLE#	Au** ppb
G-1	<2
NI-06-1	2
NI-06-2	<2
NI-06-3	3
NI-06-4	140
NI-06-5	816
NI-06-6	2001
STANDARD OxF41	800

GROUP 3B - FIRE GEOCHEM AU - 30 GM SAMPLE FUSION, DORE DISSOLVED IN AQUA - REGIA, ICP ANALYSIS. UPPER LIMITS = 10 PPM.
 GROUP 6 AU RECOMMENDED IF >10PPM FOR 30 GM, >5PPM FOR 50 GM.
 - SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK R150

11-17-06 P01:53 OUT

Data ___ FA ___ DATE RECEIVED: OCT 26 2006 DATE REPORT MAILED:.....



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