REPORT ON A GEOLOGICAL SURVEY ON THE OOP GROUP OF CLAIMS, FINLAYSON LAKE AREA WATSON LAKE MINING DISTRICT YUKON TERRITORY, CANADA

for

Minfocus International Inc.

NTS 105/G9

Joseph T. Arengi, P. Geo. FGAC
Consulting Geologist
P.O. Box 39014
James Bay Postal Outlet
Victoria, B.C. V8V 4X8

Gerald Harper, Ph. D., P. Eng.
GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue
Toronto, Canada, M8X 1Y9

October 1996

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Tables

Figures

1 SUMMARY

Recent exploration in the Yukon has resulted in the discovery of several significant massive sulphide deposits in the Yukon-Tanana Terrane (YTT) of southeast Yukon. On the basis of these discoveries as well as the presence of sulphide mineralization in rocks similar to those which occur on the OOP claims, an anomalously high silver value and proximity to a low angle thrust; an option was obtained on the subject claims and a field exploration program was carried out. This work was completed in September 1996 and included line cutting as well as geophysical (VLF-EM and magnetometer), geochemical and geological surveys and diamond drilling. This report summarizes the results of the geological survey. Mapping has confirmed that the OOP claims are underlain by a sediment-dominant sequence to the east and a volcanic-dominant sequence to the west. These sequences are separated by a regional low angle thrust fault. Locally, zones of hydrothermal alteration occur in both sequences and detailed work, including diamond drilling was carried out on one of them.

2 INTRODUCTION

A summer exploration program was carried out at the OOP claim group following a brief reconnaissance visit by Dr. Adrian Mann in October 1995 (Mann, 1995). The decision to proceed with this program was based on the presence of favorable geology including proximity to a low angle thrust fault as well as anomalous silver values associated with an intense hydrothermal alteration zone. The claims are north of a previously explored sulphide showing (Money showing) in a similar environment to that of the OOP claims and east of areas where massive sulphide mineralization has been discovered by Cominco (Kudz Ze Kayah deposit) and the Atna-Westmin joint venture (Wolverine Lake deposit). This report describes the results of the geological survey carried out during the 1996 exploration program and provides recommendations for further work.

All of the field work was carried out from traverses off the Robert Campbell Highway which crosses the easternmost part of the claims. The field camp was located along the north side of Finlayson Creek, 2 km south of Finlayson Lake at km 230 (as measured from the town of Watson Lake) on the Robert Campbell Highway. Expediting services were based in Watson Lake which is serviced by airport and connected by paved road to Fort Nelson, B.C. (520 km southeast) and Whitehorse, Y.T. (450 km west). The mining recorder for the Watson Lake Mining Division is based in Watson Lake.

3 PROPERTY AND LOCATION

The field exploration program was carried out by Gamah International Inc. on the claim group on behalf of Minfocus International Inc.. The OOP claim group consists of 39 contiguous claims numbered 1 to 6, 8, 10 and 12 to 42 (Figures 1 and 2). The claim map originally showed the easternmost boundary of the claims to be near the Finlayson River, however, ground truthing showed this boundary was along the Robert Campbell Highway. This change effectively shifts the group one claim west and eliminates claims 7, 9 and 11.

The claim group is located along the Robert Campbell Highway and 26 km southwest of Finlayson Lake within the Watson Lake Mining Division. Access to the claims is readily gained by foot from the road.

Summary details of the OOP claims are provided in Table 1. The claims are registered in the name of Alex McMillan and are subject to a joint venture agreement with Minfocus.

Subsequent to the summer work program an additional 15 OOP claims were staked to extend the block northeast and east.

4 PREVIOUS WORK

No significant new base metal mineral deposits have been located in Yukon since the early 1970s, and only a very small number of gold deposits have been discovered, none of which has yet reached production. This poor showing of exploration success is attributed, in part, to the lack of recent glaciation. Much of the terrain escaped Pleistocene glaciation, with the result that there is <1% outcrop by area across much of the terrain, and surface weathering commonly extends to depths >75 m (Johnston and Mortensen, 1994). Weathering has, in many cases, removed all obvious signs of mineralization, and has resulted in the dispersion of soluble metals near the surface. For these reasons, grass-roots prospecting and soil geochemical surveys have met with limited success.

The only mining activity occurring in the areas of interest during the last decade is the Sa Dena Hes property (previously owned by Curragh Resources and Hillsborough Resources and now a joint venture between Teck Corporation and Korea Zinc Company), 70 km from Watson Lake, which was previously an underground zinc mine that closed in December 1992 after only 17 months of operation due to low zinc prices. North of the Wolverine Lake areas is the Faro lead-zinc mine which has operated intermittently for more than 20 years. Lead and zinc production at Faro dominates Yukon's overall mineral production.

Recent discoveries by Cominco Limited and Westmin Resources Limited have substantially increased interest in the area (Figure 1). Approximately 200 km northwest of Watson Lake (and 20 km southwest of Finlayson Lake) in the Wolverine Lake area, Cominco Limited discovered a massive base metal sulphide (in 1994), known as the Kudz Ze Kayah (Caribou Country) deposit, which contains important precious metal values. Reserves are estimated to be 14.3 million tonnes, with average grades of 1% Cu, 5.5% Zn, 1.3% Pb, 1.2 g/t Au and 125 g/t Ag (Danielson, 1995). The orebody is 700 m east-west, 350 m north-south, and up to 39 m thick, truncated at the east end by a recent fault.

Located 20 km east of Kudz Ze Kayah deposit, Westmin Resources Limited and Atna Resources Limited are drill defining a massive sulphide deposit, known as the Wolverine Zone, which they discovered in the summer of 1995. It has estimated reserves of 8.4 million tonnes grading 0.56% Cu, 14.22% Zn, 3.45% Pb, 7.62 g/t Au, and 1,349 g/t Ag (Mar-West Resources Ltd news release, 16 Oct 95) and is open to expansion. In addition to the Wolverine Zone, Atna has been exploring other claims in the area (Anonymous, 30 Oct 95):

- Argus (located 50 km west of Kudz Ze Kayah) yielding grab samples assaying up to 6.9% Zn, 10.4% Pb, and 277.7 ppm Ag;
- Money (6 km east of the Wolverine zone) with grab samples assaying up to 1.1% Cu, 34.3 ppm Ag, and 220 ppb Au in one zone, and up to 3.3% Cu and 460 ppb Au in another; and
- Wolf-Lynx (50 km southwest of Kudz Ze Kayah) with Zn, Cu and Pb values recovered from chip samples along a 4 km-long belt of rocks.

Other companies with property interests in the Wolverine Lake area, which as been the scene of a staking rush since the fall of 1995, include Expatriate Resources Limited, Mar-West Resources Limited, Oro Brava Resources Limited, Columbia Gold Mines Ltd. and Minfocus International Incorporated.

Expatriate Resources Limited has 2288 claims in 20 properties (Robertson, 1995) and they are all subject to a financing agreement with Westmin whereby Westmin may take control of Expatriate. During the 1996 field season a copper discovery was announced by Expatriate on the Ice claim group and diamond drilling is ongoing.

Mar-West Resources Limited has interests in the 58-claim Eldorado Property, located within the interlayered mafic and felsic metavolcanic rocks of the Yukon-Tanana formation (the same geological unit that hosts Cominco's Kudz Ze Kayah deposit).

Oro Brava Resources Limited acquired two claim blocks (BID and MAT), located in the Pelly Mountain Massive Sulphide District which covers prospective volcanogenic massive sulphide targets. BID consists of twelve mineral claims. The anomaly measures 730 by 300 m and remains open to the north or upslope direction, occupying a

sequence of Upper Devonian-Mississippian felsic lapilli tuffs. MAT consists of 28 mineral claims underlain by a package of felsic volcanic rocks which are Devonian-Mississippian in age (Mar-West Resources Ltd news release, 16 Oct 95).

Columbia Gold Mines Ltd. was drilling the previously explored Kona polymetallic volcanogenic massive sulphide deposit at Fyre Lake near the Tintina Trench, south of Cominco's discovery. The drilling has led to the discovery of additional massive sulphide mineralization other lenses.

Minfocus has staked and optioned several blocks of claims in Finlayson Lake area. The Watson Lake area was identified by Minfocus in 1994 as having similar geology to that of the Wolverine Lake area. Minfocus research identified indication of massive sulphide mineralization recorded in old exploration documents and initiated a program of claim staking and optioning.

5 SUMMARY OF WORK COMPLETED IN 1996 PROGRAM

The field work was carried out intermittently during the period from July 28 to September 2, 1996 and consisted of linecutting, reconnaissance and detailed VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys, geological mapping, soil and rock geochemical sampling and diamond drilling. All surveys were carried out over selected flag and compass lines established at 300 to 1000m spacing on the reconnaissance grid and 50m spacing on detailed grids. The lines were oriented perpendicular to regional strike and individual stations were established at 25m intervals. The total length of lines blazed, flagged and chained was 17,150m which includes 2,300m of detailed grid.

6 GEOLOGY

6.1 Regional Geology

The Finlayson Lake area, including the subject claims, are underlain by rocks of the transposed Yukon-Tanana Terrane (YTT) within the Omenica Belt of the northern Canadian Cordillera. The north and east boundaries of the YTT is marked by the leading edge of a shallow dipping thrust fault which separates it from the Selwyn Basin in the North American craton. The Tintina Fault forms the west and south boundaries of the YTT with the Cassiar Platform.

Templeman-Kluit (1979) describes the rocks of the YTT as cataclasites, ophiolites and granodiorites which collectively occur along an arc-continent collision suture. Such an interpretation is supported by the presence of high pressure-temperature rocks such as eclogite and blueschist along the leading edge of the allochthonous terrane (Erdmer, 1987). The cataclasites more closely resemble rocks of the Intermontane Belt to the west and are interpreted to have been sheared in Late Triassic to Early Jurassic and thrust northeastward into the Omenica Belt in Early Cretaceous. Subsequent displacement of the YYT, as well as autochthonous terrane, occurred along the Tintina Fault over a distance of 450 km in the Late Cretaceous.

Three allochthonous assemblages are recognized within the transposed YTT. The *Nisutlin Allochthon* consists of slightly metamorphosed to highly mylonitized sedimentary and volcanic rocks and schist (Klondike Schist); the *Anvil Allochthon* consists of sheared ophiolite comprising chert and mafic to ultramafic intrusives and rocks of the *Simpson Allochthon* consist primarily of cataclastic granitic rocks which occur mainly in the south portion of the YYT Allochthon. Plint and Gordon (1996) among others recognize a distinct package of rocks comprising greenstone, ultramafic and mafic plutonic rocks, ribbon chert and marble along the leading edge of the YTT which they assign to the Slide Mountain Terrane. These rocks are interpreted to be deep submarine oceanic crust. The subject claims occur within the Slide Mountain Terrane of Plint and Gordon and the Nisutlin Allochthon of Templeman-Kluit (1979) (Figure 3).

6.2 Property Geology

Mapping has shown that the claims are underlain by two distinct lithologic sequences. The east half of grid north consists of a sedimentary sequence comprising interbedded chert, quartz-sericite schist, argillite, greywacke and coal. Locally these units are intruded by leucogabbro and serpentinite. The west half of the grid is underlain by a volcanic sequence comprising interbedded intermediate to mafic volcanics, chert and other silica-rich units which are locally intruded by leucogabbro. Plint and Gordon (1996) show that the contact between the two sequences is a west dipping thrust fault within Slide Mountain Terrane. The property geology is illustrated in Figure 4.

Sedimentary sequence - The rocks in this sequence consist of tan to grey chert, tan to buff quartz-sericite schist (± chlorite), dark grey argillite, greywacke and coal. The quartz-sericite schist occurs mainly along the east-facing slope and top of a steep north trending ridge as well as along the top of a large hill on the adjacent ALEY claims. This unit is well foliated and generally quite friable depending on the amount of siliceous material. The chert is tan to grey-green, hard, locally foliated and often occurs as distinct ridges. Brecciation is locally common and readily apparent at two hydrothermally altered areas; one along line 400W between 150N and 300N and the other along line 825W between 200N and 400N. There is little outcrop in the area between these two altered zones. The alteration is associated with chert and chert breccia and comprises an iron-rich clay and carbonate assemblage with occasional green mica and chalcedony veinlets. The carbonate consists of dolomite and ankerite in veinlets and in a clay matrix. The preponderance of iron imparts a distinct gossan like appearance to the outcrop, although the amount of sulphides is minor. The relationship between the two zones is not yet clear. The argillite and greywacke were only found in a few small outcrops between lines 500N and 00N and in drill core in the vicinity of the eastern alteration zone. The argillite is well banded, soft, well foliated and locally contains a high carbon content. These sediments are closely associated with coal which was found in outcrop, along trenched areas and in drill core. The coal is soft, lusterous with a conchoidal fracture and locally has a brittle or baked appearance. The latter was observed in the vicinity of a leucogabbro dike which has intruded into the coal and exposed along the face of a large trench cut near line 00N and 800W. Similarly, baked coal was found in drill core in the vicinity of the hydrothermal alteration and in outcrop, however, intrusives were not evident at the latter.

Initially, the presence of coal, greywacke and argillite suggested a separate sedimentary sequence to that of the chert and quartz-servite schist and, in fact, the coal sequence was interpreted to be of Tertiary age. However, based on field relations observed during mapping, in particular by the presence of leucogabbro dikes which crosscut the coal, the coal sequence is considered to be older than Tertiary. Plint and Gordon (1996) have assigned other leucogabbro intrusives as Devonian to Permian in age. This interpretation does not imply that the chert-schist sequence is the same age as the coal sequence but only that the latter is likely Devonian to Permian in age rather than Tertiary.

Volcanic Sequence - This sequence is dominated by green to light green-grey, hard, intermediate to mafic volcanics with locally abundant green-grey chert and a distinct maroon siliceous unit. The sequence becomes more mafic to the west and south although more detailed mapping is required to confirm this observation. The intermediate volcanics are dominant and are typically fine grained, massive to very slightly foliated, closely associated with chert and locally may contain felsic volcanic units. The more mafic volcanics are darker green, coarser grained, massive and have a knobby weathering texture.

Structure - The main structural feature in the area is the northwest trending thrust fault which forms the contact between the two sequences. The fault is subtle and it's position is placed along the easternmost outcrop of volcanic rocks. The fault may in fact occur as a series of imbricate slices in that several distinct subparallel, northwest trending ridges occur along line 300N between 800W and 900W. For the most part the surface trace of the fault is not exposed. Foliation is locally well developed and generally conforms to the regional northwest strike and southwest dip, however, local variations are present as for example along line 300N near the thrust fault contact where one outcrop of volcanics strikes east-northeast and dips north and in the vicinity of the two hydrothermal alteration zones where dips to the northeast were observed. These variations are interpreted to represent local displacement along faults and possibly warping associated with intrusives.

Alteration - As noted above, zones of hydrothermal alteration occur within the claims. The most intense alteration occurs in the two areas described above. Here, the chert host rocks are brecciated, locally silicified and are variously altered to an iron-rich clay/carbonate assemblage. Chalcedony veinlets, quartz-carbonate veinlets and well banded chalcendony-clay veinlets are locally abundant and a sky blue, opaque chrysicola is locally common as are concentrations of black tourmaline and hematite. Of particular interest is the presence of a green to blue-green mineral tentatively identified as mariposite. This mineral occurs as fine-grained, semi-massive as well as tabular or plately forms and in drill core shows a cross-cutting relationship with the host rocks. Several mafic to ultramafic (?) intrusives were observed in the drill core with varying degrees of alteration, however, the genetic relation between these intrusives and the larger scale hydrothermal alteration are unclear. In addition to the two areas described above, hydrothermal alteration was also observed within the volcanics along line 2000S at 1350W and 1640W. Both of these occur in chert breccia, however, the former shows only slight alteration whereas the latter is more intense and widespread. The distinct green mineral found in the alteration zones in the sedimentary sequence was not found in these two areas.

Mineralization - Mineralization within the claims consists primarily of finely disseminated sulphides and euhedral pyrite cubes in the units within the two sequences. Chalcopyrite was only identified in a quartz vein along with pyrite. White quartz veins with occasional pyrite specks were found throughout the claims but were most abundant in the quartz-sericite schist. However, even here quartz veins were not abundant. Rock grab samples were collected from areas of enhanced alteration and sulphide mineralization. A description of these samples along with results of geochemical analyses are provided in Table 2. Additional mineralization is noted by Mann (1995) where he describes an anomalous silver value obtained from a sample collected by Alex McMillan at the hydrothermal alteration zone in the vicinity of line 300N. The exact location of this sample is not known. On a regional scale, massive sulphide mineralization at the "Money showing" occurs in a well foliated chlorite-muscovite-quartz-sphene unit interpreted as a tuffaceous horizon within the volcanic sequence. Plint and Gordon (1996) describe two copper-bearing alteration zones also within the volcanic sequence.

7 CONCLUSIONS

Mapping at the OOP claim group in the Finlayson Lake area has shown that the claims are underlain by two distinct stratigraphic sequences. A volcanic sequence to the west has been thrust onto a sedimentary sequence along a low angle fault plane. Hydrothermal alteration occurs in both sequences, however, the most intense alteration located to date is found in the sedimentary sequence. The presence of intrusives, together with faulting on a regional scale bodes well with respect to exploration potential. The presence of hyrothermal alteration indicates that the necessary thermal dynamic drive and fluid migration system has been operative and that in places, mineralizing fluids were present. Despite the fact that drilling on the claims has not located economic mineralization, other alteration zones should be explored in detail and mapping should be completed in areas which have not been mapped.

8 STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Joseph Arengi do hereby certify that:

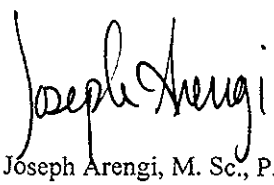
1. I am a graduate of the State University of New York with a B. Sc. Degree in geology in 1972 and a graduate of the University of Toronto with a M. Sc. degree in geology in 1977.

2. I have practised my profession in geoscience continuously since 1973.

3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia registered as a Professional Geoscientist and a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.

5. I have no vested interest in these properties or in Minfocus International Inc., nor do I expect to receive any such interest.

6. I supervised the surveys described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions contained herein based on field examination and review of analytical results.



Joseph Arengi, M. Sc., P. Geo.
Toronto, Ontario
October 1996

I, Gerald Harper, President of Gamah International Limited, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of London with a B. Sc. degree in Geology and Chemistry in 1965, a B. Sc. Honours degree in Geology in 1966 and a Ph. D. in Geology in 1970.

2. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1966.

3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of Ontario, the Society of Economic Geologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining, the Society for Exploration, Mining and Metallurgy, the Geological Society of South Africa, a Fellow of the Geological Society and a member of the Mineral Economics and Management Society.

4. I am the President of Minfocus International Inc., may be deemed to be its promoter and have instigated the staking by Minfocus International Inc.. I am also the President of Gamah International Limited, an independent mining and geological consulting and contracting firm.

5. I directed and supervised the program of work described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions presented in this report on the basis of my field examinations in July and September 1996 and review of data compiled by me during those field examinations.

Gerald Harper
Toronto, Ontario
October 1996

9 PERSONNEL AND CONTRACTORS EMPLOYED

Name	Affiliation	Address	Function	Period
Gerald Harper	Minfocus International Inc.	Toronto	Overall Supervision	July 96-Oct 96
Lorraine Godwin	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Project Manager	July 96-Oct 96
Deidre Collins	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Office support	Sept 96-Oct 96
Kurt Breede	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Field assistant	July 96-Sept 96
Greg Hounsell	Gamah International Inc.	Kingston	Field assistant	July 96-Aug 96
Jocelain Valade	Gamah International Inc.	Sudbury	Field assistant	July 96-Aug 96
Michel Mann	Gamah International Inc.	Calgary	Field assistant	July 96
Helen Harper	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Field/office assistant	July96-Aug 96
George Millen		Watson Lake	Camp support/expediting	July 96-Sept96
Joseph Arengi	Gamah International Inc.	Victoria	Geologist	July 96- Oct 96
J. Stockman	Gamah International Inc.	Watson Lake	Line cutting	July 96- Aug 96
Josh Harden	Gamah International Inc.	Watson Lake	Line cutting	July 96-Aug 96
	D. J. Drilling Company Ltd.	Watson Lake	Diamond drilling	Aug 96-Sept 96
	Bondar-Clegg and Company	N. Vancouver	Drill core analysis	July 96-Sept 96
	Chauncey Laboratories Inc.	Toronto	Drill core analysis	Sept 96
	TransNorth Helicopters	Ross River	Field transportation	Aug 96

10 STATEMENT OF COSTS

Item	Details	Amount
Accommodation	Gateway Motel; Field camp	$ 739.13
Analyses		5,472.54
Communication	Telephone, fax and shipping	53.92
Diamond Drilling	Drilling, mob and demob, consumables, core boxes, site preparation and camp cook	27,606.37
Food	Camp supplies	1,958.40
Personnel - Field	Linecutting, geophysical, geochemical and geological surveys, camp construction and misc. supplies	23,370.85
Personnel - Office	Time for office support	10,582.00
Rentals	Vehicles, equipment and hotel	4,463.17
Travel	Air and ground transportation to and from Watson Lake	2,551.00
		$ 76,797.38

The above costs are as accurate as possible and represent the true value of the work carried out as shown above and described in this, and other related reports. Detailed records for back-up to these amounts are available at the office of Minfocus International Inc., Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8X 1Y9.

Gerald Harper, Ph.D., P. Eng.

11 REFERENCES

Anonymous, 1995, Atna Samples YGC's Yukon Properties; Northern Miner 81, No. 35, 11 (30 Oct 95)

Danielson, V., 1995, Cominco Advances Yukon Deposit; Northern Miner 80, No. 48, 1-2 (30 Jan 95).

Erdmer, P., 1987, Blueschist and Eclogite in Mylonitic Allochthons, Ross River and Watson Lake areas, Southeast Yukon; Can. J. Earth Sci., Vol. 24, p. 1439-1449.

Godwin, L., 1996, Summary Report on Claims of Minfocus International Incorporated in the Watson and Wolverine Lake Areas of Yukon Territory, unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 50 p.

Harper, G., 1996, Report on Geophysical Surveys and Diamond Drilling on GMS Group of Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, NTS 105/A2, 105/A6 and 105/A7, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 23 p.

Hornbrook, E.H.W. and Friske, P.W.B., 1988a, Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Southeastern Yukon (105G); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 1648, 6 p.

,1988b, Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Southeastern Yukon (105H); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 1649, 6p.

Johnston, S.T. and Mortensen, J.K., 1994, Regional Setting of Porphyry Cu-Mo Deposits, Volcanogenic Massive-Sulfide Deposits, and Mesothermal Gold Deposits in the Yukon-Tanana Terrane, Yukon; Yukon Metallogeny: Recent Developments, Yukon Government Publication 30-34.

Livgard, E., 1996, Report on the Canol Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for KRL Resources Corp., 8 p.

Mann, A. G., 1995, Preliminary Geological Report on Watson and Finlayson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 24 p.

, 1996, Geological Report on Watson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 15 p.

Plint, H.E. and Gordon, T.M., 1996a, Structural Evolution and Rock Types of the Slide Mountain and Yukon-Tanana Terranes in the Campbell Range, Southeastern Yukon Territory; in Current Research 1996A, Geol. Survey of Canada, p. 19-28.

,1996b, Geology of Campbell Range Near Wolverine Lake, Southeastern Yukon (parts of 105H/5/9/12, 105G/9); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 3303, 1 Sheet, Scale 1:50,000.

Robertson, R., 1995, Kudz Ze Kayah Discovery Augurs Well for Exploration in Yukon; Northern Miner 81, No. 39,
(27 Nov 95).

Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., et al, 1977, Geology Map 105G, Finlayson Lake Area, Yukon Territory; Geol. Survey of Canada Open File 486.

,1979, Transported Cataclasite, Ophiolite and Granodiorite in Yukon: Evidence of Arc-Continent Collision; Geol. Survey of Canada, Paper 79-14, 27 p.

Wilson, G.C., 1995, Bibliography of the Wolverine Complex of the Southern Yukon and Northern B.C.; the Campell Range; Finlayson Lake and Watson Lake and the Kudz Ze Kayah and Sa Dena Hes (Mount Hundere) Deposits; Unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 18 p.

