

**REPORT ON GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS
AND DIAMOND DRILLING**

on

GMS GROUP OF CLAIMS

WATSON LAKE MINING DIVISION

NTS 105/A2, 105/A6 AND 105/A7

YUKON TERRITORY

for

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

60° 15' N
129° 00' W

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6th August 1996



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1 SUMMARY

Airborne magnetic and electromagnetic surveys and ground gravity surveys in 1980 - 1983, followed up by a ground Max-Min EM survey in 1990, indicated a conductor recommended for drill testing on the GMS claims. In late 1995 and early 1996 the claim block was surveyed with ground magnetics and VLF-EM and a search made for the earlier established grid to allow location of conductors and suitable drill targets. In 1995-96, 18 lines were cut and flagged for a total of 19,385m, of which 16,185m in 16 lines were surveyed by VLF-EM, then three were resurveyed by VLF-EM using a different frequency station signal. Magnetometer surveying covered 8,275m along 10 of the new lines and one line was resurveyed. A total of 398m of diamond drilling in 3 holes was completed in March - April 1996. After logging, core was sampled and assayed. No economic mineralization was discovered.

2 INTRODUCTION

Winters are long and bitter in Yukon but unlike the Northwest Territories, there is some respite from the weather when a Chinook blows in as was the case in March 1996, when the temperatures warmed up sufficiently around Watson lake, Yukon, where the property is located, for an adequate water supply to be established to allow this drilling to be undertaken. Winter was selected as the preferred time for drilling so that access to the drill sites would be over snow and frozen ground and therefore problems of crossing and damaging wetland areas would not be an issue.

There are power, utilities, and a serviced airport at the town of Watson Lake, 28km by a good all-season dirt road, the Robert Campbell Highway, to the southeast of the GMS Claims. Watson Lake in turn is connected by the paved Alaska highway to Fort Nelson, B.C. (520km) and Whitehorse, Y.T. (450km)

Field operations were headquartered in Watson Lake as it has accommodation, communications and all consumables likely to be needed could be obtained there. Apart from the community, the area is largely uninhabited.

3 PROPERTY AND LOCATION

The property comprises 52 contiguous claims, GMS 1-15 and 17-21 and TOM 1-32. The GMS claims are immediately east of the Robert Campbell Highway from 27 to 32km north from Watson Lake. They straddle the boundaries of 1:50,000 topographic and claim map sheets NTS 105/A2, 16 and A7, with the majority of the property being on A2 and A7. The TOM claims lie immediately west of the GMS claims.

Access is excellent along the Robert Campbell Highway, which is paved for the first 10 kilometres north from Watson Lake and thereafter a well maintained, all weather, gravel topped road. Kilometre marker posts are located at most individual kilometre distances. See Figures 1 and 2.

Details of record numbers and anniversary dates of the claims are given in Table 1 and 2. The GMS claims are all registered in the name of Glimmer Resources Inc. In October 1995, Glimmer Resources Inc. and Minfocus International Inc. entered an agreement whereby Minfocus, by making certain expenditures on the GMS Claims property could earn a joint venture interest in the property. The work

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described in this report has been undertaken by Minfocus in partial fulfilment of the agreement conditions.

Table 1. Summary of GMS Claims Information

Claim Name	Grant Number	Registered Owner	Anniversary Date	NTS (Claim Sheet #)
GMS 1	YB15898	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 2	YB15899	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 3	YB15900	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 4	YB15901	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 5	YB15902	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 6	YB15903	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 7	YB15904	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 8	YB15905	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02 & A-07
GMS 9	YB15906	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02 & A-07
GMS 10	YB15907	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-07
GMS 11	YB15908	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-07
GMS 12	YB15909	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-07
GMS 13	YB15910	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-07
GMS 14	YB15911	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-07
GMS 15	YB15912	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-07
GMS 17	YB15837	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02
GMS 18	YB15838	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-02, A-06 & A-07
GMS 19	YB15839	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-06 & A-07
GMS 20	YB15840	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-06 & A-07
GMS 21	YB15841	Glimmer Resources Inc.	96/08/11	105-A-06 & A-07

After agreement was reached between Glimmer Resources Inc. and Minfocus International Inc., Minfocus arranged for the staking of an additional 32 claims, the TOM #1 - 32 claims, contiguous with and to the west of the GMS claims as geophysical evidence suggested a west dip to the conductive target. Details of the TOM claims are given in Table 2. The registration date of the TOM claims is in December 1995 and apart from one day of geophysical work undertaken in October 1995, all other work described in this report was undertaken after January 15th 1996.

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Table 2. Summary of TOM Claims Information

Claim Name	Grant Number	Registered Owner	Anniversary Date	NTS (Claim Sheet #)
TOM 1	YB71276	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 2	YB71277	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 3	YB71278	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 4	YB71279	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 5	YB71280	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 6	YB71281	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 7	YB71282	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 8	YB71283	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 9	YB71284	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-06
TOM 10	YB71285	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03 105-A-06
TOM 11	YB71286	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02 105-A-03
TOM 12	YB71287	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03
TOM 13	YB71288	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02 105-A-03
TOM 14	YB71289	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03
TOM 15	YB71290	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02 105-A-03
TOM 16	YB71291	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03
TOM 17	YB71292	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02 105-A-03
TOM 18	YB71293	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03
TOM 19	YB71294	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02 105-A-03
TOM 20	YB71295	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03
TOM 21	YB71296	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02 105-A-03
TOM 22	YB71297	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-03
TOM 23	YB71298	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 24	YB71299	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 25	YB71300	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 26	YB71301	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 27	YB71302	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 28	YB71303	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 29	YB71304	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 30	YB71305	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 31	YB71306	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02
TOM 32	YB71307	Minfocus International Incorporated	96/12/14	105-A-02

