

**GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL REPORT
ON THE
GOAL NET CLAIM BLOCK**

Watson Lake Mining District, Y.T.
NTS 105G/7 & 8
(Centered at: 61°20'N, 130°30'W)

for

ENTOURAGE MINING LTD.
212 - 525 Seymour Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6C 3H7
(604)688-8286

and

EXPATRIATE RESOURCES LTD
701 - 525 Howe Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6C 2B3
(604)682-5474

by

CARL G. VERLEY, P.Geo.
Amerlin Exploration Services Ltd.
2150 - 1851 Savage Road
Richmond, B.C. V6V 1R1
(604)821-1088

August 1, 2004

Claims	Grant Numbers	Claims	Grant Numbers
Goal 1 - 24	YB56129 - YB56152	Goon 1 - 106	YB76681 - YB76786
Goal 25 - 94	YB60584 - YB60653	Goon 107 - 136	YB76876 - YB76905
Goal 95 - 96	YB63999 - YB64000	Goon 137 - 138	YB92719 - YB92720
Goal 97 - 98	YB68801 - YB68802	Net 1 - 34	YB56095 - YB56128
Goal 99 - 121	YB60654 - YB60676	Net 35 - 58	YB59119 - YB59142
Goal 122 - 129	YB68823 - YB68830	Net 59 - 72	YB60984 - YB60997
Goal 130 - 165	YB70481 - YB70516	Net 73 - 124	YB63472 - YB63523
Goal 166 - 168	YB70518 - YB70520	Net 125 - 140	YB63930 - YB63945
Goal 169	YB70556	Net 141 - 156	YB63524 - YB63539
Goal 170 - 181	YB70521 - YB70532	Net 157 - 195	YB70431 - YB70469
Goal 182	YB70517	Net 196	YB70557
Goal 183	YB70533	Net 197 - 200	YB70470 - YB70473
Goal 184 - 203	YB68803 - YB68822	Net 201 - 214	YB78690 - YB78703
Goal 205 - 210	YB70475 - YB70480	NHL 1 - 148	YB60677 - YB60820
Goal 211 - 212	YB76787 - YB76788	NHL 149 - 152	YB68845 - YB68848
Goal 231 - 232	YB76807 - YB76808	NHL 153 - 166	YB68831 - YB68844
Goal 251	Yb76827	NHL 167 - 176	YB89561 - YB89570
Goal 271 - 282	YB76846 - YB76858	Overtime 1 - 50	YB60534 - YB60583
Goal 320 - 335	YB87595 - YB87610	Overtime 51 - 86	YB61522 - YB61557

LOCATION: 199 kilometres northwest of Watson Lake, Y.T.

DATE: During the period September 5 and 22, 2003.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY	2
INTRODUCTION	3
Location & Access	3
History	3
PROPERTY	7
GEOLOGY	10
Regional	10
Property.....	16
GEOCHEMISTRY	19
CONCLUSIONS.....	24
REFERENCES	25
APPENDICES:	
A. Geochemical Data	
B. Writer's Certificate	

Figures

Figure:

1 Property Location Map	1
2 Claim Map	9
3 Regional Tectonic and Stratigraphic Relationships, Finlayson Lake area ...	13
4 Geology Legend.....	14
5 Regional Geology	15
6 Property Geology.....	18
7 Be in Soils – Compilation Map.....	21
8 Rock Sample Location Map.....	22
9 Be in Rocks	23

Tables

Table:

1 Mineral Claims	7
2 Summary of Soil Geochemistry.....	20

Plates

Plate:

1 Claim Map	in pocket
2 Be Soil Geochemistry	in pocket

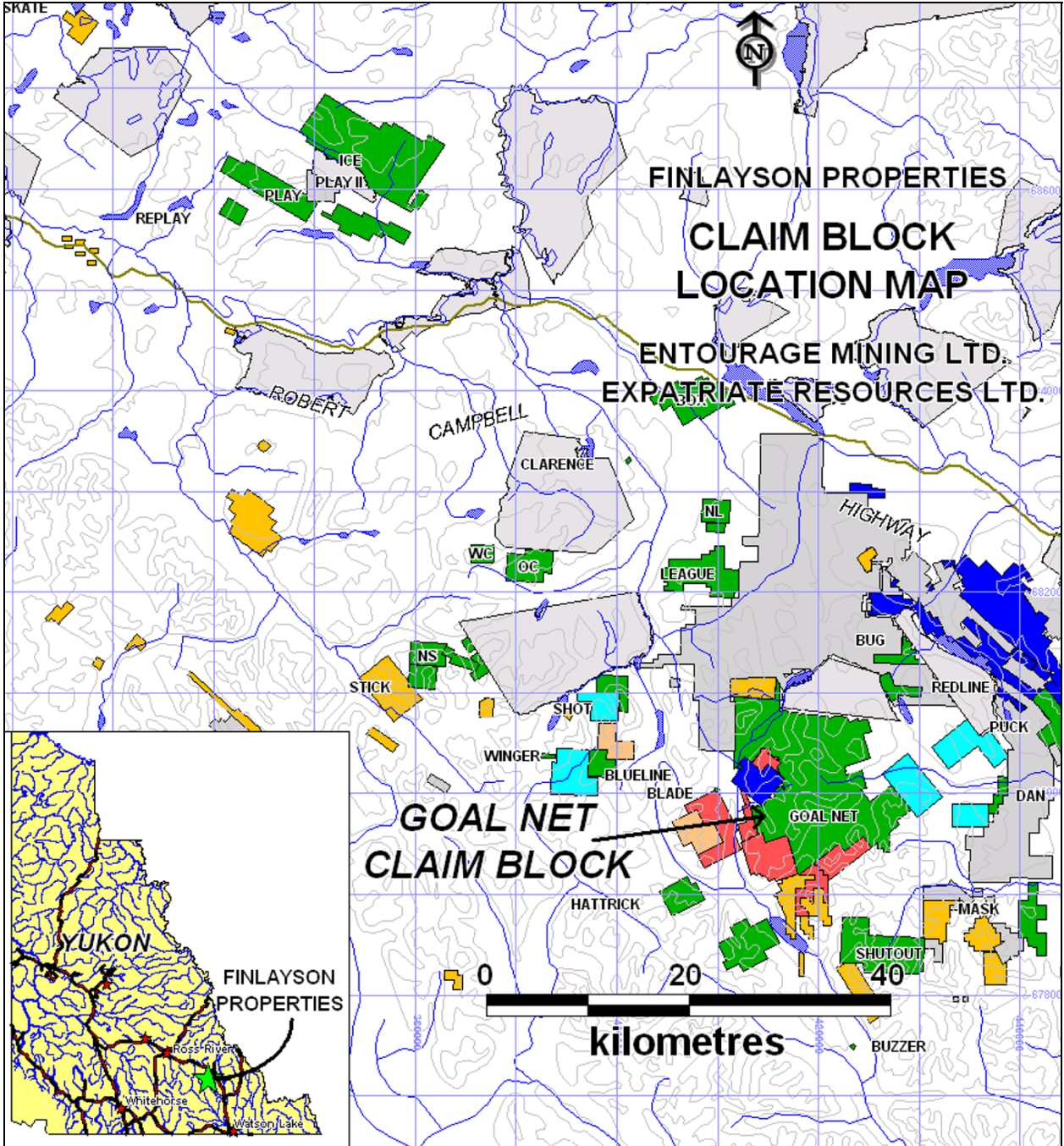


FIGURE 1: PROPERTY LOCATION MAP

SUMMARY

Entourage Mining Ltd. has an option on the rights to gem materials on 856 contiguous quartz claims (Goal Net Block) centered 199 kilometres north of Watson Lake, in the Pelly Mountains, Watson Lake Mining District (105G/7 & 8), Yukon Territory. The property is accessible by helicopter.

The ground is underlain by a sequence of metasediments and metavolcanics from the lower part of the Devonian-Mississippian Grass Lakes succession of the Yukon-Tanana terrain. Late Devonian ultramafic rocks are found within the succession either as intrusions or tectonic slices. A mid-Cretaceous age granitic pluton also intrudes the sequence as do rare Tertiary quartz-boitite-feldspar porphyry sills.

Previous exploration has focused primarily on volcanogenic massive sulphide exploration. An emerald discovery in 1998 on claims that were originally part of the claim block precipitated a re-evaluation of these the whole of the Goal Net Block. Entourage Mining is the first company to recompile the previous database built-up by Expatriate Resources on the ground and apply it to emerald exploration.

During the 2003 field season a program of prospecting, geological mapping and soil sampling was conducted on the Goal Net block. As a result of this work a new beryl occurrence was located in ultramafic rocks adjacent to the Regal Ridge emerald discovery. Several beryllium soil anomalies were located on the property. Follow-up prospecting, soil and rock sampling of these areas is warranted and strongly recommended in order to locate emerald occurrences on the Goal Net block. In addition, further work should be directed to more comprehensive and detailed prospecting of the beryllium soil anomalies that sampling in prior years by Expatriate has outlined.

Respectfully submitted,
Amerlin Exploration Services Ltd.

“Carl G. Verley”

Carl G. Verley, P.Geo.

Richmond, B.C.
August 1, 2004.

INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of a work program supervised by the writer for Entourage Mining Ltd. during the period September 5 to 22, 2003. The objects of this work were to prospect and map the claim group as well as collect soil samples and test these for elevated levels of beryllium. The fieldwork was conducted by the writer, Kenneth Hicks, P.Geo., Marcus Vanwermuskerkin, P. Geo. and Gregory B. Sinitsin. Kluane Airways Ltd provided helicopter support.

LOCATION & ACCESS

The claims are centered 199 kilometres north of Watson Lake in the Pelly Mountains, Watson Lake Mining District, Y.T. at latitude 61°20'N and longitude 130°30'W. The property is situated on map-sheet 105G/7 and 8. Physiographically the ground lies in moderately steep, mountainous terrain. Most of the claim group is covered with alpine vegetation consisting of a variety of grasses and mosses with low willow and juniper, typical boreal forest growth consisting of sparse pine and spruce occurs on the lower parts of the claims. Elevations range from 1400 to just over 2300 metres above sea level.

HISTORY

Initial exploration in the Finlayson Lake area began in the mid-1960's when zinc-lead-silver deposits were discovered and developed at Faro, 170 km northwest of the Goal-Net claim block area. Several large regional programs covered portions of the area from 1965 through 1980. Companies working in the area included Cyprus Anvil Corporation, Hudson Bay Exploration and Development Company Ltd., Finlayson Joint Venture (Chevron Canada Ltd, Union Oil of Canada Ltd. and Marietta Resources International Ltd.), Newmont Exploration, South Yukon Joint Venture (Strauss Exploration Inc., Marietta Resources International Ltd, Union Oil Company of Canada Ltd. and Chevron Canada Ltd.) and Northlake Mines Ltd.