Table 1. Summary of OOP Claims Information

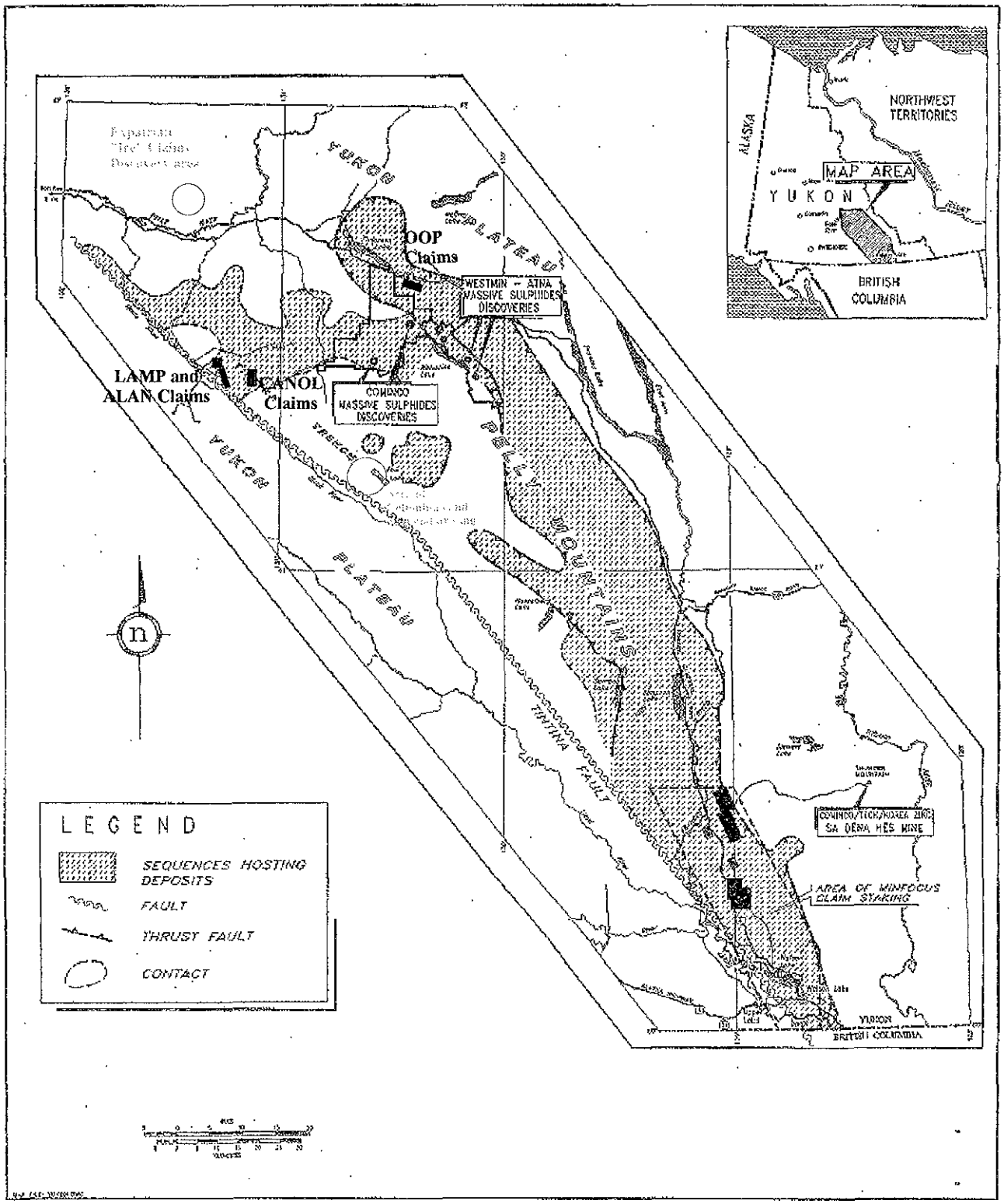
Claim Name	Grant Number	Registered Owner	Anniversary Date	NTS (Claim Sheet #)
OOP 1	YB56699	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 2	YB56700	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 3	YB56701	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 4	YB56702	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 5	YB56703	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 6	YB56704	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 7	YB56705	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 8	YB56706	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 9	YB56707	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 10	YB56708	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 11	YB56709	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 12	YB56710	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 13	YB59901	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 14	YB59902	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 15	YB59903	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 16	YB59904	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 17	YB59905	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 18	YB59906	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 19	YB59907	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 20	YB59908	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 21	YB59909	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 22	YB59910	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 23	YB59911	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 24	YB59912	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 25	YB59917	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 26	YB59918	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 27	YB59919	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 28	YB59920	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 29	YB59921	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 30	YB59922	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 31	YB59923	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 32	YB59924	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 33	YB70053	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 34	YB70054	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 35	YB70055	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 36	YB70056	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 37	YB70057	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 38	YB70058	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 39	YB70672	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 40	YB70673	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 41	YB70674	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 42	YB70675	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9

Table 2. Summary of Rock Grab Samples from OOP Claims

Sample No.	Coordinate	Type	Description	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	As ppm
R-OOP-JA-1	457W,2000S	o/c	chloritic qtz-ser sch; cherty; abund lim filled fractures	<5	0.3	16	15	3.1
JA-2	550W,2000S	float	chloritic (blie-grn) qtz vein; diss sulph spks	<5	-	7	23	1.9
JA-3	550W,2000S	o/c	white qtz vein with lim partings and blk to gry metallic mineral	<5	-	18	11	2.2
JA-4	400W,165N	o/c	bxed chert, fractured, smokey blue qtz veinlets; Fe-stain; carb.	<5	-	29	46	17.9
JA-5	400W,225N	o/c	chert bx with Fe-stain; grm mica (?) mineral; blk earthy mineral	<5	-	29	11	1.1
JA-6	400W,250N	o/c	bxed, baked coal	12	-	11	22	1.8
JA-7	00W,730N	o/c	chert bx, well altered to Fe-clay/carb; minor sulph spks	<5	-	40	19	14.4
JA-8	1025W,300N	o/c	gry chert with Fe-stain; occ sulph spks	<5	-	42	19	<0.1
JA-9	950W,350N	o/c	grn, mottled mafic volc with cp in qtz veinlet	<5	-	102	79	<0.1
JA-10	800W,295N	o/c	composite of qtz veins	<5	<0.1	6	5	-
JA-11	830W,310N	o/c	composite of altered and silicified chrt bx with qtz-carb veining; grn mica	<5	<0.1	15	31	-
JA-12	995W,290N	o/c	dk gry, flinty chrt bx with minor sulph spks	<5	<0.1	25	32	-
JA-13	1100W,150N	trench	flinty chert bx and carbonatized tan chrt bx with diss sulph	<5	<0.1	51	68	-
JA-14	1240W,145N	float	qtz vein with Fe-stain	<5	<0.1	29	29	-
JA-15	300W,550S	float	Fe-stained, sericitized tan chert bx	<5	-	38	33	<0.1
JA-16	350W,510S	float	Fe-stained, sericitized tan chert bx with 2-3cm qtz vein	<5	-	29	45	<0.1
JA-17	340W,490S	float	composite of white qtz-carb (ankerite?) vein, abund Fe-stain	<5	-	5	13	<0.1
JA-18	550W,450S	o/c	Fe-clay/carb altered, silicified dk gry-tan chrt bx; well bxed	<5	-	457	18	19.7
JA-19	575W,500S	o/c	tan-gry, fractured chrt bx with diss sulphs	<5	-	32	16	20.9
JA-20	575W,565S	float	sulphide-bearing dark siliceous unit	<5	-	51	13	4.6
JA-21	725W,500S	float	qtz vein	<5	-	11	20	<0.1
JA-22	775W,430S	float	composite of qtz vein	<5	-	16	17	<0.1
JA-23	775W,430S	float	tan-lt gry chrt with glassy qtz vein and well dev py cubes	<5	-	5	10	<0.1
R-OOP-KB-A	785W,2000S	float	lt tan, powdery chrt with py cubes (5 - 10mm)	6	<0.1	45	43	-
B	965W,1990S	float	qtz vein and Fe-stained, altered, fract siliceous host with py cubes & cp	<5	0.3	691	5	-
C	1640W,1995S	float	chrt bx, Fe-stained, hydrothermal alteration; tr sulph spks	<5	<0.1	45	44	-
D	1750W,2000S	o/c	fractured, Fe-stained, dk blue-grn and maroon volc, flinty; tr sulph	<5	<0.1	33	39	-
E	1350W,2000S	o/c	slightly altered (hydrothermal) chrt bx; small o/c	<5	<0.1	10	40	-

Table 2. Summary of Rock Grab Samples from OOP Claims (con't)

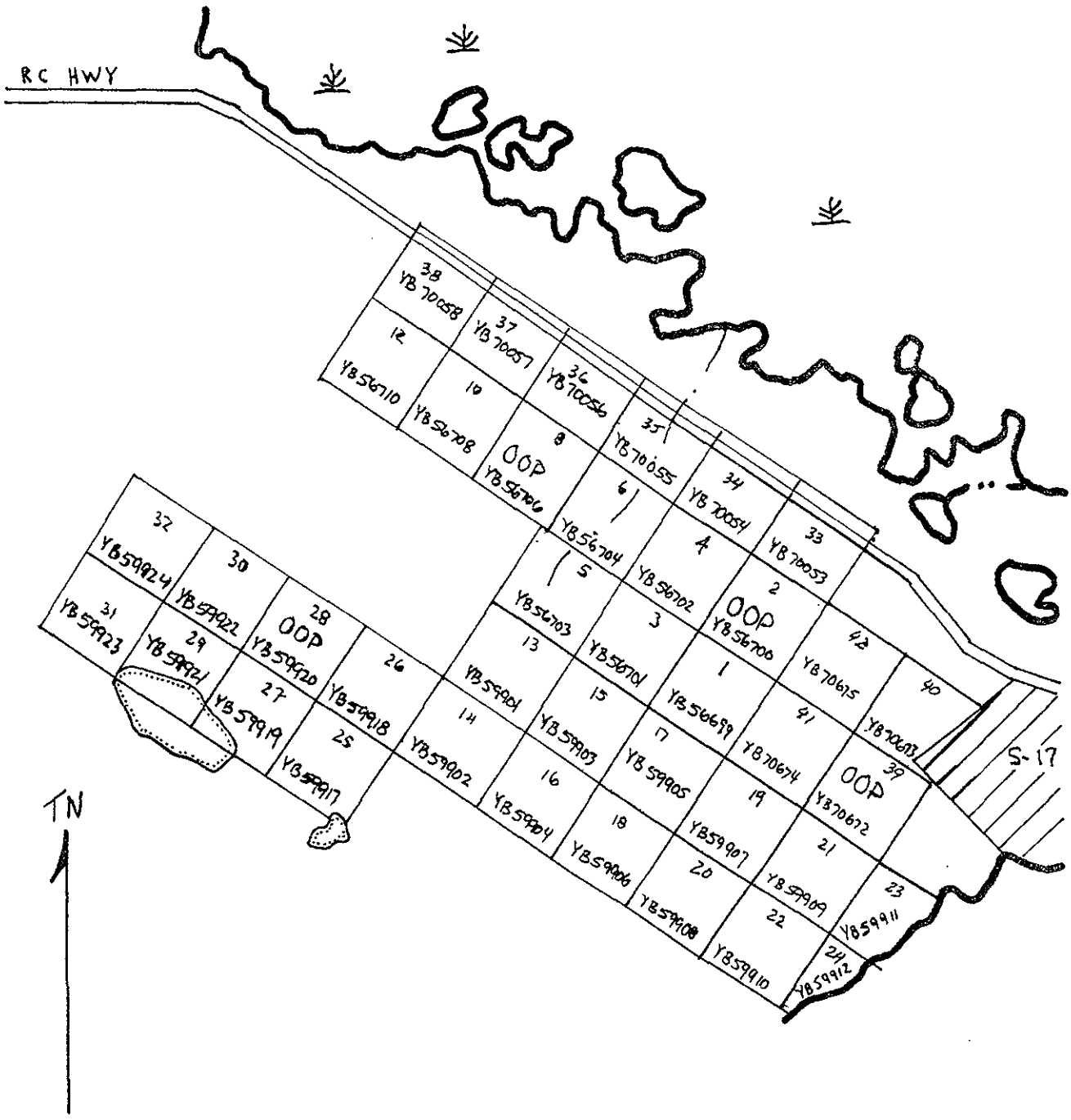
Sample No.	Coordinate	Type	Description	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	As ppm
-	330W,200N	?	-	101	-	16	35	282.4
-	335W,200N	?	-	<5	-	51	73	28.3
	400W,185N	?	-	-	-	14	37	6.1
-	350W,1000S	?	-	11	-	37	63	8.2
-	795W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	16	60	<0.1
-	1200W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	33	20	<0.1
-	1315W,1000S	?	-	27	-	54	102	79.2
-	1370W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	35	73	9.6
-	1480W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	58	55	<0.1
-	1750W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	20	31	<0.1
-	1835W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	924	3264	<0.1
-	620W,2000S	?	-	<5	-	19	18	<0.1
-	1275W,2000S	?	-	<5	-	28	17	1.8
-	1325W,2000S	?	-	<5	-	29	53	3



GENERAL LOCATION OF THE OOP CLAIMS IN THE WOLVERINE LAKE AREA, YUKON

Figure 1

Minfocus International Inc. **October 1996**



OOP CLAIMS PLAN MODIFIED FROM CLAIM MAP 105/G9	
Scale: 1:63,360	Figure 2
Minfocus International Inc. **October 1996**	

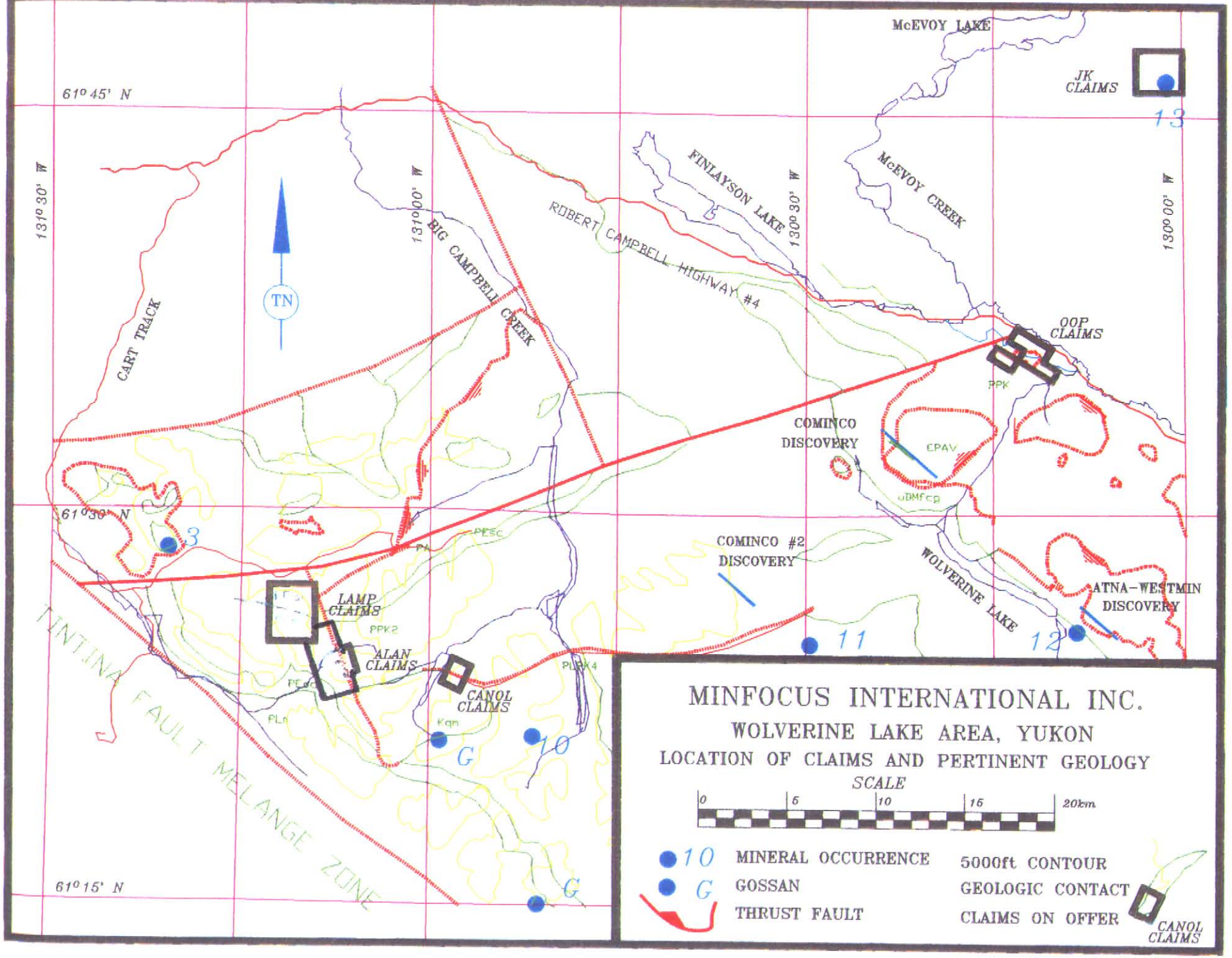
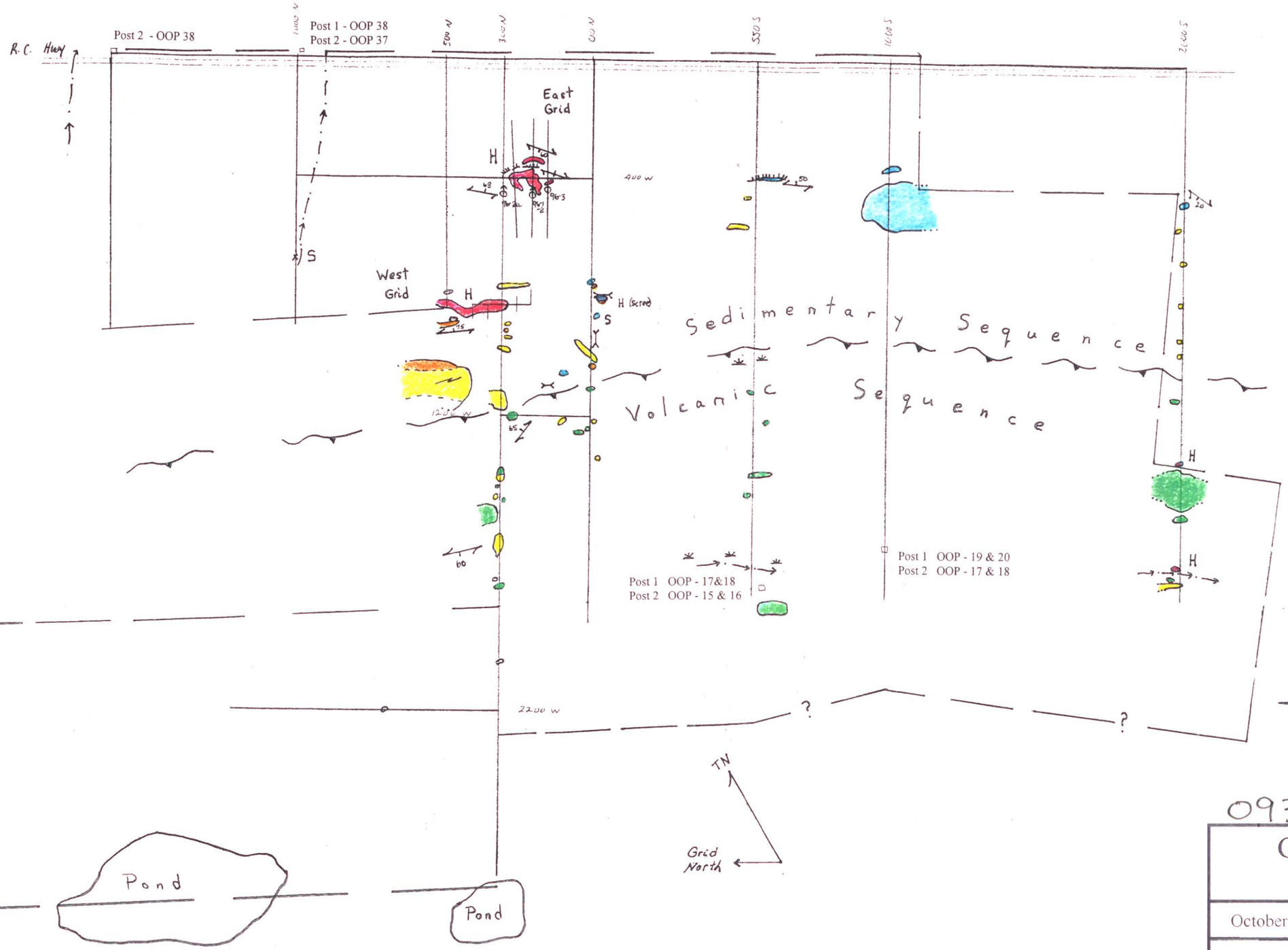

McEVOY LAKE
JK CLAIMS
13
61° 45' N
131° 30' W
131°00' W
130° 30' W
130° 00' W
FINLAYSON LAKE
McEVOY CREEK
ROBERT CAMPBELL HIGHWAY #4
BIG CAMPBELL CREEK
CART TRACK
TN
OOP CLAIMS
PPK
COMINCO DISCOVERY
CPAV
DBMFCP
61° 30' N
3
PESC
COMINCO #2 DISCOVERY
WOLVERINE LAKE
ATNA-WESTMIN DISCOVERY
LAMP CLAIMS
PPK2
ALAN CLAIMS
PLPK4
CANOL CLAIMS
Kqm
11
12
10
G
TINTINA FAULT MELANGE ZONE
61° 15' N
MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
WOLVERINE LAKE AREA, YUKON
LOCATION OF CLAIMS AND PERTINENT GEOLOGY
SCALE
0
5
10
15
20km
10 MINERAL OCCURRENCE
G GOSSAN
THRUST FAULT
5000ft CONTOUR
GEOLOGIC CONTACT
CLAIMS ON OFFER
CANOL CLAIMS

Figure 3



Legend

Rock Types

- Hydrothermal Alteration
- Mafic Intrusive
- Quartz-sericite ± chlorite schist
- Chert, chert breccia (bx)
- Argillite, greywacke
- Coal
- Intermediate to mafic volcanics
- S Serpentinite

Symbols

- Thrust fault
- 60 Strike and dip, foliation
- Fold axis
- Claim post (located)
- Trench, scrape
- Cliff, steep slope
- Swamp
- Creek
- Claim boundary
- 96-1 Drill hole

093556 1/3 (1)

GEOLOGY OF THE OOP CLAIMS

October 1996 **Figure 4**

Minfocus International Inc.

REPORT ON A GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY ON THE OOP GROUP OF CLAIMS, FINLAYSON LAKE AREA WATSON LAKE MINING DISTRICT YUKON TERRITORY, CANADA

for

Minfocus International Inc.

NTS 105/G9
LAT: 61° 36'N LONG: 130° 38' W

Joseph T. Arengi, P. Geo. FGAC
Consulting Geologist
P.O. Box 39014
James Bay Postal Outlet
Victoria, B.C. V8V 4X8

G. Harper, Ph. D., P. Eng.
GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue
Toronto, Canada, M8X 1Y9
October 1996

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 SUMMARY

Recent exploration in the Yukon has resulted in the discovery of several significant massive sulphide deposits in the Yukon-Tanana Terrane (YTT) of southeast Yukon. On the basis of these discoveries as well as the presence of sulphide mineralization in rocks similar to those which occur on the OOP claims, an anomalously high silver value and proximity to a low angle thrust; an option was obtained on the subject claims and a field exploration program was carried out. This work was completed in September 1996 and included line cutting as well as geophysical (VLF-EM and magnetometer), geochemical and geological surveys and diamond drilling. This report summarizes the results of the geochemical survey. Soil and rock sampling has shown that areas with anomalous values have been delineated on the OOP claims. On one of the detailed grids soil samples returned anomalous gold, silver, copper and zinc. Although subeconomic values were obtained from rock sampling and drilling, the survey confirms that soil sampling is a powerful exploration tool. Rock sampling elsewhere on the grid returned moderate to highly anomalous copper and zinc values. Of particular interest is a sample with highly anomalous copper and zinc obtained from the west portion of the claims in an area underlain by a volcanic sequence. Base metal mineralization occurs in the same volcanic sequence at a showing 20km south of the claims. Further geochemical sampling is warranted.

2 INTRODUCTION

A summer exploration program was carried out at the OOP claim group following a brief reconnaissance visit by Dr. Adrian Mann in October 1995 (Mann, 1995). The decision to proceed with this program was based on the presence of favorable geology including proximity to a low angle thrust fault as well as anomalous silver values associated with an intense hydrothermal alteration zone. The claims are 20km north of a previously explored sulphide showing (Money showing) which occurs in a similar environment to that of the OOP claims and east of areas where massive sulphide mineralization has been discovered by Cominco (Kudz Ze Kayah deposit) and the Atna-Westmin joint venture (Wolverine Lake deposit). This report describes the results of the geochemical survey carried out during the 1996 exploration program and provides recommendations for further work.

All of the field work was carried out from traverses off the Robert Campbell Highway which crosses the easternmost part of the claims. The field camp was located along the north side of Finlayson Creek, 2 km south of Finlayson Lake at km 230 (as measured from the town of Watson Lake) on the Robert Campbell Highway. Expediting services were based in Watson Lake which is serviced by airport and connected by paved road to Fort Nelson, B.C. (520 km southeast) and Whitehorse, Y.T. (450 km west). The mining recorder for the Watson Lake Mining Division is based in Watson Lake.

3 PROPERTY AND LOCATION

The field exploration program was carried out by Gamah International Inc. on the claim group on behalf of Minfocus International Inc. The OOP claim group consists of 39 contiguous claims numbered 1 to 6, 8, 10 and 12 to 42 (Figures 1 and 2). The claim map originally showed the easternmost boundary of the claims to be near the Finlayson River, however, ground truthing showed this boundary was along the Robert Campbell Highway. This change effectively shifts the group one claim west and eliminates claims 7, 9 and 11.

The claim group is located along the Robert Campbell Highway and 26 km southwest of Finlayson Lake within the Watson Lake Mining Division. Access to the claims is readily gained by foot from the road.

Summary details of the OOP claims are provided in Table 1. The claims are registered in the name of Alex McMillan and are subject to a joint venture agreement with Minfocus.