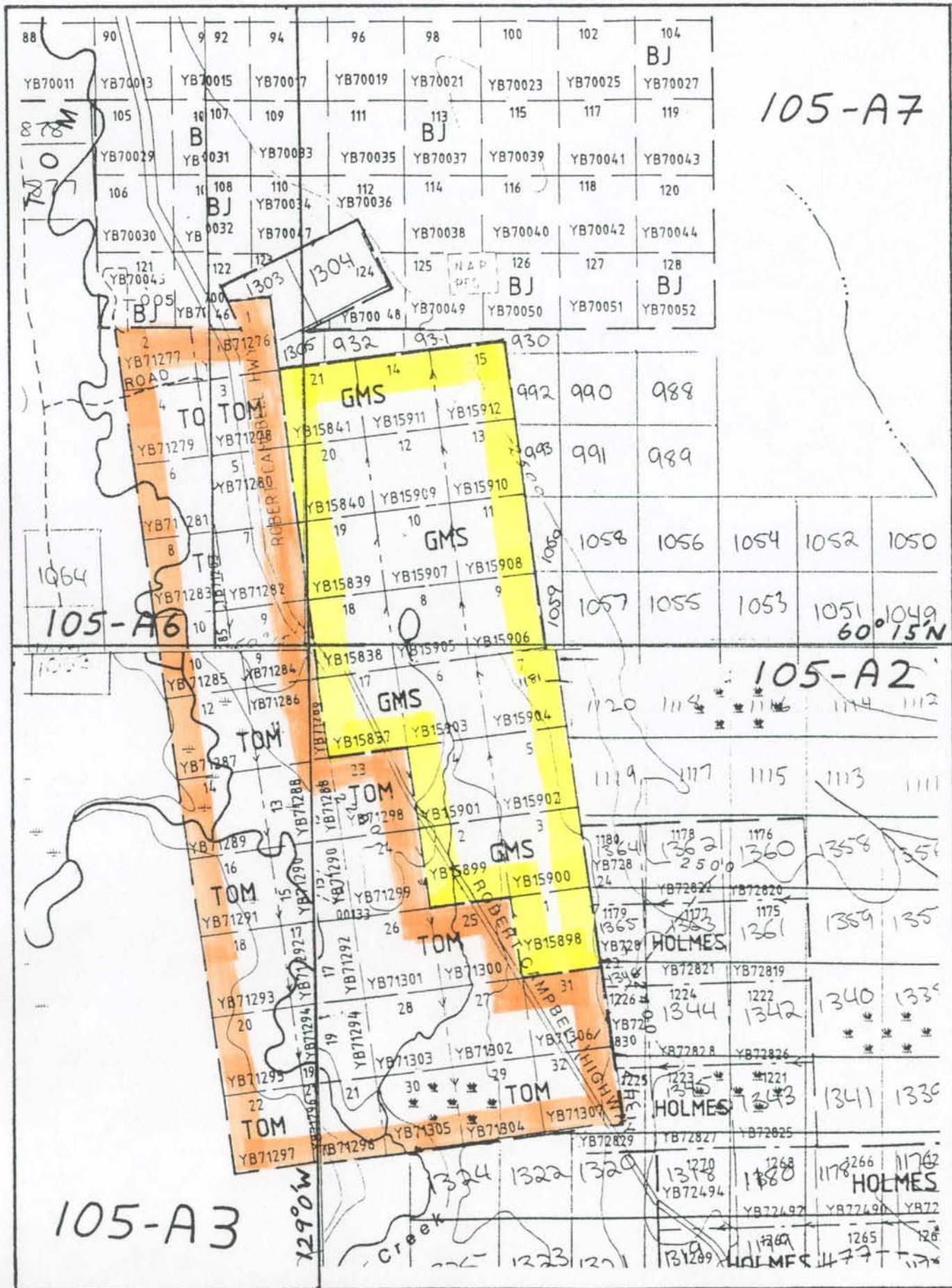


Fig. 2. GMS & TOM Claims Plan, extracted from Claim Maps 105-A2, A3, A6 and A7

4 PREVIOUS WORK

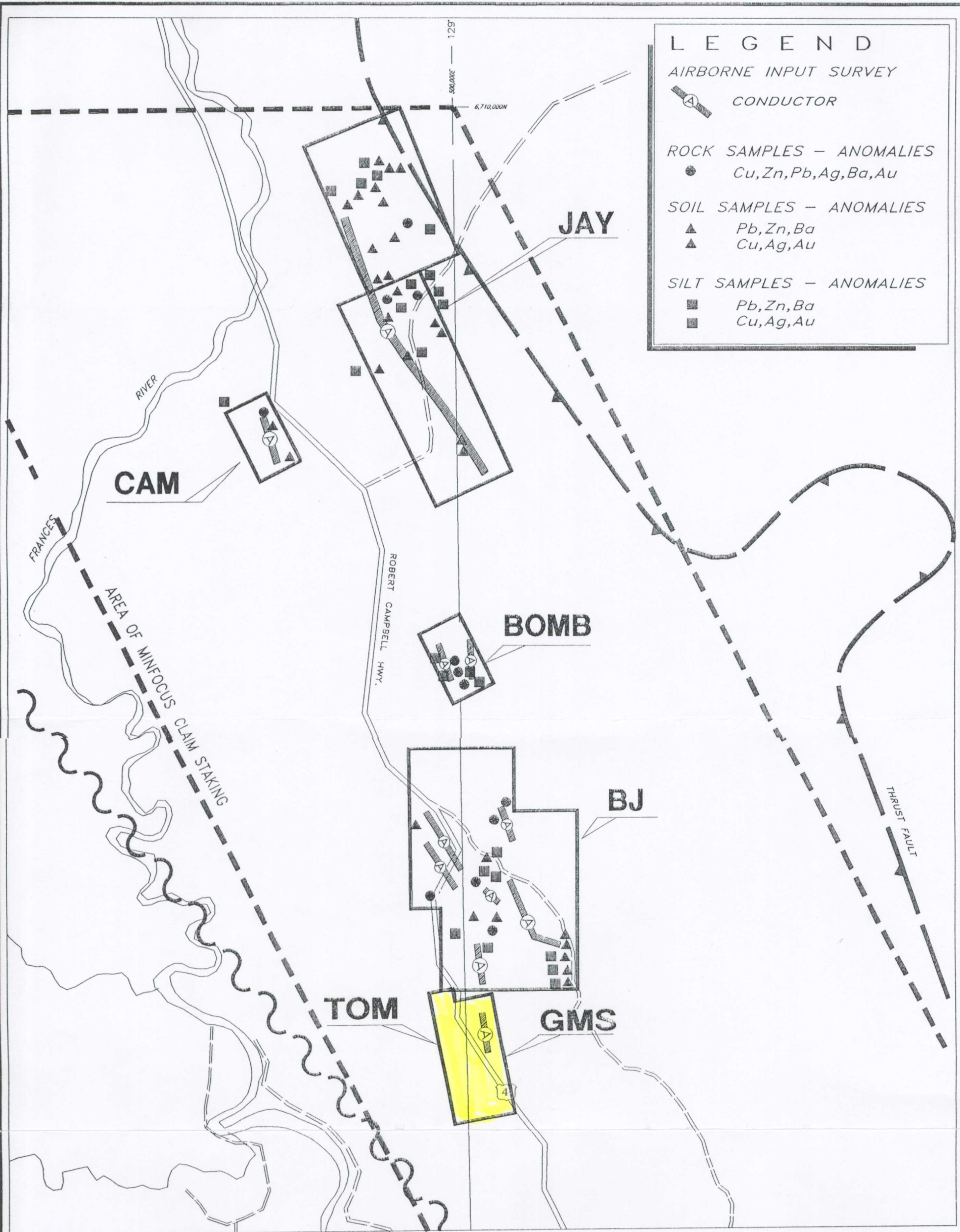
Attention was drawn to this area and the property first staked to protect geophysical conductors revealed during an extensive investigation in 1981, when an airborne Questor Mark VI Input survey was flown regionally; 1982, when geochemical and some scattered ground based Shootback EM, VLF-EM, magnetometer, gravity geophysical surveys were completed. In 1990 a Max-Min EM ground survey was done. This latest survey by Kent (1990) indicates a strong electromagnetic anomaly, suggestive to the author of massive to nearly massive sulphides, dipping about 60 degrees to the west, at a depth of 150 feet (45m). The map which accompanies the report shows the survey to have been on approximately east-west lines spaced at 400 foot intervals, with the strongest portion of the anomaly to be on line 28N in the case of the 444 mega Hertz response and on Line 24N for the 1777 mega Hertz frequency response. It should be noted that there is a gap in line coverage from immediately north of 28N to 37N due to the presence of a pond. The survey did not define the full length of the conductor. The grid is keyed in to Kilometre 28 Post on the Highway. (*The map is stated as having a scale of 1" = 100" but all other labelling on the map suggests a scale of 1" = 200', which latter has been assumed to be the case in this report*)

Comparison of the plotted position of the 1981 airborne Input EM anomaly with the gravity anomaly and the 1990 Max-Min anomaly does not indicate perfect coincidence of each of the conductors and anomalies. The Max-Min anomaly is apparently slightly to the west of the airborne and gravity features. Figure 3 gives a summary of the position of various conductors and anomalies detected during the surveys and protected by claims of Glimmer Resources Inc. and Minfocus International Inc.

5 SUMMARY OF WORK COMPLETED IN 1995/96 PROGRAM

After a single day visit in fall 1995, when a short ground VLF-EM traverse was made, the existing airborne and ground geophysical maps of the claims were studied, prior to a March-April survey with ground VLF-EM and Magnetometer units, aimed at relocating the previously indicated conductors, and to choose drill targets. Using the Robert Campbell Highway as baseline, traverse lines at 400m intervals were cut, blazed and flagged every 50m. These were tied in by GPS ("Global Positioning System" a satellite based navigation system available in small handheld instruments) at endpoints, or as dictated by local geography. Where circumstances demanded, and as time allowed, certain infill lines at 200m intervals were flagged, again at 50m intervals. During the course of this grid establishment several of the old lines dating from the 1990 survey were discovered; and in one case (28N) legible pickets; and tied in to the new grid which is oriented with a 25° angular offset (Old Grid lines are oriented on a true bearing of 085° and the New Grid lines are oriented at 060°). Total length of lines cut, blazed and flagged was 19,385 metres in 18 lines. Of these, 16 lines (16,185m) were surveyed with VLF-EM and 3 then resurveyed (3,200m) using different stations for the VLF-EM. Ten lines (8,275m) were surveyed by magnetometer and 1 line (500m) resurveyed by magnetometer to attempt to get better results.

Lines in the new grid are numbered according to the distance from Watson Lake of the start point of the line on the Robert Campbell Highway, using the 28km beacon as base. Hence, line 29200N starts from the highway at a point 1,200m north of the 28km beacon; i.e. 29.2km from Watson Lake. Line 27450N starts from the highway at a point 550m south of the 28km beacon; i.e. 27.45km from Watson Lake.



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CONDUCTORS AND ANOMALIES



Figure 3

Some discrepancies occur - for example, certain lines cross, and certain lines, put in from east to west, are numbered according to where they were expected to connect to the highway, not according to where they actually connected.

The geophysical work was designed to confirm and relocate the previous geophysical surveys and on the basis thereof, to site diamond drill holes to investigate the nature of the conductors indicated. Three diamond drill holes, totalling 398m were completed in April of 1996.

Dr. Gerald Harper, President of Minfocus International Inc. of Toronto, Ontario, was overall project manager and administrator while field work was undertaken by consulting geologist Dr. Adrian Mann of Ruthrie Enterprises Ltd. of Calgary, Alberta. He was assisted in geophysical surveys by Mr. M. Mann, also of Calgary, Alberta, and personnel of Thronduik Engineering & Consulting of Watson Lake, Yukon after they had completed line cutting, blazing and flagging.

Drill site access trail construction and diamond drilling were undertaken by D J Drilling Ltd. of Watson lake, Yukon. Trail clean up after completion of drilling was undertaken by George Millen of Watson Lake, Yukon. Analyses of drill core samples were performed by CanTech Laboratories of Alberta, Chauncey Assay Laboratories Ltd. and X-Ray Assay Laboratories, both of Toronto, Ontario. Drill core is presently stored at the D J Drilling Ltd. yard in Watson Lake, Yukon.

6 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Geological Survey of Canada mapped the area in 1966 (Gabielse, 1966), which map is published as a 1:250,000 scale black line print, without accompanying memoir. He interpreted the area to be underlain by sedimentary rocks of Mississippian and/or Devonian age, although he did show considerable areas in the vicinity of Watson Lake to be obscured by recent cover. The extent of Pleistocene and recent cover is attested to by Klassen and Morison (1981) who mapped the surficial geology. Subsequent work to the north suggested that the age of the rocks was more likely to be Pennsylvanian to Permian and that the this assemblage formed part of an allocthonous package thrust on top of older rocks from the west. A Geological Compilation Map of the southeastern Yukon, compiled by H. Gabielse, D.H. Tempelman-Kluit, S.L. Blusson, and R.B. Campbell (1977) at a scale of 1:1,000,000 reflects the most recent interpretation and age relationships. Figure 1 includes a summary outline of the major geologic elements taken from Gabielse et al (1977) map.

Figure 1 also shows the important mineral deposits known in the district. Further to the northwest are the several lead, zinc, silver deposits of the Faro district which have been described by Jennings and Jilson (1983) and the Ketz River gold deposit which was in production in the late 1980s. Immediately to the south in northern British Columbia is the Midway lead, zinc, silver deposit of Regional Resources, which has been bulk sampled by underground development but not yet committed to production.

7 GEOPHYSICAL WORK

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY - Methodology

This survey used a Scintrex Mark II proton magnetometer. Readings were taken at 2.5m above snow level ($\pm 4.0\text{m}$ total above ground level) in duplicate or triplicate at 10m or 25m intervals along the flagged lines. Where rapid rates of change with distance were detected, the interval was cut to 5m, and traverse direction was reversed temporarily to repeat a portion of the line. When fluctuations of readings occurred in one location, the readings were repeated until a ± 3 gamma reproducibility was achieved. When this was not achieved in 10 repetitions, the magnetometer traverse was abandoned, for repetition on another day. As a matter of course, repeat readings were taken at 1 minute intervals at roughly 500m intervals, to check for diurnal fluctuations. Where practical, traverses were "jimmy" closed, by merely returning to one or more points near start of the traverse at a later time of day. No second magnetometer, as base station, was used.

Although purists may frown at the methodology, the intent of the survey was not to provide absolute data, but rather to hone in on existing data of high quality, and thereby to choose the best drilling target.

Corrected magnetic values were plotted in profiles for each line in conjunction with the electromagnetic results and are appended as a series of pseudo sections at the rear of this report (Appendix A) for lines:

27200N	27450N	27650N	27800N
28000N	28000N(Repeat)	28200N	28350N
28350N(Repeat)	28600N28800N	29000N	29200N
29200N(Repeat)	29600N30000N	30400N	30800N
Glimmer Line 24N			

These lines extend over all GMS claims except GMS #15 and also cover parts of TOM claims #5,7,9,23,25 and 31.

MAGNETOMETER SURVEY - Results

The Magnetometer survey gave very little useful data, or in other words, generally reflected an environment of very low magnetic relief which provided little information with which to build a case to support electromagnetically indicated conductive drill targets. Line 27200N shows a sharp rise in values some 50 metres east of the Robert Campbell Highway, which was interpreted in the field as being indicative of sharply rising basement, perhaps against a fault. However, neither the 27450N nor the 27650N lines, which are close to, or cross, this line show a like change; and a similar profile is lacking in all other lines surveyed. Line 29200N shows a gentle increase in total field from 300m to 750m east of the highway, then an equally gentle decrease by the 1000m line interval; no conclusions could be reached about the significance or otherwise of this feature.

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ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY - Methodology

Using a Ronka EM-16, readings were taken at 10m or 25m intervals along the flagged lines. Where rapid rates of change occurred, the interval was cut to 5m. In the initial stages of the survey, Jim Creek, Seattle (NPG - 18600Hz) was chosen as source, but difficulties in obtaining precision with the In phase signal engendered a switch, first to Cutler, Maine (NAA - 17800Hz) and later to Honolulu, Hawaii (NPM - 23400Hz). This last proved to be the most consistent station, allowing repetition not only on In Phase readings, but also in Quadrature.

On occasion, readings proved impossible, either through atmospheric, or because there was too broad a range for a minimum to be accurately pinpointed.

The lines surveyed, with the Very Low Frequency Transmitting Station Signal used are:

27200N - Hawaii	27450N - Cutler Maine	27650N - Cutler Maine
27800N - Hawaii	28000N - Cutler Maine	28000N(Repeat) - Jim Ck
28200N - Hawaii	28350N - Cutler Maine	28350N(Repeat) - Hawaii
28600N - Hawaii	28800N - Hawaii	29000N - Hawaii
29200N - Hawaii	29200N(Repeat) - Hawaii	29600N - Hawaii
30000N - Hawaii	30400N - Hawaii	30800N - Hawaii
Glimmer Line 24N - Hawaii		

On the Glimmer Line 24N the results of the 1990 Max-Min two frequency surveys are plotted for comparison with the VLF-EM response.