(Augustus Exploration Ltd., Copper Ridge Mines Ltd., Silver Standard Mines Ltd., Transcontinental Resources Ltd., North Pacific Mines Ltd.).

Recent exploration activity in the Finlayson Lake area began in 1993. During the fall of that year, Cominco Exploration performed soil geochemistry and geophysical surveys at the headwaters of a creek with strongly anomalous silt sediment geochemical response in lead, zinc and copper. Cominco discovered the Kudz Ze Kayah zinc-lead massive sulphide deposit in early 1994. Claims comprising the Goal Net block were largely acquired by staking by Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited for Expatriate Resources Ltd. in 1994 through 1996.

In August 1998, an Expatriate field crew under the direction of Bill Wengzynowski, P.Eng. discovered emeralds at Regal Ridge on the Goal Net Property. The initial discovery was confined to a 30 by 100 m area and subsequent investigations have identified emerald-bearing float in an area of 800 m by 400 m. A one kg sample concentrated from 500 kg of host material yielded gem-quality emeralds up to 0.25 ct (Expatriate, 1999).

Emerald exploration became the primary focus of field activities on Regal Ridge in 1999. Expatriate established a 1200 x 600 meter control grid with a square spacing at 50 meter intervals. Stations were surveyed to 25 meter intervals in crucial areas. Soil and talus fines were sampled on the grid, with roughly 2 kilograms at each site sieved through 6 mm, 2 mm and 1 mm screens. The splits were examined for emerald and lamped for scheelite fluorescence. All samples that produced emerald fragments also contained scheelite grains. The fines were analysed for 32 elements by the Induced Coupled Plasma (ICP) technique. It was found that copper, beryllium and tungsten values showed the best correlation with macroscopic emerald in the soil samples. The geochemical anomaly overprinting the emerald occurrence measures 700 x 400 meters. It coincides with exposures of muscovite tourmaline schist containing quartz tourmaline veins. Areas that yielded emerald fragments were then resampled. Typically, 10 kilograms of material was collected from several sites within a 4 meter square zone surrounding the original location, and processed through a 3 mm screen. In this manner, Expatriate carefully mapped the dimensions and limits of at least six emerald-rich dispersion trains in the regolith. In

two cases, the dispersion trains were traced back to source outcrops containing emerald mineralization.

Towards the end of 1999, talus fines and deeply-weathered bedrock were collected and processed from six separate locations in the emerald-rich dispersion trains identified through soil sampling. In all, 7 cubic meters of material was washed and sieved through a set of screens at decreasing mesh sizes: 4 cm, 2.5 cm, 1 cm, 0.5 cm and 0.25 cm. Concentrate was hand-picked from a sorting table. Some 5000 grams of combined emerald and green beryl was recovered. Of this total, 3129.3 grams was cleaned further, and classified as “gem” (transparent); “near-gem” or cabochon-grade (translucent); and, “non-gem” (opaque). The final tally included: 17.8 grams (0.5 %) of gem; and 93.9 grams (3.0 %) of near-gem material (Montgomery and Rohtert, 2002). The 93 mineral claims comprising the Regal Ridge emerald discovery were segregated by option agreement between Expatriate and True North Gems Inc. from the rest of the Goal Net property. In late 2002, True North completed an outright purchase of the 93 claim block from Expatriate. Since that time True North has and still is actively exploring the emerald potential of the Regal Ridge property by diamond drilling, trenching and underground development.

In total, soil sampling campaigns over the period 1994 to 2000 resulted in the collection of 6,818 soil samples from the Goal Net block by Archer Cathro on behalf of Expatriate. The samples were analysed by ALS Chemex using an industry recognized ICP analytical technique that reported values for 31 elements (Ag, Al, As, Ba, Be, Bi, Ca, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Ga, Hg, K, La, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, P, Pb, Sb, Sc, Sr, Ti, U, V, W and Zn) on a routine basis and in some data sets values for Au, Bo and S were also provided. Since exploration conducted by Archer Cathro was primarily focused on base metals they only made use of part of the available data, generally reporting results for only a suite of 10 elements (Ag, As, Ba, Co, Cu, Mn, Mo, Pb, Sb, Zn). Values for the other data lie in original Chemex digital files on hand at Expatriate Resources offices. It was not until the discovery of emerald at Regal Ridge, while following up a copper anomaly that the importance of the original data set became apparent.

However, Expatriate only extracted Be and other values for the 93 claim area which became the Regal Ridge property now owned by True North Gems. The prime reason that Expatriate did not examine the whole data set was the time consuming and onerous nature of the task which involved sorting, checking and cross checking, then georeferencing the data. The Entourage Mining Ltd has been very involved in the task of re-examining this data with the realization that these data provide a starting point for a re-evaluation of the Goal Net claim block in terms of Be – the prime pathfinder for beryl and emerald.

PROPERTY

Entourage Mining Ltd. has an option to earn a 60% interest in any gem materials it finds in 856 full sized and fractional mineral claims, located in 1 contiguous block as tabulated below, summarized on Figure 2 and illustrated on Plate 1 (in pocket). The claims are located in the Grass Lakes and Wolverine Lake area, Watson Lake Mining District, Y.T. (NTS 105G/7 and 8). Expatriate Resources Ltd. is the present owner of the claims.

Table 1. MINERAL CLAIMS

CLAIM NAME	CLAIM NUMBER		GRANT NUMBER		Current Epiry DATE
	FROM	TO	FROM	TO	
Goal	1	24	YB56129	YB56152	17-Mar-15
Goal	25	44	YB60584	YB60603	16-Mar-12
Goal	45	54	YB60604	YB60613	16-Mar-16
Goal	55	94	YB60614	YB60653	16-Mar-12
Goal	95	96	YB63999	YB64000	16-Mar-12
Goal	97	98	YB68801	YB68802	16-Mar-12
Goal	99	121	YB60654	YB60676	16-Mar-12
Goal	122	129	YB68823	YB68830	16-Mar-12
Goal	130	165	YB70481	YB70516	16-Mar-12
Goal	166	168	YB70518	YB70520	16-Mar-12
Goal	169		YB70556		16-Mar-12
Goal	170		YB70521		16-Mar-08
Goal	171		YB70522		16-Mar-12
Goal	172	181	YB70523	YB70532	16-Mar-08
Goal	182		YB70517		16-Mar-12
Goal	183		YB70533		16-Mar-08
Goal	184	203	YB68803	YB68822	16-Mar-12
Goal	205	210	YB70475	YB70480	16-Mar-12
Goal	211	212	YB76787	YB76858	16-Mar-12
Goal	231	232	YB76807	YB76808	17-Mar-12
Goal	251		YB76827		18-Mar-12
Goal	271	282	YB76846	YB76858	19-Mar-12
Goal	320	335	YB87595	YB87610	17-Mar-10

Table 2. Continued

CLAIM NAME	CLAIM	NUMBER	GRANT	NUMBER	Current Epiry DATE
	FROM	TO	FROM	TO	
Goon	1	16	YB76681	YB76696	17-Mar-15
Goon	17	30	YB76697	YB76710	16-Mar-08
Goon	31	38	YB76711	YB76718	17-Mar-05
Goon	39	79	YB76719	YB76759	17-Mar-05
Goon	80	82	YB76760	YB76762	17-Mar-05
Goon	83	84	YB76763	YB76764	17-Mar-05
Goon	85	106	YB76765	YB76786	17-Mar-05
Goon	107	136	YB76876	YB76905	17-Mar-05
Goon	137		YB92719		17-Mar-07
Goon	138		YB92720		17-Mar-07
Net	1	34	YB56095	YB56128	17-Mar-14
Net	35	58	YB59119	YB59142	16-Mar-12
Net	59	72	YB60984	YB60997	16-Mar-08
Net	73	124	YB63472	YB63523	16-Mar-08
Net	125	140	YB63930	YB63945	16-Mar-12
Net	141	156	YB63524	YB63539	16-Mar-12
Net	157	164	YB70431	YB70438	16-Mar-08
Net	165		YB70439		16-Mar-08
Net	166	169	YB70440	YB70443	16-Mar-08
Net	170		YB70444		16-Mar-08
Net	171	184	YB70445	YB70458	16-Mar-08
Net	185	195	YB70459	YB70469	16-Mar-12
Net	196		YB70557		16-Mar-12
Net	197	200	YB70470	YB70473	16-Mar-12
Net	201	204	YB78690	YB78693	16-Mar-08
Net	205	206	YB78694	YB78695	16-Mar-08
Net	207	214	YB78696	YB78703	16-Mar-08
NHL	1	30	YB60677	YB60706	17-Mar-06
NHL	31	144	YB60707	YB60820	17-Mar-11
NHL	145	148	YB60821	YB60824	17-Mar-06
NHL	149	152	YB68845	YB68848	17-Mar-06
NHL	153	158	YB68831	YB68836	17-Mar-06
NHL	159	166	YB68837	YB68844	17-Mar-11
NHL	167	176	YB89561	YB89570	17-Mar-11
Overtime	1	50	YB60534	YB60583	16-Mar-08
Overtime	51	86	YB61522	YB61557	16-Mar-08