Subsequent to the summer work program, an additional 15 OOP claims were staked to extend the block northeast and east.

4 PREVIOUS WORK

No significant new base metal mineral deposits have been located in Yukon since the early 1970s, and only a very small number of gold deposits have been discovered, none of which has yet reached production. This poor showing of exploration success is attributed, in part, to the lack of recent glaciation. Much of the terrain escaped Pleistocene glaciation, with the result that there is <1% outcrop by area across much of the terrain, and surface weathering commonly extends to depths >75 m (Johnston and Mortensen, 1994). Weathering has, in many cases, removed all obvious signs of mineralization, and has resulted in the dispersion of soluble metals near the surface. For these reasons, grass-roots prospecting and soil geochemical surveys have met with limited success.

The only mining activity occurring in the areas of interest during the last decade is the Sa Dena Hes property (previously owned by Curragh Resources and Hillsborough Resources and now a joint venture between Teck Corporation and Korea Zinc Company), 70 km from Watson Lake, which was previously an underground zinc mine that closed in December 1992 after only 17 months of operation due to low zinc prices. North of the Wolverine Lake areas is the Faro lead-zinc mine which has operated intermittently for more than 20 years. Lead and zinc production at Faro dominates Yukon's overall mineral production.

Recent discoveries by Cominco Limited and Westmin Resources Limited have substantially increased interest in the area (Figure 1). Approximately 200 km northwest of Watson Lake (and 20 km southwest of Finlayson Lake) in the Wolverine Lake area, Cominco Limited discovered a massive base metal sulphide (in 1994), known as the Kudz Ze Kayah (Caribou Country) deposit, which contains important precious metal values. Reserves are estimated to be 14.3 million tonnes, with average grades of 1% Cu, 5.5% Zn, 1.3% Pb, 1.2 g/t Au and 125 g/t Ag (Danielson, 1995). The orebody is 700 m east-west, 350 m north-south, and up to 39 m thick, truncated at the east end by a recent fault.

Located 20 km east of Kudz Ze Kayah deposit, Westmin Resources Limited and Atna Resources Limited are drill defining a massive sulphide deposit, known as the Wolverine Zone, which they discovered in the summer of 1995. It has estimated reserves of 8.4 million tonnes grading 0.56% Cu, 14.22% Zn, 3.45% Pb, 7.62 g/t Au, and 1,349 g/t Ag (Mar-West Resources Ltd news release, 16 Oct 95) and is open to expansion. In addition to the Wolverine Zone, Atna has been exploring other claims in the area (Anonymous, 30 Oct 95):

- Argus (located 50 km west of Kudz Ze Kayah) yielding grab samples assaying up to 6.9% Zn, 10.4% Pb, and 277.7 ppm Ag;
- Money (6 km east of the Wolverine zone) with grab samples assaying up to 1.1% Cu, 34.3 ppm Ag, and 220 ppb Au in one zone, and up to 3.3% Cu and 460 ppb Au in another; and
- Wolf-Lynx (50 km southwest of Kudz Ze Kayah) with Zn, Cu and Pb values recovered from chip samples along a 4 km-long belt of rocks.

Other companies with property interests in the Wolverine Lake area, which as been the scene of a staking rush since the fall of 1995, include Expatriate Resources Limited, Mar-West Resources Limited, Oro Brava Resources Limited, Columbia Gold Mines Ltd. and Minfocus International Incorporated.

Expatriate Resources Limited has 2288 claims in 20 properties (Robertson, 1995) and they are all subject to a financing agreement with Westmin whereby Westmin may take control of Expatriate. During the 1996 field season a copper discovery was announced by Expatriate on the Ice claim group and diamond drilling is ongoing.

Mar-West Resources Limited has interests in the 58-claim Eldorado Property, located within the interlayered mafic and felsic metavolcanic rocks of the Yukon-Tanana formation (the same geological unit that hosts Cominco's Kudz Ze Kayah deposit).

Oro Brava Resources Limited acquired two claim blocks (BID and MAT), located in the Pelly Mountain Massive Sulphide District which covers prospective volcanogenic massive sulphide targets. BID consists of twelve mineral claims. The anomaly measures 730 by 300 m and remains open to the north or upslope direction, occupying a

sequence of Upper Devonian-Mississippian felsic lapilli tuffs. MAT consists of 28 mineral claims underlain by a package of felsic volcanic rocks which are Devonian-Mississippian in age (Mar-West Resources Ltd news release, 16 Oct 95).

Columbia Gold Mines Ltd. was drilling the previously explored Kona polymetallic volcanogenic massive sulphide deposit at Fyre Lake near the Tintina Trench, south of Cominco's discovery. The drilling has led to the discovery of additional massive sulphide mineralization in other lenses.

Minfocus has staked and optioned several blocks of claims in Finlayson Lake area. The Watson Lake area was identified by Minfocus in 1994 as having similar geology to that of the Wolverine Lake area. Minfocus research identified indication of massive sulphide mineralization recorded in old exploration documents and initiated a program of claim staking and optioning.

5 SUMMARY OF WORK COMPLETED IN 1996 PROGRAM

The field work was carried out intermittently during the period from July 28 to September 2, 1996 and consisted of linecutting, reconnaissance and detailed VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys, geological mapping, soil and rock geochemical sampling and diamond drilling. All surveys were carried out over selected flag and compass lines established at 300 to 1000m spacing on the reconnaissance grid and 50m spacing on detailed grids. The lines were oriented perpendicular to regional strike and individual stations were established at 25m intervals. The total length of lines blazed, flagged and chained was 17,150m which includes 2,300m of detailed grid.

6 GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

6.1 General

Although there are areas of bedrock exposure within the subject claims much of the area is covered with unconsolidated sediments. In order to help locate buried mineralization a program of reconnaissance and some detailed soil and rock sampling were carried out along the flagged lines. The soil sampling was carried out over detailed grids referred to as the east and west grids on claims 6, 8 and 35 as well as where anomalous readings were obtained during the geophysical survey. Rock sampling was carried out primarily during the geological mapping. Results of the geological survey are provided in Arengi and Harper (1996) and the regional and property geology are illustrated in Figures 3 and 4, respectively.

6.2 Soil Sampling

A total of 135 soil samples were collected from two detailed grids as well as the reconnaissance grid on the OOP claims. All of the samples were analyzed for gold (Au), copper (Cu) and zinc (Zn). Silver (Ag) was obtained at the detailed grids and a few of the reconnaissance samples. Arsenic (As) was obtained from the west grid and some of the reconnaissance samples. Samples were collected from B horizon soils below the leached zone where possible and within a one meter radius of the station. All of the samples were shipped to Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. in North Vancouver for analysis. Samples were dried and sieved to -80 mesh and analyzed using fire assay/atomic absorption for gold, atomic absorption for Ag, Cu and Zn, and general hydrometric for As. Detection limits are as follows: Au - 5 ppb; Ag - 0.1 ppm; As, Cu and Zn - 1 ppm. Duplicate analyses at the laboratory showed excellent reproducibility. Discussion and interpretation of each of the elements are provided below.

Au - The highest gold value of 94 ppb was obtained from a sample at the east grid. This area had the highest frequency of samples with values above detection limits and, predictably, also had the highest average gold value of 15.1 ppb. The contour plot (Figure 5) clearly shows the east grid area as a gold geochemical high. There do not

appear to be any other high areas. Comparisons of gold distribution between areas as well as statistical comparisons are precluded by the fact that a large number of samples were below detection limits.

Ag - The highest silver value of 1.3 ppm came from the same location as the highest gold, however, anomalous values i.e. those which exceed detection limits, is more evenly distributed.

As - Arsenic values were obtained from 37 samples from the west and reconnaissance grids. The values ranged from below detection to 70.9 ppm. Owing to the paucity of data, generalizations are not attempted.

Cu - Copper values ranged from <1 to 128 ppm. The mean values for the east and west grids as well as the reconnaissance samples were all very close at 32.1, 28.5 and 31.6 ppm, respectively. Using an anomalous threshold of the mean plus two times the standard deviation yields a value of 84.7 ppm. Seven samples returned values above this anomalous threshold and most of these occur in the east grid. The contour plot (Figure 6) shows several areas with high copper vales; the east and west grids and two areas along the west end of line 1000S. This area also returned the highest copper value for the rock samples.

Zn - These values range from 5 to 580 ppm. The highest value and the highest mean value occur at the east grid. Using the same procedure to calculate an anomalous threshold results in a value of 226.8 ppm. Six samples exceed this value and all are located within the east grid. This anomalous area is illustrated in the contour plot (Figure 7) along with slightly anomalous areas on lines 00, 1000S and the west grid.

6.3 Rock Sampling

A total of 42 rock samples were collected on the claims. All of the samples were analyzed for gold (Au), silver (Ag), copper (Cu) and zinc (Zn) and silver was analyzed for 16 of these. All of the samples were shipped to Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd. in North Vancouver for analysis. Samples were crushed, split and pulverized and analyzed using fire assay/atomic absorption for Au and atomic absorption for Ag, Cu and Zn. Detection limits are as follows: Au - 5 ppb; Ag - 0.1 ppm; Cu and Zn - 1 ppm. Duplicate sampling at the laboratory showed excellent reproducibility. Discussion and interpretation of each of the elements are provided below and a summary of each of the rock samples is provided in Table 2.

Au - Gold values ranged from below detection to 101 ppb, however, only 5 of the samples exceeded detection. The highest gold value came from the east grid.

Ag - Only two silver values exceeded detection limits and both of these were 0.3 ppm.

Cu - These values range from 5 to 924 ppm with a mean of 76.8 ppm. A rock description is not available for the sample with the highest value, however, two other highly anomalous values of 691 and 457 ppm were obtained from a quartz vein with pyrite and chalcopyrite and a highly altered tan chert breccia, respectively.

Zn - Zinc values range from 5 to 3264 ppm with a mean of 111.1 ppm. The high zinc value corresponds with the highest copper value, however, the two other high copper values did not have a correspondingly high zinc value. Aside from the highly anomalous value, all others were low and the mean value, excluding the high, is 34.1 ppm.

6.4 Interpretation of Results

The soil geochemical sampling has shown that the east grid, which is underlain by an intense hydrothermal alteration zone, contains anomalous values in gold, silver, copper and zinc. The fact that other areas do not have comparable values is attributed to the lack of evenly distributed sampling points as well as the masking effects of overburden. In reality, the program carried out this year has shown that geochemical soil sampling can be used to help locate other alteration zones on the claims. Results from the rock sampling show that the area underlain by

the volcanic sequence is prospective as evidenced by the highly anomalous copper and zinc in a rock sample collected at the western end of line 1000S as well as an area of high copper in soils. A comparison of ranges and mean values from rock samples versus soil samples indicates there is sufficient variance to preclude treating the data as a single database. This is not surprising given the inherent bias in collecting grab samples.

The range of values obtained from the rock sampling are in the same range as those from samples reported in Mann (1995), however, the high silver value of 14.0 g/t has not been reproduced.

7 CONCLUSIONS

Soil and rock geochemical sampling at the OOP claim group in the Finlayson Lake area have shown that there are several areas which could be considered anomalous and prospective to host base metal mineralization. Of particular interest is the area on the west end of line 1000S where highly anomalous copper and zinc values were obtained. Soil sampling will be a useful exploration tool in locating other untested alteration zones in both the sediment and volcanic sequences. The results indicate that further geochemical prospecting is warranted and should include completing a geochemical survey in areas not covered by the 1996 exploration program.

8 STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Joseph Arengi do hereby certify that:

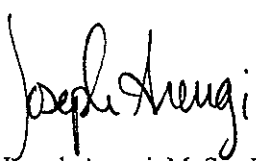
1. I am a graduate of the State University of New York with a B. Sc. Degree in geology in 1972 and a graduate of the University of Toronto with a M. Sc. degree in geology in 1977.

2. I have practised my profession in geoscience continuously since 1973.

3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia registered as a Professional Geoscientist and a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.

5. I have no vested interest in these properties or in Minfocus International Inc., nor do I expect to receive any such interest.

6. I supervised the surveys described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions contained herein based on field examination and review of analytical results.



Joseph Arengi, M. Sc., P. Geo.
Toronto, Ontario
October 1996

I, Gerald Harper, President of Gamah International Limited, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of London with a B. Sc. degree in Geology and Chemistry in 1965, a B. Sc. Honours degree in Geology in 1966 and a Ph. D. in Geology in 1970.

2. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1966.

3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of Ontario, the Society of Economic Geologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining, the Society for Exploration, Mining and Metallurgy, the Geological Society of South Africa, a Fellow of the Geological Society and a member of the Mineral Economics and Management Society.

4. I am the President of Minfocus International Inc., may be deemed to be its promoter and have instigated the staking by Minfocus International Inc. I am also the President of Gamah International Limited, an independent mining and geological consulting and contracting firm.

5. I directed and supervised the program of work described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions presented in this report on the basis of my field examinations in July and September 1996 and review of data compiled by me during those field examinations.

Gerald Harper
Toronto, Ontario
October 1996

9 PERSONNEL AND CONTRACTORS EMPLOYED

Name	Affiliation	Address	Function	Period
Gerald Harper	Minfocus International Inc.	Toronto	Overall Supervision	July 96-Oct 96
Lorraine Godwin	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Project Manager	July 96-Oct 96
Deidre Collins	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Office support	Sept 96-Oct 96
Kurt Breede	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Field assistant	July 96-Sept 96
Greg Hounsell	Gamah International Inc.	Kingston	Field assistant	July 96-Aug 96
Jocelain Valade	Gamah International Inc.	Sudbury	Field assistant	July 96-Aug 96
Michel Mann	Gamah International Inc.	Calgary	Field assistant	July 96
Helen Harper	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Field/office assistant	July 96-Aug 96
George Millen		Watson Lake	Camp support/expediting	July 96-Sept96
Joseph Arengi	Gamah International Inc.	Victoria	Geologist	July 96-Oct 96
J. Stockman	Gamah International Inc.	Watson Lake	Line cutting	July 96-Aug 96
Josh Harden	Gamah International Inc.	Watson Lake	Line cutting	July 96-Aug 96
	D. J. Drilling Company Ltd.	Watson Lake	Diamond drilling	Aug 96-Sept 96
	Bondar-Clegg and Company	N. Vancouver	Drill core analysis	July 96-Sept 96
	Chauncey Laboratories Inc.	Toronto	Drill core analysis	Sept 96
	TransNorth Helicopters	Ross River	Field transportation	Aug 96
	Kluane Helicopters	Finlayson Lake	Field transportation	July 96

10 STATEMENT OF COSTS

Item	Details	Amount
Accommodation	Gateway Motel; Field camp	$ 739.13
Analyses		5,472.54
Communication	Telephone, fax and shipping	53.92
Diamond Drilling	Drilling, mob and demob, consumables, core boxes, site preparation and camp cook	27,606.37
Food	Camp supplies	1,958.40
Personnel - Field	Linecutting, geophysical, geochemical and geological surveys, camp construction and misc. supplies	23,370.85
Personnel - Office	Time for office support	10,582.00
Rentals	Vehicles, equipment and hotel	4,463.17
Travel	Air and ground transportation to and from Watson Lake	2,551.00
		$76,797.38

The above costs are as accurate as possible and represent the true value of the work carried out as shown above and described in this, and other related reports. Detailed records for back-up to these amounts are available at the office of Minfocus International Inc., Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8X 1Y9.

Gerald Harper, Ph.D., P. Eng.

11 REFERENCES

Arengi, J.T. and Harper, G., 1996, Report on a Geological Survey on the OOP Group of Claims, Finlayson Lake Area, Watson Lake Mining Division, NTS 105/G9, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 14 p.

Anonymous, 1995, Atna Samples YGC's Yukon Properties; Northern Miner 81, No. 35, 11 (30 Oct 95)

Danielson, V., 1995, Cominco Advances Yukon Deposit; Northern Miner 80, No. 48, 1-2 (30 Jan 95).

Erdmer, P., 1987, Blueschist and Eclogite in Mylonitic Allochthons, Ross River and Watson Lake areas, Southeast Yukon; Can. J. Earth Sci., Vol. 24, p. 1439-1449.

Godwin, L., 1996, Summary Report on Claims of Minfocus International Incorporated in the Watson and Wolverine Lake Areas of Yukon Territory, unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 50 p.

Harper, G., 1996, Report on Geophysical Surveys and Diamond Drilling on GMS Group of Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, NTS 105/A2, 105/A6 and 105/A7, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 23 p.

Hornbrook, E.H.W. and Friske, P.W.B., 1988a, Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Southeastern Yukon (105G); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 1648, 6 p.

,1988b, Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Southeastern Yukon (105H); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 1649, 6p.

Johnston, S.T. and Mortensen, J.K., 1994, Regional Setting of Porphyry Cu-Mo Deposits, Volcanogenic Massive-Sulfide Deposits, and Mesothermal Gold Deposits in the Yukon-Tanana Terrane, Yukon; Yukon Metallogeny: Recent Developments, Yukon Government Publication 30-34.

Livgard, E., 1996, Report on the CANOL Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for KRL Resources Corp., 8 p.

Mann, A. G., 1995, Preliminary Geological Report on Watson and Finlayson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 24 p.

, 1996, Geological Report on Watson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 15 p.

Plint, H.E. and Gordon, T.M., 1996a, Structural Evolution and Rock Types of the Slide Mountain and Yukon-Tanana Terranes in the Campbell Range, Southeastern Yukon Territory; in Current Research 1996A, Geol. Survey of Canada, p. 19-28.

,1996b, Geology of Campbell Range Near Wolverine Lake, Southeastern Yukon (parts of 105H/5/9/12, 105G/9); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 3303, 1 Sheet, Scale 1:50,000.

Robertson, R., 1995, Kudz Ze Kayah Discovery Augurs Well for Exploration in Yukon; Northern Miner 81, No. 39 (27 Nov 95).

Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., et al, 1977, Geology Map 105G, Finlayson Lake Area, Yukon Territory; Geol. Survey of Canada Open File 486.

,1979, Transported Cataclasite, Ophiolite and Granodiorite in Yukon: Evidence of Arc-Continent Collision; Geol. Survey of Canada, Paper 79-14, 27 p.

Wilson, G.C., 1995, Bibliography of the Wolverine Complex of the Southern Yukon and Northern B.C.; the Campell Range; Finlayson Lake and Watson Lake and the Kudz Ze Kayah and Sa Dena Hes (Mount Hundere) Deposits; Unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 18 p.

APPENDIX A

Geochemical Analysis Report
Bondar Clegg/Inchcape Testing Services

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

REPORT: V96-01242.0 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN
PROJECT: 95072 OOP DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96

ORDER	ELEMENT		NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Cu	Copper	1	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
2	Zn	Zinc	1	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	As	Arsenic	1	1.0 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	HYDR. GEN/AA

SAMPLE TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
R ROCK	1	2 -150	1	CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	1

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER

INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01242.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072 OOP
DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
R2 400W 185N		14	37	6.1

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01242.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072 OOP
DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96 PAGE 2

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
BCC GEOCHEM STD 5		100	81	9.6
Number of Analyses		1	1	1
Mean Value		100.0	80.8	9.60
Standard Deviation		-	-	-
Accepted Value		90	80	8.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<1	<1	<1.0
Number of Analyses		1	1	1
Mean Value		0.5	0.5	0.50
Standard Deviation		-	-	-
Accepted Value		1	1	0.4

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

REPORT: V96-01247.0 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN
PROJECT: 95072 OOP DATE PRINTED: 19-AUG-96

ORDER	ELEMENT		NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Au30	Gold	6	5 PPB	Fire Assay of 30g	30g Fire Assay - AA
2	Cu	Copper	6	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	Zn	Zinc	6	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
4	As	Arsenic	6	1.0 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	HYDR. GEN/AA

SAMPLE TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
R ROCK	6	2 -150	6	CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	6

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER

INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

LIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
EPORT: V96-01247.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072 OOP
DATE PRINTED: 19-AUG-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE UMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
R2 07200PJA1	457W 2000N	<5	16	15	3.1
:2 07200PJA2	547W 2000N	<5	7	23	1.8
2 07200PJA3	570W 2000N	<5	18	11	2.2
R2 07200PJA4	400W 165N	<5	29	46	17.9
12 07200PJA5	400W 225N	<5	29	11	1.1
R2 07200PJA6	400W 250N	12	11	22	1.8

entered 28/5/96

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072 OOP
REPORT: V96-01247.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 19-AUG-96 PAGE 2

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
BCC GEOCHEM STD 3		-	817	506	323.8
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	817.1	505.7	323.81
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	820	500	310.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<1	<1	<1.0
Number of Analyses		1	1	1	1
Mean Value		2.5	0.5	0.5	0.50
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		5	1	1	0.4
Gannet Standard		186	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-
Mean Value		185.6	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		206	-	-	-

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

REPORT: V96-01247.1 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN
PROJECT: 95072 OOP DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96

ORDER	ELEMENT	NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Ag Silver	6	0.1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION

SAMPLE TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
R ROCK	6	2 -150	6	SAMPLES FROM STORAGE	6

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01247.1 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072 OOP
DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Ag PPM
R2 07200PJA1 457W 2000N		0.3
R2 07200PJA2 547W 2000N		<0.1
R2 07200PJA3 570W 2000N		<0.1
R2 07200PJA4 400W 165N		<0.1
R2 07200PJA5 400W 225N		<0.1
R2 07200PJA6 400W 250N		<0.1

entered 12/9/96

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072 OOP
REPORT: V96-01247.1 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96 PAGE 2

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Ag PPM
BCC GEOCHEM STD 6		0.2
Number of Analyses		1
Mean Value		0.19
Standard Deviation		-
Accepted Value		0.2
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<0.1
Number of Analyses		1
Mean Value		0.05
Standard Deviation		-
Accepted Value		0.1

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V96-01296.0 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN
PROJECT: 95072 OOP DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96

ORDER	ELEMENT		NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Au30	Gold	6	5 PPB	Fire Assay of 30g	30g Fire Assay - AA
2	Cu	Copper	9	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	Zn	Zinc	9	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
4	As	Arsenic	9	1.0 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	HYDR. GEN/AA

SAMPLE TYPES		NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS		NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
S	SOIL	4	1	-80	4	DRY, SIEVE -80	4
R	ROCK	5	2	-150	5	CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	2
						CRUSH ONLY	3
						PULVERIZATION	3

REMARKS: IS indicates Insufficient Sample

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER

INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01296.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072 OOP
DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 150W 250N		IS	56	78	11.5
S1 500W 150S		<5	31	352	7.9
S1 550W 200N		IS	37	38	4.4
S1 500W 250N		IS	116	95	6.1
R2 330W 200N		101	16	35	282.4
R2 335W 200N		<5	51	73	28.3
R2 730W 0N		<5	40	19	14.4
R2 950W 300N		<5	107	79	<1.0
R2 1025W 300N		<5	42	19	<1.0

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072 OOP
REPORT: V96-01296.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96 PAGE 2

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<1	<1	<1.0
Number of Analyses		1	1	1	1
Mean Value		2.5	0.5	0.5	0.50
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		5	1	1	0.4
Gannet Standard		1012	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-
Mean Value		1011.8	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		1080	-	-	-
BCC GEOCHEM STD 4		-	310	271	26.5
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	310.0	271.0	26.50
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	290	255	30.0

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072 OOP
REPORT: V96-01296.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 23-AUG-96 PAGE 3

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
730W ON		<5	40	19	14.4
Duplicate		<5	43	20	13.6

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 96089 CANOL
REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 28-AUG-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 18		<5	0.3	28	115	88.7
S1 OOP 200N 775W		<5	0.5	28	71	22.8
S1 OOP 250N 800W		<5	0.5	15	24	30.8
S1 OOP 250N 825W		<5	<0.1	22	43	8.2
S1 OOP 250N 850W		<5	<0.1	4	8	1.1
S1 OOP 275N 825W		<5	0.2	17	33	67.6
S1 OOP 300N 800W		<5	0.2	7	29	41.9
S1 OOP 300N 825W		22	0.9	44	48	70.9
S1 OOP 300N 845W		<5	0.2	27	62	9.7
S1 OOP 325N 827W		<5	<0.1	23	46	7.6
S1 OOP 350N 825W		<5	0.2	32	74	21.0
S1 OOP 350N 850W		<5	<0.1	33	66	10.2
S1 OOP 375N 825W		<5	0.2	29	70	11.0
S1 OOP 400N 825W		<5	0.3	15	40	3.9
S1 OOP 400N 850W		<5	0.3	4	10	<1.0
S1 OOP 400N 863W		<5	0.3	128	168	5.9
S1 OOP 2000S 1900W		<5	0.4	7	34	1.7
S1 OOP 2000S 1800W		<5	0.2	6	22	1.2
S1 OOP 2000S 1200W		<5	0.3	24	32	2.8
S1 OOP 2000S 775W		<5	<0.1	<1	6	<1.0
S1 OOP 550S 1775W		<5	0.3	49	81	6.3
S1 OOP 550S 1300W		<5	<0.1	5	7	<1.0
S1 OOP 550S 825W		<5	<0.1	2	9	<1.0
S1 OOP 550S 700W		<5	<0.1	13	7	<1.0
R2 CANOL 1025N 50E		<5	<0.1	3	29	1.8
R2 CANOL 1050N 50E		<5	0.2	25	37	3.7
R2 CANOL 1075N 50E		<5	<0.1	10	46	1.5
R2 CANOL 1100N 50E		<5	<0.1	24	48	1.6
R2 CANOL 1125N 50E		<5	<0.1	31	32	7.8
R2 CANOL 1150N 50E		<5	<0.1	9	24	1.8
R2 CANOL 925N 100E		<5	0.4	7	34	1.5
R2 CANOL 950N 100E		18	0.3	7	103	12.9
R2 CANOL 975N 100E		<5	<0.1	5	32	1.5
R2 CANOL 1000N 100E		<5	<0.1	33	42	3.2
R2 CANOL 1025N 100E		<5	<0.1	8	44	2.9
R2 CANOL 1050N 100E		<5	0.2	16	26	65.3
R2 CANOL 1075N 100E		<5	<0.1	8	38	4.2
R2 CANOL 1100N 100E		<5	<0.1	25	21	1.9
R2 CANOL 1125N 100E		<5	<0.1	66	20	1.9
R2 CANOL 1150N 100E		<5	<0.1	16	44	8.2