In Figure 4 all conductors and drill hole collar locations are plotted in plan. In Figures 5 and 6, the sections through each of the deeper drill holes, the geophysical pseudo sections have been superimposed.

ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY - Results

Line 27200N shows no crossover, save at the start of the traverse, on the road.

Line 27450N shows a poor crossover feature, which might represent a weak conductor, at 215m east of the highway, and another weak feature at 260m.

Line 27650N shows weak crossovers at 340 and 390m east of the highway, and a rather stronger feature from 450 to 475m (conductor A). This feature appears to strengthen towards the north in other lines, and was chosen as first drill target because of this northward strengthening. The hole was sited on 27650N line because this falls within a small test clearcut logging area, so minimal disruption of the environment would be caused.

Line 27800N follows the trail pushed through the black spruce for the drill contractors' water pipeline. It starts at the pumphouse on Robert Campbell Highway, and meanders through the trees to end at DDH

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96-1 drill site. A poorly defined crossover at 35m and another at 165m east of the road may be related to real conductors, but the presence of muskeg suggests that they are merely surface manifestations.

On Cutler station, line 28000N shows invert crossovers at 140 and 245m, 460 to 480, 510, 750 and 790m probably related to shallow conductivity in the muskeg. At 70, and again at 310m, there are more classical features, indicating strong conductors at depth. Questionable features occur at 825, 900, 950 and 985m. In an effort to elucidate which features were the more dominant, the line was resurveyed using Jim Creek, Washington. The result was startlingly different. A clear crossover occurs at 580m east of the highway, another at 740m, with a flutter between, giving apparent crossovers at 645 and 720m. The interpretation is of one body, perhaps 180m in thickness in a horizontal sense, with conductive zones on the east (740m) and west (580m) contacts. This seems to correlate with Conductor A, of line 27650N.

Conductor A is manifest also in Line 28200N at 670 and 720m, with invert crossovers at 365 and 415m.

Line 28350N was traversed using Cutler Station, then repeated using Hawaii. With the former, crossovers occur at 400 and 525m. Although the In-Phase curve on Hawaii station follows the same general profile trend, it lacks the cross over. This suggests that if there is a conductor at this position then it has an orientation that is responsive to the Cutler direction but blind to Hawaii. While a conductor at this location would correlate with Conductor A, noted further south, it does not have the strength of the southern expression.

Line 28600N, traversed using the Hawaii station, shows no features in the east, but has a sequence of poor, possibly muskeg-related inverse crossovers at 270, 380, 420 to 470, 550 and 580m east of the road. The 420-470m crossover may correlate with Conductor A.

The data on 28800N from the road to 550m east is very poor, as it was very difficult to establish a clear definition of minima on the In-Phase readings. No crossovers are interpreted.

Line 29000N shows a crossover between 120 and 160 east, with a reversion at 245m, another crossover at 345m, then no firm features until 1250m, although hints, perhaps related to muskeg, occur at 1025, 1050, and again at 1300, 1335. A positive feature occurs at 1365m east of the road.

Line 29200N, run at 10m intervals tuned to Hawaii on the same day as the problematic survey of Line 28800N, suffered from the same difficulty in definition up to 350m east of the road. A clear crossover is indicated at 620m and from 840m, a cross over is followed by a deep In-Phase trough which reaches its deepest point at 875m, with a reversion from 975m to 1000m, where the traverse was terminated. Because of the poor data at traverse start, and in view of the positive feature which was incompletely covered at the east end, the traverse was repeated, still using Hawaii, at 25m intervals, some weeks later. The line was also extended an additional 500 metres eastwards. It should be noted that the "first" crossover is rather more crisply defined at 500m, the nadir of the trough is at 875m, the "second" crossover is less precise at 990 to 1060m, peak In-Phase is at 1180m, and a third crossover begins to suggest itself at 1400 to 1495, which is on the eastern claims boundary.

Line 29600N, again on Hawaii at 25m intervals, repeats these same features as seen in 29200N. A crossover near the road may have some significance. The "first" crossover is again visible at 325-430m,

with the same deep In-Phase trough at 600m, the "second" crossover from 775 to 975, the zenith at 1100m, and the "third" at 1250.

The pattern is less distinct on lines 30000N, 30400N and 30800N, which were all surveyed at 25m intervals. The "first" crossover appears on line 30000N at 430m, reappears at 165m on line 30800N, but is not manifest between the two. The "second" appears on 30000N at 1025m, and on 30400N at 750m, but is not seen in the north. The "third" occurs in the north at 1060m, on 30400N at 1175m, but disappears to the south.

Line 24N, in the Glimmer grid, while obliquely oriented to the present survey lines can be considered as being in the vicinity of present lines 29200N to 29600N. The strong Max-Min EM conductor shown in their 1777Hz and, to a lesser extent, in their 444Hz surveys, was not reflected in the VLF-EM traverse run in the current survey. Rather, there is a hint (at 150m west of the baseline) of the "first" conductor seen on 29200N and 29600N, and there is a definite crossover at 510m east of the baseline, coinciding with the "second" crossover of the same lines. The Max-Min surveys did not extend sufficiently far to the east or west to cross these features.

8 DIAMOND DRILLING - Operational Procedure

Three diamond holes, totalling 398m were drilled on the property during April 1996. Drilling contractor was DJ Drilling of Watson lake, Yukon who provided equipment and crews to drill 24 hours per day. Due to the proximity to the town of Watson lake, no camp was established and each drill shift commuted to and from the drill site. Due to the expected deep overburden that was implied by the terrain it was determined to start each hole using "H" size equipment and then to reduce down to "N" size as appropriate or when forced to do so by drilling conditions. Such an approach provided a fallback in being able to reduce to "B" and even "A" size in the extreme. In the second hole "B" size rods were ultimately resorted to but the other holes were drilled with "H" then "N". Rock conditions for drilling were generally bad with extremely thick overburden, slow penetration rates, broken ground, shattering siliceous chips and excessive diamond drill bit wear. Various muds were tried but none was found to assist progress materially.

The first hole, GMS 96-1, at UTM N6677524, E0501407, was collared oriented at -80° towards 065° (True), was drilled to intersect the hinted southern extension of "Conductor A" on line 27650N at 450E (Fig 3). Overburden, comprising glacial debris, boulders, gravels and clays extended to 34m (hole depth), beneath which is a clearly volcanic sequence of very young rocks, presumably Tertiary, down to 70m, overlying scarcely consolidated claystones, siltstones, sandstones and lignites to 97m. An oligomictic breccia, probably of tectonic origin, with clasts of the overlying sediments to 100m, and clasts of the underlying andesites to 103m, marks the transition from this younger sedimentary zone into much older, indurated, and silica impregnated andesitic lavas. These lavas extended for the balance of the hole depth till technical drilling difficulties forced aborting the hole at 148m.

The second hole, GMS 96-2A, at UTM N6679161, E0500487, was oriented at -75° towards 090° (True) and was drilled to intersect the strong Max-Min anomaly on Glimmer 24N line at 300m east of the baseline. The hole was aborted in claystone at 45m after a cone from the tricorne overburden bit broke off in the hole.

The third hole, GMS 96-2, sited 2m distant from the second, was drilled for the same target as the aborted second hole (Fig 3). It was also oriented at 090° (True)strike and with collar dip of -70°. Overburden of glacial debris, gravels and clays extended to 35m, beneath which are Tertiary sediments, mostly bentonitic claystones (perhaps after felsic pyroclastics?) to 48m, and shales, arkosic arenites, siltstones, carbonaceous shales and interbedded lignites to 130m. A quartz-chert breccia extends from here to the end of hole at 205m, where drilling was abandoned without reaching any feature which would be a satisfactory explanation of the Max-Min anomaly.

The drillhole logs are reproduced in Appendix C. No log was made of GMS 96-2A, because it did not reach bedrock. No section was drawn either as it effectively parallels Hole GMS 96-2. Assay values for gold are listed in parts per billion.

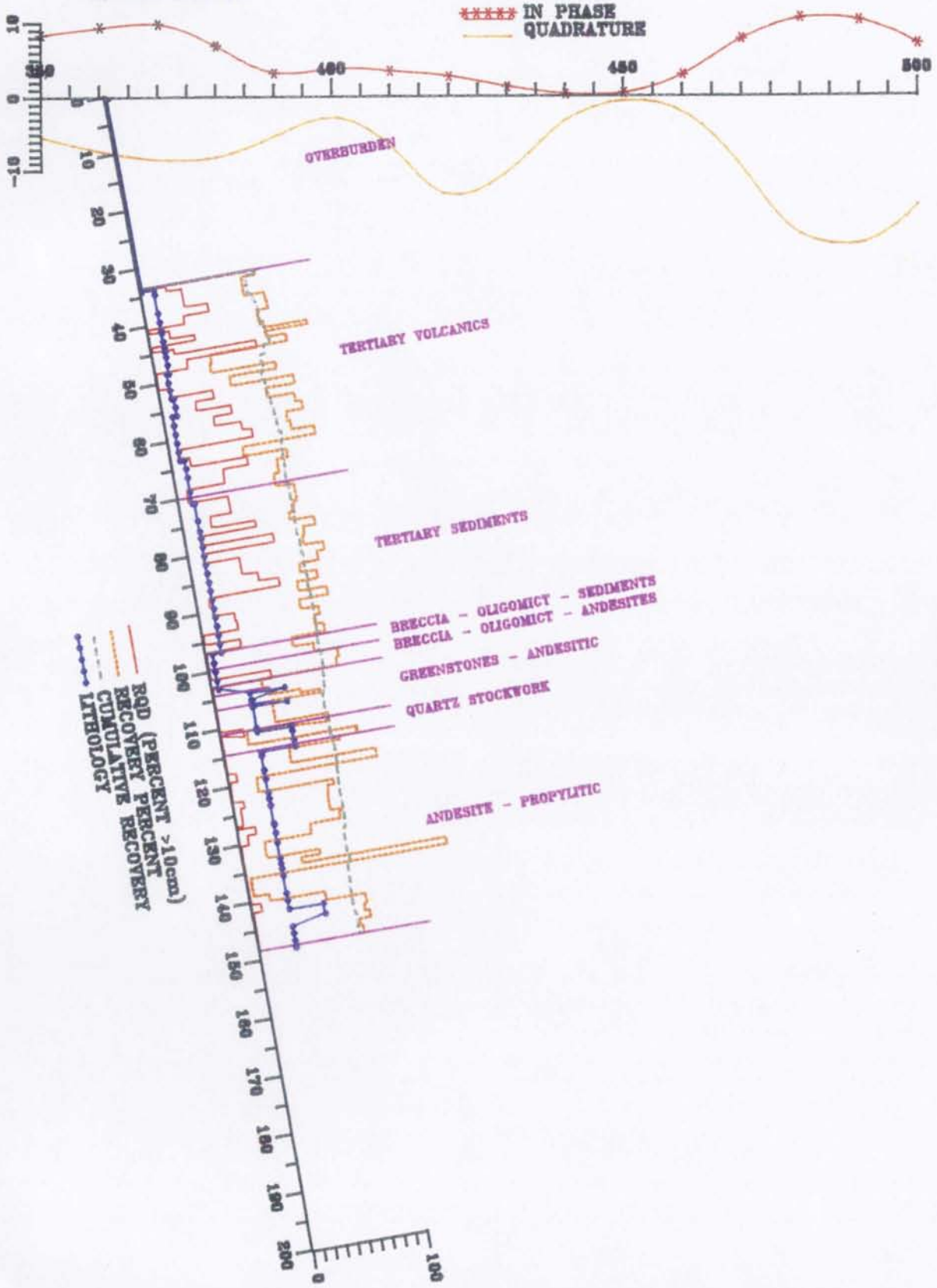
Holes GMS 96-2A and GMS 96-2 are located on Claim GMS #8 and hole GMS 96-1 is located on Claim GMS #1.