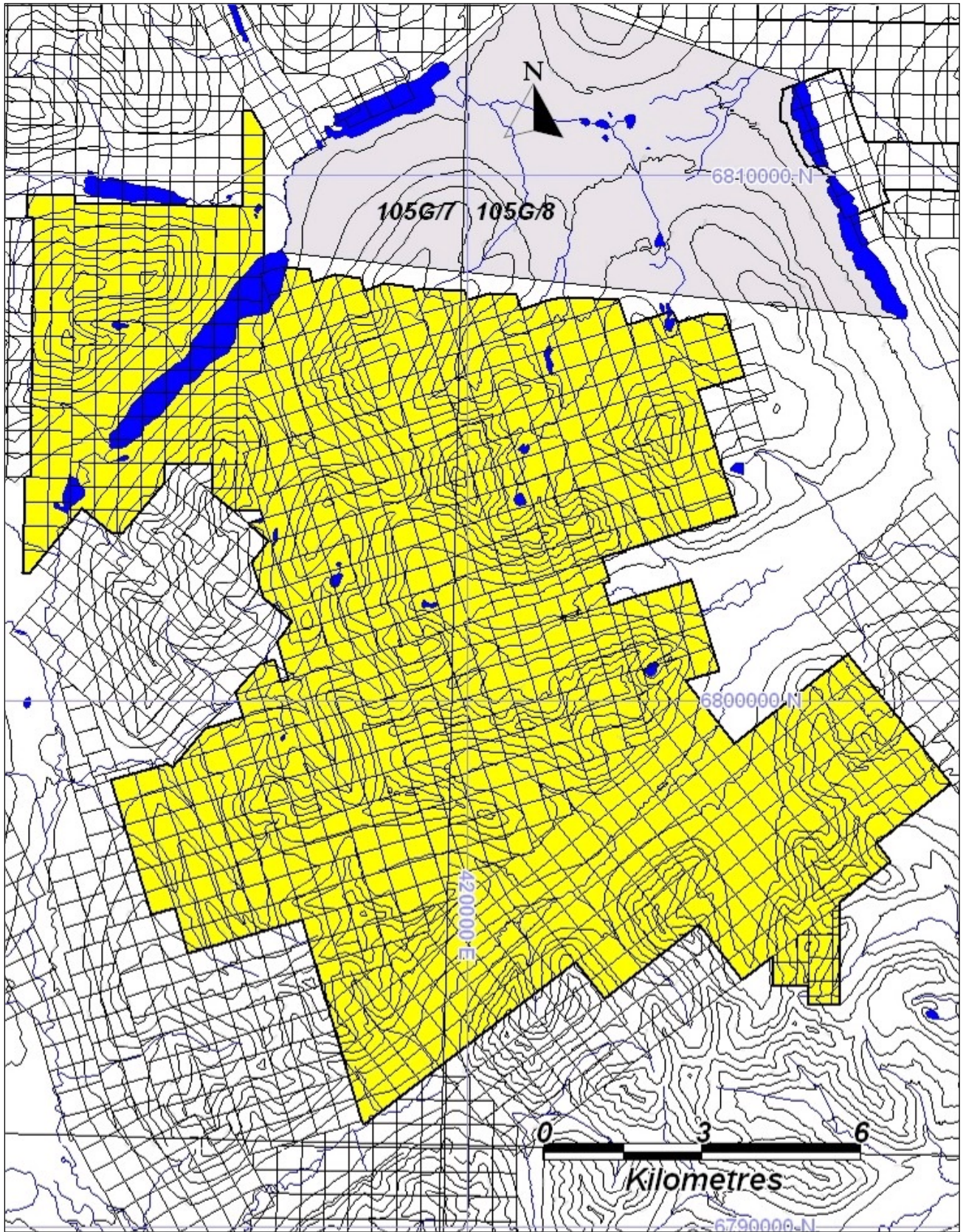


Figure 2. Goal-Net Claim Block (yellow) in relation to other tenures in area (grey is Kaska Nation settlement area). Refer to Plate 1 in pocket for details on individual claims.

GEOLOGY

Regional:

Geological mapping on a regional scale has been conducted in the Finlayson Lake area by Wheeler *et. al.* (1960) and Tempelman-Kluit (1977). A reinterpretation of the regional geology by Mortensen and Jilson (1985) clarified the significance of the complex metamorphosed stratigraphy and demonstrated that rocks in the area could host volcanogenic massive sulphide mineralization. Following the recent discoveries at Kudz Ze Kayah and Wolverine Lake, a 1:50,000 scale mapping program was completed covering the Grass Lakes map sheet (105 G/7) (Murphy, 1997) and Wolverine Lake (105 G/8) (Murphy and Piercey, 1998). Murphy and Piercey (1999) describe a unified stratigraphy for the Finlayson Lake area and identify horizons favourable for volcanogenic massive sulphide mineralization. Mortensen (1992) summarizes the dominant view of the tectonic evolution of the Yukon-Tanana terrane in this study area. The most recent synthesis of the bedrock geology was compiled in 2002 (Murphy et al, 2002) and this compilation is used as the framework for geological descriptions herein. A schematic illustration of stratigraphic and some structural relationships is illustrated in Figure 3; a geology map legend is found in Figure 4; lastly regional geology is illustrated in Figure 5.

The oldest rocks in the project area make up the Devonian to Mississippian Grass Lakes succession. The Inconnu thrust has juxtaposed this package of rocks against North American miogeoclinal sequences to the east. The base of the Grass Lakes succession consists of Upper Devonian and older(?) psammitic schist and marble (Dq, Dqm). Beryl mineralization is located in outcrop on the boundary of the Goal 109 and 111 claims in southwestern part of the claim block in what has been mapped as DUM unit ultramafic rocks. Overlying this are mafic metavolcanic rocks of the Upper Devonian Fire Lake unit (DF). Fire Lake rocks contain emerald (beryl) mineralization at Regal Ridge – just to the south of the beryl showing.

Besshi style copper-zinc mineralization also occurs in mafic metavolcanic rocks of the Fire Lake unit. The overlying Upper Devonian Kudz Ze Kayah unit (DK) consists of felsic meta volcanics. It hosts Kuroko-style Cu-Zn mineralization at the Kudz Ze Kayah and satellite deposits, which are found in the upper portion of the unit, in a sequence of marine clastic rocks overlain by felsic volcanic, volcanoclastic and submarine sedimentary rocks. Widespread exhalite

deposition (DMcp), extending from Upper Devonian to lower Mississippian time, at the top of the Kudz Ze Kayah was derived from hydrothermal activity at a number of centers during the waning stages of a regional volcanic event. The lower Mississippian Wolverine succession unconformably overlies Grass Lakes units. The Wolverine succession is marked by the deposition of immature marine clastic rocks (MWf) that are evidence of uplift, deformation and erosion. This was followed by renewed pelagic sedimentation preceding a second pulse of felsic volcanism, which is preserved near Wolverine Lake. Carbonaceous argillites are capped by rhyolite and subvolcanic feldspar porphyry, which developed in centres throughout a small basin. Volcaniclastic, pelagic sediments and interbedded exhalite rock units in turn overlie these volcanic centres. At the Wolverine deposit volcanic-sediment hosted massive sulphide mineralization is preserved at the contact between volcaniclastics and overlying sediments (Bradshaw et al., 2003). All significant massive sulphide mineralization located to date in the Finlayson Lake area occurs within either the felsic volcanic rock sequences preserved as Unit DK or associated with the carbonaceous shales of Unit MWf.

Overlying Grass Lakes and Wolverine succession rocks and in thrust contact along the Money Creek thrust, are rocks of the lower Mississippian to Pennsylvanian Tuchitua succession. Tuchitua rocks consist of intermediate volcanics at the base overlain by limestone and quartzite. A sequence of Pennsylvanian dark grey phyllite, chert and clastic rocks unconformably overlies the Tuchitua. Carboniferous age Finlayson succession rocks, consisting of dark grey phyllite, chert, clastic rocks and marble are inferred to be situated as a thrust wedge between the Jules Creek and Inconnu thrusts. Unconformably overlying Finlayson and Pennsylvanian age rocks are Lower Permian Campbell Range basalts. Middle Permian to Triassic age conglomerate, siltstone and basalt unconformably overlie the Campbell Range basalts.

Rocks of the North American Miogeocline consist primarily of carbonates and clastics ranging in age from Silurian to Triassic and lie to the east of the Inconnu thrust fault.

Intrusive into Yukon-Tanana and to a lesser extent the miogeoclinal rocks of the North American platform are a variety of intrusives ranging in age from late Devonian to Tertiary and varying in composition from ultramafic to granite. Locally, in the northwestern part of the project area extrusive equivalents of the Cretaceous and Tertiary intrusives are exposed as tuffs and basalts respectively. Late Devonian mafic and ultramafic rocks, previously mapped as imbricated thrust slices (Tempelman-Kluit, 1979), are now in many instances, believed to be

intrusive into Yukon-Tanana rocks as sills and stocks. These units are believed to be the primary source for chromium in the emerald located at Regal Ridge. Mid-Cretaceous granites that also intrude Yukon-Tanana are known to be associated with tungsten, molybdenum, copper and tourmaline mineralization. These intrusives are also the prime source for beryl found in quartz-tourmaline veins and in pegmatite to aplite apophyses adjacent to the granites. Tertiary age quartz-feldspar-biotite porphyry sills and dykes may also be implicated by proximity in the emerald story.

Rocks in the study area have been affected by several deformational events and the structure is locally complex. On the whole, rocks dip northeast, exposing progressively older rocks in the Pelly Mountains, southwest of Finlayson Lake. Units 1 through 4 are affected by two deformational events. An initial F1 foliation, subparallel to bedding, is restricted to Units 1 through 4. The subsequent F2 foliation is associated with upright northeast to northwest striking folds and is most apparent in the axial zones of minor folds. The F2 foliation is found in all Yukon-Tanana terrane rocks in the project area. Widespread east and northeast trending normal faults with minor displacement are present across the project area.