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 96089 CANOL
REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 28-AUG-96 PAGE 2

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
R2 CANOL 1175N 100E		<5	<0.1	27	21	1.4
R2 CANOL 1200N 100E		<5	<0.1	15	29	3.7
R2 CANOL 1200N 25W		<5	<0.1	85	29	3.5
R2 CANOL 1075N 50W		<5	<0.1	43	39	10.2
R2 CANOL 1100N 50W		<5	<0.1	6	13	2.4
R2 CANOL 1125N 50W		<5	<0.1	12	49	1.7
R2 CANOL 1150N 50W		<5	<0.1	4	54	1.6
R2 CANOL 1175N 50W		<5	<0.1	6	30	2.2
R2 CANOL 1200N 50W		<5	<0.1	119	34	1.8
R2 CANOL 1200N 75W		<5	<0.1	35	23	4.0
R2 CANOL 925N 100W		<5	<0.1	36	115	11.4
R2 CANOL 950N 100W		<5	0.2	189	189	9.8
R2 CANOL 975N 100W		<5	0.3	122	145	19.9
R2 CANOL 1000N 100W		<5	0.2	129	77	4.3
R2 CANOL 1025N 100W		<5	0.3	100	90	5.0
R2 CANOL 1050N 100W		<5	<0.1	59	73	1.6
R2 CANOL 1075N 100W		<5	<0.1	29	35	1.9
R2 CANOL 1100N 100W		<5	<0.1	18	35	3.0
R2 CANOL 1125N 100W		<5	<0.1	31	40	3.2
R2 CANOL 1150N 100W		<5	<0.1	40	37	2.7
R2 CANOL 1175N 100W		<5	<0.1	17	31	7.4
R2 CANOL 1200N 100W		<5	<0.1	14	22	2.4
R2 CANOL 875N 650E		<5	<0.1	4	40	1.2
R2 CANOL 925N 650E		<5	<0.1	50	69	5.6
R2 CANOL 950N 650E		<5	<0.1	43	38	4.6
R2 CANOL 900N 675E		16	0.7	1372	35	409.2
R2 CANOL 925N 675E		<5	<0.1	22	84	3.4
R2 CANOL 950N 675E		<5	<0.1	5	48	1.8
R2 CANOL 825N 700E		<5	<0.1	4	32	1.2
R2 CANOL 850N 700E		<5	<0.1	7	23	1.8
R2 CANOL 875N 700E		9	<0.1	4	30	2.2
R2 CANOL 900N 700E		<5	<0.1	30	54	8.8
R2 CANOL 925N 700E		<5	<0.1	7	27	6.4
R2 CANOL 950N 700E		<5	<0.1	20	48	4.2
R2 CANOL 900N 725E		<5	<0.1	6	22	1.7
R2 CANOL JA14 1015N125E		<5	0.4	473	164	2.6
R2 CANOL JA15 1000N175E		8	0.3	181	106	3.8
R2 CANOL JA16 1075N135E		<5	<0.1	18	3	1.9
R2 CANOL JA17 1075N135E		<5	0.2	239	63	29.0
R2 CANOL JA18 1075N135E		<5	0.3	310	168	3.0

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 96089 CANOL
REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 28-AUG-96 PAGE 3

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
R2 CANOL JA19 1100N100E		<5	0.6	598	51	1.7
R2 CANOL JA20 1650N100W		<5	<0.1	73	15	8.8
R2 CANOL JA21 1650N110W		<5	0.4	136	40	3.9
R2 CANOL JA22 1650N110W		<5	<0.1	7	2	8.3
R2 CANOL JA23 1000N100E		<5	<0.1	55	2	3.5
R2 CANOL JA24 1105N100E		<5	0.4	319	33	1.3
R2 CANOL JA25 1105N100E		<5	0.4	519	43	1.4
R2 CANOL JA26 1085N 80E		<5	0.2	324	38	1.2
R2 CANOL JA27 1085N 80E		<5	0.5	340	128	36.4
R2 CANOL JA28 1120N115E		<5	0.8	655	25	1.1
R2 CANOL JA29 1075N100W		<5	0.2	71	3	1.8
R2 CANOL JA30 1125N100W		<5	<0.1	88	13	25.6
R2 CANOL JA31 1125N050W		<5	<0.1	55	9	2.3
R2 OOP JA10 295N 800W		<5	<0.1	6	5	7.2
R2 OOP JA11 310N 830W		<5	<0.1	15	31	16.7
R2 OOP JA12 290N 995W		<5	<0.1	25	32	<1.0
R2 OOP JA13 150N 1100W		<5	<0.1	51	68	13.3
R2 OOP JA14 145N 1240W		<5	<0.1	29	29	2.3

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 96089 CANOL
REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 28-AUG-96 PAGE 4

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	0.1	<1	1	<1.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<0.1	<1	1	<1.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	0.1	<1	<1	<1.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	-	-	-	-
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		5	3	3	3	3
Mean Value		2.5	0.08	0.5	0.8	0.50
Standard Deviation		0.00	0.029	0.00	0.29	0.000
Accepted Value		5	0.1	1	1	0.4
Gannet Standard		389	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		389.4	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		410	-	-	-	-
BCC GEOCHEM STD 6		-	0.4	142	159	146.9
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	0.39	142.0	159.4	146.86
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.2	140	140	145.0
Gannet Standard		2521	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		2521.3	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		2520	-	-	-	-
Gannet Standard		988	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		988.1	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		1080	-	-	-	-
BCC GEOCHEM STD 5		-	0.8	103	85	6.6
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	0.80	103.5	84.6	6.59
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.7	90	80	8.0
Gannet Standard		193	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		192.8	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		206	-	-	-	-

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 96089 CANOL
DATE PRINTED: 28-AUG-96 PAGE 5

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
BCC GEOCHEM STD 4		-	0.8	319	282	32.3
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	0.79	318.8	282.1	32.27
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.8	290	255	30.0
Gannet Standard		1651	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		1651.1	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		1590	-	-	-	-

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 96089 CANOL
REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 28-AUG-96 PAGE 6

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
OOP 250N 850W		<5	<0.1	4	8	1.1
Duplicate			<0.1	4	8	<1.0
OOP 400N 850W		<5	0.3	4	10	<1.0
Duplicate		<5				
OOP 550S 1300W		<5	<0.1	5	7	<1.0
Duplicate			<0.1	4	8	<1.0
CANOL 1075N 50E		<5	<0.1	10	46	1.5
Duplicate		<5				
CANOL 1050N 100E		<5	0.2	16	26	65.3
Prep Duplicate		12	<0.1	16	25	54.0
CANOL 1175N 100E		<5	<0.1	27	21	1.4
Duplicate			<0.1	27	21	1.3
CANOL 1175N 50W		<5	<0.1	6	30	2.2
Duplicate		<5				
CANOL 1100N 100W		<5	<0.1	18	35	3.0
Duplicate			<0.1	19	37	3.1
CANOL 925N 650E		<5	<0.1	50	69	5.6
Prep Duplicate		<5	<0.1	54	72	5.3
CANOL 850N 700E		<5	<0.1	7	23	1.8
Duplicate		<5				
CANOL JA16 1075N135E		<5	<0.1	18	3	1.9
Duplicate			<0.1	18	5	1.6
CANOL JA29 1075N100W		<5	0.2	71	3	1.8
Duplicate		<5				
CANOL JA30 1125N100W		<5	<0.1	88	13	25.6
Prep Duplicate		<5	0.2	84	13	25.7
OOP JA10 295N 800W		<5	<0.1	6	5	7.2
Duplicate			<0.1	6	2	7.1

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V96-01334.0 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN
PROJECT: 96089 CANOL DATE PRINTED: 30-AUG-96

ORDER	ELEMENT		NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Au30	Gold	98	5 PPB	Fire Assay of 30g	30g Fire Assay - AA
2	Ag	Silver	98	0.1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	Cu	Copper	98	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
4	Zn	Zinc	98	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
5	As	Arsenic	98	1.0 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	HYDR. GEN/AA

SAMPLE TYPES		NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS		NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
S	SOIL	24	1	-80	24	DRY, SIEVE -80	24
R	ROCK	74	2	-150	74	CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	74

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

"U R G E N T & C O N F I D E N T I A L"

To: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
Attention :
Reference :
Submitter : L. GOODWIN

Our Fax No: (604) 985-1071
Your Fax No: 1-416-232-9120
Number of Pages : 2 including this page.

Report : V96-01383.0 Status : COMPLETE Total number of samples: 32

Element	Method	Totl	Element	Method	Totl	Element	Method	Totl
Au30	30g Fire Assay - AA	30	Cu	ATOMIC ABSORPTION	32	Zn	ATOMIC ABSORPTION	32
As	HYDR. GEN/AA	32						

Sample Preparations	Totl	Sample Type	Totl	Size Fraction	Totl	Remarks
CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	21	SOIL	11	-80	11	IS indicates Insufficient Sample
DRY, SIEVE -80	11	ROCK	21	-150	21	

Notes:

If you do not receive the entire transmission in legible form, please call us at (604) 985-0681.

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01383.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: NONE GIVEN
DATE PRINTED: 5-SEP-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 SLAMP KB1 3550N 400W		<5	14	84	19.6
S1 OOP 1000S 650W		<5	16	44	<1.0
S1 OOP 1000S 1050W		<5	10	27	2.8
S1 OOP 1000S 1150W		<5	7	24	2.3
S1 OOP 1000S 1200W		<5	77	125	<1.0
S1 OOP 1000S 1400W		<5	21	55	7.4
S1 OOP 1000S 1550W		<5	17	25	1.2
S1 OOP 1000S 1600W		IS	73	15	1.9
S1 OOP 1000S 1650W		<5	60	65	5.0
S1 OOP 1000S 1675W		<5	20	21	<1.0
S1 OOP 1000S 1800W		IS	73	31	1.7
R2 LAMP 775N 400E		<5	3	24	3.0
R2 LAMP 1275N 400E		<5	24	3	136.3
R2 LAMP 1500N 250E		<5	212	29	59.4
R2 LAMP 220N 400W		<5	23	66	1.5
R2 LAMP 2375N 400W		<5	20	44	<1.0
R2 LAMP 2600N 400W		<5	28	33	<1.0
R2 LAMP 2700N 400W		<5	10	41	6.5
R2 LAMP 3200N 400W		<5	16	69	<1.0
R2 LAMP 3300N 350W		<5	19	31	<1.0
R2 LAMP 3300N 298E		<5	5	2	<1.0
R2 OOP 1000S 350W		11	37	63	8.2
R2 OOP 1000S 795W		<5	16	60	<1.0
R2 OOP 1000S 1200W		<5	33	20	<1.0
R2 OOP 1000S 1315W		27	54	102	79.2
R2 OOP 1000S 1370W		<5	35	73	9.6
R2 OOP 1000S 1480W		<5	58	55	<1.0
R2 OOP 1000S 1750W		<5	20	31	<1.0
R2 OOP 1000S 1835W		<5	924	3264	<1.0
R2 OOP 2000S 620W		<5	19	18	<1.0
R2 OOP 2000S 1275W		<5	28	17	1.8
R2 OOP 2000S 1325W		<5	29	53	3.0

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

"URGENT & CONFIDENTIAL"

To: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
Attention :
Reference :
Submitter : UNKNOWN

Our Fax No: (604) 985-1071
Your Fax No: 1-416-232-9120
Number of Pages : 2 including this page.

Report : V96-01416.0 Status : COMPLETE Total number of samples: 72

Element	Method	Totl	Element	Method	Totl	Element	Method	Totl
Au30	30g Fire Assay - AA	71	Ag	ATOMIC ABSORPTION	72	Cu	ATOMIC ABSORPTION	72
Zn	ATOMIC ABSORPTION	72						

entered 17/9/96

Sample Preparations	Totl	Sample Type	Totl	Size Fraction	Totl	Remarks
CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	19	SOIL	53	-80	53	IS indicates Insufficient Sample
DRY, SIEVE -80	53	ROCK	19	-150	19	

Notes:

If you do not receive the entire transmission in legible form, please call us at (604) 985-0681.

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01416.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072
DATE PRINTED: 11-SEP-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM
S1 LAMP 1400N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	25	95
S1 LAMP 1475N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	8	19
S1 LAMP 1500N 1050NE		18	<0.1	18	67
S1 LAMP 1525N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	6	13
S1 LAMP 1550N 1050NE		<5	0.2	12	39
S1 LAMP 1600N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	27	129
S1 LAMP 1625N 1050NE		<5	0.2	23	93
S1 LAMP 1650N 1050NE		21	0.2	20	99
S1 LAMP 1675N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	13	37
S1 LAMP 1700N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	4	16
S1 LAMP 1725N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	15	75
S1 LAMP 1750N 1050NE		<5	<0.1	40	104
S1 LAMP 1825N 1050NE		5	<0.1	7	19
S1 LAMP 1850N 1050NE		10	<0.1	38	82
S1 LAMP 1350N 900E		<5	<0.1	2	5
S1 LAMP 1375N 900E		<5	<0.1	15	91
S1 LAMP 1400N 900E		<5	<0.1	18	82
S1 LAMP 1475N 900E		<5	<0.1	21	140
S1 LAMP 1500N 900E		<5	<0.1	3	14
S1 LAMP 1525N 900E		<5	<0.1	44	105
S1 LAMP 1600N 900E		<5	<0.1	15	67
S1 LAMP 1625N 900E		<5	<0.1	39	125
S1 LAMP 1650N 900E		<5	<0.1	25	64
S1 LAMP 1675N 900E		15	<0.1	16	53
S1 LAMP 1700N 900E		<5	<0.1	7	12
S1 LAMP 1725N 900E		40	0.2	28	115
S1 LAMP 1750N 900E		20	<0.1	8	30
S1 LAMP 1775N 900E		6	<0.1	22	71
S1 LAMP 1800N 900E		9	<0.1	50	91
S1 LAMP 1825N 900E		25	<0.1	49	78
S1 LAMP 1850N 900E		6	<0.1	94	94
S1 LAMP 1375N 950E		<5	0.6	31	71
S1 LAMP 1425N 950E		<5	<0.1	27	115
S1 LAMP 1475N 950E		<5	<0.1	24	84
S1 LAMP 1500N 950E		<5	<0.1	15	52
S1 LAMP 1525N 950E		<5	<0.1	32	141
S1 LAMP 1550N 950E		<5	<0.1	22	64
S1 LAMP 1575N 950E		<5	<0.1	15	100
S1 LAMP 1600N 950E		<5	<0.1	6	11
S1 LAMP 1625N 950E		<5	0.2	45	127
S1 LAMP 1650N 950E		22	<0.1	5	8
S1 LAMP 1675N 950E		<5	<0.1	4	7
S1 LAMP 1700N 950E		18	<0.1	21	126
S1 LAMP 1725N 950E		<5	<0.1	8	19
S1 LAMP 1750N 950E		<5	<0.1	24	135
S1 LAMP 1775N 950E		<5	<0.1	10	18
S1 LAMP 1800N 950E		<5	<0.1	23	131
S1 LAMP 1825N 950E		<5	<0.1	36	66
S1 LAMP 1850N 950E		11	<0.1	38	63
S1 OOP JH 300N 875W		IS	1.0	69	60
S1 OOP JH 300N 1150W		<5	<0.1	8	17
S1 OOP JH 300N 1225W		17	<0.1	7	23
S1 OOP JH 300N 1375W		<5	<0.1	31	56
R2 LAMP CH-1		7	<0.1	42	290
R2 LAMP CH-2		16	<0.1	58	60
R2 LAMP CH-3		8	<0.1	169	45
R2 LAMP CH-4		<5	<0.1	25	26
R2 LAMP CH-5		<5	<0.1	113	50
R2 LAMP CH-6		17	<0.1	77	69
R2 LAMP CH-7		<5	<0.1	38	36
R2 LAMP CH-8		<5	<0.1	28	48
R2 LAMP JA-4		<5	<0.1	66	19
R2 LAMP JA-5		<5	<0.1	15	3
R2 LAMP JA-6		<5	<0.1	31	74
R2 LAMP JA-7		<5	<0.1	16	28
R2 LAMP JA-8		<5	<0.1	46	31
R2 LAMP JA-9		14	<0.1	61	46
R2 OOP 1990S 965W		<5	0.3	691	5
R2 OOP 1995S 1640W		<5	<0.1	45	44
R2 OOP 2000S 285W		6	<0.1	45	43
R2 OOP 2000S 1350W		<5	<0.1	10	40
R2 OOP 2000S 1750W		<5	<0.1	33	39

emitted 17/9/96

emitted 17/9/96.

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE) REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN

PROJECT: 95072 *DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96*

ORDER	ELEMENT		NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Au30	Gold	106	5 PPB	Fire Assay of 30g	30g Fire Assay - AA
2	Ag	Silver	97	0.1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	Cu	Copper	106	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
4	Zn	Zinc	106	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
5	As	Arsenic	9	1.0 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	HYDR. GEN/AA

SAMPLE TYPES		NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS		NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
S	SOIL	96	1	-80	97	CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	9
T	STREAM SED, SILT	1	2	-150	9	DRY, SIEVE -80	97
R	ROCK	9					

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 OOP ON 525W		52	<0.1	23	66	
S1 OOP ON 625W		<5	<0.1	83	28	
S1 OOP ON 700W		10	<0.1	27	14	
S1 OOP ON 725W		6	<0.1	51	55	
S1 OOP ON 775W		<5	<0.1	11	6	
S1 OOP ON 800W		8	<0.1	3	7	
S1 OOP ON 850W		<5	<0.1	3	8	
S1 OOP ON 1050W		<5	0.1	2	9	
S1 OOP ON 1450W		10	0.2	19	8	
S1 OOP ON 1750W		<5	<0.1	3	5	
S1 OOP ON 1875W		7	<0.1	43	131	
S1 OOP GH 50N 300W		83	0.6	88	175	
S1 OOP 150N 450W		61	<0.1	23	38	
S1 OOP 150N 525		12	<0.1	18	19	
S1 OOP 150N 200W		10	<0.1	31	88	
S1 OOP 150N 225W		14	<0.1	26	137	
S1 OOP 150N 250W		13	0.6	100	244	
S1 OOP 150N 275W		<5	<0.1	28	119	
S1 OOP 150N 300W		13	0.5	75	197	
S1 OOP 150N 325W		14	0.8	105	225	
S1 OOP 150N 350W		27	1.1	112	335	
S1 OOP 150N 375W		6	0.2	17	36	
S1 OOP 150N 400W		<5	<0.1	3	8	
S1 OOP 150N 425W		11	<0.1	25	44	
S1 OOP 150N 450W		8	<0.1	19	41	
S1 OOP 150N 475W		21	<0.1	22	59	
S1 OOP 150N 500W		6	0.3	36	580	
S1 OOP 150N 525W		20	0.3	53	28	
S1 OOP 150N 550W		12	0.6	105	114	
S1 OOP 150N 575W		<5	<0.1	5	12	
S1 OOP 150N 600W		19	0.5	45	70	
S1 OOP GH 200N 350W		<5	<0.1	<1	7	
S1 OOP 200N 400W		<5	<0.1	2	6	
S1 OOP 200N 425W		<5	<0.1	14	37	
S1 OOP 200N 200W		50	0.6	55	101	
S1 OOP 200N 225W		55	1.0	49	236	
S1 OOP 200N 250W		73	1.1	61	157	
S1 OOP 200N 275W		14	<0.1	15	18	
S1 OOP 200N 300W		<5	<0.1	4	7	
S1 OOP 200N 325W		9	<0.1	8	14	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96 PAGE 2

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 OOP GH 200N 350W		<5	<0.1	2	5	
S1 OOP 200N 375W		6	<0.1	18	65	
S1 OOP 200N 400W		<5	<0.1	11	100	
S1 OOP 200N 425W		<5	<0.1	13	109	
S1 OOP 200N 450W		<5	<0.1	17	35	
S1 OOP 200N 475W		<5	<0.1	23	18	
S1 OOP 200N 500W		11	0.3	32	24	
S1 OOP 200N 525W		8	0.2	29	15	
S1 OOP 200N 550W		12	0.6	32	16	
S1 OOP 200N 575W		14	<0.1	14	20	
S1 OOP 200N 600W		24	0.5	53	108	
S1 OOP GH 250N 375W		<5	<0.1	2	15	
S1 OOP 250N 425W		<5	0.1	1	11	
S1 OOP 250N 450W		6	<0.1	5	10	
S1 OOP 250N 475W		26	0.3	44	208	
S1 OOP 250N 200W		6	<0.1	11	18	
S1 OOP 250N 225W		23	0.1	34	86	
S1 OOP 250N 250W		45	0.7	65	86	
S1 OOP 250N 275W		94	1.3	50	142	
S1 OOP 250N 300W		24	0.5	43	28	
S1 OOP 250N 325W		29	0.3	49	82	
S1 OOP 250N 350W		10	<0.1	12	27	
S1 OOP 250N 375W		9	0.2	17	145	
S1 OOP 250N 400W		<5	<0.1	16	78	
S1 OOP 250N 425W		<5	<0.1	12	91	
S1 OOP 250N 450W		6	<0.1	19	21	
S1 OOP 250N 475W		32	0.2	50	236	
S1 OOP 250N 500W		7	0.2	34	26	
S1 OOP 250N 525W		14	0.1	28	28	
S1 OOP 250N 550W		24	1.3	98	43	
S1 OOP 250N 575W		45	1.0	42	80	
S1 OOP 250N 600W		8	0.5	30	28	
S1 OOP 300N 200W		24	<0.1	33	65	
S1 OOP 300N 225W		32	0.1	47	91	
S1 OOP 300N 250W		33	0.4	46	109	
S1 OOP 300N 275W		18	<0.1	10	31	
S1 OOP 300N 300W		9	<0.1	13	7	
S1 OOP 300N 325W		9	<0.1	14	24	
S1 OOP 300N 350W		9	0.2	41	73	
S1 OOP 300N 375W		9	<0.1	18	94	

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96 PAGE 3

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 OOP 300N 400W		6	<0.1	20	137	
S1 OOP 300N 425W		<5	<0.1	13	78	
S1 OOP 300N 450W		6	<0.1	19	15	
S1 OOP 300N 475W		9	<0.1	33	50	
S1 OOP 300N 500W		10	0.5	43	140	
S1 OOP 300N 525W		12	<0.1	39	56	
S1 OOP 300N 550W		6	<0.1	31	17	
S1 OOP 300N 575W		12	<0.1	20	13	
S1 OOP 300N 600W		9	0.9	71	25	
S1 OOP KB 1000N 300W		8	0.4	35	146	
S1 OOP 1000N 325W		<5	0.1	35	133	
S1 OOP 1000N 475W		24	0.3	28	69	
S1 OOP 1000N 625W		6	<0.1	16	57	
S1 OOP 1000N 650W		6	0.5	26	162	
S1 OOP 1000N 700W		<5	<0.1	19	82	
S1 OOP 1029N 525W		6	0.2	50	132	
T1 OOP 1000N 670W		48	<0.1	35	103	
R2 OOP JA 430S 775W		<5		16	17	<1.0
R2 OOP 430S 775W		<5		5	10	<1.0
R2 OOP 450S 550W		<5		457	18	19.7
R2 OOP 490S 340W		<5		5	13	<1.0
R2 OOP 500S 725W		<5		11	20	<1.0
R2 OOP 500S 575W		<5		32	16	20.9
R2 OOP 510S 350W		<5		29	45	<1.0
R2 OOP 550S 340W		<5		38	33	<1.0
R2 OOP 565S 575W		<5		51	13	4.6

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96 PAGE 4

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<0.1	<1	2	<1.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<0.1	<1	1	<1.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<0.1	<1	1	<1.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	-	-	-	-
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		5	3	3	3	3
Mean Value		2.5	0.05	0.5	1.3	0.50
Standard Deviation		0.00	<0.001	0.00	0.58	0.000
Accepted Value		5	0.1	1	1	0.4
Gannet Standard		185	-	-	-	-
Gannet Standard		187	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		2	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		186.1	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		1.26	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		206	-	-	-	-
BCC GEOCHEM STD 5		-	0.7	98	84	12.2
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	0.73	98.2	83.6	12.23
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.7	90	80	8.0
Gannet Standard		1595	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		1595.5	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		1590	-	-	-	-
Gannet Standard		378	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		378.4	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		410	-	-	-	-
BCC GEOCHEM STD 4		-	1.0	309	282	24.7
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	1.00	309.1	281.8	24.68
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.8	290	255	30.0