DIAMOND DRILLING - Interpretation of Results

Neither hole reached any feature which adequately explains the conductor indicated by the geophysics. Fig 7 is a schematic compilation of the two holes GMS 96-01 and 02, to indicate the interpretation which these two holes require to explain the geology observed. The eastern fault is inferred as an explanation of the conductor. The thick Tertiary sedimentary and volcanic pile is manifest in the holes. The volcanics being more apparent and thicker in the south and east than in the north and west. The inference is that they are localised by the faulting, which also serves as a limiting feature to the graben into which the sediments were deposited.

Although gold values are decidedly subeconomic (see Appendix B for assay results and Appendix C for drill logs showing assayed intervals), the values returned from the Tertiary felsic volcanics and kaolinized arkose, which in itself may be a volcanic, are higher than one would expect for like rock types in an unmineralized environment. Is the fault perhaps a channelway for percolating hydrothermal activity? Is this perhaps a hint of Poulsen's (1996) Carlin type mineralization, which he suggests may be found in the Ketzka River-Pelly Mountains-Cassiar Platform-Midway areas of the Yukon and northern B.C.. Certainly the model seems to fit, and bears further investigation.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK
 DIAMOND DRILL HOLE GMS 98-01 ALONG GMS 27650N LINE
 TOWARDS 065T UNSURVEYED
 -80 UNSURVEYED

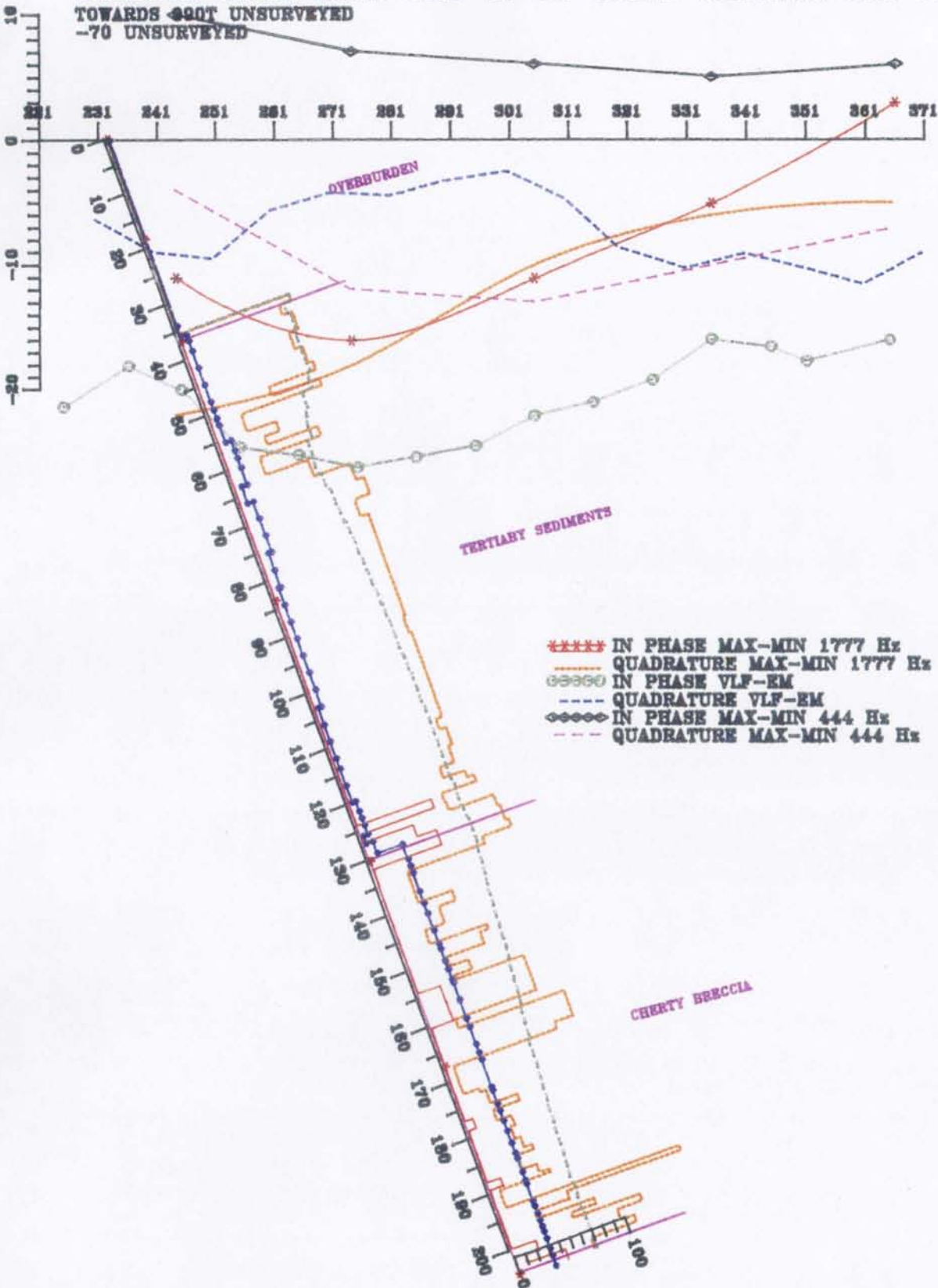


MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Figure 5

GMS CLAIM BLOCK
 DIAMOND DRILL HOLE GMS 96-02 ALONG GLIMMER 24N LINE

TOWARDS 000T UNSURVEYED
 -70 UNSURVEYED



- ***** IN PHASE MAX-MIN 1777 Hz
- QUADRATURE MAX-MIN 1777 Hz
- IN PHASE VLF-EM
- QUADRATURE VLF-EM
- ◆◆◆◆◆ IN PHASE MAX-MIN 444 Hz
- QUADRATURE MAX-MIN 444 Hz

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

Figure 6

WEST

EAST

AIRBORNE
MARK VI
INPUT
ANOMALY

DDH 96-01

DDH 96-02

SURFACE

RECENT GLACIAL DEPOSITS
(OVERBURDEN)

50m

TERTIARY VOLCANICS

50m

100m

TERTIARY SEDIMENTS

100m

150m

RECRYSTALLIZED
FLINTY CHERT
BRECCIA

MESOZOIC
ANDESITES

FEEDER SYSTEM
FOR TERTIARY
VOLCANICS AND
EPITHERMAL
GOLD DEPOSITS

(THRUST ZONE)

200m

SEQUENCE OVERLYING
WOLVERINE AND
KULZAN RAYAH
HIGH GRADE
MASSIVE SULPHIDES

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
GMS CLAIMS, WATSON LAKE, YUKON
SCHEMATIC COMPOSITE SECTION
SHOWING PRELIMINARY INTERPRETATION

SCALE



Figure 7

9 CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS

No economic values were found in the drilling program and the original target concept of a massive sulphide, polymetallic, conductive body is now deemed to be very unlikely to exist for two reasons. Firstly because such was not intersected by the drilling. Secondly the combined depth of overburden and flat lying Tertiary strata was found to be so deep that the ability of geophysics to see massive sulphide type conductors in the favourable host rocks beneath is severely limited. The presence of silicified and brecciated fault or thrust related units suggests that there may be some potential for economic gold mineralization of the Carlin-type. A rather more theoretical study must be done before a model can be developed allowing more precise targets for gold mineralisation can be designated.

10 STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Gerald Harper do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of London with a B.Sc. degree in geology and chemistry in 1965, a B.Sc. Honours degree in Geology in 1966 and a Ph. D. in geology in 1970.
2. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1966.
3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of Ontario, the Society of Economic Geologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining, the Society for Exploration, Mining and Metallurgy, the Geological Society of South Africa and a Fellow of the Geological Society.
4. I am the President of Minfocus International Inc., may be deemed to be its promoter and have instigated the staking by Minfocus International Inc. and the joint venture with Glimmer Resources Inc.
5. I directed and supervised the program of work described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions presented in this report on the basis of field examinations and review of compiled data by me in April and July 1996.

Gerald Harper Ph.D., P.Eng.,
Toronto, Ontario
August 6, 1996

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

I, Adrian Gardiner Mann do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the Universities of London, England and Witwatersrand, South Africa.
2. I hold the degrees of:
 - Ph.D.,
 - M.B.A.
 - B.Sc. (General Honours) in chemistry and geology
 - B.Sc. (Special Geology) (Honours)
3. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1965. My experience was gained in central and southern Africa, south and north America.
4. I am a member in good standing of the Society of Economic Geologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum, Institution Mining and Metallurgy, the Geological Society of South Africa.
5. I am registered in Alberta as a Professional Geologist and in Britain as a Chartered Engineer.
6. This report is a fair and honest reflection of the geology of the claims and their immediate surrounds.
7. The data on which opinions expressed in this report are made is derived from:
 - 1) Examination of the reference material cited
 - 2) Examination of data furnished by the company
 - 3) Field work in October/November 1995 and February-April 1996 when geophysical surveys were run and drilling was supervised and core logged.
8. I have no interest in these properties, nor in Minfocus International Inc., nor do I expect to receive any such interest.

Adrian G. Mann Ph.D., P.Geol.,
Calgary, Alberta
August 6, 1996

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

11 PERSONNEL, CONTRACTORS AND SERVICE AGENCIES EMPLOYED

<u>Name</u>	<u>Affiliation</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Function</u>	<u>Period</u>
Gerald Harper	Minfocus International Inc	Toronto	Overall Supervision report preparation	Oct. 95-Aug. 96
Adrian Mann	Ruthrie Enterprises Ltd.	Calgary	Geological & Geophysical Surveys, core logging & report preparation	Oct. 95-Jul. 96
	D J Drilling Company Ltd.	Watson Lake	Drill access roads construction Diamond drilling	Mar.96-Apr. 96
	Thronduik Engineering and Consulting	Watson Lake	Line cutting and geophysical surveys	Feb. 96-Mar. 96
Michel Mann		Calgary	Geophysical surveys	Feb.96- Mar. 96
George Millen		Watson Lake	Drill road and site rehabilitation	Apr.96-May 96
	Can-Tech Laboratories Inc.	Calgary	Drill core analyses	Apr.96-May 96
	Chauncey Assay Laboratories Ltd.	Toronto	Drill core analyses	Apr.96-May 96
	X-Ray Assay Laboratories	Toronto	Drill core check analyses	Apr.96-May 96
D. Collins	Gamah International Limited	Toronto	Report typing and maps preparation	August 1996
K. S. Harper	Gamah International Limited	Toronto	Report typing and maps preparation	August 1996

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

12 STATEMENT OF COSTS

<u>Item</u>	<u>Details</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Accommodation	Gateway Motel, Watson Lake re G Harper, A.G. Mann and M. Mann field work	\$ 1,441.01
Analyses		\$ 1,019.45
Communications	Telephone, courier and shipping of samples & instruments	\$ 930.94
Diamond Drilling	Contractor payments to D J Drilling for footage drilled, mobilisation, access route preparation, core boxes and consumables, G Millen for access route clean up.	\$64,190.54
Meals	Watson Lake and field	\$ 800.41
Personnel - Geology	Time for A.G. Mann, M Mann and G Harper	\$ 15,064.19
Personnel - Admin	Time for K Harper and D Collins	\$ 62.50
Physical Work	Line cutting time, Thronduik Engineering and Consulting and expenses inc misc field supplies	\$ 4,158.01
Rentals	Vehicles, geophysical instruments	\$ 2,149.92
Travel	Air transport to and from Watson Lake	\$ 1,012.86
	Total:	\$ 90,829.83

The above costs are as accurate as possible and represent the true value of the work carried out as shown above and described in this report. Detailed records for back up to these amounts are available at the office of Minfocus International Inc., at suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8X 1Y9.