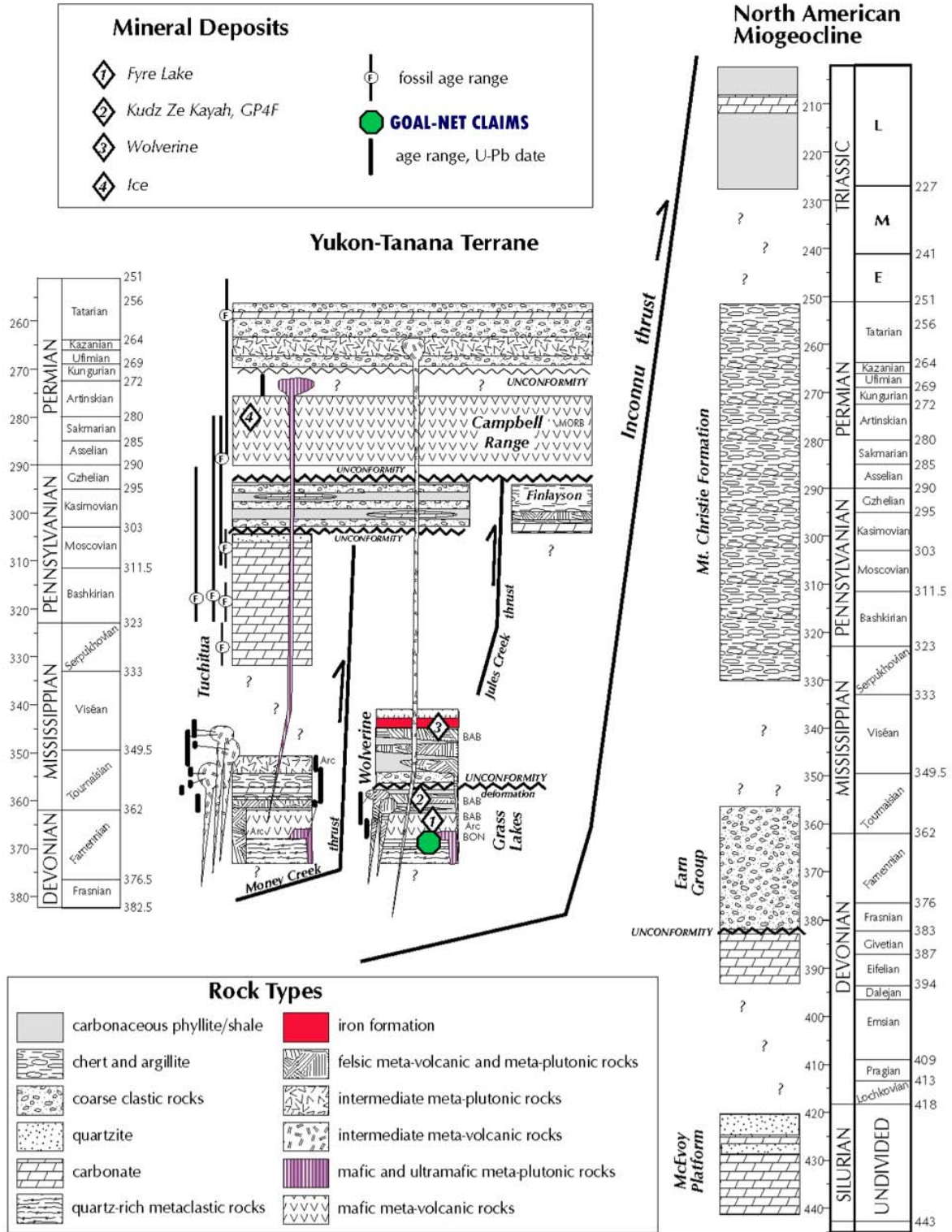
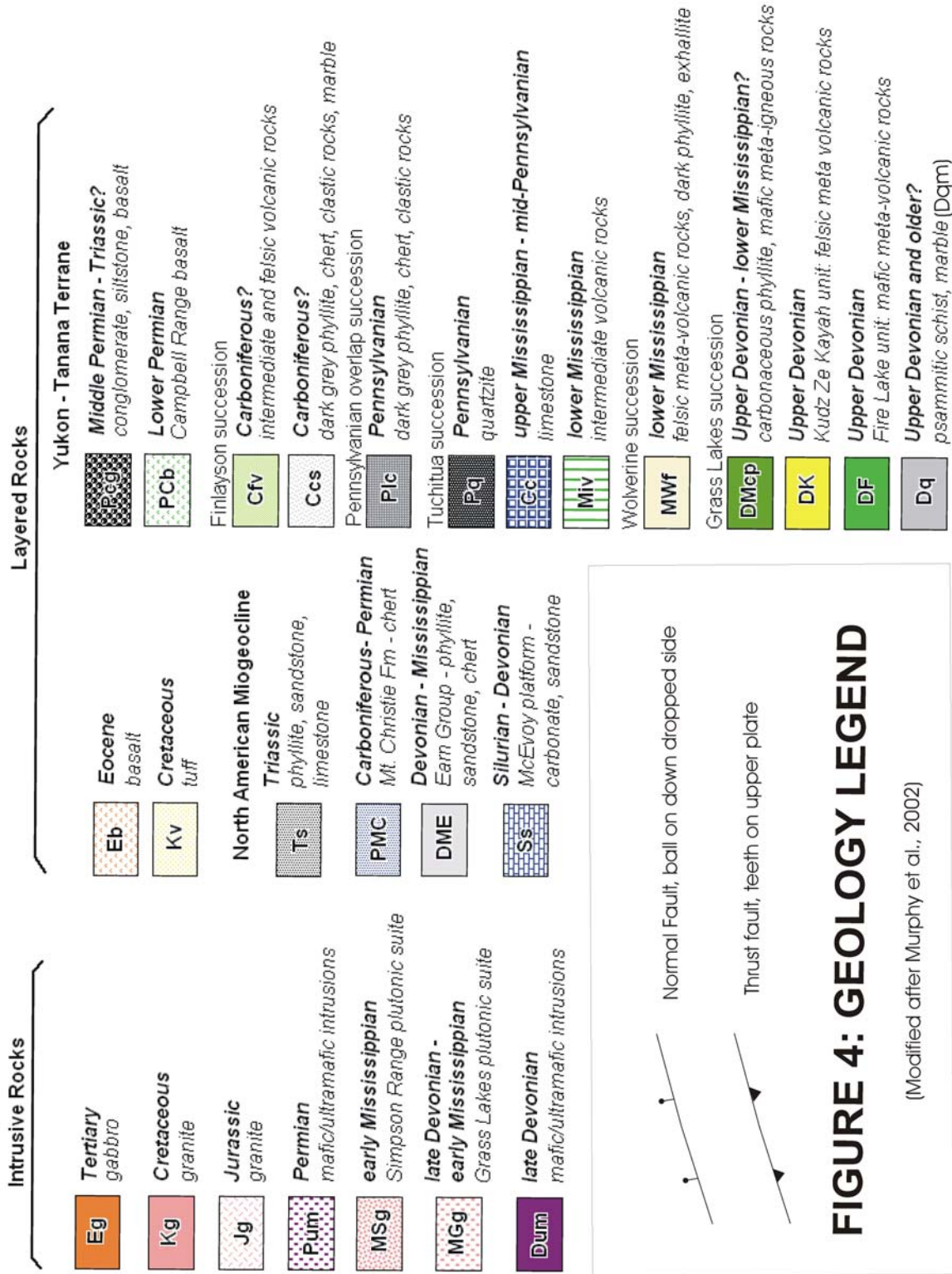


Figure 3: Regional Tectonic and Stratigraphic Relationships, Finlayson Lake area



Property:

The Goal-Net claim block is underlain by Upper Devonian and older to Lower Mississippian metavolcanics and metasediments of the Grass Lake succession. In general the foliation in the metamorphic succession is near flat-lying to gently dipping. The lower part of the succession (Dq) as exposed on the Goal Net block consists of psammitic schist locally with lenses of marble (Dqm). Overlying this unit are mafic metavolcanics of the Fire Lake unit (DF). The Fire Lake unit is the host rock to emerald bearing quartz/pegmatite veins at Regal Ridge. Similar vein and dyke systems occur on the Goal Net block and are typically associated with Be soil or talus fine anomalies. Overlying the Fire Lake unit are felsic metavolcanics of the Kudz Ze Kayah unit (DK). Intrusive into the Grass Lakes Succession are a series of late Devonian ultramafic bodies (Dum). The ultramafic rocks consist primarily of serpentinized peridotite. Previous thinking suggested the ultramafics were fault bounded tectonic slices thrust into the succession (Tempelman-Kluit, 1979). However current thought is that the bodies are actually intrusive into the Grass Lake Succession (Murphy et al, 2002). The most notable outcropping of ultramafics are located in the northeastern and southwestern part of the claim. Underlying the core of the claim block is muscovite-biotite bearing granite (Kg) of mid-Cretaceous age. The granite is exposed over approximately 35% of the property. The intrusive is moderately well foliated at and near contacts and represents typical S-type granite. Tourmaline is a common accessory mineral in the granite. Probable Tertiary age sills of quartz-feldspar-biotite porphyry (Eg), intruding the Grass Lakes Succession, were located in 2 areas in the southwestern part of the Goal Net block. These sills are identical to similar intrusive bodies located near Regal Ridge.

During the course of prospecting, a beryl occurrence was located on the boundary between the Goal 109 and 111 claims, located in the southwestern part of the property, approximately 2.3 kilometres to the north of the Regal Ridge emerald discovery. The exposures consist of serpentinized peridotite and are located near the crest of a north-northwesterly trending ridge. The northern half of the ridge is underlain by an ultramafic intrusive (peridotite), while the southern half is underlain by a chloritic schist that is probably a member of the Fire Lake unit of the Devono-Mississippian Grass Lakes succession. The nature of the contact between the schist unit and the ultramafic intrusive has not been determined at present. White beryl crystals up to 1 cm long and 3 mm wide occur in clusters, presumably as open space

fillings along northerly striking shears in serpentized ultramafic intrusive. Tourmaline as fine-grained matted masses occurs with or adjacent to the beryl along the shear. Further exploration work should focus on tracing out this beryl occurrence across the ridge and looking for new occurrences elsewhere along the ridge.

White beryl was also located in float on the northern part of the Goal Net block on Goon 17 claim in an area underlain by psammitic schists of the lower part of the Grass Lakes succession. There a single piece of quartz vein float was found to contain small beryl crystals. The occurrence was discovered during the course of prospecting a Be soil anomaly generated from Expatriate data and in which Be values ranged up to 12 ppm.

GEOCHEMISTRY

A total of 124 soil and 33 rock samples were collected on the claim block (Figures 7, 8 and 9, Plate 2). Soils were, in general, collected on contour lines, with the exception of a small gridded area on the southwestern Goal Net block. The samples were collected at intervals of either 50 or 100 metres along lines. Samples sites were flagged and locations were recorded with global positioning instruments.

Samples were dried at the camp and then shipped to Pioneer Laboratories in Richmond, B.C. There the samples were sieved and the -80 mesh fraction was analyzed for Be, Cr, Cu, Mo and Ni by ICP-ES technique. A 4 acid ($\text{HClO}_4\text{-HNO}_3\text{-HCl-HF}$) digestion was used in preparation of the solution that was analysed by ICP-ES. This solution is not a total digestion and therefore results can only be viewed as semi-quantitative. However, the solution used was stronger than that used in previous ICP analyses and therefore should give a better idea of relative levels of the elements analyzed.