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96 PAGE 5

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
Gannet Standard		2535	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		2534.5	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		2520	-	-	-	-
BCC GEOCHEM STD 6		-	0.3	151	152	135.8
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	0.28	150.9	151.9	135.85
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.2	140	140	145.0
Gannet Standard		1066	-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-	-
Mean Value		1066.2	-	-	-	-
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		1080	-	-	-	-

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01372.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95072
DATE PRINTED: 16-SEP-96 PAGE 6

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
OOP ON 700W		10	<0.1	27	14	
Duplicate			<0.1	31	16	
OOP 150N 200W		10	<0.1	31	88	
Duplicate		10				
OOP 150N 325W		14	0.8	105	225	
Duplicate			0.9	106	232	
OOP 200N 325W		9	<0.1	8	14	
Duplicate			0.1	6	14	
OOP GH 200N 350W		<5	<0.1	2	5	
Duplicate		<5				
OOP 250N 200W		6	<0.1	11	18	
Duplicate		6				
OOP 250N 225W		23	0.1	34	86	
Duplicate			<0.1	35	88	
OOP 300N 300W		9	<0.1	13	7	
Duplicate			<0.1	14	14	
OOP 300N 425W		<5	<0.1	13	78	
Duplicate		<5				
OOP 1000N 650W		6	0.5	26	162	
Duplicate			0.5	28	169	
OOP 500S 575W		<5		32	16	20.9
Duplicate		<5				

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Table 1. Summary of OOP Claims Information

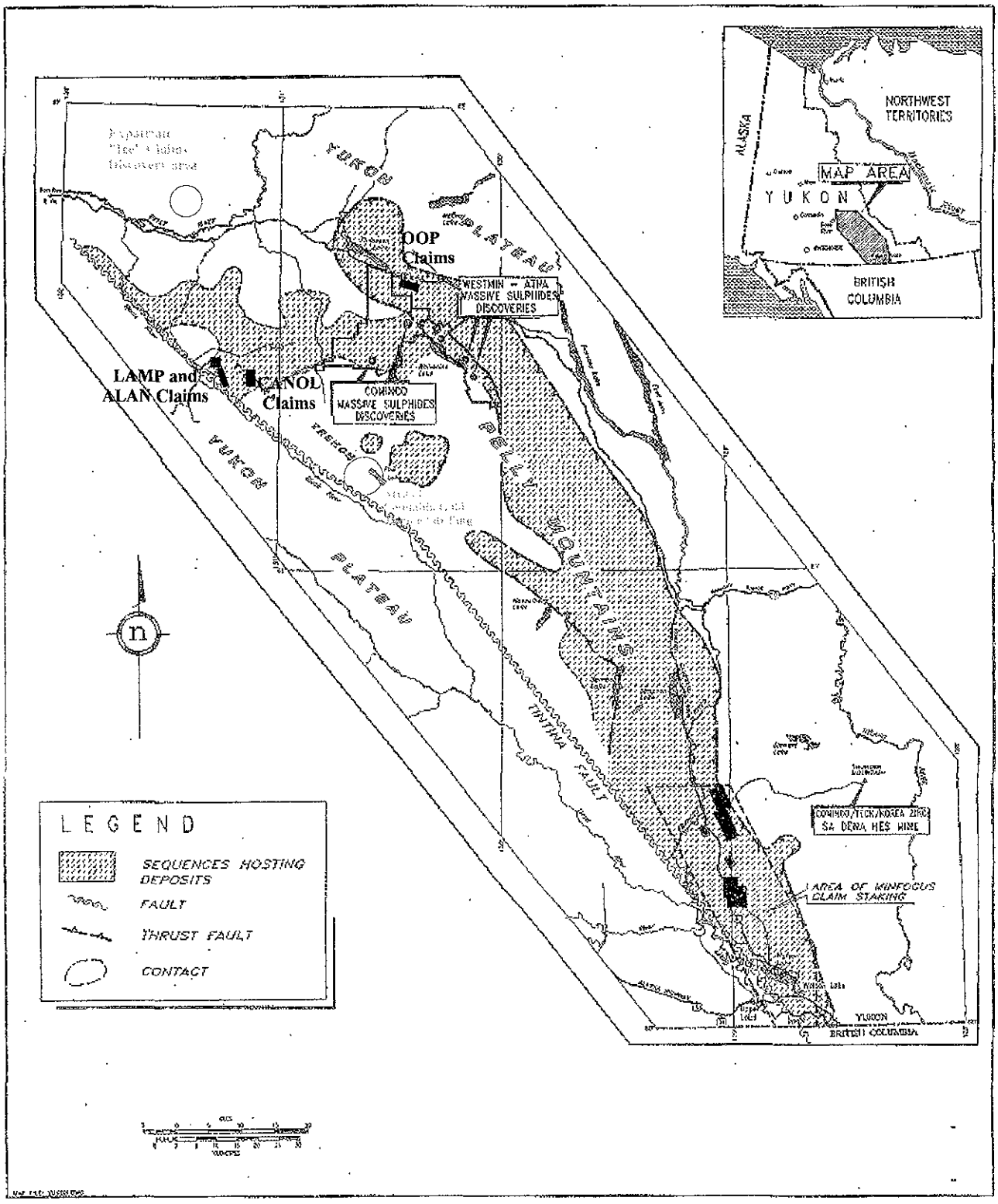
Claim Name	Grant Number	Registered Owner	Anniversary Date	NTS (Claim Sheet #)
OOP 1	YB56699	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 2	YB56700	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 3	YB56701	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 4	YB56702	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 5	YB56703	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 6	YB56704	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 7	YB56705	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 8	YB56706	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 9	YB56707	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 10	YB56708	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 11	YB56709	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 12	YB56710	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 13	YB59901	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 14	YB59902	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 15	YB59903	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 16	YB59904	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 17	YB59905	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 18	YB59906	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 19	YB59907	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 20	YB59908	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 21	YB59909	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 22	YB59910	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 23	YB59911	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 24	YB59912	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 25	YB59917	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 26	YB59918	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 27	YB59919	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 28	YB59920	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 29	YB59921	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 30	YB59922	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 31	YB59923	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 32	YB59924	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 33	YB70053	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 34	YB70054	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 35	YB70055	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 36	YB70056	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 37	YB70057	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 38	YB70058	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 39	YB70672	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 40	YB70673	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 41	YB70674	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 42	YB70675	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9

Table 2. Summary of Rock Grab Samples from OOP Claims

Sample No.	Coordinate	Type	Description	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	As ppm
R-OOP-JA-1	457W,2000S	o/c	chloritic qtz-ser sch; cherty; abund lim filled fractures	<5	0.3	16	15	3.1
JA-2	550W,2000S	float	chloritic (blie-grn) qtz vein; diss sulph spks	<5	-	7	23	1.9
JA-3	550W,2000S	o/c	white qtz vein with lim partings and blk to gry metallic mineral	<5	-	18	11	2.2
JA-4	400W,165N	o/c	bxed chert, fractured, smokey blue qtz veinlets; Fe-stain; carb.	<5	-	29	46	17.9
JA-5	400W,225N	o/c	chert bx with Fe-stain; grm mica (?) mineral; blk earthy mineral	<5	-	29	11	1.1
JA-6	400W,250N	o/c	bxed, baked coal	12	-	11	22	1.8
JA-7	00W,730N	o/c	chert bx, well altered to Fe-clay/carb; minor sulph spks	<5	-	40	19	14.4
JA-8	1025W,300N	o/c	gry chert with Fe-stain; occ sulph spks	<5	-	42	19	<0.1
JA-9	950W,350N	o/c	grn, mottled mafic volc with cp in qtz veinlet	<5	-	102	79	<0.1
JA-10	800W,295N	o/c	composite of qtz veins	<5	<0.1	6	5	-
JA-11	830W,310N	o/c	composite of altered and silicified chrt bx with qtz-carb veining; grn mica	<5	<0.1	15	31	-
JA-12	995W,290N	o/c	dk gry, flinty chrt bx with minor sulph spks	<5	<0.1	25	32	-
JA-13	1100W,150N	trench	flinty chert bx and carbonatized tan chrt bx with diss sulph	<5	<0.1	51	68	-
JA-14	1240W,145N	float	qtz vein with Fe-stain	<5	<0.1	29	29	-
JA-15	300W,550S	float	Fe-stained, sericitized tan chert bx	<5	-	38	33	<0.1
JA-16	350W,510S	float	Fe-stained, sericitized tan chert bx with 2-3cm qtz vein	<5	-	29	45	<0.1
JA-17	340W,490S	float	composite of white qtz-carb (ankerite?) vein, abund Fe-stain	<5	-	5	13	<0.1
JA-18	550W,450S	o/c	Fe-clay/carb altered, silicified dk gry-tan chrt bx; well bxed	<5	-	457	18	19.7
JA-19	575W,500S	o/c	tan-gry, fractured chrt bx with diss sulphs	<5	-	32	16	20.9
JA-20	575W,565S	float	sulphide-bearing dark siliceous unit	<5	-	51	13	4.6
JA-21	725W,500S	float	qtz vein	<5	-	11	20	<0.1
JA-22	775W,430S	float	composite of qtz vein	<5	-	16	17	<0.1
JA-23	775W,430S	float	tan-lt gry chrt with glassy qtz vein and well dev py cubes	<5	-	5	10	<0.1
R-OOP-KB-A	785W,2000S	float	lt tan, powdery chrt with py cubes (5 - 10mm)	6	<0.1	45	43	-
B	965W,1990S	float	qtz vein and Fe-stained, altered, fract siliceous host with py cubes & cp	<5	0.3	691	5	-
C	1640W,1995S	float	chrt bx, Fe-stained, hydrothermal alteration; tr sulph spks	<5	<0.1	45	44	-
D	1750W,2000S	o/c	fractured, Fe-stained, dk blue-grn and maroon volc, flinty; tr sulph	<5	<0.1	33	39	-
E	1350W,2000S	o/c	slightly altered (hydrothermal) chrt bx; small o/c	<5	<0.1	10	40	-

Table 2. Summary of Rock Grab Samples from OOP Claims (con't)

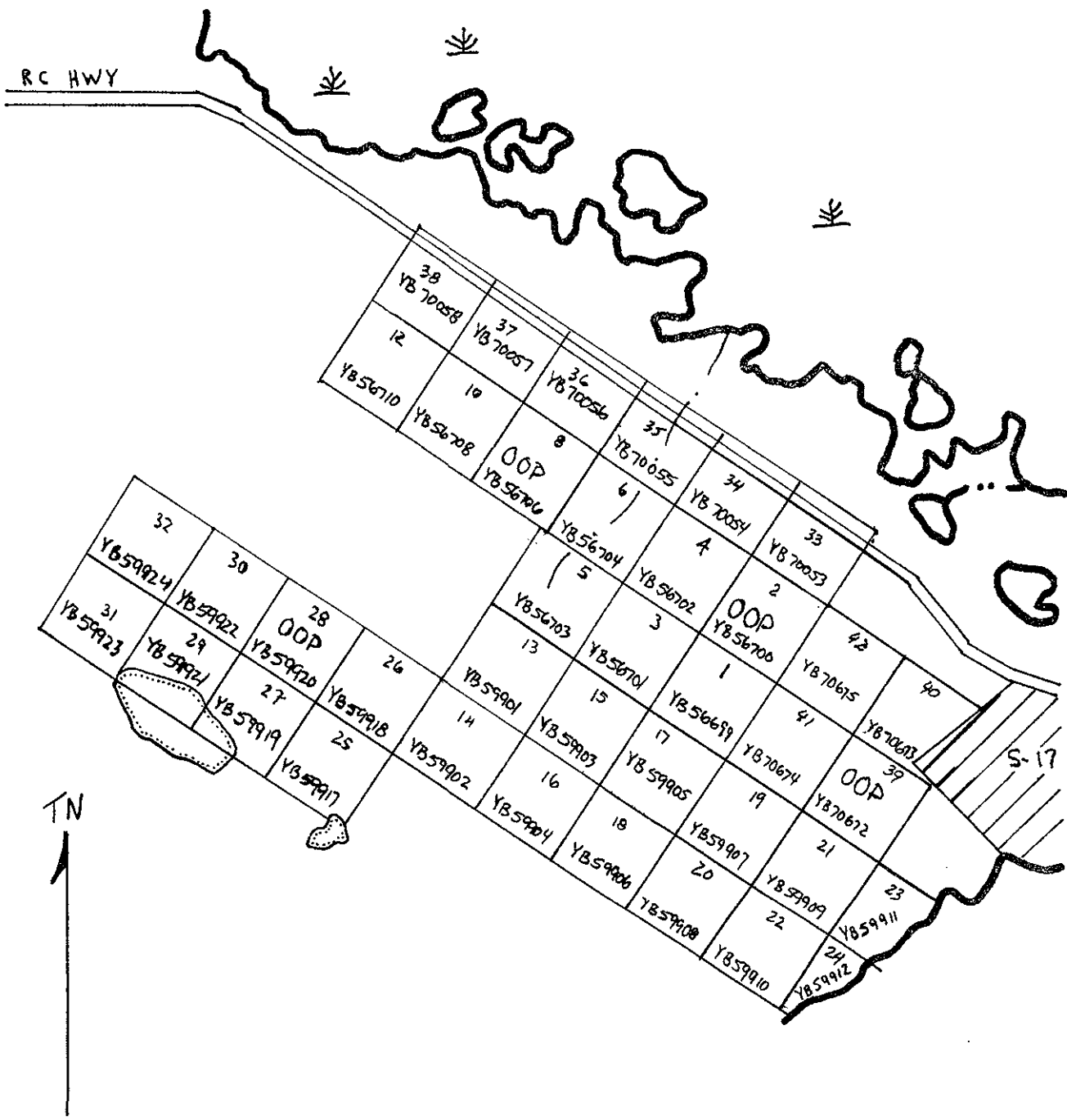
Sample No.	Coordinate	Type	Description	Au ppb	Ag ppm	Cu ppm	Zn ppm	As ppm
-	330W,200N	?	-	101	-	16	35	282.4
-	335W,200N	?	-	<5	-	51	73	28.3
	400W,185N	?	-	-	-	14	37	6.1
-	350W,1000S	?	-	11	-	37	63	8.2
-	795W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	16	60	<0.1
-	1200W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	33	20	<0.1
-	1315W,1000S	?	-	27	-	54	102	79.2
-	1370W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	35	73	9.6
-	1480W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	58	55	<0.1
-	1750W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	20	31	<0.1
-	1835W,1000S	?	-	<5	-	924	3264	<0.1
-	620W,2000S	?	-	<5	-	19	18	<0.1
-	1275W,2000S	?	-	<5	-	28	17	1.8
-	1325W,2000S	?	-	<5	-	29	53	3



GENERAL LOCATION OF THE OOP CLAIMS IN THE WOLVERINE LAKE AREA, YUKON

Figure 1

Minfocus International Inc. October 1996



OOP CLAIMS PLAN
MODIFIED FROM
CLAIM MAP 105/G9

Scale: 1:63,360 Figure 2

Minfocus International Inc. **October 1996**

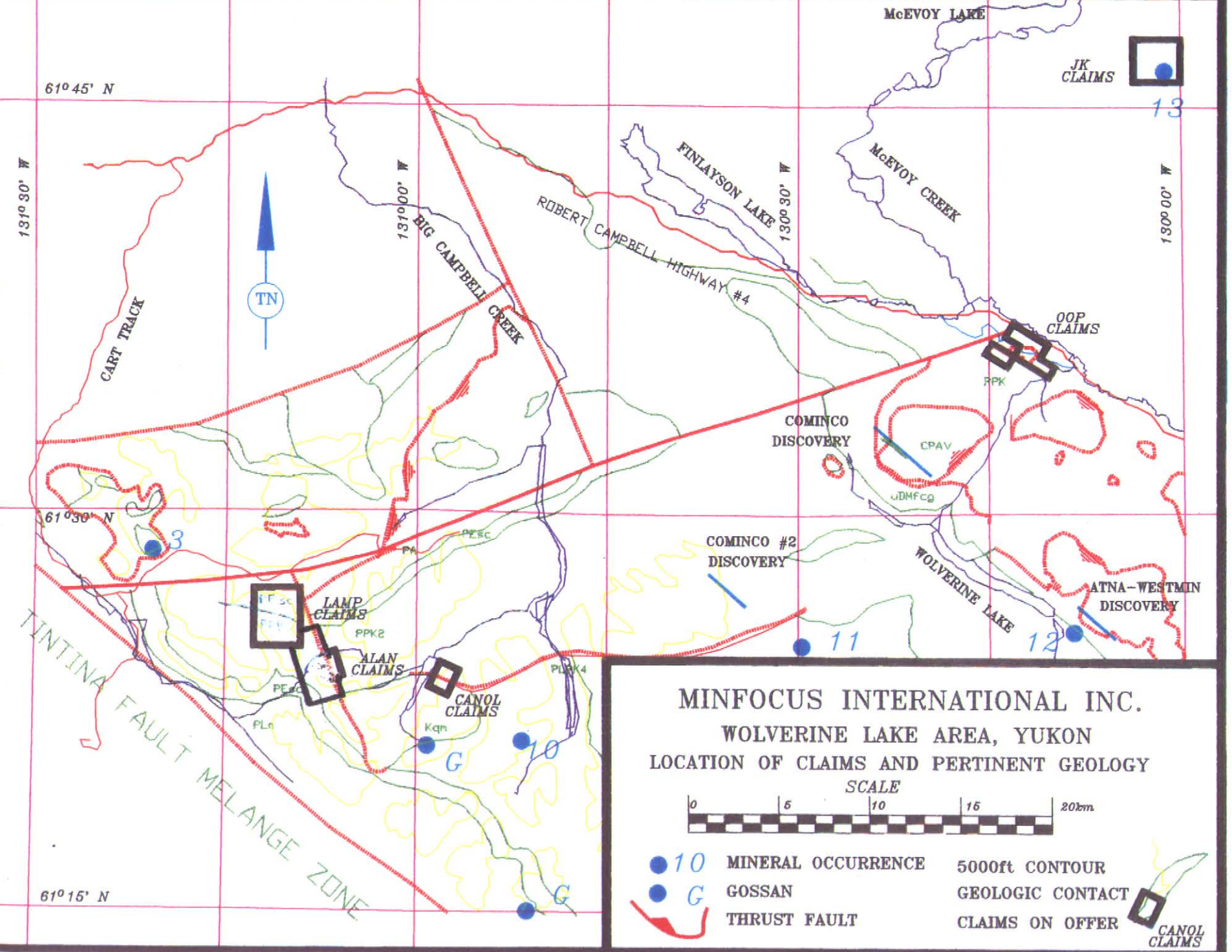
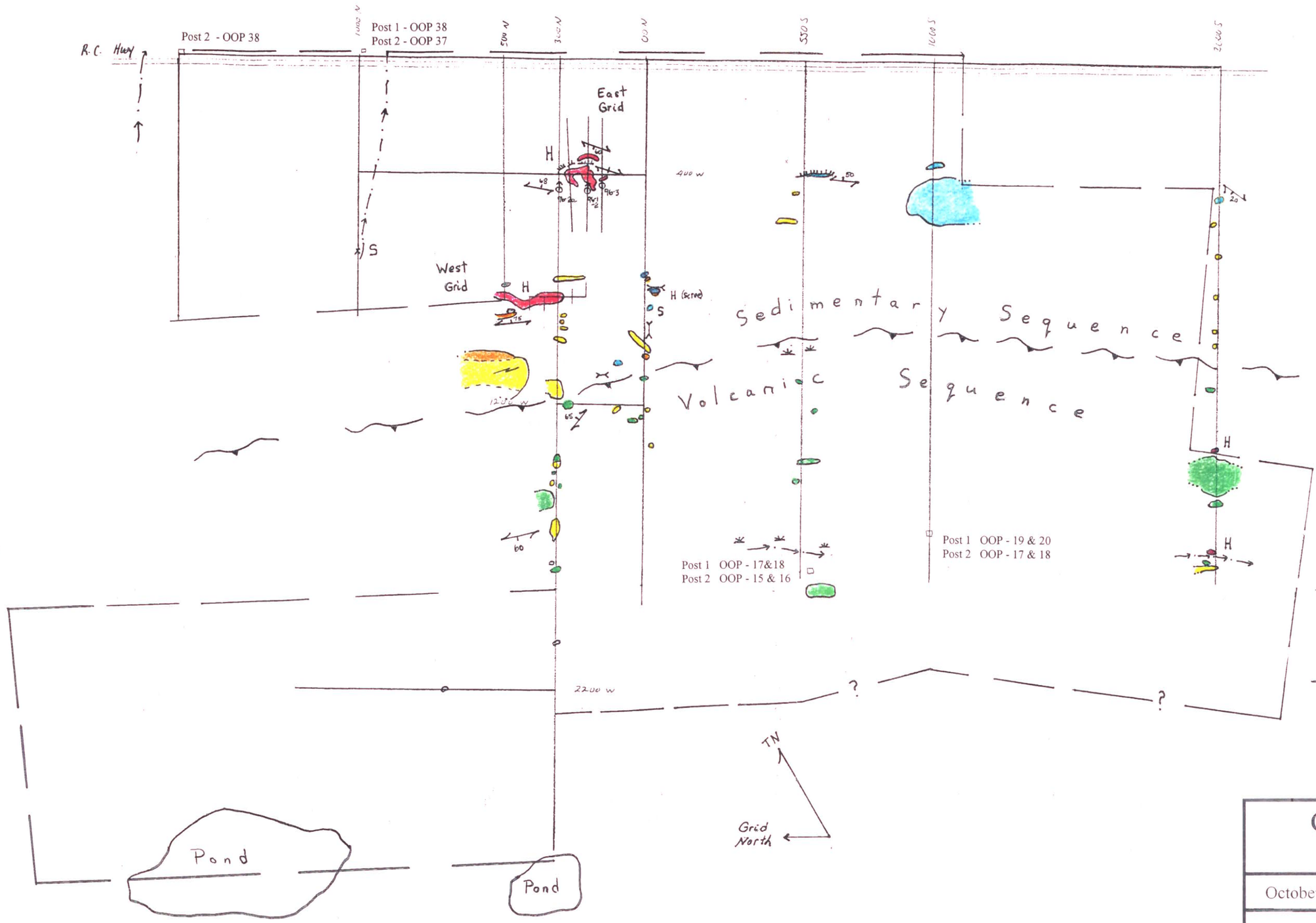

McEVOY LAKE
JK CLAIMS
13
61° 45' N
131° 30' W
131° 00' W
FINLAYSON LAKE
130° 30' W
McEVOY CREEK
130° 00' W
ROBERT CAMPBELL HIGHWAY #4
BIG CAMPBELL CREEK
CART TRACK
TN
OOP CLAIMS
RPK
COMINCO DISCOVERY
CPAV
JDMfcg
61° 30' N
3
PA
PEsc
COMINCO #2 DISCOVERY
WOLVERINE LAKE
ATNA–WESTMIN DISCOVERY
LAMP CLAIMS
PPK2
ALAN CLAIMS
PEsc
PLPK4
CANOL CLAIMS
PLn
Kqm
11
12
10
G
TINTINA FAULT MELANGE ZONE
61° 15' N
MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
WOLVERINE LAKE AREA, YUKON
LOCATION OF CLAIMS AND PERTINENT GEOLOGY
SCALE
0
5
10
15
20km
10 MINERAL OCCURRENCE
G GOSSAN
THRUST FAULT
5000ft CONTOUR
GEOLOGIC CONTACT
CLAIMS ON OFFER
CANOL CLAIMS

Figure 3



Legend

Rock Types

- Hydrothermal Alteration
- Mafic Intrusive
- Quartz-sericite ± chlorite schist
- Chert, chert breccia (bx)
- Argillite, greywacke
- Coal
- Intermediate to mafic volcanics
- S Serpentinite

Symbols

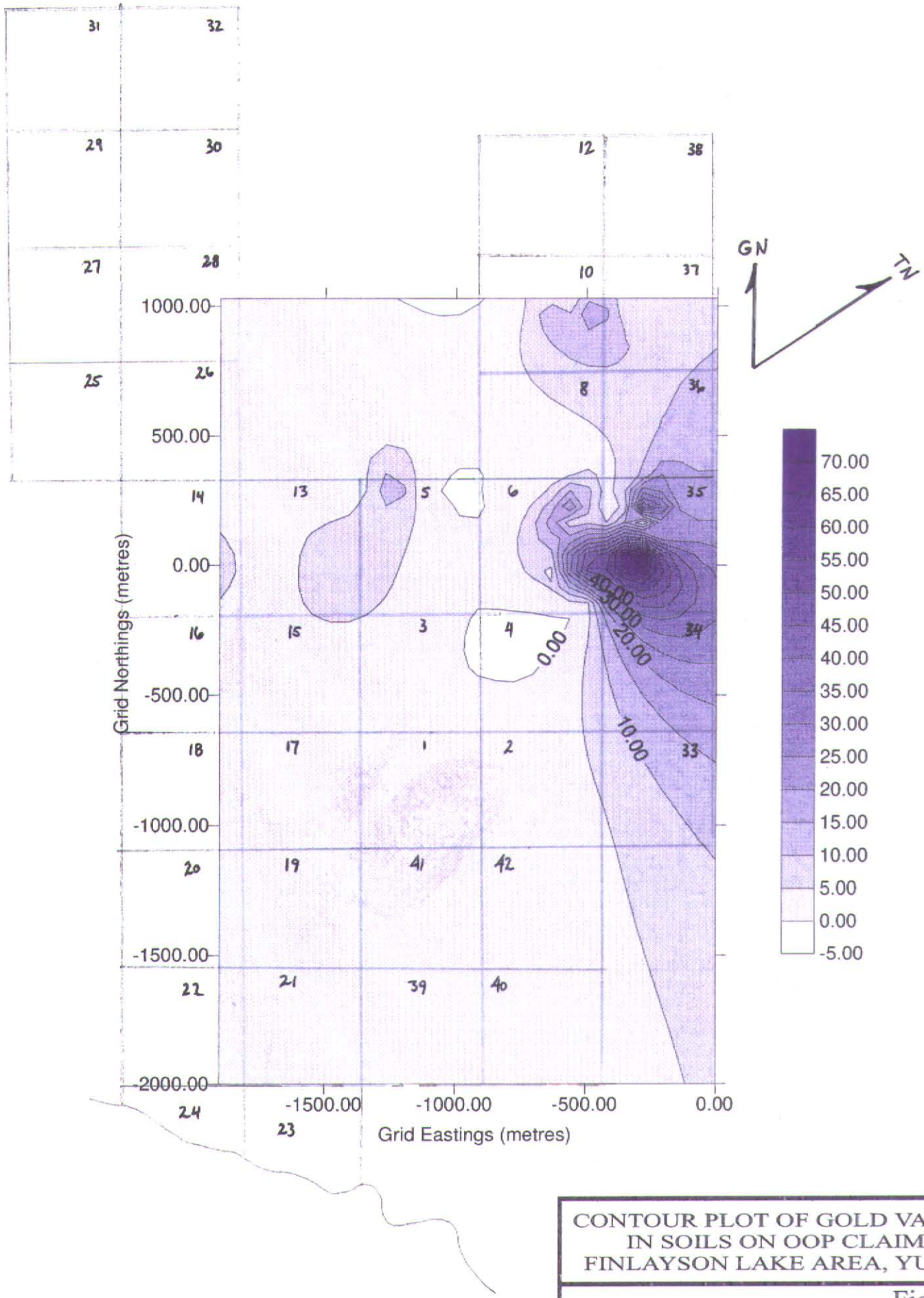
- Thrust fault
- 60 Strike and dip, foliation
- Fold axis
- Claim post (located)
- Trench, scrape
- Cliff, steep slope
- Swamp
- Creek
- Claim boundary
- 96-1 Drill hole

GEOLOGY OF THE OOP CLAIMS

October 1996 **Figure 4**

Minfocus International Inc.