Gerald Harper Ph.D., P.Eng.

13 REFERENCES

Gabrielse H. (1966) Map 19-1966, Geology Watson Lake, Yukon Territory, Scale 1:253,440, NTS 105 A, Geological Survey of Canada.

Gabrielse H., Tempelman-Kluit D.J., Blusson S.L., and Campbell R.B. (1977) MacMillan River, Yukon - District of Mackenzie - Alaska 1:1,000,000 Geological Atlas, Sheet 105, 115, Geological Survey of Canada

Jennings D.S. and Jilson G.A. (1983) Geology and sulphide deposits of Anvil Range, Yukon. *CIM Spec Vol. 37*, 319-361pp.

Kent G.R. (1990) Geophysical Report on a Max-Min 11 Electromagnetic Survey on part of the 20 Claim GMS Mineral Property of Glimmer Resources Inc. Technical report of work submitted to Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, August 17, 1990

Klassen R.W., and Morison S.R. (1981) Map 21-1981 Surficial Geology Watson Lake, Yukon Territory Scale 1:250,000 NTS 105 A, Geological Survey of Canada

Poulsen K.H. (1996) Carlin-type Gold Deposits: Canadian Potential? - notes for presentation for a short course on *New Mineral Deposit Models of the Cordillera*, Cordilleran Roundup 1996

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

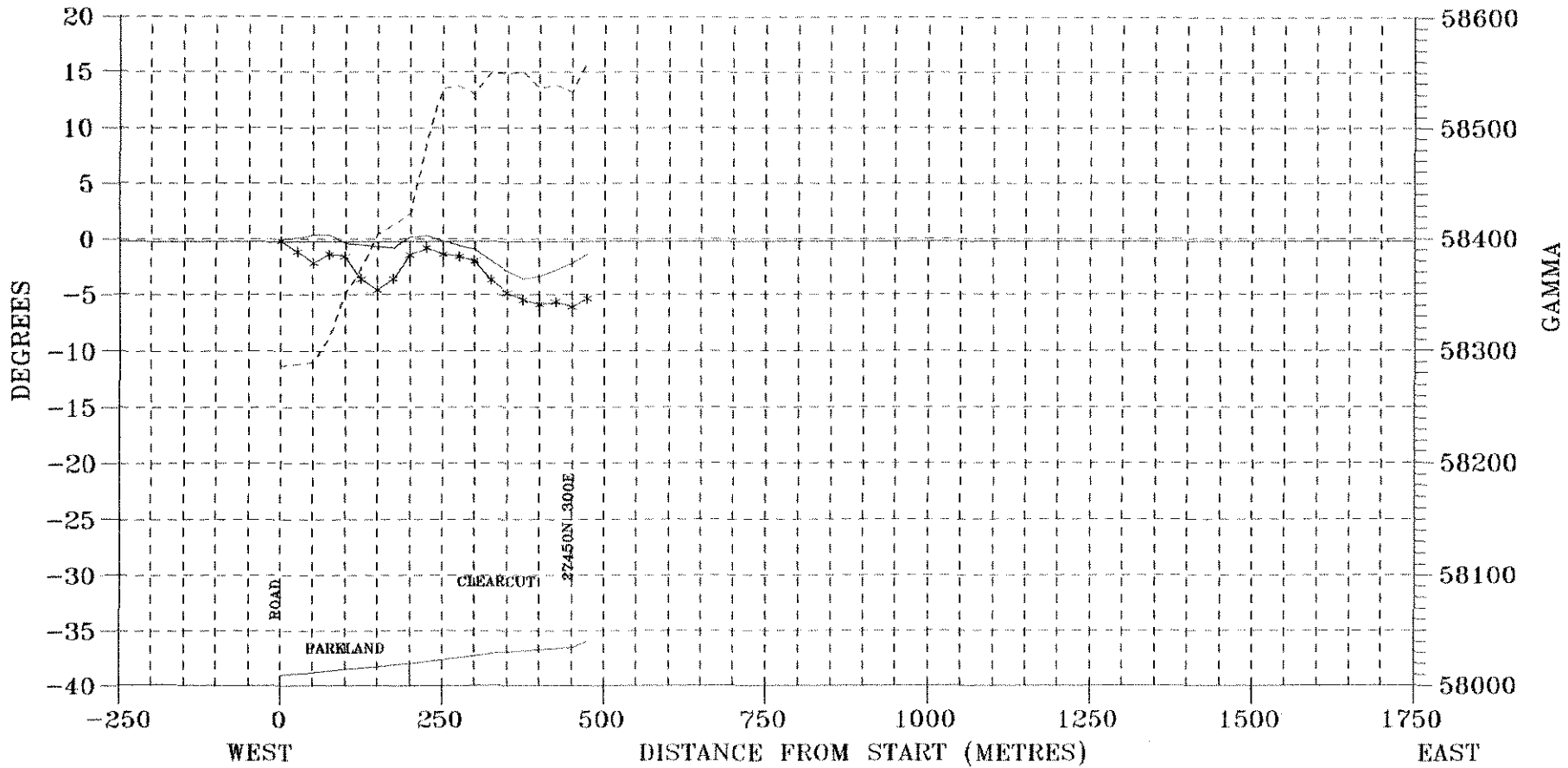
APPENDIX A

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 27200N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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——— QUADRATURE