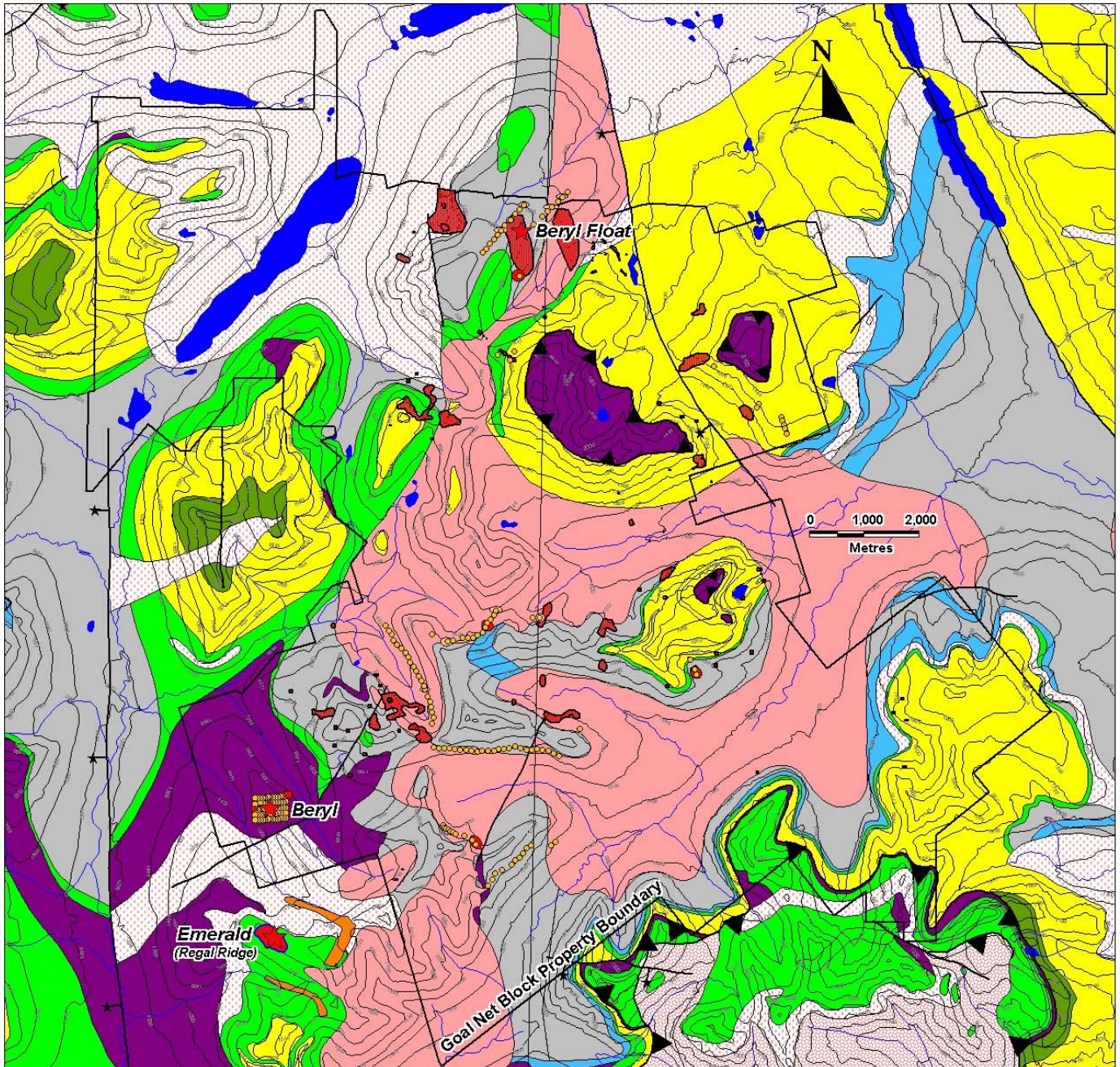
Analytical results, summarized in Table 2, indicate that on the Goal Net block Be values range up to 20 ppm in soils which is in the same order of magnitude as was determined for soils collected by Expatriate. The strongest anomaly (2 samples: 17 and 20 ppm Be) is located Goal 53 claim, where government mapping indicates that Cretaceous granite is in contact with marble units of the Grass Lakes metamorphic succession. It should be pointed out that the known beryl occurrence on the Goal Net block does not have anomalous Be values directly associated with the showing. However, anomalous Be values in soils (13 and 18 ppm) do occur flanking the ridge and may be an indication of dispersion from the showing or further Be mineralization in the area. Sampling in the vicinity of the Goon 17 claim confirmed previous anomalous values returning values of up to 14 ppm Be. On Goal 65 claim 3 soils returned values of 10, 14 and 19 ppm Be in an area flanked by metavolcanics of the Fire Lake unit of the Grass lakes metamorphic succession. On the Goal 148 claim 2 anomalous area are indicated by samples ranging up to 15 ppm Be in an area underlain by Cretaceous granite near the contact with units

of the lower part of the Grass Lakes metamorphic succession. Detailed follow-up prospecting and sampling of these areas is a priority.

Rock samples collected in conjunction with the soil sampling and prospecting program ranged up to 54 ppm Be. The highest Be value in rock was associated with pyroxene (?) skarn developed adjacent to a quartz-feldspar-biotite porphyry sill. Other high Be values (46 ppm Be) were associated with aplite/pegmatite sills.

Table 2: Summary of Soil Geochemistry

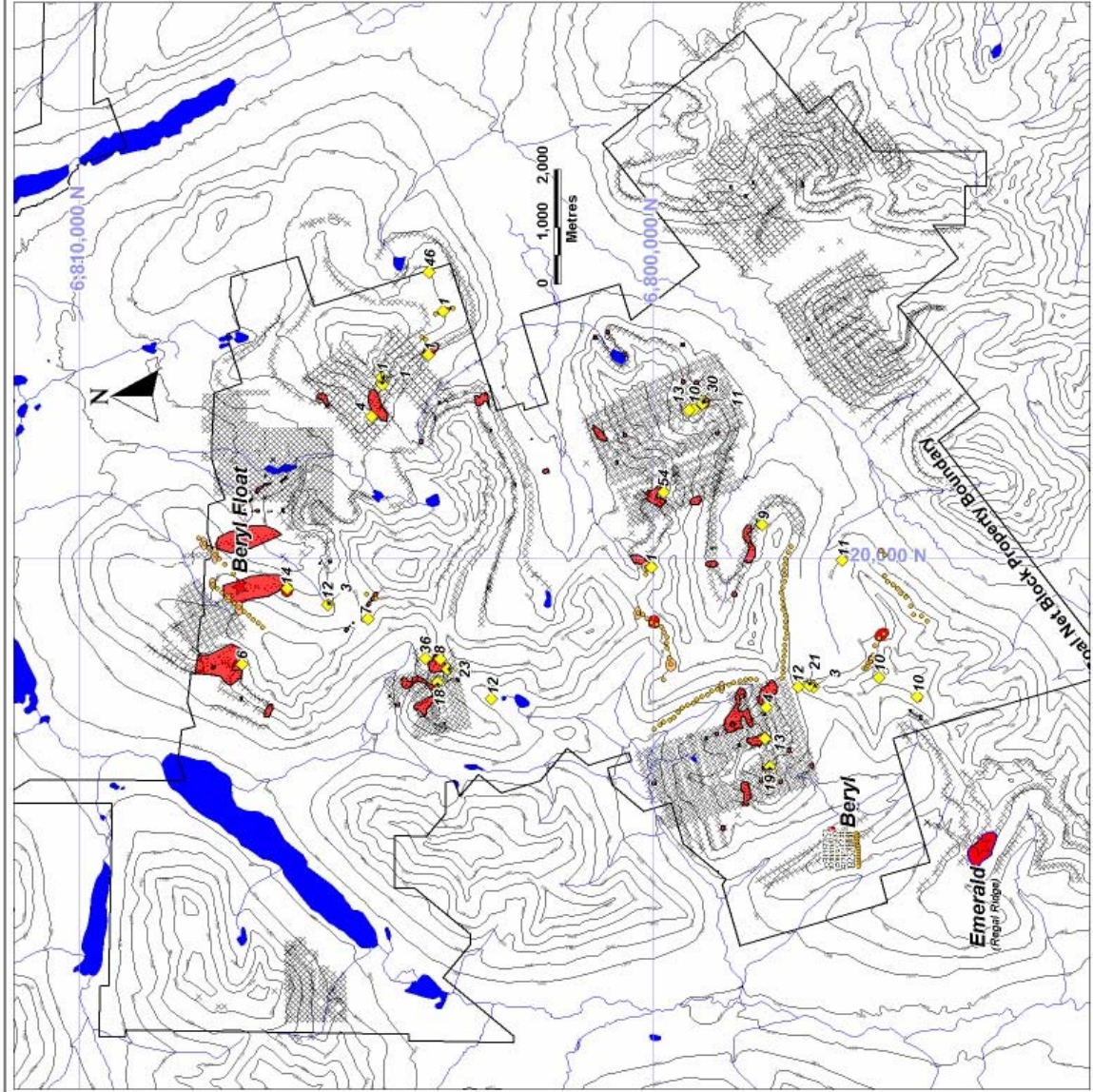
Element	Range (ppm)	Median	Background	Possibly Anomalous	Anomalous
Be	1 – 20	5	1 – 8	9 – 12	13 +
Mo	1 – 9	1	1 – 9	-	-
Cu	3 – 240	34	3 – 149	150 +	-
Cr	13 – 1017	85	13 - 279	280 – 314	315 +
Ni	3 – 883	30	3 – 149	150 - 224	225 +



**Note: Geology adapted from DIAND Open File 2001-33
Refer to Figure 4 for Geology Legend**

- 2003 soil sample site
- Be anomaly (Be > 13 ppm) defined by 2003 sampling
- Probable Be anomaly (8 < Be < 14 ppm)
- Be anomalies (Be > 4 ppm) defined from Expatriate data

Figure 7. Goal Net Claim Block - Soil Compilation



EXPLANATION:

- ◆ 2003 rock sample site with Be in ppm
- 2003 soil sample site
- Be anomaly (Be>13 ppm) defined by 2003 sampling
- Probable Be anomaly (8<Be<14 ppm)
- Be anomalies (Be> 4 ppm) defined from Expatriate data
- × Soil sample site: from Expatriate data

ENTOURAGE MINING LTD.

Be IN ROCKS

**FINLAYSON LAKE PROPERTIES
GOAL NET CLAIM BLOCK**

**WATSON LAKE MINING DISTRICT, YUKON
NTS 105G/7 & 8**

FIGURE 9

CONCLUSIONS

Entourage Mining Ltd. has an option to earn a 60% interest in gem material found on the Goal Net block of 856 contiguous quartz claims centered approximately 200 kilometres northwest of Watson Lake in the Watson Lake Mining District, Yukon.

The property is underlain by Paleozoic metasediments of the Grass Lakes succession that have been intruded by Late Devonian ultramafic rocks, tourmaline-bearing mid-Cretaceous granite and Tertiary quartz-biotite-feldspar porphyry sills.

White to colourless beryl associated with ultramafic rocks has been located on the southwestern part of the Goal Net claim block 2.3 km north of the Regal Ridge emerald discovery. Quartz vein float containing beryl has been located in on the northern part of the Goal Net block.

Geochemical soil sampling (124 samples) was undertaken during the course of the fieldwork. The results of this work confirmed some of the known Be anomalies as well as defining new areas. This work, while not exhaustive, provides a basis on which to proceed with further exploration of the property for emerald. In addition there are areas underlain by favourable stratigraphy (Fire Lake unit) that have not been examined for emerald and which should be prospected and sampled. Therefore further exploration of the Goal Net claim block is recommended. Further exploration should include detailed prospecting, sampling and mapping on the known beryl showing and beryllium soil anomalies. In addition trenching and initial drill testing of significant showings arising from this work should be undertaken.