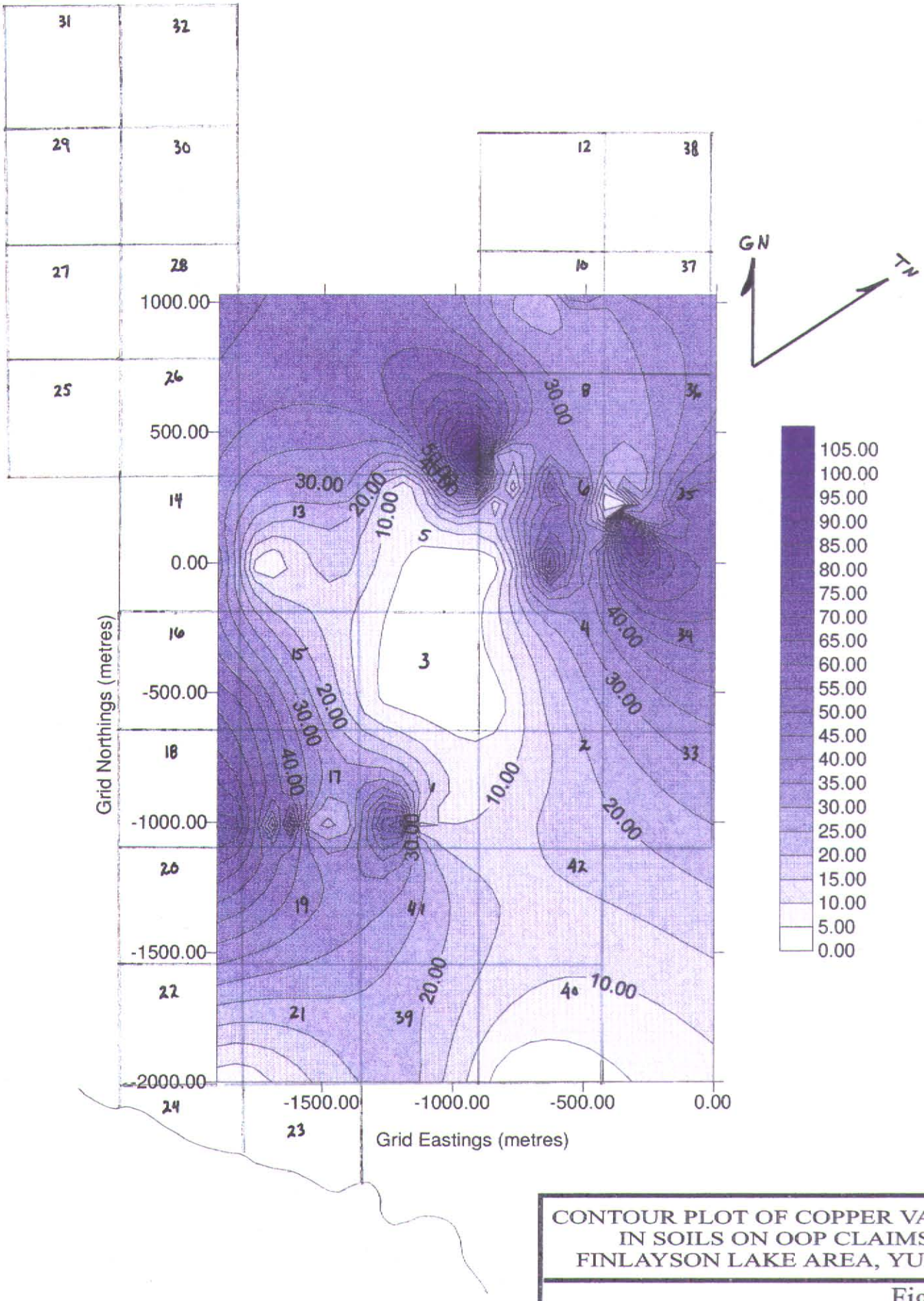
093556 2/3 (1)



CONTOUR PLOT OF GOLD VALUES
IN SOILS ON OOP CLAIMS
FINLAYSON LAKE AREA, YUKON

Figure 5

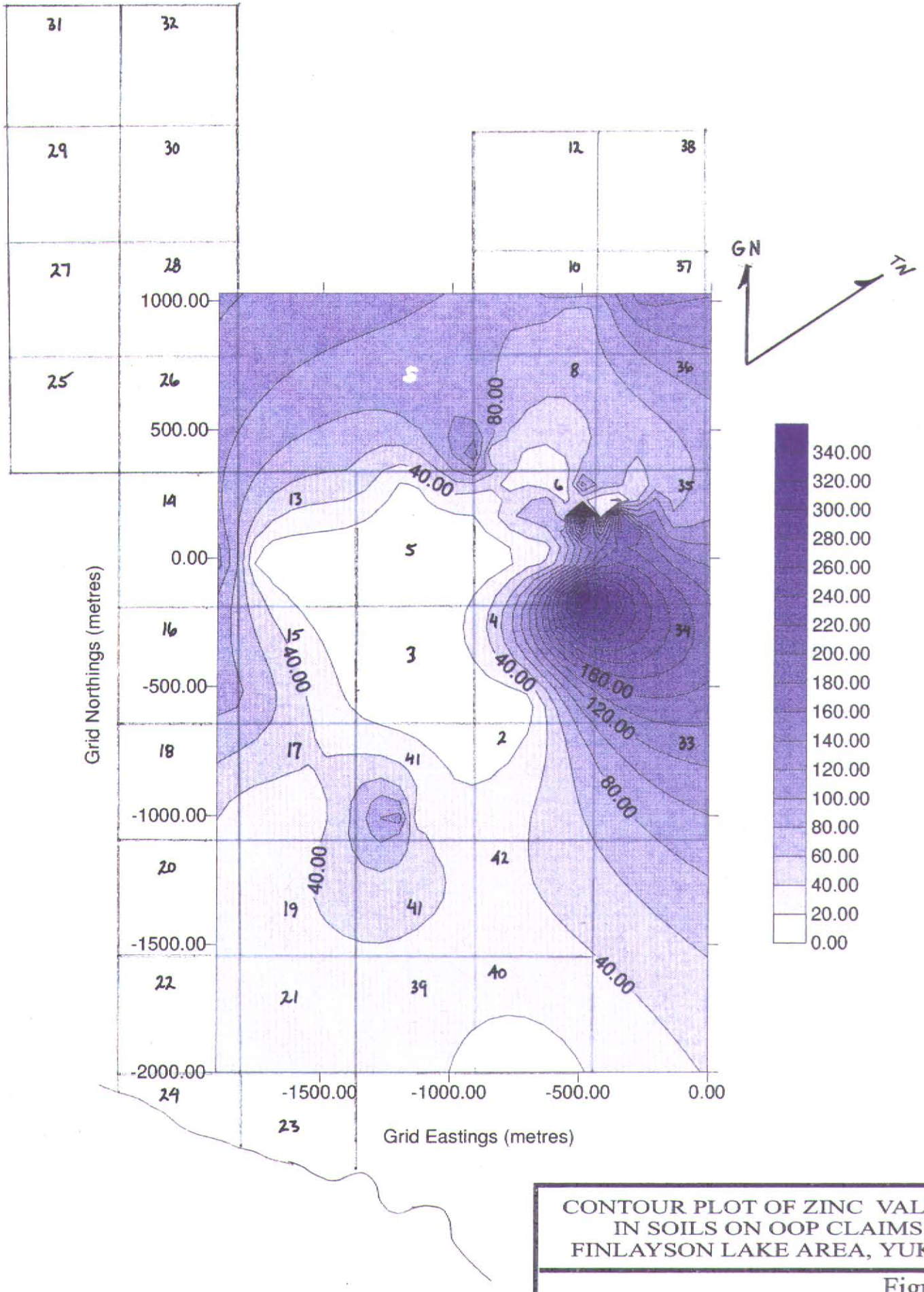
Gamah International Limited. October 1996



CONTOUR PLOT OF COPPER VALUES
IN SOILS ON OOP CLAIMS
FINLAYSON LAKE AREA, YUKON

Figure 6

Gamah International Limited. October 1996



CONTOUR PLOT OF ZINC VALUES
IN SOILS ON OOP CLAIMS
FINLAYSON LAKE AREA, YUKON

Figure 7

Gamah International Limited. October 1996

REPORT ON A DIAMOND DRILLING PROGRAM ON THE OOP GROUP OF CLAIMS, FINLAYSON LAKE AREA WATSON LAKE MINING DISTRICT YUKON TERRITORY, CANADA

for

Minfocus International Inc.

NTS 105/G9

Joseph T. Arengi, P. Geo. FGAC
Consulting Geologist
P.O. Box 39014
James Bay Postal Outlet
Victoria, B.C. V8V 4X8

093556
3 of 3.

Gerald Harper, Ph. D., P. Eng.
GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue
Toronto, Canada, M8X 1Y9

October 1996

This report has been examined by
the Geological Evaluation Unit
under Section 53 (4) Yukon Quartz
Mining Act and is allowed as
representation work in the amount
of $ 19,500.

for Regional Manager, Exploration and
Geological Services for Commissioner
of Yukon Territory

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 SUMMARY

Recent exploration in the Yukon has resulted in the discovery of several significant massive sulphide deposits in the Yukon-Tanana Terrane (YTT) of southeast Yukon. On the basis of these discoveries as well as the presence of sulphide mineralization in rocks similar to those which occur on the OOP claims, an anomalously high silver value and proximity to a low angle thrust; an option was obtained on the subject claims and a field exploration program was carried out. This work was completed in September 1996 and included line cutting as well as geophysical (VLF-EM and magnetometer), geochemical and geological surveys and diamond drilling. This report summarizes the results of the diamond drilling program. Mapping has confirmed that the OOP claims are underlain by a sedimentary-dominant sequence to the east and a volcanic-dominant sequence to the west. These sequences are separated by a regional low angle thrust fault. Locally, zones of hydrothermal alteration occur in both sequences and an analysis certificate submitted by Alex McMillan of a sample collected from one of the alteration zones showed highly anomalous silver. This, together with favorable geology and anomalous gold values from soil and rock samples served as the basis to proceed with a diamond drilling program. A total of 4 holes were drilled on the easternmost alteration zone. The alteration consists of sericitized, silicified and carbonatized chert and chert breccia which includes a green mica-bearing (mariposite?) breccia which occurs in a sequence of coal and argillite. The alteration is not continuous to the northwest and southeast but remains open to the southwest and northeast. Only subeconomic gold and silver values were obtained from the drill core.

2 INTRODUCTION

A summer exploration program was carried out at the OOP claim group following a brief reconnaissance visit by Dr. Adrian Mann in October 1995 (Mann, 1995). The decision to proceed with this program was based on the presence of favorable geology including proximity to a low angle thrust fault as well as anomalous silver values associated with an intense hydrothermal alteration zone. The claims are east of areas where massive sulphide mineralization has been discovered by Cominco (Kudz Ze Kayah deposit) and the Atna-Westmin joint venture (Wolverine Lake deposit). This report describes the results of the diamond drilling program carried out during the 1996 exploration program.

All of the field work was carried out from the Robert Campbell Highway which crosses the easternmost part of the claims. The field camp was located along the north side of Finlayson Creek, 2 km south of Finlayson Lake at km 230 (as measured from the town of Watson Lake) on the Robert Campbell Highway. Expediting services were based in Watson Lake which is serviced by airport and connected by paved road to Fort Nelson, B.C. (520 km southeast) and Whitehorse, Y.T. (450 km west). The mining recorder for the Watson Lake Mining Division is based in Watson Lake.

3 PROPERTY AND LOCATION

The field exploration program was carried out by Gamah International Inc. on the claim group on behalf of Minfocus International Inc.. The OOP claim group consists of 39 contiguous claims numbered 1 to 6, 8, 10 and 12 to 42 (Figures 1 and 2). The claim map originally showed the easternmost boundary of the claims to be near the Finlayson River, however, ground truthing showed this boundary was along the Robert Campbell Highway. This change effectively shifts the group one claim west and eliminates claims 7, 9 and 11.

The claim group is located along the Robert Campbell Highway and 26 km southwest of Finlayson Lake within the Watson Lake Mining Division. Access to the claims is readily gained by foot from the road.

Summary details of the OOP claims are provided in Table 1. The claims are registered in the name of Alex McMillan and are subject to a joint venture agreement with Minfocus.

Subsequent to the summer work program, an additional 15 OOP claims were staked to extend the block northeast and east.

Table 1. Summary of OOP Claims Information

Claim Name	Grant Number	Registered Owner	Anniversary Date	NTS (Claim Sheet #)
OOP 1	YB56699	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 2	YB56700	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 3	YB56701	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 4	YB56702	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 5	YB56703	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 6	YB56704	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 7	YB56705	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 8	YB56706	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 9	YB56707	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 10	YB56708	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 11	YB56709	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 12	YB56710	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 13	YB59901	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 14	YB59902	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 15	YB59903	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 16	YB59904	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 17	YB59905	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 18	YB59906	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 19	YB59907	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 20	YB59908	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 21	YB59909	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 22	YB59910	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 23	YB59911	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 24	YB59912	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 25	YB59917	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 26	YB59918	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 27	YB59919	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 28	YB59920	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 29	YB59921	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 30	YB59922	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 31	YB59923	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 32	YB59924	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 33	YB70053	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 34	YB70054	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 35	YB70055	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 36	YB70056	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 37	YB70057	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 38	YB70058	Alex McMillan	96/10/11	105-G-9
OOP 39	YB70672	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 40	YB70673	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 41	YB70674	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9
OOP 42	YB70675	Alex McMillan	96/10/17	105-G-9

4 PREVIOUS WORK

No significant new base metal mineral deposits have been located in Yukon since the early 1970s, and only a very small number of gold deposits have been discovered, none of which has yet reached production. This poor showing of exploration success is attributed, in part, to the lack of recent glaciation. Much of the terrain escaped Pleistocene glaciation, with the result that there is <1% outcrop by area across much of the terrain, and surface weathering commonly extends to depths >75 m (Johnston and Mortensen, 1994). Weathering has, in many cases, removed all obvious signs of mineralization, and has resulted in the dispersion of soluble metals near the surface. For these reasons, grass-roots prospecting and soil geochemical surveys have met with limited success.

The only mining activity occurring in the areas of interest during the last decade is the Sa Dena Hes property (previously owned by Curragh Resources and Hillsborough Resources and now a joint venture between Teck Corporation and Korea Zinc Company), 70 km from Watson Lake, which was previously an underground zinc mine that closed in December 1992 after only 17 months of operation due to low zinc prices. North of the Wolverine Lake areas is the Faro lead-zinc mine which has operated intermittently for more than 20 years. Lead and zinc production at Faro dominates Yukon's overall mineral production.

Recent discoveries by Cominco Limited and Westmin Resources Limited have substantially increased interest in the area (Figure 1). Approximately 200 km northwest of Watson Lake (and 20 km southwest of Finlayson Lake) in the Wolverine Lake area, Cominco Limited discovered a massive base metal sulphide (in 1994), known as the Kudz Ze Kayah (Caribou Country) deposit, which contains important precious metal values. Reserves are estimated to be 14.3 million tonnes, with average grades of 1% Cu, 5.5% Zn, 1.3% Pb, 1.2 g/t Au and 125 g/t Ag (Danielson, 1995). The orebody is 700 m east-west, 350 m north-south, and up to 39 m thick, truncated at the east end by a recent fault.

Located 20 km east of Kudz Ze Kayah deposit, Westmin Resources Limited and Atna Resources Limited are drill defining a massive sulphide deposit, known as the Wolverine Zone, which they discovered in the summer of 1995. It has estimated reserves of 8.4 million tonnes grading 0.56% Cu, 14.22% Zn, 3.45% Pb, 7.62 g/t Au, and 1,349 g/t Ag (Mar-West Resources Ltd news release, 16 Oct 95) and is open to expansion. In addition to the Wolverine Zone, Atna has been exploring other claims in the area (Anonymous, 30 Oct 95):

- Argus (located 50 km west of Kudz Ze Kayah) yielding grab samples assaying up to 6.9% Zn, 10.4% Pb, and 277.7 ppm Ag;
- Money (6 km east of the Wolverine zone) with grab samples assaying up to 1.1% Cu, 34.3 ppm Ag, and 220 ppb Au in one zone, and up to 3.3% Cu and 460 ppb Au in another; and
- Wolf-Lynx (50 km southwest of Kudz Ze Kayah) with Zn, Cu and Pb values recovered from chip samples along a 4 km-long belt of rocks.

Other companies with property interests in the Wolverine Lake area, which as been the scene of a staking rush since the fall of 1995, include Expatriate Resources Limited, Mar-West Resources Limited, Oro Brava Resources Limited, Columbia Gold Mines Ltd. and Minfocus International Incorporated.

Expatriate Resources Limited has 2288 claims in 20 properties (Robertson, 1995) and they are all subject to a financing agreement with Westmin whereby Westmin may take control of Expatriate. During the 1996 field season a copper discovery was announced by Expatriate on the Ice claim group and diamond drilling is ongoing.

Mar-West Resources Limited has interests in the 58-claim Eldorado Property, located within the interlayered mafic and felsic metavolcanic rocks of the Yukon-Tanana formation (the same geological unit that hosts Cominco's Kudz Ze Kayah deposit).

Oro Brava Resources Limited acquired two claim blocks (BID and MAT), located in the Pelly Mountain Massive Sulphide District which covers prospective volcanogenic massive sulphide targets. BID consists of twelve mineral

claims. The anomaly measures 730 by 300 m and remains open to the north or upslope direction, occupying a sequence of Upper Devonian-Mississippian felsic lapilli tuffs. MAT consists of 28 mineral claims underlain by a package of felsic volcanic rocks which are Devonian-Mississippian in age (Mar-West Resources Ltd news release, 16 Oct 95).

Columbia Gold Mines Ltd. was drilling the previously explored Kona polymetallic volcanogenic massive sulphide deposit at Fyre Lake near the Tintina Trench, south of Cominco's discovery. The drilling has led to the discovery of massive sulphide mineralization in other leases

Minfocus has staked and optioned several blocks of claims in Finlayson Lake area. The Watson Lake area was identified by Minfocus in 1994 as having similar geology to that of the Wolverine Lake area. Minfocus research identified indication of massive sulphide mineralization recorded in old exploration documents and initiated a program of claim staking and optioning.

5 SUMMARY OF WORK COMPLETED IN 1996 PROGRAM

The field work was carried out intermittently during the period from July 28 to September 2, 1996 and consisted of linecutting, reconnaissance and detailed VLF-EM and magnetometer surveys, geologic mapping, soil and rock geochemical sampling and diamond drilling. All surveys were carried out over selected flag and compass lines established at 300 to 1000 m spacing on the reconnaissance grid and 50 m spacing on detailed grids. The lines were oriented perpendicular to regional strike and individual stations were established at 25 m intervals. The total length of lines blazed, flagged and chained was 17,150 m which includes 2,300 m of detailed grid.

6 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Finlayson Lake area, including the subject claims, are underlain by rocks of the transposed Yukon-Tanana Terrane (YTT) within the Omenica Belt of the northern Canadian Cordillera. The north and east boundaries of the YTT is marked by the leading edge of a shallow dipping thrust fault which separates it from the Selwyn Basin in the North American craton. The Tintina Fault forms the west and south boundaries of the YTT with the Cassiar Platform.

Templeman-Kluit (1979) describes the rocks of the YTT as cataclasites, ophiolites and granodiorites which collectively occur along an arc-continent collision suture. Such an interpretation is supported by the presence of high pressure-temperature rocks such as eclogite and blueschist along the leading edge of the allochthonous terrane (Erdmer, 1987). The cataclasites more closely resemble rocks of the Intermontane Belt to the west and are interpreted to have been sheared in Late Triassic to Early Jurassic and thrust northeastward into the Omenica Belt in Early Cretaceous. Subsequent displacement of the YYT, as well as autochthonous terrane, occurred along the Tintina Fault over a distance of 450 km in the Late Cretaceous.

Three allochthonous assemblages are recognized within the transposed YTT. The *Nisutlin Allochthon* consists of slightly metamorphosed to highly mylonitized sedimentary and volcanic rocks and schist (Klondike Schist); the *Anvil Allochthon* consists of sheared ophiolite comprising chert and mafic to b ultramafic intrusives and rocks of the *Simpson Allochthon* consist primarily of cataclastic granitic rocks which occur mainly in the south portion of the YYT Allochthon. The subject claims occur within the Nisutlin Allochthon (Figure 3).

7 DRILLING PROGRAM

7.1 Operational Procedure

Four holes, OOP 96-1, 96-2, 96-2a and 96-3, were drilled in claim YB 56704 during the period from August 27 to September 2, 1996. All of the holes were drilled by D.J. Drilling Ltd. of Watson Lake using a Boyles Bros. 25A diesel drill rig with NQ size rods. Drilling was carried out to test for mineralization associated with precious metal

anomalies in the easternmost zone of intense hydrothermal alteration. Details of the holes are provided in Table 2 and drill logs are provided in Appendix A. Geologic cross-sections along line 200N showing gold and silver values are shown in Figures 4 and 5, respectively. Speicific locations are shown in Figure 6.

Table 2. Summary of Details for Diamond Drill Holes on OOP Claims

Hole No.	Location	Azimuth	Dip	Casing (m)	Depth (m)	Comments
96-1	200N,450W	030	45	7.6	91.5	Hydrothermal alteration throughout.
96-2	200N,450W	030	70	8.8	75.3	Argillite intersected below 60m.
96-2a	300N,450W	030	70	3.6	19.2	Hole abandoned; no alteration intersected.
96-3	150N, 435W	030	70	9.1	63.1	Argillite and coal; no alteration intersected.

Owing to very poor drilling conditions hole 96-2a was abandoned after drilling to a depth of 19.2 m (63 ft). As shown in the drill logs and Figures 5 and 6, the hydrothermally altered chert breccia was not intersected in either DDH 96-2a or 96-3. The former intersected 19.2m (63 ft) of baked coal and carbonaceous argillite and the latter intersected 63.1m (207 ft) of argillite and carbonaceous argillite. Although hole 96-2a only tested the zone to a vertical depth of 18.3m (60 ft) it is assumed a northward continuation is not likely.

The first hole, DDH 96-1 intersected 7.6m of unconsolidated overburden followed by hydrothermally altered chert and chert breccia. The distinctive green mica-bearing breccia mapped in outcrop was intersected at various intervals throughout the hole along with lesser tan and grey chert breccias. Several sections of moderately to highly altered mafic to ultramafic intrusive were encountered in the upper half of the hole. Contact relations in core sections show that the intrusives pre-date the green mica breccia, however, the genetic relation between the two is uncertain. The green mica breccia was not found below 71m. Alteration comprising sericitization, silicification and carbonatization with a high iron content (Fe-clay/carbonate) as replacement and veining along with silicification is ubiquitous in all rock types and to varying degrees. Weathering is very intense, particularly in the upper portions of the hole, and this feature, together with local intense alteration, results in sections with very poor recovery. Broken, ground and crushed core was common throughout the hole.