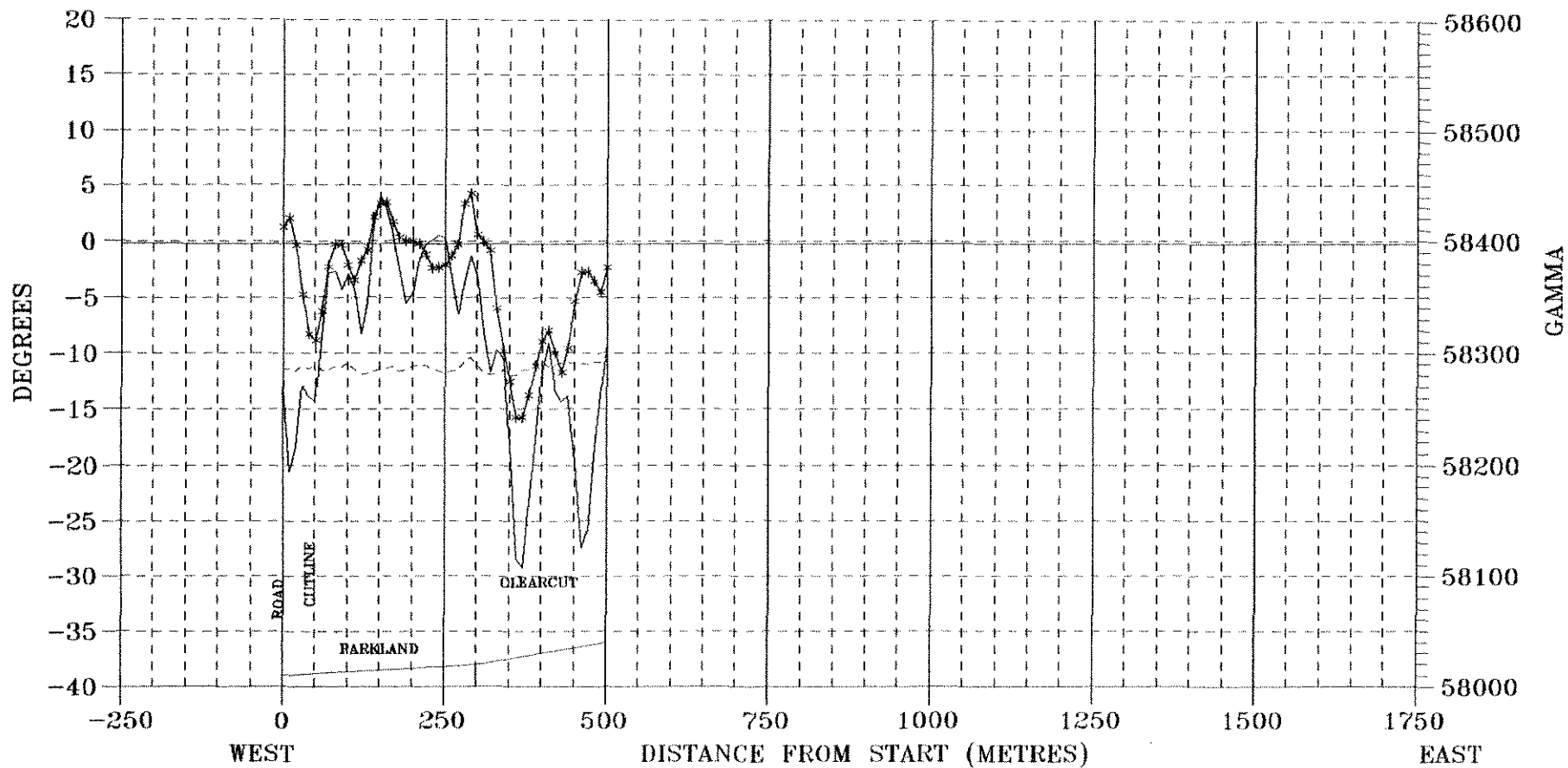


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 27450N LINE

DIRECTION 035
CUTLER MAINE

***** IN PHASE
—— QUADRATURE
- - - - MAG - GAMMA

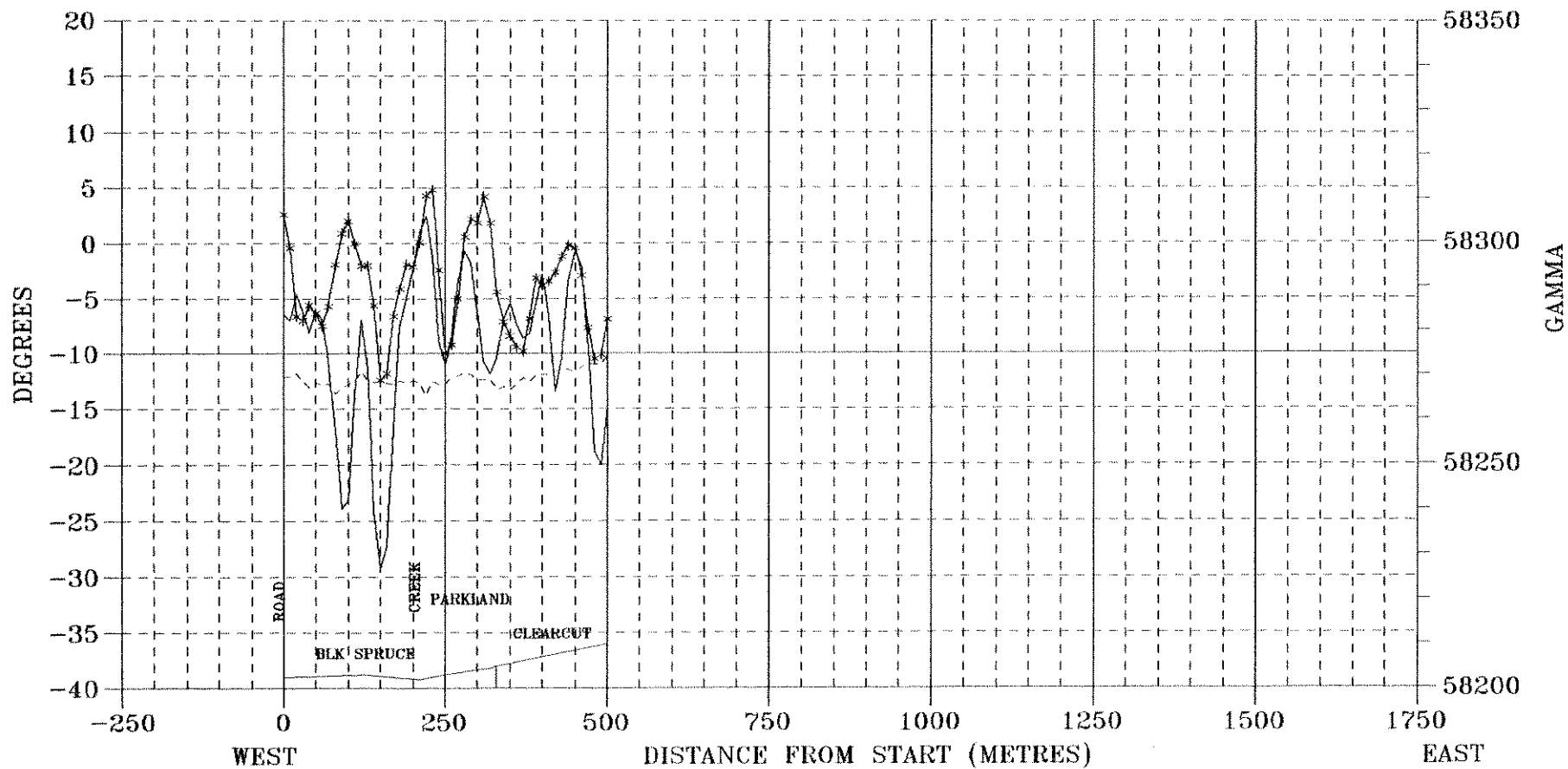


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 27650N LINE

DIRECTION 035
CUTLER MAINE

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- - - - MAG - GAMMA

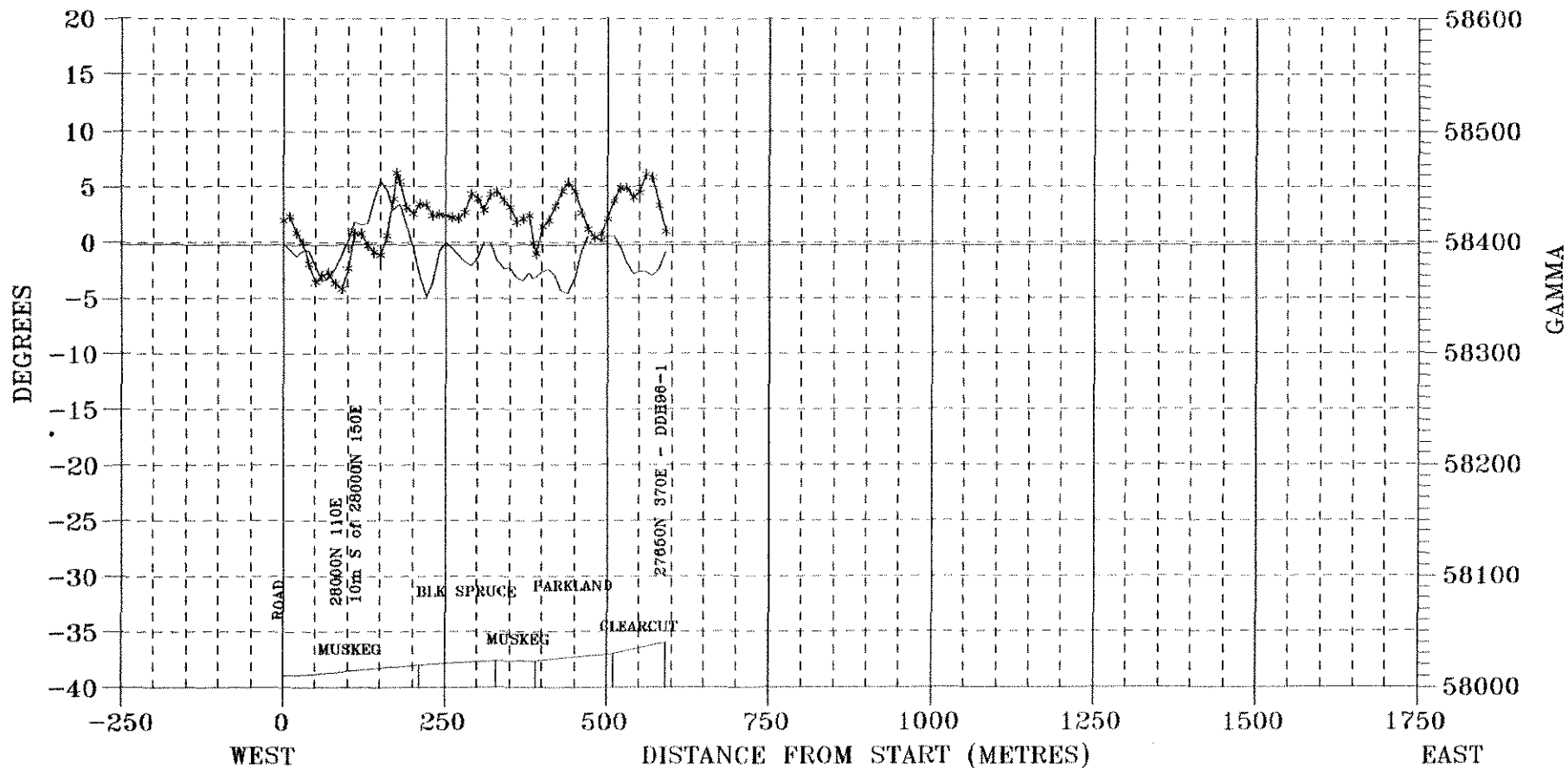


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 27800N LINE

***** IN PHASE
—— QUADRATURE
—— MAG - GAMMA

DIRECTION 070
HAWAII