REFERENCES

- Bradshaw, G.D., Stephen M. Rowins, Jan M. Peter and Bruce E. Taylor, 2003: Genesis of the Wolverine deposit, Finlayson Lake District, Yukon: A transitional style of polymetallic massive sulphide mineralization in an ancient continental margin setting, in the *Gangue*, issue 79, Mineral Deposits Division of the Geological Association of Canada.
- Burgert, A. 1997: Assessment report (#93573) describing geological mapping, prospecting, soil geochemistry and geophysical surveys on the **Goal Net** Property, Watson Lake Mining District, Yukon Territory. Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited: unpublished report.
- Burke, M. 1996: 1995 Mining and Exploration Overview in: INAC: Yukon Exploration and Geology 1995. Exploration and Geological Services Yukon, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada. p. 29-32.
- Expatriate Resources Ltd. 1999: Emerald Bearing Strata Indicated over Large Area. Company press release dated August 18, 1999.
www.expatriateresources.com/news-aug-17-99.htm
- Montgomery, J.H. and W.R Rohtert, 2002: Qualifying Report 2001 Report On Field Activities For The Regal Ridge Emerald Project, Yukon Territory, Canada, report for True North Gems Inc.
- Mortensen, J.K. and Jilson, J.A. 1985: Evolution of the Yukon-Tanana Terrane; evidence from southeastern Yukon Territory; *Geology* Vol. 13. p. 806-810.
- Mortensen, J.K. 1992: Pre-Mid-Mesozoic tectonic evolution of the Yukon-Tanana Terrane, Yukon and Alaska. *Tectonics*, Vol. 11, p. 836-853.
- Murphy, D.C. 1997: Preliminary geological map of Grass Lakes area, Pelly Mountains, southeastern Yukon (NTS 105 G/7). Exploration and Geological Services Division, Yukon, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, Open File 1997-3 (1:50,000 scale).
- Murphy, D.C. and Piercey, S.J. 1998: Preliminary geological map of Wolverine Lake area, Pelly Mountains, southeastern Yukon (NTS 105 G/8, north half). Exploration and Geological Services Division, Yukon, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, Open File 1998-4 (1:50,000 scale).
- Murphy, D.C. and Piercey, S.J. 1999: Finlayson Project: Geological evolution of Yukon-Tanana Terrane and its relationship to Campbell Range belt, northern Wolverine Lake map area, southeastern Yukon. In: *Yukon Exploration and Geology 1998*, C.F. Roots and D.S. Emond (ed.), Exploration and Geological Services Division, Yukon, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, p. 47-62.
- Murphy, D.C., Colpron, M., Roots, C.F., Gordey, S.P. and Abbott, J.G., 2002: Finlayson Lake Targeted Geoscience Initiative (southeastern Yukon), Part 1: Bedrock geology. In: *Yukon Exploration and Geology 2001*, D.S. Emond, L.H. Weston and L.L. Lewis (ed.), Exploration and Geological Services Division, Yukon Region, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, p. 189-207.
- Power, M. 1996: Summary report on the Finlayson Lake Properties, Watson Lake and Whitehorse Mining Districts, Yukon Territory, Canada. Amerok

- Geosciences Ltd.: unpublished qualifying report for Expatriate Resources Ltd. submitted to BC Securities Commission.
- Simandl, G.J, S. Paradis and T Birkett, 1999: Schist-hosted Emeralds; in Selected British Columbia Mineral Deposit Profiles, Volume 3, Industrial Minerals, G.J. Simandl, Z.D. Hora and D.V. Lefebure, Editors, British Columbia Ministry of Energy and Mines, Open File 1999-10.
- Tempelman-Kluit, D.J. 1977: Quiet Lake (105F) and Finlayson Lake (105G) map areas, Yukon Territory. Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 486.
- Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., 1979: Transported cataclasite, ophiolite and granodiorite in Yukon: evidence of arc-continent collision, Geol. Surv. Can., Paper 79-14.
- Wengzynowski, B. 1996e: Assessment report (#93413) describing prospecting and geochemical surveys on the **Goal Net** Property, Watson Lake Mining District, Yukon Territory. Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited: unpublished report.
- Wengzynowski, B. 1998: Assessment report describing geological mapping, prospecting and soil geochemistry at the **Goal Net** Property, Watson Lake Mining District, Yukon Territory. Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited: unpublished report.
- Wengzynowski, B. 1999b: Assessment report (#94016) describing geological mapping, prospecting and soil geochemistry on the **Goal Net** Property, Watson Lake Mining District, Yukon Territory. Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited: Unpublished report.
- Wengzynowski, 2000: Assessment Report (#94223) describing Geological mapping, prospecting, soil geochemistry, geophysical surveys and diamond drilling on the **Goal Net** Property, Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited: Unpublished report.
- Wheeler, J.O., Green, L.H. and Roddick, J.A.. 1960: Finlayson Lake map area, Yukon Territory. Geological Survey of Canada Map 8-1960.
- Woolham, R. W. 1996: Aerodat Inc. Report (#93655) on a combined helicopter-borne electromagnetic and magnetic survey of Goal Net, Hat Trick, League, Offside, Power Play, Shutout and Slapshot properties, Finlayson Lake area, Yukon Territory, NTS 105G and J.

APPENDIX A
ANALYTICAL DATA

**PIONEER LABORATORIES INC #103-2691 VISCOUNT WAY
RICHMOND, BC CANADA TEL.(604)231-8165**

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

0.25 gm sample is digested with HClO₄-HNO₃-HCl-HF diluted to 10 ml and is finished by ICP/ES.

AMERLIN EXPLORATION

Report No. 2046030 & 2046031

Sample Type:Soils

Date: January 14, 2004

Sample No.	Easting	Northing	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Ni ppm	Cr ppm	Be Ppm
CGV039L1	418975	6805121	1	38	58	261	3
CGV039L2	419200	6805016	1	35	59	240	5
CGV039L3	419273	6805179	1	23	60	202	4
CGV039L4	419744	6800308	1	37	20	71	8
CGV039L5	419620	6800314	2	62	39	102	6
CGV044L	424159	6803980	4	70	57	113	8
CGV045L	424183	6803910	2	42	883	857	6
CGV051L	424209	6803841	1	10	9	26	11
CGV053L	424231	6803770	2	27	17	56	3
CGV068L	424265	6803675	1	13	28	96	4
CGV069L	423751	6804215	6	11	9	36	5
CGV070L	423714	6804153	3	202	13	60	3
CGV071L	417978	6796521	1	62	17	79	7
CGV073L	417978	6796521	2	34	18	54	5
CGV075L	417978	6796521	1	21	55	120	4
CGV076L	417978	6796521	1	21	31	77	5
CGV108L1	417978	6796521	3	88	397	848	5
CGV108L2	418154	6796393	1	58	518	937	4
CGV108L3	418211	6796362	1	67	392	748	4
CGV108L4	418370	6796328	1	47	384	896	3
CGV108L5	418517	6796256	1	6	7	25	13
CGV108L6	418584	6796176	1	18	7	21	12
CGV109L	417806	6797950	1	30	363	1017	6
CGV110L	417904	6797923	1	7	5	18	8
CGV111L	417993	6797928	1	3	7	25	14
CGV112L	418093	6797927	1	5	4	20	15
CGV122L	418193	6797916	2	41	35	96	4
CGV123L	418296	6797896	2	62	102	290	1
CGV124L	418393	6797894	1	70	120	349	4
CGV125L	418502	6797881	1	64	94	251	1
CGV126L	418603	6797867	1	66	80	182	4
CGV127L	418695	6797883	1	39	37	126	5
CGV128L	418794	6797885	2	39	38	117	3
CGV129L	418975	6805121	1	42	69	165	5
CGV130L	419200	6805016	2	27	83	275	2
CGV131L	419273	6805179	1	32	46	180	3
CGV132L	419744	6800308	1	38	66	177	4

Note: Easting & Northing are UTM's: NAD 83, zone 9V

Sample No.	Easting	Northing	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Ni ppm	Cr ppm	Be Ppm
CGV133L	418907	6797890	1	38	66	177	4
CGV134L	418999	6797919	3	64	49	104	4
CGV135L	419093	6797920	3	72	46	96	7
CGV136L	419191	6797934	1	31	25	49	4
CGV137L	419301	6797956	2	29	42	150	1
CGV138L	419393	6797932	2	41	42	147	3
CGV139L	419500	6797903	4	49	48	152	2
CGV140L	419609	6797896	4	58	52	136	7
CGV141L	419699	6797911	2	27	48	170	5
CGV142L	419799	6797901	2	26	10	29	2
CGV143L	419898	6797889	2	45	38	97	6
CGV144L	420000	6797834	2	14	9	26	5
CGV145L	420098	6797793	2	46	18	62	3
GS5L	418699	6806988	3	30	9	35	7
GS6L	418771	6807062	3	37	38	107	4
GS7L	418834	6807148	2	36	30	106	5
GS8L	418906	6807228	1	22	22	61	4
GS9L	418970	6807314	1	21	37	169	5
GS10L	419038	6807394	1	17	15	65	4
GS11L	419112	6807487	1	17	22	61	9
GS12L	419212	6807583	1	22	21	58	7
GS13L	419304	6807693	1	18	22	57	9
GS14L	419451	6807856	1	21	23	47	3
GS15L	419377	6807774	1	34	21	51	12
GS17L	419635	6807499	2	56	31	121	2
GS18L	419796	6807642	1	13	16	59	3
GS19L	419889	6807736	1	16	21	63	4
GS20L	419968	6807816	1	12	14	54	4
GS21L	420073	6807922	1	12	21	68	10
GS22L	420166	6808002	1	18	44	86	7
GS23L	420257	6808096	1	19	25	81	9
GS35L	419175	6796418	1	16	20	62	8
GS36L	418808	6795414					
GS37L	418888	6795522	1	33	53	253	3
GS38L	418922	6795649	2	34	100	390	3
GS39L	419064	6795701	2	23	46	159	4
GS40L	419228	6795794	5	83	62	138	5
GS41L	419294	6795878	1	54	151	262	1
GS42L	419374	6795937	1	82	33	72	5
GS43L	419440	6796008	2	80	45	141	4
GS44L	419500	6796111	3	152	94	132	7
GS45L	419592	6796158	2	45	23	74	6
GS46L	419960	6796158	7	213	100	107	3
GS47L	420031	6796226	5	15	5	20	6
16567A	422617	6799271	1	30	3	13	1
16566A	422572	6799365	4	240	25	85	14
16564A	422492	6799550	2	84	20	78	19
KH8903-2	419373	6806561	2	38	29	122	10
KH9903-1	420487	6798288	1	10	13	44	14