DDH 96-2 was drilled from the same setup but at a steeper angle to test for continuity of the alteration at depth. This hole intersected 8.8m of overburden followed by a thick section of green mica breccia to a depth of 60.2m. This hole also contained minor tan chert breccia as well as a 2.1m section of mafic intrusive tentatively identified as leucogabbro. The lower 15.1m intersected interbedded well banded siliceous and carbonaceous argillite. As with hole 96-1, core recovery was poor in sections.

The third hole, 96-2a, was intended to test for the northwest continuation of the alteration zone, however, as noted above, this hole was abandoned due to difficult drilling conditions after intersecting 19.2m of baked, gritty coal. Recovery of 16% was estimated for this hole.

The southeast continuation of the alteration was tested by DDH 96-3. This hole intersected 63.1m of gritty coal and carbonaceous argillite. The core was badly broken and crushed resulting in 15% recovery.

Drill logs for all of the holes are provided in Appendix A and geochemical analyses are provided in Appendix B.

7.2 Interpretation of Results

The drilling has shown that the intense alteration observed in outcrop is continuous to a vertical depth of at least 58m (190 ft) in hole 96-1 and 55m (180 ft) in hole 96-2 below which the hole intersected argillite. Both holes intersected green mica-bearing breccia which seems to post -date the mafic intrusives. The alteration zone and attendant chert breccias occur in a larger sedimentary sequence which, in the vicinity of the drill holes, comprises

fine grained sediments and coal. Contact relations between the alteration zone and sediments is uncertain, however, the presence of sheared texture in the carbonaceous argillite suggests a fault contact. A tentative sequence of events includes emplacement of mafic intrusives into a chert or chert breccia host, emplacement of the green mica breccia, hydrothermal alteration and faulting of the altered chert breccia.

The alteration zone as well as the chert breccia sequence is discontinuous to the northwest and southeast and below a vertical depth of 55m in hole 96-2. The continuation of the alteration along grid west toward another zone of green mica-bearing chert breccia at line 825W has not been tested nor has the grid east continuation. Results from the geochemical analyses show there are only subeconomic gold and silver values associated with the alteration in this area. The highest gold values, which include 96 and 65 ppb, occur in interbedded argillite and siliceous sediments in the lower part of hole 96-2. This package also contained the highest silver values, although the highest gold do not correlate with the highest silver.

8 CONCLUSIONS

Drilling at the OOP claims in the Finlayson Lake area have shown that the zone of hydrothermal alteration occurs within a sequence of sedimentary rocks which locally consist of argillite and coal. The presence of a sheared texture in the sediments suggests a fault contact. Hydrothermal alteration is interpreted to post-date emplacement of mafic intrusives. Only subeconomic precious metal values were obtained from the drill program.

9 STATEMENTS OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Joseph Arengi do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the State University of New York with a B. Sc. Degree in geology in 1972 and a graduate of the University of Toronto with a M. Sc. degree in geology in 1977.

2. I have practised my profession in geoscience continuously since 1973.

3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of the Province of British Columbia registered as a Professional Geoscientist and a Fellow of the Geological Association of Canada.

5. I have no vested interest in these properties or in Minfocus International Inc., nor do I expect to receive any such interest.

6. I supervised the surveys described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions contained herein based on field examination and review of analytical results.

Joseph Arengi, M. Sc., P. Geo.
Toronto, Ontario
October 1996

I, Gerald Harper, President of Gamah International Limited, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of London with a B. Sc. degree in Geology and Chemistry in 1965, a B. Sc. Honours degree in Geology in 1966 and a Ph. D. in Geology in 1970.

2. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1966.

3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of Ontario, the Society of Economic Geologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining, the Society for Exploration, Mining and Metallurgy, the Geological Society of South Africa, a Fellow of the Geological Society and a member of the Mineral Economics and Management Society.

4. I am the President of Minfocus International Inc., may be deemed to be its promoter and have instigated the staking by Minfocus International Inc.. I am also the President of Gamah International Limited, an independent mining and geological consulting and contracting firm.

5. I directed and supervised the program of work described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions presented in this report on the basis of my field examinations in July and September 1996 and review of data compiled by me during those field examinations.

Gerald Harper
Toronto, Ontario
October 1996

9 PERSONNEL AND CONTRACTORS EMPLOYED

Name	Affiliation	Address	Function	Period
Gerald Harper	Minfocus International Inc.	Toronto	Overall Supervision	July 96-Oct 96
Lorraine Godwin	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Project Manager	July 96-Oct 96
Deidre Collins	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Office support	Sept 96-Oct 96
Kurt Breede	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Field assistant	July 96-Sept 96
Greg Hounsell	Gamah International Inc.	Kingston	Field assistant	July 96-Aug 96
Jocelain Valade	Gamah International Inc.	Sudbury	Field assistant	July 96- Aug 96
Michel Mann	Gamah International Inc.	Calgary	Field assistant	July 96
Helen Harper	Gamah International Inc.	Toronto	Field/office assistant	July 96-Aug 96
George Millen		Watson Lake	Camp support/expediting	July 96-Sept 96
Joseph Arengi	Gamah International Inc.	Victoria	Geologist	July 96-Oct 96
J. Stockman	Gamah International Inc.	Watson Lake	Line cutting	July 96-Aug 96
Josh Harden	Gamah International Inc.	Watson Lake	Line cutting	July 96-Aug 96
	D. J. Drilling Company Ltd.	Watson Lake	Diamond drilling	Aug 96-Sept 96
	Bondar-Clegg and Company	N. Vancouver	Drill core analysis	July 96-Sept 96
	Chauncey Laboratories Inc.	Toronto	Drill core analysis	Sept 96
	TransNorth Helicopters	Ross River	Field transportation	Aug 96
	Kluane Helicopters	Finlayson Lake	Field transportation	July 96

10 STATEMENT OF COSTS

Item	Details	Amount
Accommodation	Gateway Motel; Field camp	$ 739.13
Analyses		5,472.54
Communication	Telephone, fax and shipping	53.92
Diamond Drilling	Drilling, mob and demob, consumables, core boxes, site preparation and camp cook	27,606.37
Food	Camp supplies	1,958.40
Personnel - Field	Linecutting, geophysical, geochemical and geological surveys, camp construction and misc. supplies	23,370.85
Personnel - Office	Time for office support	10,582.00
Rentals	Vehicles, equipment and hotel	4,463.17
Travel	Air and ground transportation to and from Watson Lake	2,551.00
		$76,797.38

The above costs are as accurate as possible and represent the true value of the work carried out as shown above and described in this, and other related reports. Detailed records for back-up to these amounts are available at the office of Minfocus International Inc., Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8X 1Y9.

Gerald Harper, Ph.D., P. Eng.

11 REFERENCES

Arengi, J. T. and Harper, G., 1996, Report on a Geological Mapping Program on the OOP Group of Claims, Finlayson Lake Area, Watson Lake Mining Division; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 19 p.

Anonymous, 1995, Atna Samples YGC's Yukon Properties; Northern Miner 81, No. 35, 11 (30 Oct 95)

Danielson, V., 1995, Cominco Advances Yukon Deposit; Northern Miner 80, No. 48, 1-2 (30 Jan 95).

Erdmer, P., 1987, Blueschist and Eclogite in Mylonitic Allochthons, Ross River and Watson Lake areas, Southeast Yukon; *Can. J. Earth Sci., Vol. 24, p. 1439-1449.*

Godwin, L., 1996, Summary Report on Claims of Minfocus International Incorporated in the Watson and Wolverine Lake Areas of Yukon Territory, unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 50 p.

Harper, G., 1996, Report on Geophysical Surveys and Diamond Drilling on GMS Group of Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, NTS 105/A2, 105/A6 and 105/A7, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 23 p.

Hornbrook, E.H.W. and Friske, P.W.B., 1988a, Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Southeastern Yukon (105G); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 1648, 6 p.

,1988b, Regional Stream Sediment and Water Geochemical Data, Southeastern Yukon (105H); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 1649, 6p.

Johnston, S.T. and Mortensen, J.K., 1994, Regional Setting of Porphyry Cu-Mo Deposits, Volcanogenic Massive-Sulfide Deposits, and Mesothermal Gold Deposits in the Yukon-Tanana Terrane, Yukon; Yukon Metallogeny: Recent Developments, Yukon Government Publication 30-34.

Livgard, E., 1996, Report on the CANOL Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for KRL Resources Corp., 8 p.

Mann, A. G., 1995, Preliminary Geological Report on Watson and Finlayson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 24 p.

, 1996, Geological Report on Watson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory; unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc., 15 p.

Plint, H.E. and Gordon, T.M., 1996a, Structural Evolution and Rock Types of the Slide Mountain and Yukon-Tanana Terranes in the Campbell Range, Southeastern Yukon Territory; in Current Research 1996A,Geol. Survey of Canada, p. 19-28.

,1996b, Geology of Campbell Range Near Wolverine Lake, Southeastern Yukon (parts of 105H/5/9/12, 105G/9); Geol. Survey of Canada, Open File 3303, 1 Sheet, Scale 1:50,000.

Robertson, R., 1995, Kudz Ze Kayah Discovery Augurs Well for Exploration in Yukon; Northern Miner 81, No. 39 (27 Nov 95).

Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., et al, 1977, Geology Map 105G, Finlayson Lake Area, Yukon Territory; Geol. Survey of Canada Open File 486.

,1979, Transported Cataclasite, Ophiolite and Granodiorite in Yukon: Evidence of Arc-Continent Collision; Geol. Survey of Canada, Paper 79-14, 27 p.

Wilson, G.C., 1995, Bibliography of the Wolverine Complex of the Southern Yukon and Northern B.C.; the Campell Range; Finlayson Lake and Watson Lake and the Kudz Ze Kayah and Sa Dena Hes (Mount Hundere) Deposits; *Unpub. report prepared for Minfocus International Inc.*, 18 p.

APPENDIX A

Diamond Drill Logs
DDH 96-1
DDH 96-2
DDH 96-2a
DDH 96-3

GRID LOCATION: 200N,450W

Oop Claim: YB56704

DEPTH, FT.	°AZ	DIP
300	030°	-45°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Project Manager: Gamah International Ltd.

Drill Contractor: D.J. Drilling

HOLE NO.:	PAGE NO.:
Oop 96-1	1 of 4
DATE STARTED: August 27, 1996	COMPLETED: August 29, 1996
Total Depth, Ft. 300' (91.5m)	Logged By: J. Arengi

DEPTH, FT FROM	DEPTH, FT TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm
0	25.0	CASING						
25.0	36.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – *broken core, badly weathered, 25-37 = 17% recovery; chalcedony veinlets, Fe-carb/clay alteration; white-green-brown mottling; speaks of black earthy mineral; green "mica" = fuchsite or manposite*						
36.0	38.0	TAN CHERT-SERICITE BRECCIA – *chalcedony veinlets at 60° to C.A. and 20° to C.A.*	96-1-1	38.0	43.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
38.0	54.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – *broken core, some dark very chert fragments; Fe-carb/clay alteration at 42-44 + 45-47; core is badly broken.*	96-1-2 96-1-3	43.0 48.0	48.0 54.0	5.0 6.0	10 5	<0.1 <0.1
54.0	57.0	MAFIC INTRUSIVE – *altered, dark green-black mottling; Fe-clay seams o.5' from top and 1.0' at bottom.*	96-1-4	54.0	57.0	3.0	<5	<0.1
57.0	75.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – Fe - carb/clay alteration from 57-67'; as above gmbx	96-1-5 96-1-6 96-1-7 96-1-8	57.0 62.0 67.0 72.0	62.0 67.0 72.0 75.0	5.0 5.0 5.0 3.0	<5 <5 <5 6	0.2 0.1 <0.1 <0.1
75.0	82.0	TAN TO LIGHT-GREEN KAOLINIZED AND SERCITIC BRECCIA – chalcedony veinlets at various angles to core axis; Fe-stained fractures; broken core with buff clay seam from 77 to 79'.	96-1-9	75.0	82.0	7.0	<5 <5	<0.1 <0.1

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD	HOLE NO.: Oop 96-1	PAGE NO.: 2 of 4

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Oop Claims

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm
82.0	85.0	MAFIC INTRUSIVE – hard, dark green, fine grained with stockwork veining of quartz-chlor; chalcedony - quartz-carb. In places stockwork produces breccia. Upper contact is knife edge at 70° to C.A., good recovery, i.e. >90% Gmbx cuts intrusive.	96-1-10	82.0	85.0	3.0	<5	<0.1
85.0	89.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – sharp contacts, abundant grey chert fragments w/trace sulphide as fine, disseminated specks.	96-1-11	85.0	89.0	4.0	<5	0.2
89.0	95.0	MAFIC INTRUSIVE – with stockwork veining and bx; 5" band of gmbx with grey chert; upper contact sharp and highly veined.	96-1-12	89.0	95.0	6.0	<5	<0.1
95.0	100.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – broken core; trace sulphide specks	96-1-13	95.0	100.0	5.0	*	*
100.0	105.0	MAFIC INTRUSIVE – green, stockwork veining; brecciated; abundant Fe-carb/clay alteration as veinlets; trace sulphides in veinlets and highly altered sections.	96-1-14	100.0	105.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
105.0	115.5	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – abundant Fe-Carb/clay alteration; fine sulphides in grey chert; lower contact silicified. Broken core but fairly good recovery.	96-1-15 96-1-16	105.0 110.0	110.0 115.5	5.0 5.5	<5 10	<0.1 <0.1
115.5	142.0	MAFIC INTRUSIVE – stockwork veining; lower 2' to 3' highly altered; trace sulphide specks and occasional py blebs in highly altered sections.	96-1-17 96-1-18 96-1-19 96-1-20	115.5 120.0 125.0 130.0	120.0 125.0 130.0 135.0	4.5 5.0 5.0 5.0	<5 <5 <5 <5	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD	HOLE NO.: Oop 96-1	PAGE NO.: 3 of 4

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Oop Claims

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm
142.0	156.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – few grey chert fragments below 146'; trace sulphide specks in grey chert, upper contact broken core, dip test at 147' - 38°	96-1-21 96-1-22 96-1-23	135.0 140.0 142.0	140.0 142.0 147.0	5.0 2.0 5.0	<5 <5 <5	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1
156.0	160.0	MAFIC INTRUSIVE – mottled texture, highly altered; bxed with clay seam at lower contact; upper contact is bxed.	96-1-24 96-1-25 96-1-26	147 152 156	152 156 160	5 4 4	<5 <5 <5	0.2 <0.1 <0.1
160.0	163.0	TAN CHERT BRECCIA – with Fe-carb/clay alteration - some chalcedony veinlets and patches; fine sulphides occur in veinlets; ground and broken core with clay at upper contact.	96-1-27	160.0	163.0	3.0	<5	<0.1
163.0	172.0	GREY CHERT BRECCIA – fractured; very broken core; Fe-carb/clay alteration; fine sulphide specks and streaks; lower contact = Fe-clay seam.	96-1-28 96-1-29	163.0 168.0	168.0 172.0	5.0 4.0	9 23	0.3 <0.1
172.0	174.0	TAN CHERT BRECCIA – highly altered; trace sulphides only in veinlets.	96-1-30	172.0	174.0	2.0	31	0.2
174.0	190.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – Fe - carb/clay and staining throughout; some relict grey chert fragments; abundant chalcedony veinlets at various angles; fine sulphide specks in grey chert and occasionally in veinlets; tan chert bx 184-185.	96-1-31 96-1-32 96-1-33	174.0 179.0 184.0	179.0 184.0 190.0	5.0 5.0 6.0	* <5 *	<0.1 0.3 <0.1
190.0	192.0	TAN CHERT BRECCIA – highly altered, minor sulphide specks associated with quartz-carb veinlets.	96-1-34	190.0	192.0	2.0	15	<0.1

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD	HOLE NO.: Oop 96-1	PAGE NO.: 4 of 4

MINFOCUS INTERNATIOAL INC.

Oop Claims

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm
192.0	220.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – ground and broken core; abundant Fe-carb/clay throughout; Fe-staining; trace sulphide in grey chert fragments and veinlets and patches associated with hematite, lower contact silicified and with abundant green mica.	96-1-35	192.0	197.0	5.0	5	<0.1
			96-1-36	197.0	202.0	5.0	<5	0.2
			96-1-37	202.0	207.0	5.0	7	0.2
			96-1-38	207.0	212.0	5.0	7	<0.1
			96-1-39	212.0	217.0	5.0	9	<0.1
			96-1-40	217.0	220.0	3.0	<5	0.2
220.0	230.0	GREEN MICCA BRECCIA – abundant white-buff silicified veins and patches; some grey chert fragments with common sulphide specks and streaks.	96-1-41	220.0	222.0	2.0	21	0.3
			96-1-42	222.0	227.0	5.0	20	<0.1
			96-1-43	227.0	230.0	3.0	17	<0.1
230.0	233.0	TAN CHERT BRECCIA – with chalcedony and some green mica bands; specks of clay alteration; rare sulphides, some hem; broken core, indistinct contacts.	96-1-44	230.0	233.0	3.0	<5	<0.1
233.0	255.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – locally silicified; green mica not very abundant, some with Fe-carb/clay alteration. Grey chert fragments with common sulphide specks; upper contact highly altered. Broken core throughout clay seam and ground core at 253'.	96-1-45	233.0	238.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-1-46	238.0	243.0	5.0	7	<0.1
			96-1-47	243.0	248.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-1-48	248.0	253.0	5.0	<5	*
			96-1-49	253.0	255.0	2.0	*	
255.0	300.0	TAN/BUFF CHERT BRECCIA – locally silicified section which impart lighter "bleached' color. Less silicified sections are broken and have numerous clay seams. Sulphides are not common and occur in quartz-chalcedony veinlets. Occasional pyrite cubes in silicified sections; possible argillite fragment at 300 ft. – Dip tests at 147' = 38° and 300' = 37.5°	96-1-50	255.0	260.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-1-51	260.0	265.0	5.0	6	<0.1
			96-1-52	265.0	270.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-1-53	270.0	275.0	5.0	*	<0.1
			96-1-54	275.0	280.0	5.0	6	<0.1
			96-1-55	280.0	285.0	5.0	30	<0.1
			96-1-56	285.0	290.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-1-57	290.0	295.0	5.0	6	<0.1
			96-1-58	295.0	300.0	5.0	<5	0.1

GRID LOCATION: 200N,450W

Oop Claim: YB56704

DEPTH, FT.	°AZ	DIP
300	030°	-45°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Project Manager: Gamah International Ltd.

Drill Contractor: D.J. Drilling

HOLE NO.:	PAGE NO.:
Oop 96-2	1 of 3
DATE STARTED: August 27, 1996	COMPLETED: August 31, 1996
Total Depth, Ft. 300' (91.5m)	Logged By: J. Arengi

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm
0	29.0	CASING						
29.0	31.0	GROUND CORE W/GREY CLAY, SOME GREEN MICA FRAGMENTS						
36.0	38.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – some grey chert gragments; badly crushed, ground core with some Fe-strained clay seams; 89-91 = fault zone w/silificiation and *brecciation.* – occasional patches of blue chalcedony (tourquise like) – some sulphide specks in grey chert fragments dark grey to black (manetite?) – 106-107 = white quartz with Fe-carb/clay alteration – 133-157 = highly altered Fe-carb/clay w/chalcedony; clay seams	96-2-1	31.0	41.0	10.0	10	0.2
			96-2-2	41.0	51.0	10.0	11	<0.1
			96-2-3	51.0	61.0	10.0	9	<0.1
			96-2-4	61.0	71.0	10.0	12	<0.1
			96-2-5	71.0	81.0	10.0	13	<0.1
			96-2-6	81.0	86.9	5.0	5	<0.1
			96-2-7	86.0	91.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-2-8	91.0	96.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-2-9	96.0	106.0	10.0	6	<0.1
			96-2-10	106.0	116.0	10.0	9	<0.1
			96-2-11	116.0	126.0	10.0	11	<0.1
			96-2-12	126.0	132.0	6.0	7	0.2
157.0	164.0	LEUCOGABBRO – with pyroxene crystals, Chloritic alteration; bxed and locally silicified; rare sulphide specks; distinct lower contract.	96-2-13	132.0	137.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
			96-2-14	137.0	147.0	10.0	<5	<0.1
			96-2-15	147.0	152.0	5.0	<*	<0.1
			96-2-16	152.0	157.0	5.0	<5	<0.1
164.0	171.0	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – highly alltered with abundant Fe-carb/clay; good recovery; rare sulphide specks, veining or silivification along lower contract.	96-2-17	164.0	171.0	7.0	<5	<0.1

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD	HOLE NO.: Oop 96-2	PAGE NO.: 2 of 3

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Oop Claims

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	
171.0	173.0	TAN CHERT BRECCIA – with Fe-carb/clay alteration; trace sulphide along thin chloritic fractures; some relict grey chert	96-2-18	171.0	173.0.	2.0	<5	<0.1	
173.0	197.5	GREEN MICA BRECCIA – grey chert fragments locally abundant; clay seam and broken core 183-186; 193-194; lower contract is clay seam = fault (?) – sulphides locally common in grey chert section; – abundant blue chalcedony	96-2-19 96-2-20 96-2-21 96-2-22 96-2-23	173.0 178.0 183.0 188.0 193.0	178.0 183.0 199.0 193.0 197.5	5 5 5 5 4.5	<5 <5 <5 10 31	<0.1 <0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4	
197.5	205.0	ARGILLITE/CHERT (INTERBEDDED) – well banded; black, fine grained carbonaceous; becomes lighter color and finely banded (i.e., more silicious) down section – the chert resembles grey chert fragments in overlying green mica breccia.	96-2-24	197.5	205.0	7.5	17	0.8	
205.0	211.5	SILICEOUS SEDIMENT (AGRILLACEOUS CHERT?) – tan buff with abundant sulphides and silicification along upper contact; grades into finely banded light grey unti down section. – lower contact sharp at 45° to C.A.	96-2-25	205.0	211.5	6.5	<5	0.2	
211.5	237.0	CHERT/ARGILLITE – argillite is light grey to black and chert is light grey, locally bxed; finely banded; quartz + quartz-carb veining common, carbonaceous material locally abundant; pyrite specks and cubes (1-2 mm) locally common; occasional cp specks; silicious sections resemble grey chert gragments in green mica breccia; 217-237 abundant broken and ground core	96-2-26 96-2-27 96-2-28 96-2-29 96-2-30 96-2-31	211.5 217.0 222.0 227.0 232.0 237.0	217.0 222.0 227.0 232.0 237.0 247.0	6.5 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 10.0	12 30 10 96 65 18	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.2 <0.1 0.8	

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

HOLE NO.: Oop 96-1

PAGE NO.: 3 of 3

MINFOCUS INTERNATIOAL INC.

Oop Claims

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	
237.0	247.0	ARGILLITE/CHERT – black carbonaceous; pyrite specks, cubes and patches are locally common; light grey siliceous (cjhert) ptaches with fine disseminated sulphide specks; some cop with pyrite. – banded with brecciated appearance, grounded fragments; occasional specks of ime green mineral (epidote?); – some of the sulphides are very fine grained and banded							
	EOH	dip tests at 150' = 69° at 247' = 70°		220.0 222.0 227.0	222.0 227.0 230.0	2.0 5.0 3.0	21 20 17	0.3 <0.1 <0.1	

GRID LOCATION: 300N,450W

Oop Claim: YB56704

DEPTH, FT.	°AZ	DIP
	030°	-70°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Project Manager: Gamah International Ltd.

Drill Contractor: D.J. Drilling

HOLE NO.:	PAGE NO.:
Oop 96-2A	1 of 1
DATE STARTED: August 31, 1996	COMPLETED: September 1, 1996
Total Depth, Ft. 63' (19.2m)	Logged By: J. Arenji

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	
0	12.0	CASING							
12.0	63.0	Black to dark green, lusterous baked coal; very light; conchoidal fracture; some calcite fractures; very badly broken and ground core; 16% recovery - hole abandoned due to difficult drilling conditions - replaced two drill bits and one sleeve.							

GRID LOCATION: 150N,435W

Oop Claim: YB56704

DEPTH, FT.	°AZ	DIP
	030°	70°

DIAMOND DRILL RECORD

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Project Manager: Gamah International Ltd.