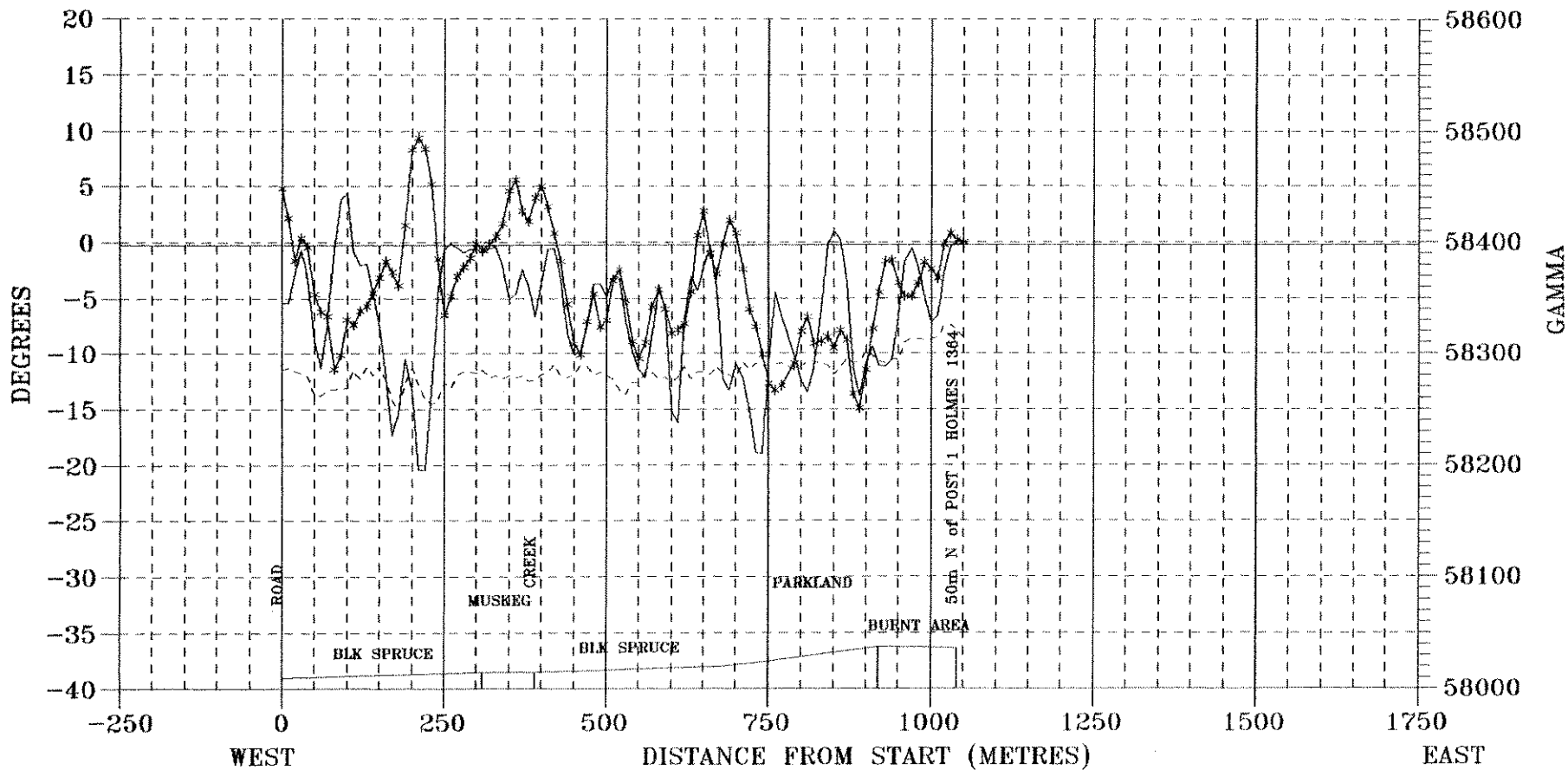


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 28000N LINE

DIRECTION 035
CUTLER MAINE

***** IN PHASE
—— QUADRATURE
- - - - MAG - GAMMA

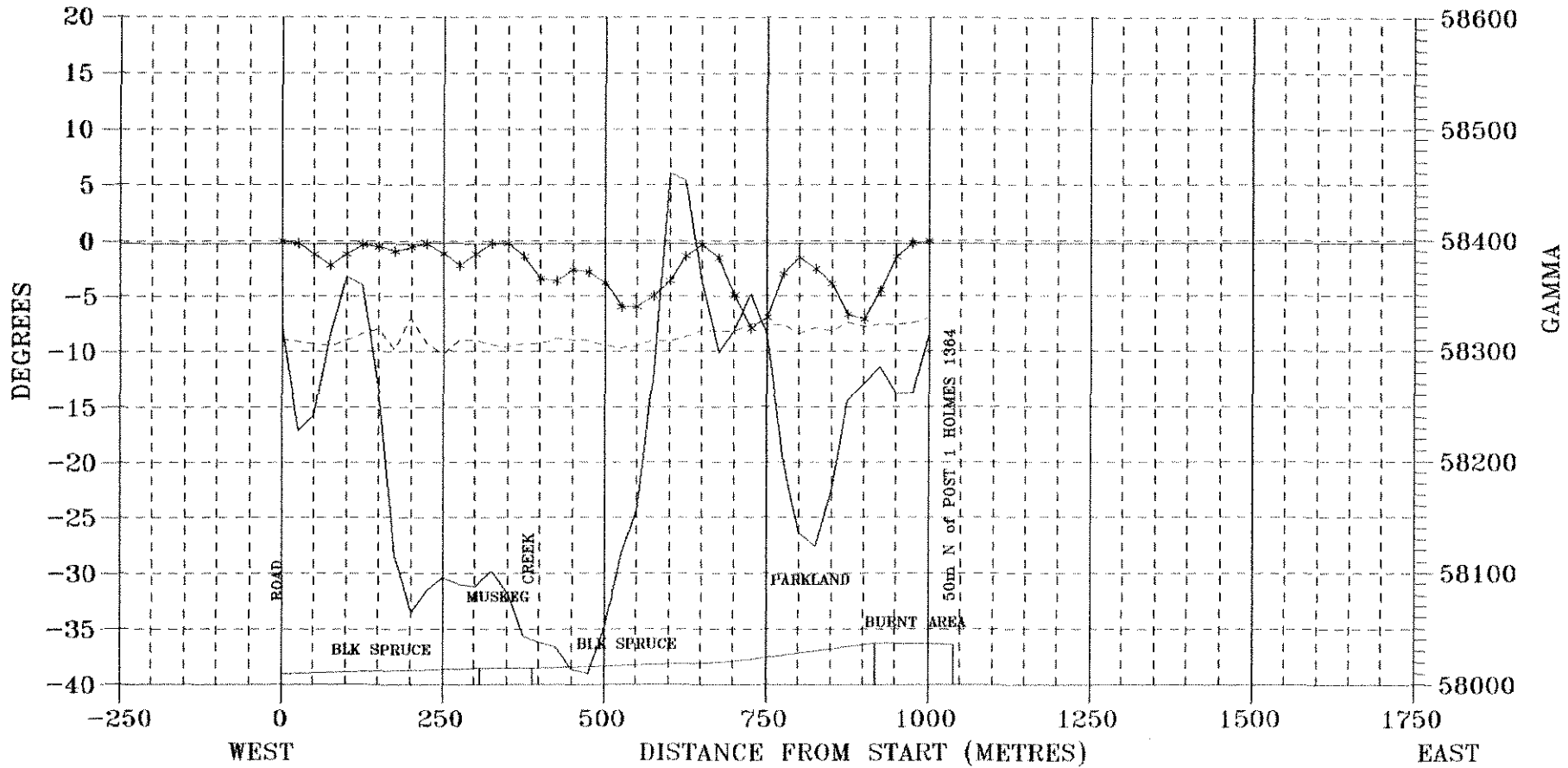


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 28000N REPEAT

DIRECTION 035
JIM CK WASH

***** IN PHASE
—— QUADRATURE
- - - - MAG - GAMMA

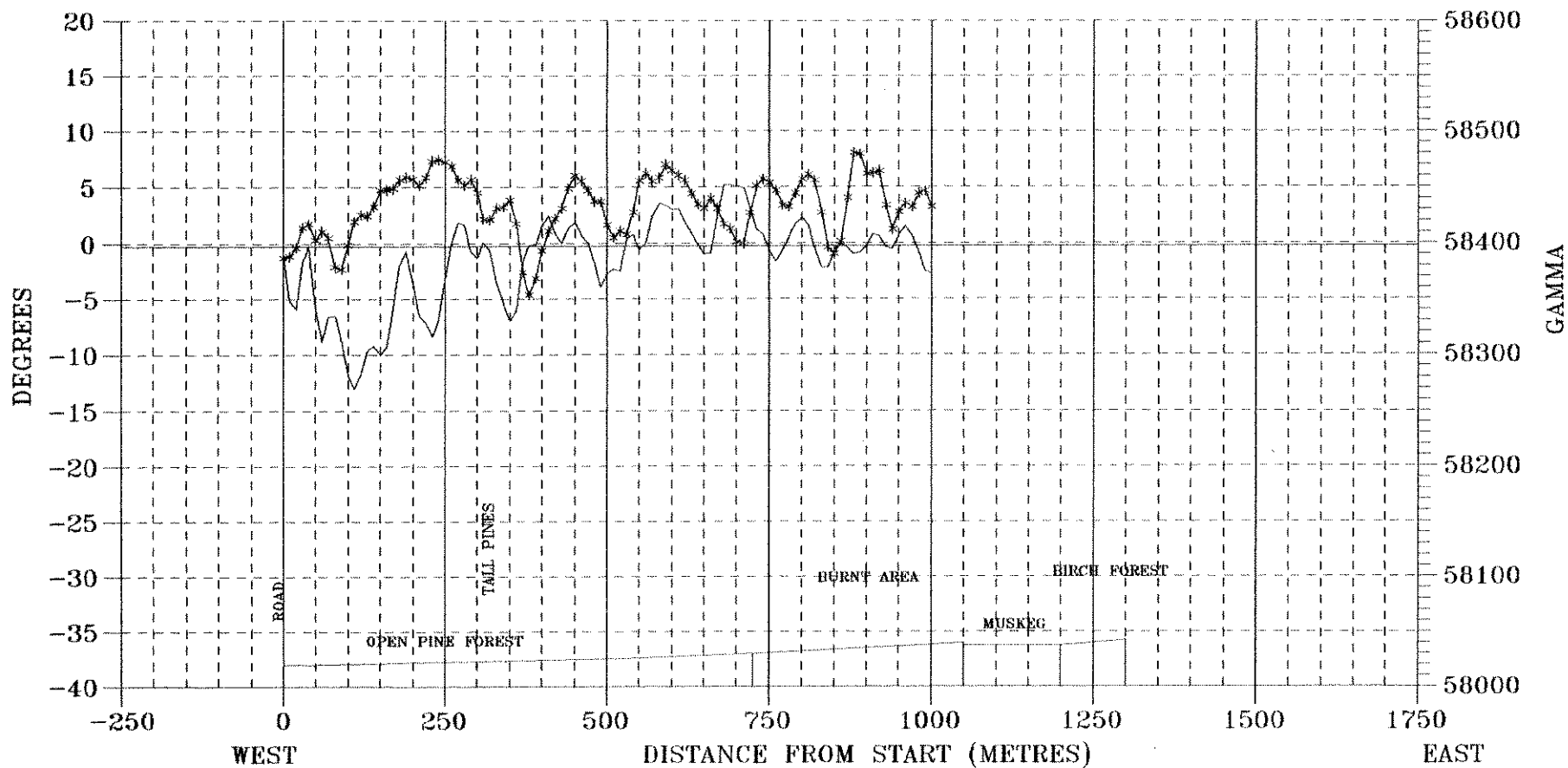


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 28200N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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---- MAG - GAMMA