Sample No.	Easting	Northing	Mo ppm	Cu ppm	Ni ppm	Cr ppm	Be Ppm
KH10903-2A	422929	6804910	6	5	4	62	1
KH10903-2B	422929	6804910	9	8	13	123	3
KH10903-2C	422929	6804910	7	6	10	83	1
KH005	417783	6798387	2	91	111	227	6
KH006	417801	6798489	3	54	38	79	5
KH007	417784	6798581	2	50	48	106	8
KH008	417765	6798678	2	35	40	105	3
KH009	417739	6798786	4	58	39	72	3
KH010	417696	6798869	1	23	21	52	5
KH011	417654	6798995	3	13	17	47	9
KH012	417626	6799066	1	44	39	81	4
KH013	417588	6799166	2	41	24	62	2
KH014	417530	6799243	1	25	19	57	9
KH015	417490	6799336	2	32	15	50	2
KH016	417438	6799426	1	14	16	62	2
KH017	417377	6799496	2	25	26	66	4
KH018	417337	6799592	1	9	13	42	2
KH019	417293	6799682	2	14	7	25	4
KH020	417213	6799751	1	11	5	23	4
KH021	417136	6799825	1	12	12	40	6
KH022	417077	6799899	1	13	17	52	6
KH023	417045	6800006	1	5	7	38	3
KH024	416990	6800073	1	6	6	30	3
KH025	416927	6800168	1	14	7	31	3
MTV092L-1	417784	6800010	3	68	45	116	6
MTV092L-2	417784	6800010	1	107	86	196	3
MTV092L-3	417784	6800010	2	120	91	182	5
MTV093L-1	418059	6799886	3	103	72	101	11
MTV093L-2	418059	6799886	5	145	89	105	8
MTV 094L-1	418339	6799947	2	84	86	137	7
MTV 094L-2	418339	6799947	3	77	67	145	6
MTV 094L-3	418339	6799947	1	40	29	98	8
MTV 095L-1	418605	6799996	1	89	85	215	8
MTV 095L-2	418605	6799996	3	55	37	84	6
MTV 095L-3	418605	6799996	1	5	7	20	20
MTV 096L-1	418787	6800218	1	8	7	19	17
MTV 096L-2	418787	6800218	1	32	14	64	3
MTV 096L-3	418787	6800218	5	224	24	80	5
MTV 097L	418944	6800451	3	69	16	44	11

**PIONEER LABORATORIES INC #103-2691 VISCOUNT WAY
RICHMOND, BC CANADA TEL.(604)231-8165**

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

0.25 gm sample is digested with HClO₄-HNO₃-HCl-HF diluted to 10 ml and is finished by ICP/ES.

AMERLIN EXPLORATION

Report No. 2046031

Sample Type:Soils

Date: January 14, 2004

GridEastin g	GridNorthin g	Easting	Northing	Mo	Cu	Ni	Cr	Be
5300	6700	415098	6797049	4	272	335	436	18
5250	6700	415055	6797046	19	28	83	379	5
5200	6700	415005	6797043	6	34	53	259	6
5150	6700	414961	6797040	2	36	128	455	2
5100	6700	414911	6797037	2	12	66	268	3
5050	6700	414868	6797034	2	16	148	491	1
5000	6700	414818	6797031	1	9	284	973	1
4950	6700	414775	6797028	1	10	430	956	1
4900	6700	414725	6797025	1	12	540	1663	1
4850	6700	414680	6797022	1	10	528	2061	1
4800	6700	414631	6797019	1	14	300	693	3
4750	6700	414588	6797016	1	14	380	2264	2
4700	6700	414538	6797013	1	13	780	2783	1
5300	6600	415098	6796949	1	21	271	892	1
5250	6600	415055	6796946	2	26	237	818	4
5200	6600	415005	6796943	1	12	158	557	2
5150	6600	414961	6796940	2	17	62	174	1
5100	6600	414911	6796937	1	10	273	1041	1
5050	6600	414868	6796934	1	18	489	1331	1
5000	6600	414818	6796931	1	20	353	1040	1
4950	6600	414775	6796928	1	11	208	542	1
4900	6600	414725	6796925	1	14	533	2110	1
4850	6600	414681	6796922	1	15	319	854	1
4800	6600	414631	6796919	1	16	80	186	1
4750	6600	414588	6796916	1	15	354	881	2
4700	6600	414538	6796913	1	15	74	258	1
5300	6500	415098	6796849	1	29	179	579	3
5250	6500	415055	6796846	1	22	167	457	1
5200	6500	415005	6796843	1	75	185	469	1
5150	6500	414961	6796840	1	78	283	753	1
5100	6500	414911	6796837	1	17	427	1306	1
5050	6500	414868	6796834	1	20	415	1321	2
5000	6500	414818	6796831	1	30	398	1034	3
4950	6500	414775	6796828	1	17	583	1484	1
4900	6500	414725	6796825	1	16	601	2127	1

GridEastin g	GridNorthin g	Easting	Northing	Mo	Cu	Ni	Cr	Be
4850	6500	414681	6796822	1	11	312	994	1
4800	6500	414631	6796819	1	13	625	1931	1
4750	6500	414588	6796816	1	23	471	1030	2
4700	6500	414538	6796813	1	23	735	1432	13
5300	6400	415098	6796749	1	16	163	469	1
5250	6400	415055	6796746	1	29	404	1017	1
5200	6400	415005	6796743	1	42	375	975	1
5150	6400	414961	6796740	1	26	275	848	2
5100	6400	414911	6796737	1	23	333	1035	1
5050	6400	414868	6796734	1	21	334	1049	1
5000	6450	414818	6796782	1	47	301	893	1
5000	6400	414818	6796731	1	17	157	551	1
4950	6400	414775	6796728	1	25	331	1102	1
4900	6400	414725	6796725	1	8	458	1503	1
4850	6400	414681	6796722	1	13	199	433	1
4800	6400	414631	6796719	1	23	384	625	2
4750	6400	414588	6796716	1	21	615	1139	8
4700	6400	414538	6796713	1	14	452	937	5
5300	6300	415098	6796649	1	4	331	848	1
5250	6300	415055	6796646	1	19	393	1196	1
5200	6300	415005	6796643	1	21	208	795	1
5150	6300	414961	6796640	1	35	373	1016	1
5100	6300	414911	6796637	1	44	608	1626	1
5050	6300	414868	6796634	1	15	319	1152	1
5000	6350	414818	6796682	1	3	247	910	1
5000	6300	414818	6796631	1	17	278	808	1
4950	6300	414775	6796628	1	19	360	876	2
4900	6300	414725	6796625	1	13	295	1161	5
4850	6300	414681	6796622	1	5	267	862	1
4800	6300	414631	6796619	1	16	373	826	2
4750	6300	414588	6796616	1	12	584	1973	3
4700	6300	414538	6796613	1	16	488	1752	1

**PIONEER LABORATORIES INC #103-2691 VISCOUNT WAY
RICHMOND, BC CANADA TEL.(604)231-8165**

GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS CERTIFICATE

0.25 gm sample is digested with HClO₄-HNO₃-HCl-HF diluted to 10 ml and is finished by ICP/ES.

AMERLIN EXPLORATION

Report No. 2046028

Sample Type:Rocks

Date: January 14, 2004

Sample No	Easting	Northing	Mo	Cu	Ni	Cr	Be
CGV018M	418141	6803896	4	14	1	73	8
CGV019M	418148	6804155	2	10	60	251	36
CGV047M1	419097	6805859	3	1	5	64	12
CGV047M2	419097	6805859	5	7	7	91	3
CGV054M	419750	6800223	5	3	5	140	1
CGV060M	421050	6800008	3	2567	47	63	54
CGV065M	424889	6804092	6	12	1	75	46
CGV070M	424209	6803841	10	360	6	193	1
CGV089M	417819	6796262	4	7	3	48	10
CGV094M	417664	6797396	1	15	9	30	3
CGV096M	417684	6797464	6	5	5	70	21
CGV101M	417662	6797659	4	7	9	71	12
CGV120M	419870	6796900	6	5	7	89	11
MV001	417735	6803941	6	5	3	65	18
MV002	417453	6803006	4	3	3	32	12
MV004	418061	6807344	2	1774	33	25	6
MV005	422645	6799329	3	13	1	29	11
MV006	422595	6799333	2	6	1	38	30
MV007	422502	6799473	4	7	1	53	10
MV008	422479	6799561	2	6	1	23	13
MV009	423451	6804099	8	1	1	54	1
MTV068M	417482	6795594	5	12	27	48	10
MTV084M	416272	6798154	3	3	3	18	19
MTV088M	416760	6798240	2	11	3	22	13
KH50903-1	417308	6798219	58	277	124	243	4
KH70903-1	417965	6803768	4	6	1	36	23
KH80903-1	419373	6806561	6	3	2	38	19
KH80903-2	419373	6806561	4	3	6	50	14
KH80903-3	418844	6805147	6	6	7	105	7
KH90903-1	420487	6798288	5	8	15	106	9
KH10903-1	423046	6804912	9	8	16	100	1
KH10903-2	422929	6804910	11	12	13	193	1
KH10903-3	422378	6805092	2	19	1795	1134	4

Rock Sample Descriptions

Sample No	Description
CGV018M	Granite o.c.
CGV019M	Chips of green mineral in qtz-rich layer parallel foliation in gneissic unit. assoc. with biot. schist - frm base of cliff. Several bands over 1.5 m
CGV047M1	ATP = Kg – granite
GV047M2	ATP = Kg with tourmaline
CGV054M	New green mineral in talus, occurs assoc. with biot. Schist and qtz vein
CGV060M	ATP ~4 m thick exposure of QFB porphyry- sill and skarn float = CGV060M
CGV065M	Ap/peg sill ~15 cm thick
CGV070M	qtz-peg sill ~10 cm thick
CGV089M	ATP: ap/peg sill
CGV094M	ATP: boit-feldspar-qtz porphyry sill
CGV096M	ATP: ap/peg sill with Biot-Quartz segregations
CGV101M	ATP: Kg, weakly foliated biotite-muscovite granite
CGV120M	Chips from Kg outcrops
MV001	Chips from outcrop of felsic schist (DK?)
MV002	Chips from outcrop of mafic schist (DF?)
MV004	2 metre wide skarn // schistosity (095/15S) in quartz-biotite schist, approximately 3 metres below 1.5 metre thick feldspar-quartz dyke. Sample MV 004.
MV005	Float sample #MV005. Quartz and quartz-feldspar +/- muscovite, grossular garnet, trace tourmaline and trace of fine disseminated pyrite with some limonite.
MV006	Float sample MV006. Aplite float (1 piece) with minor muscovite.
MV007	Float sample MV007. Coarse grained quartz-feldspar aplite with muscovite and minor tourmaline on top of knoll, in area of quartz-biotite schist. Subcrop trend appears to trend towards soils 16566A and 16567A.
MV008	Chips of quartz rich aplite float with muscovite and minor grossular garnet <0.5 mm.
MV009	Chips of quartz-feldspar pegmatite, with small, needle like prismatic, clear crystals (beryl?).
MTV068M	Grab from tourmaline rich aplite dyke, possibly offshoot from abovementioned dyke, with quartz-feldspar-muscovite pegmatite pods. Dyke is approx. 50 cm wide, trending 020/41E. Schistosity of host rocks, 004/13E.
MTV084M	Chips of quartz-feldspar (minor muscovite) pegmatite in talus. No tourmaline.
MTV088M	Chips from pegmatite float in talus. Coarse feldspar-quartz (smoky), with minor muscovite and tourmaline.
KH50903-1	Chips from rusty, v. pyritic boulders to 50 cm. Manganese staining, strongly silicified, py ~5-7%.
KH70903-1	Chips from thinly banded siliceous tuff? Py~1-2%. fg. biotite and quartz intensely folded into isoclinal folds with shallow plunge to the south. Cut by 1-2 m felsic dykes of qtz-feld-tourm pegmatite
KH80903-2	Chips from shattered broken intrusive in tan weathering patch, almost gravel. Abdt tourmaline. Unusual in this blocky terrain.
KH80903-2	ATP shattered broken intrusive in tan wea patch, almost gravel. Abdt tourmaline. Unusual in this blocky terrain.
KH80903-3	Chips from aplite/pegmatite dyke/sill material with abundant tourmaline.
KH90903-1	Chips of muscovite granite with some white bull qtz veins.
KH10903-1	Chips from finely laminated siliceous felsic tuffs.
KH10903-2	Chips of rusty wea, broken qtz-musc phyllite cut by many qtz-blk phyllite vein breccias. Open cavities with nice quartz crystals and unusual white platy mineral (calcite)
KH10903-3	Chips of tan weathering peridotite.