Drill Contractor: D.J. Drilling

HOLE NO.:	PAGE NO.:
Oop 96-3	1 of 1
DATE STARTED: September 1, 1996	COMPLETED: September 2, 1996
Total Depth, Ft. 207' (63m)	Logged By: J. Arengi

DEPTH, FT FROM	TO	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NO.	FROM	TO	LENGTH FT.	Au ppb	Ag ppm	
0	30.0	CASING							
30.0	207.0	Black gritty, argillaceous coal; becomes more argillaceous down section; mainly ground and crushed core; much has been washed out; 15% recovery							
		Dip test at 200' = 69°							

APPENDIX B

Geochemical Analysis Report
Bondar Clegg/Inchcape Testing Services

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01510.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 26-SEP-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM
D2 96-1-1 38-43		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-41 220-222		21	0.3
D2 96-1-2 43-48		10	<0.1	D2 96-1-42 222-227		20	<0.1
D2 96-1-3 48-54		5	<0.1	D2 96-1-43 227-230		17	<0.1
D2 96-1-4 54-57		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-44 230-233		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-5 57-62		<5	0.2	D2 96-1-45 233-238		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-6 62-67		<5	0.2	D2 96-1-46 238-243		7	<0.1
D2 96-1-7 67-72		<5	0.1	D2 96-1-47 243-248		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-8 72-75		6	<0.1	D2 96-1-48 248-253		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-9 75-82		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-49 253-255		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-10 82-85		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-50 255-260		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-11 85-89		<5	0.2	D2 96-1-51 260-265		6	<0.1
D2 96-1-12 89-95		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-52 265-270		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-13 95-100		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-53 270-275		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-14 100-105		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-54 275-280		6	<0.1
D2 96-1-15 105-110		6	<0.1	D2 96-1-55 280-285		30	<0.1
D2 96-1-16 110-115.5		10	<0.1	D2 96-1-56 285-290		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-17 115.5-120		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-57 290-295		6	<0.1
D2 96-1-18 120-125		<5	<0.1	D2 96-1-58 295-300		<5	0.1
D2 96-1-19 125-130		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-1 31-41		10	0.2
D2 96-1-20 130-135		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-2 41-51		11	<0.1
D2 96-1-21 135-140		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-3 51-61		9	<0.1
D2 96-1-22 140-142		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-4 61-71		12	<0.1
D2 96-1-23 142-147		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-5 71-81		13	<0.1
D2 96-1-24 147-152		<5	0.2	D2 96-2-6 81-86		5	<0.1
D2 96-1-25 152-156		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-7 86-91		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-26 156-160		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-8 91-96		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-27 160-163		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-9 96-106		6	<0.1
D2 96-1-28 163-168		9	0.3	D2 96-2-10 106-116		9	<0.1
D2 96-1-29 168-172		23	<0.1	D2 96-2-11 116-126		11	<0.1
D2 96-1-30 172-174		31	0.2	D2 96-2-12 126-132		7	0.2
D2 96-1-31 174-179		8	<0.1	D2 96-2-13 132-137		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-32 179-184		<5	0.2	D2 96-2-14 137-147		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-33 184-190		<5	<0.1	D2 96-2-15 147-152		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-34 190-192		15	<0.1	D2 96-2-16 152-157		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-35 192-197		5	<0.1	D2 96-2-17 164-171		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-36 197-202		<5	0.2	D2 96-2-18 171-173		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-37 202-207		7	0.2	D2 96-2-19 173-178		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-38 207-212		7	<0.1	D2 96-2-20 178-183		<5	<0.1
D2 96-1-39 212-217		9	<0.1	D2 96-2-21 183-188		<5	0.2
D2 96-1-40 217-220		<5	0.2	D2 96-2-22 188-193		10	0.3

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

Bondar Clegg
Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical
Lab
Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC. PROJECT: 95072
REPORT: V96-01510.0 (COMPLETE) DATE PRINTED: 26-SEP-96 PAGE 2

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM
D2 96-2-23 193-197.5		31	0.4
D2 96-2-24 197.5-205		17	0.8
D2 96-2-25 205-211.5		<5	0.2
D2 96-2-26 211.5-217		13	0.3
D2 96-2-27 217-222		30	0.4
D2 96-2-28 222-227		10	0.5
D2 96-2-29 227-232		96	0.2
D2 96-2-30 232-237		65	<0.1
D2 96-2-31 237-247		18	0.8

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.
130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada
Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071

CHAUNCEY ASSAY LABORATORIES LTD.

33 Chauncey Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8Z 2Z2
Tel: (416) 239-3527 FAX: (416) 239-4012

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

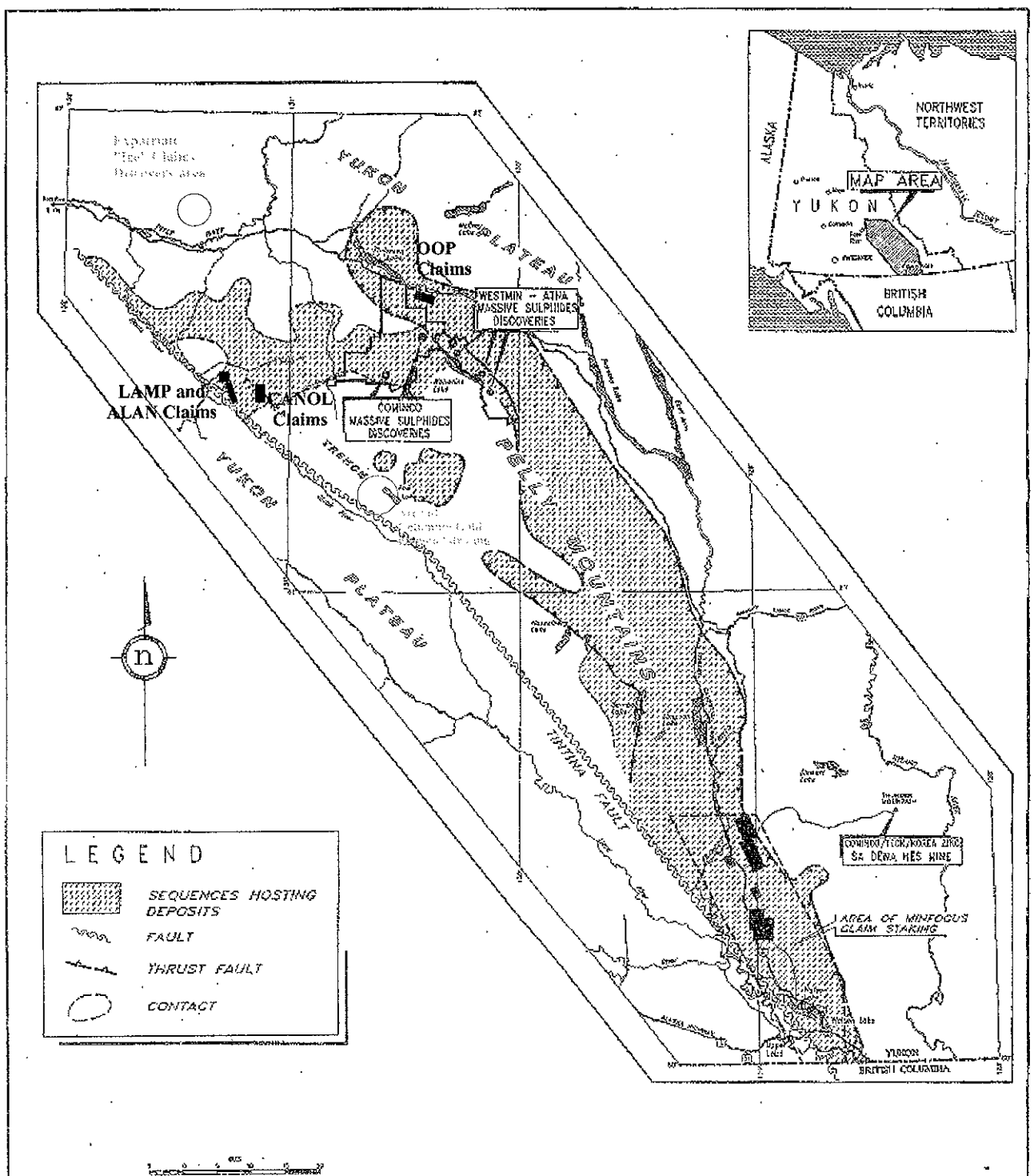
RECEIVED FROM: GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED DATE: SEPTEMBER 6, 1996

REPORT NO.: MI-3705 SAMPLES OF: ROCK

DATE RECEIVED: SEPTEMBER 5, 1996 ATTENTION: LORRAINE

SAMPLE NO:	Au PPM	Ag PPM	As PPM
85-89	.03	.5	<.1
100-105	.01	1.0	<.1
160-163	.03	.5	<.1
163-172	.01	.5	2.2
220-222	.01	1.0	2.5

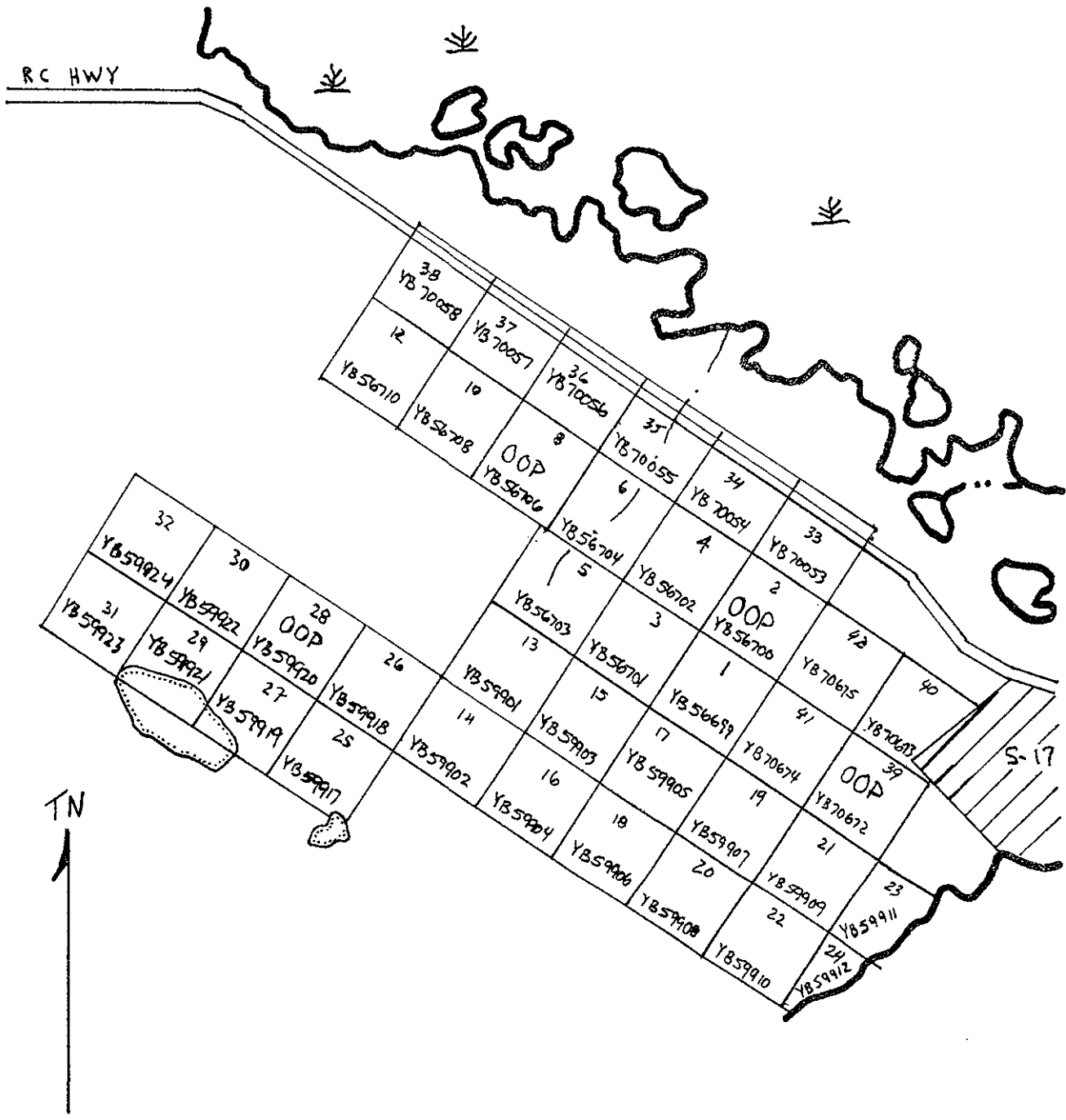
J van Engelen Mgr.



GENERAL LOCATION OF THE OOP CLAIMS IN THE WOLVERINE LAKE AREA, YUKON

Figure 1

Minfocus International Inc. **October 1996**



OOP CLAIMS PLAN
MODIFIED FROM
CLAIM MAP 105/G9

Scale: 1:63,360 Figure 2

Minfocus International Inc. **October 1996**

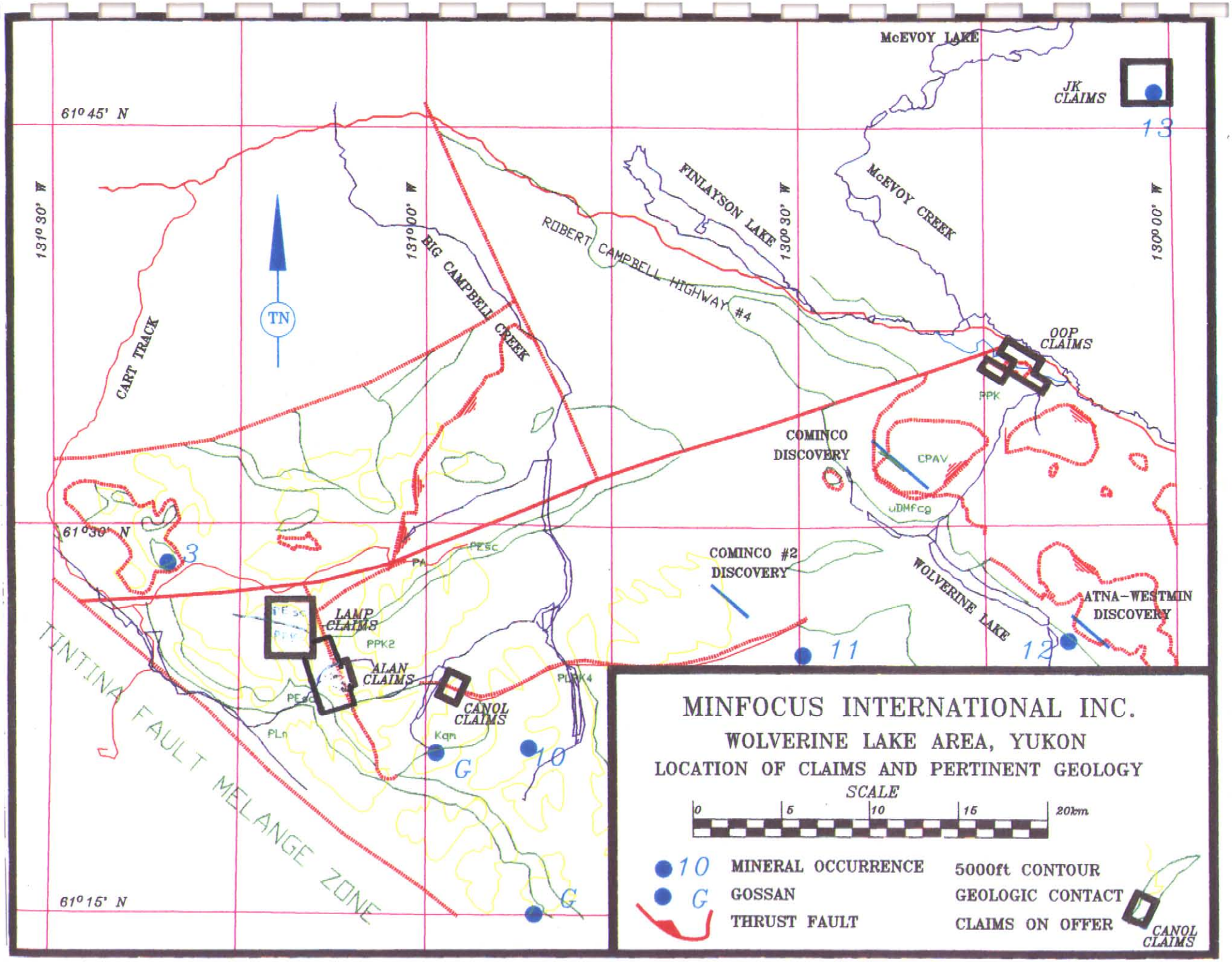
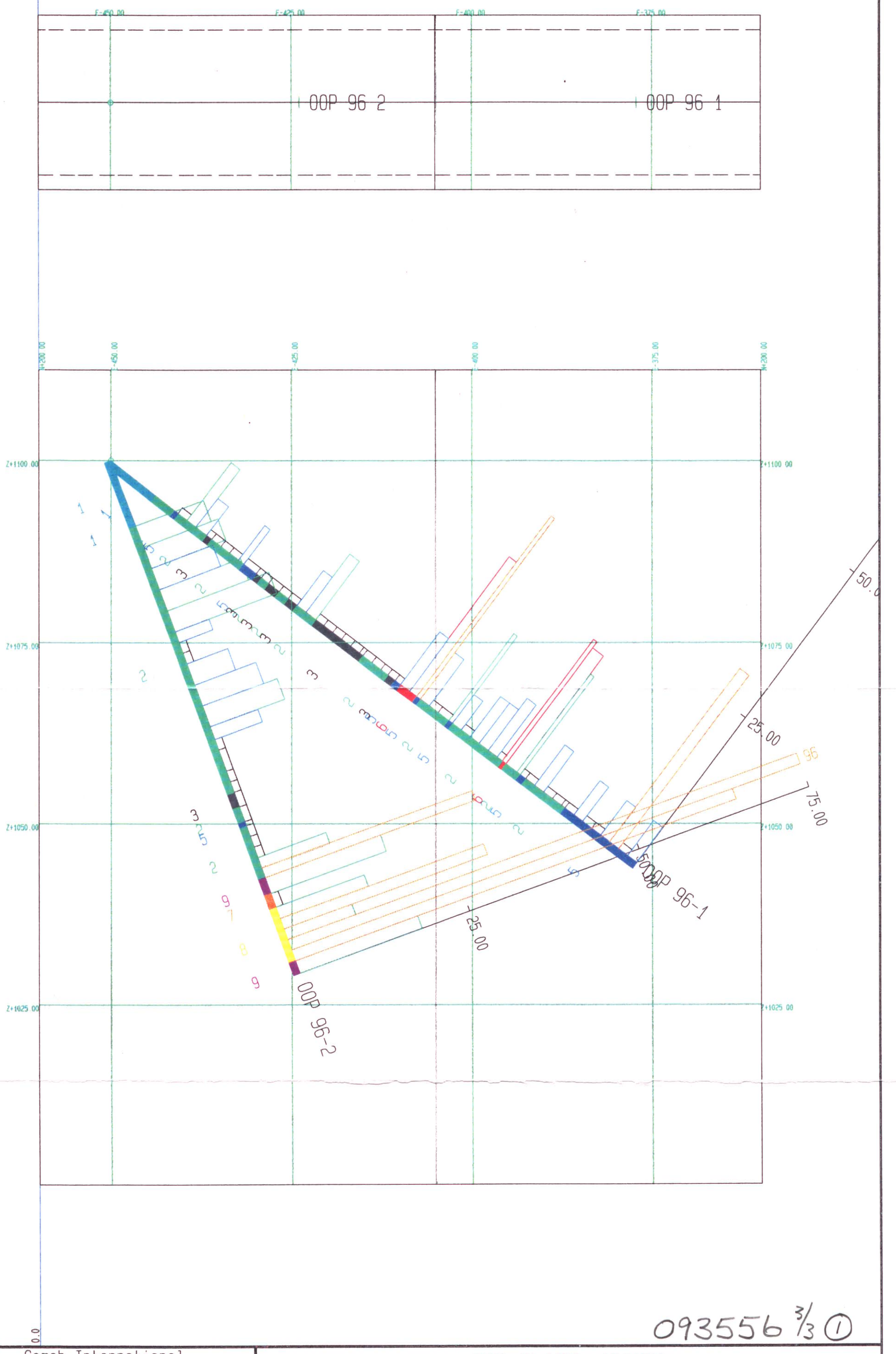
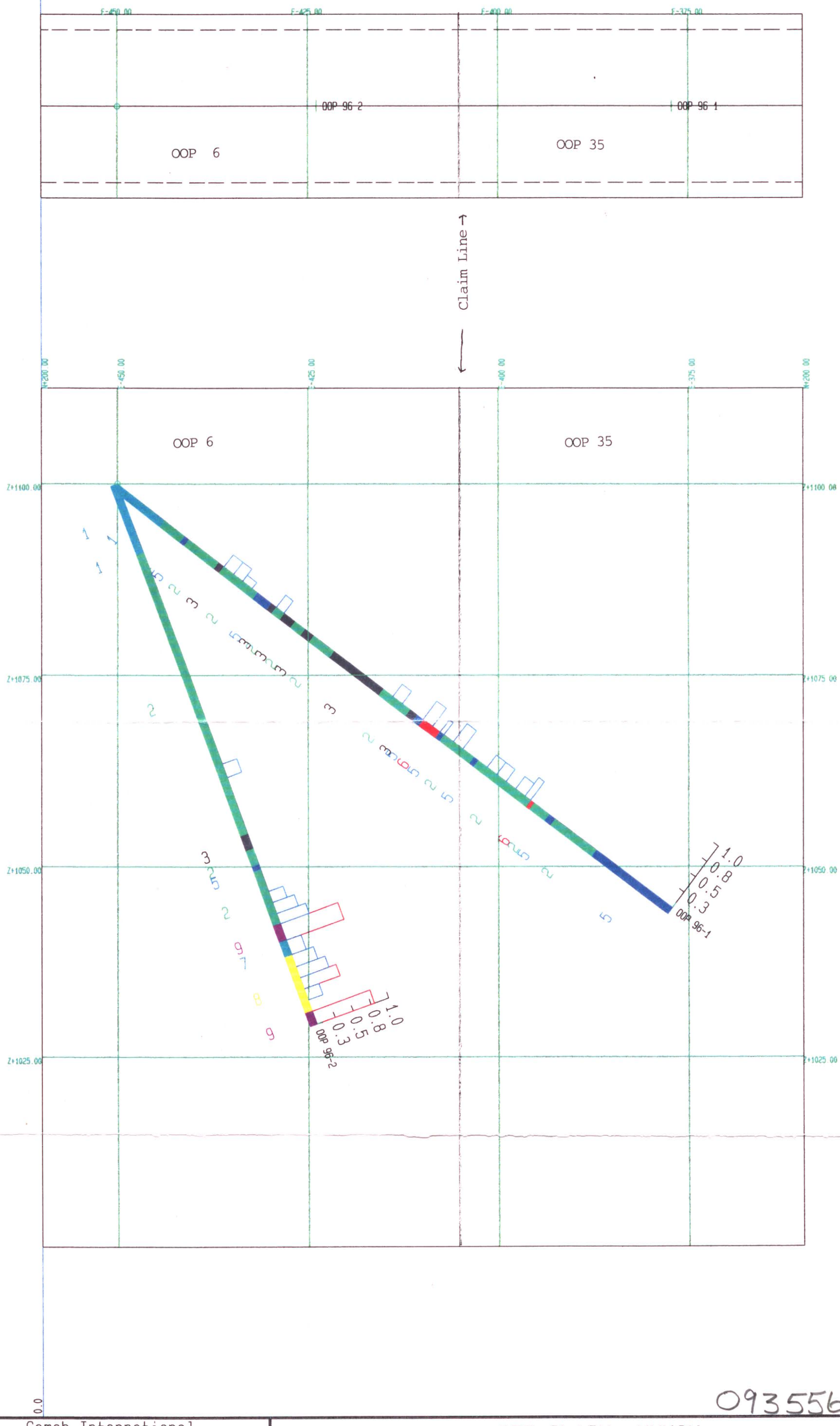

McEVOY LAKE
JK CLAIMS
13
61°45' N
131°30' W
131°00' W
130°30' W
130°00' W
FINLAYSON LAKE
McEVOY CREEK
ROBERT CAMPBELL HIGHWAY #4
BIG CAMPBELL CREEK
CART TRACK
TN
OOP CLAIMS
PPK
COMINCO DISCOVERY
CPAV
uDMfcg
61°30' N
3
PEsc
COMINCO #2 DISCOVERY
WOLVERINE LAKE
ATNA-WESTMIN DISCOVERY
LAMP CLAIMS
PPK2
ALAN CLAIMS
PPK4
CANOL CLAIMS
Kqm
11
12
10
G
TINTINA FAULT MELANGE ZONE
61°15' N
MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
WOLVERINE LAKE AREA, YUKON
LOCATION OF CLAIMS AND PERTINENT GEOLOGY
SCALE
0
5
10
15
20km
10 MINERAL OCCURRENCE
G GOSSAN
THRUST FAULT
5000ft CONTOUR
GEOLOGIC CONTACT
CLAIMS ON OFFER
CANOL CLAIMS

Figure 3



093556 3/3 (1)

Gamah International 1243 Islington Avenue Toronto, Ontario M8K 1Y9	OOP CLAIM, YUKON SECTION VIEW OF DDH 96-1 & DDH 96-2 (gold assays in ppb with geology) Fig. 4
DATE: 10/04/96 TIME: 09:46:52	
SCALE (HOR) 1:500 SCALE (VERT) 1:500	



093556 3/3 (2)

Gamah International 1243 Islington Avenue Toronto, Ontario M8K 1Y9	OOP CLAIM, YUKON SECTION VIEW OF DDH 96-1 & DDH 96-2 (silver assays in ppm with geology) Fig. 5
DATE: 10/04/96 TIME: 10:52:56	
SCALE (HOR) 1:500 SCALE (VERT) 1:500	

300.0 N

OOP 96-2A

GRID NORTH

TN

30°

CLAIM OOP 6

CLAIM OOP 35

250.0 N

200.0 N

OOP 96-2

OOP 96-1

150.0 N

OOP 96-3

-450.0 W

-400.0 W

Gamah International 1243 Islington Avenue Toronto, Ontario M8K 1Y9	PLAN OF OOP DIAMOND DRILL HOLES OOP 96-1, 2, 3 & 4 Fig. 6
DATE: 10/10/96 TIME: 09:35:29	093556 3/3 (3)
SCALE (HOR) 1:500 SCALE (VERT) 1:500	