APPENDIX B
WRITER'S CERTIFICATE

AMERLIN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD.

2150 - 1851 Savage Road, Richmond, B.C. V6V 1R1 Tel.: (604)821-1088

WRITER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Carl G. Verley of Vancouver, British Columbia hereby certify that:

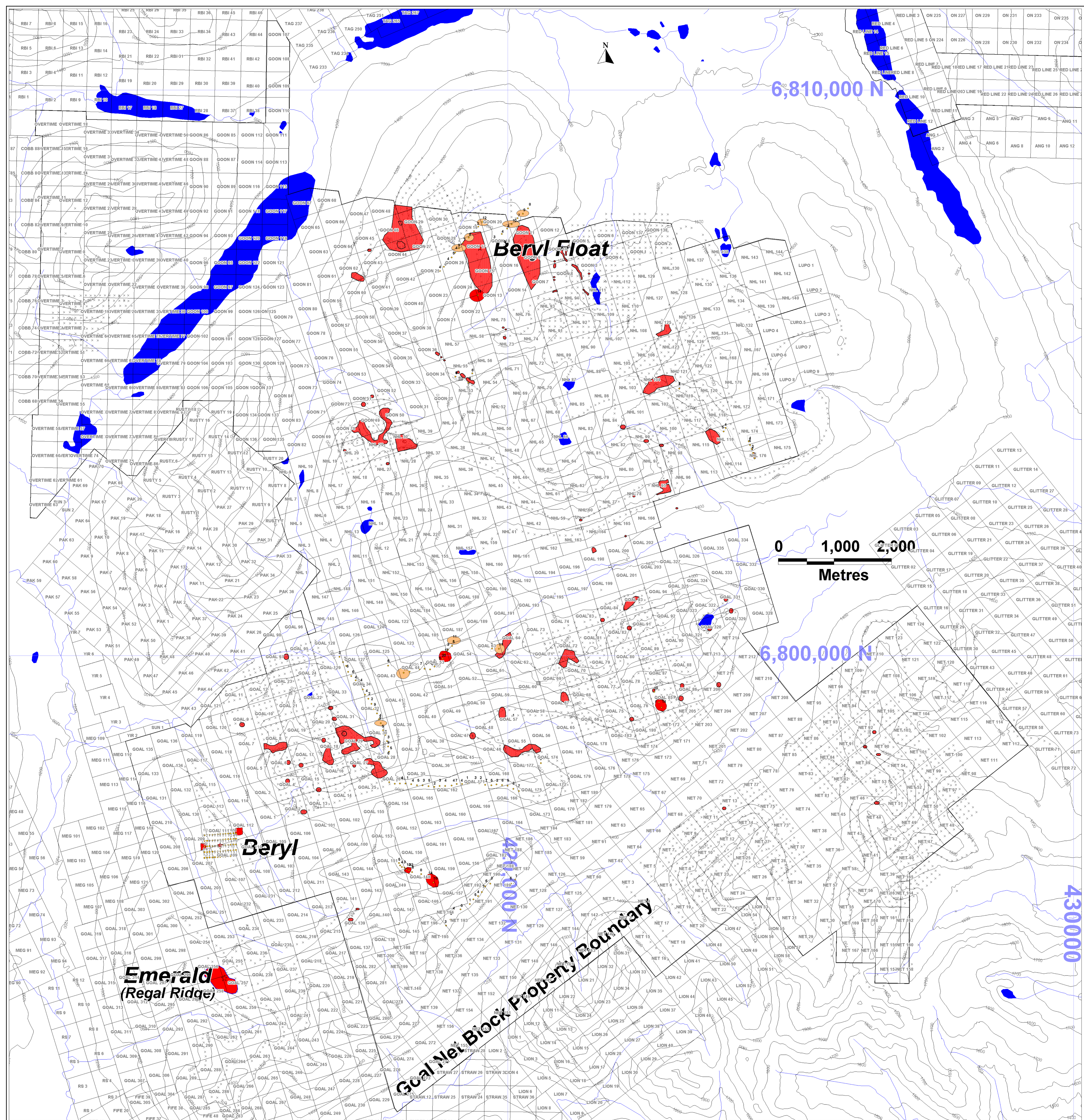
1. I am a geologist with business office at 2150 - 1851 Savage Road, Richmond, B.C.
2. I am a graduate of the University of British Columbia, B.Sc. in 1974, and have practiced my profession since that time.
3. I am a registered member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of B.C.
4. I am the author of this report which is based on work supervised by me on the GOAL NET claim block and conducted during the period September 5 to 22, 2003.

Amerlin Exploration Services Ltd.

“Carl G. Verley”

Carl G. Verley, P.Geo.

August 1, 2004.
Richmond, B.C.



EXPLANATION:

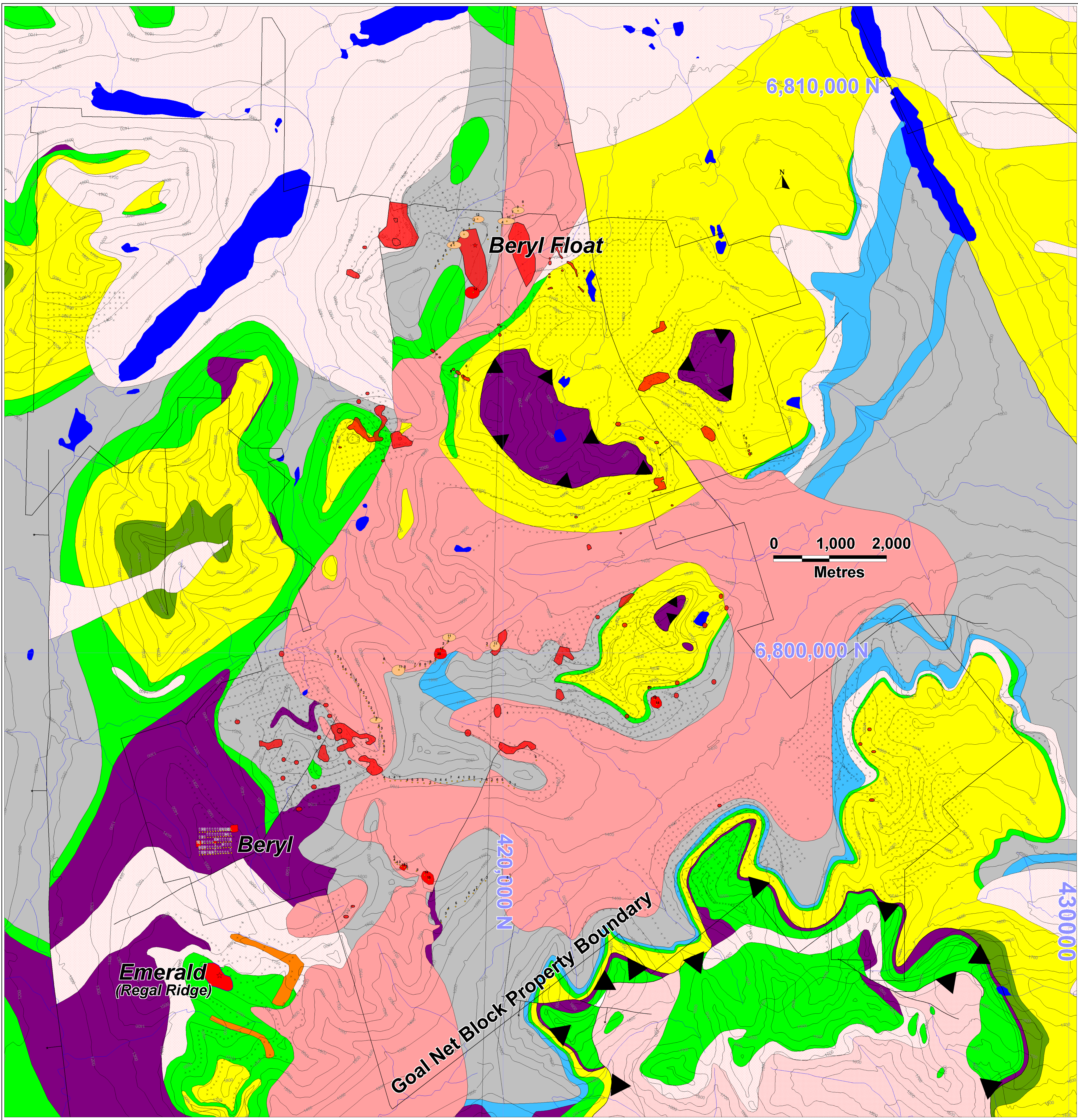
- Outline of Yukon Quartz Claim with claim name. Refer to Appendix for grant numbers
- 2003 soil sample site
- Be anomaly (Be>13 ppm) defined by 2003 sampling
- Probable Be anomaly (8<Be<14 ppm)
- Be anomalies (Be> 4 ppm) defined from Expatriate data
- × Soil sample site: from Expatriate data

ENTOURAGE MINING LTD.

CLAIM MAP

**FINLAYSON LAKE PROPERTIES
GOAL NET CLAIM BLOCK**

**WATSON LAKE MINING DISTRICT, YUKON
NTS 105G/7 & 8**



EXPLANATION:

- 2003 soil sample site
- Be anomaly (Be > 13 ppm) defined by 2003 sampling
- Probable Be anomaly (8 < Be < 14 ppm)
- Be anomalies (Be > 4 ppm) defined from Expatriate data
- × Soil sample site: from Expatriate data

Note: Geology adapted from DIAND Open File 2001-33
Refer to Figure 4 for Geology Legend

ENTOURAGE MINING LTD.
Be SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY
FINLAYSON LAKE PROPERTIES
GOAL NET CLAIM BLOCK
WATSON LAKE MINING DISTRICT, YUKON
NTS 105G/7 & 8