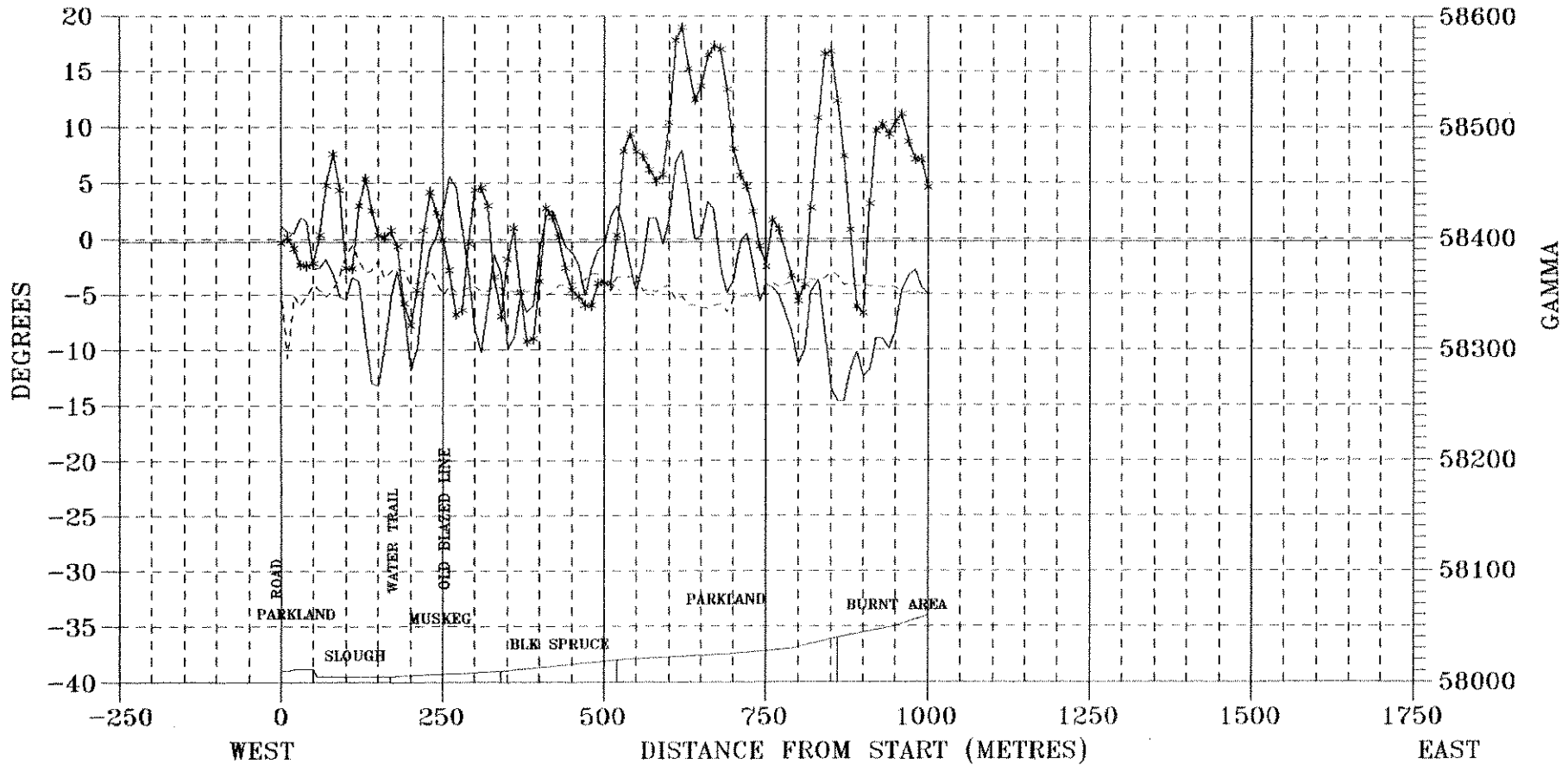


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 28350N LINE

DIRECTION 035
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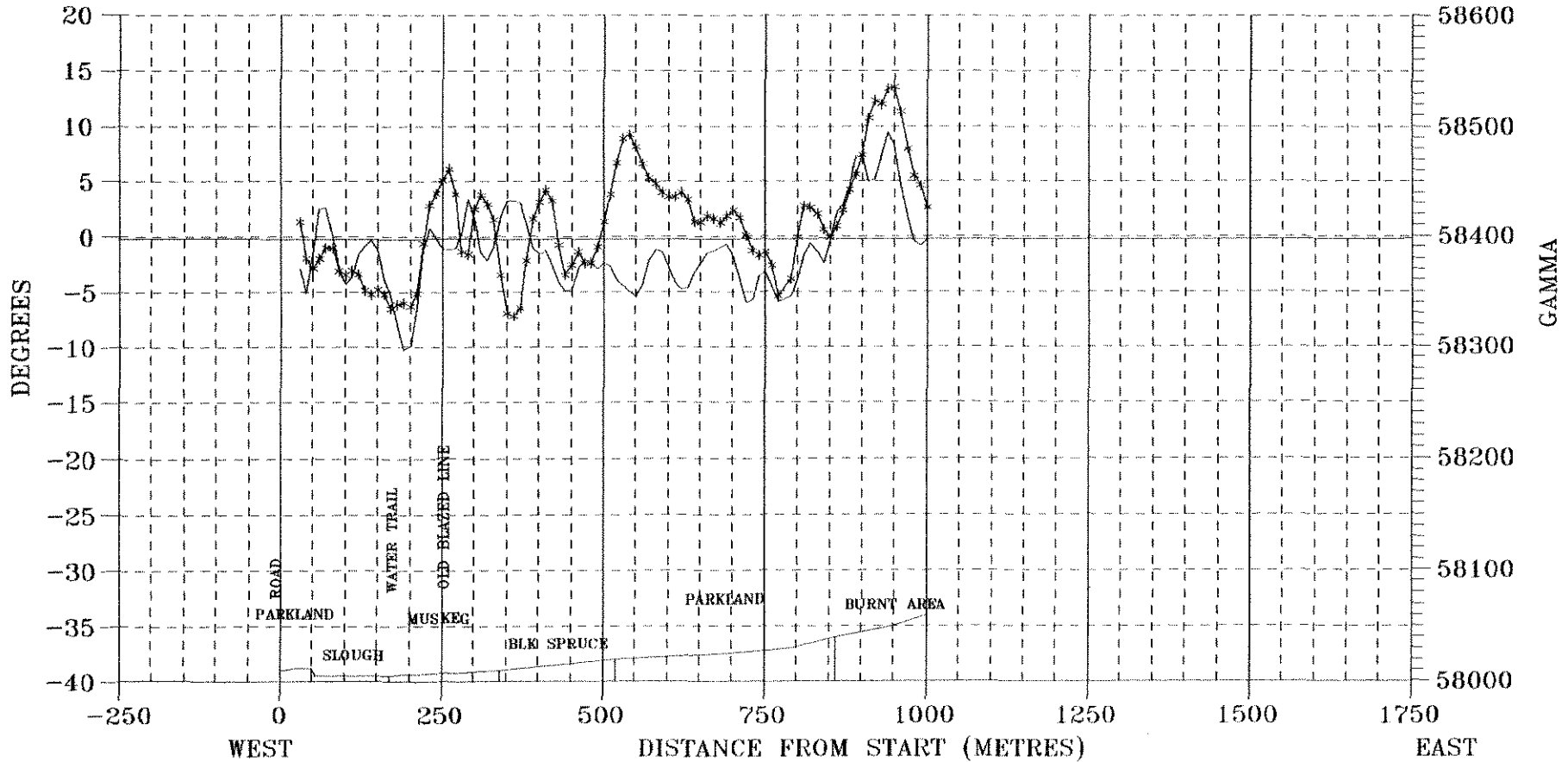


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

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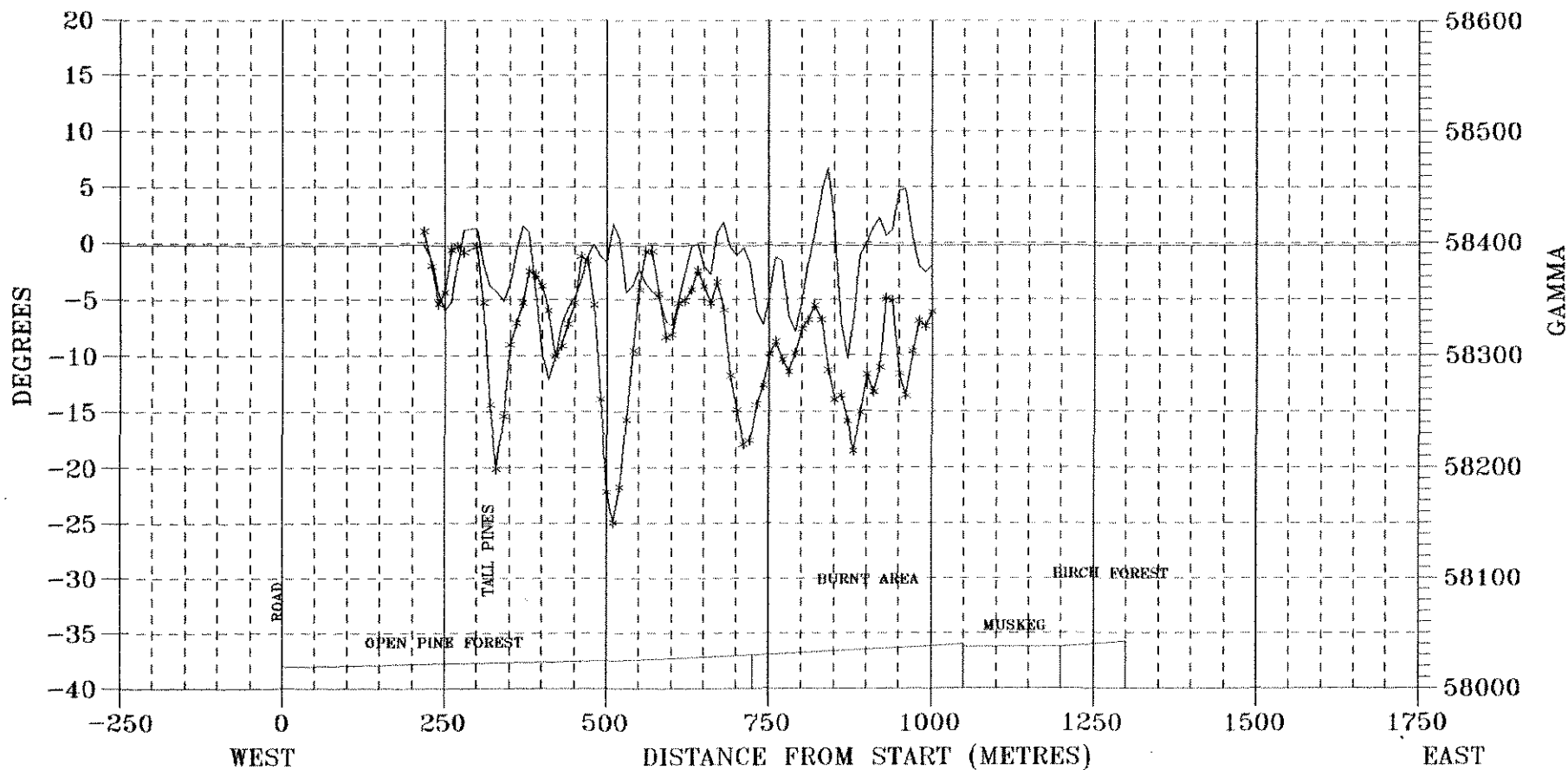


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 28600N LINE

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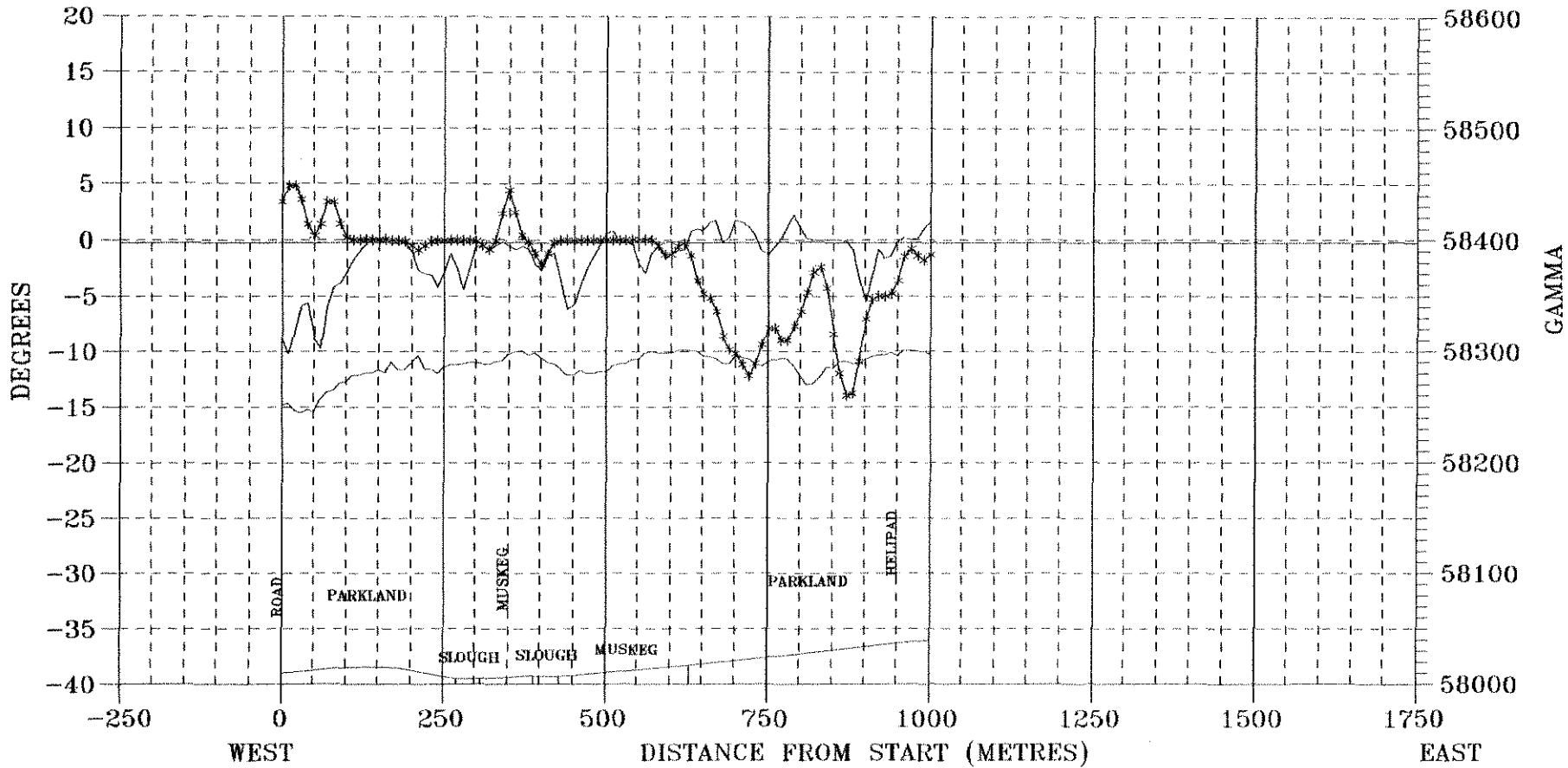


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 28800N LINE

DIRECTION 035
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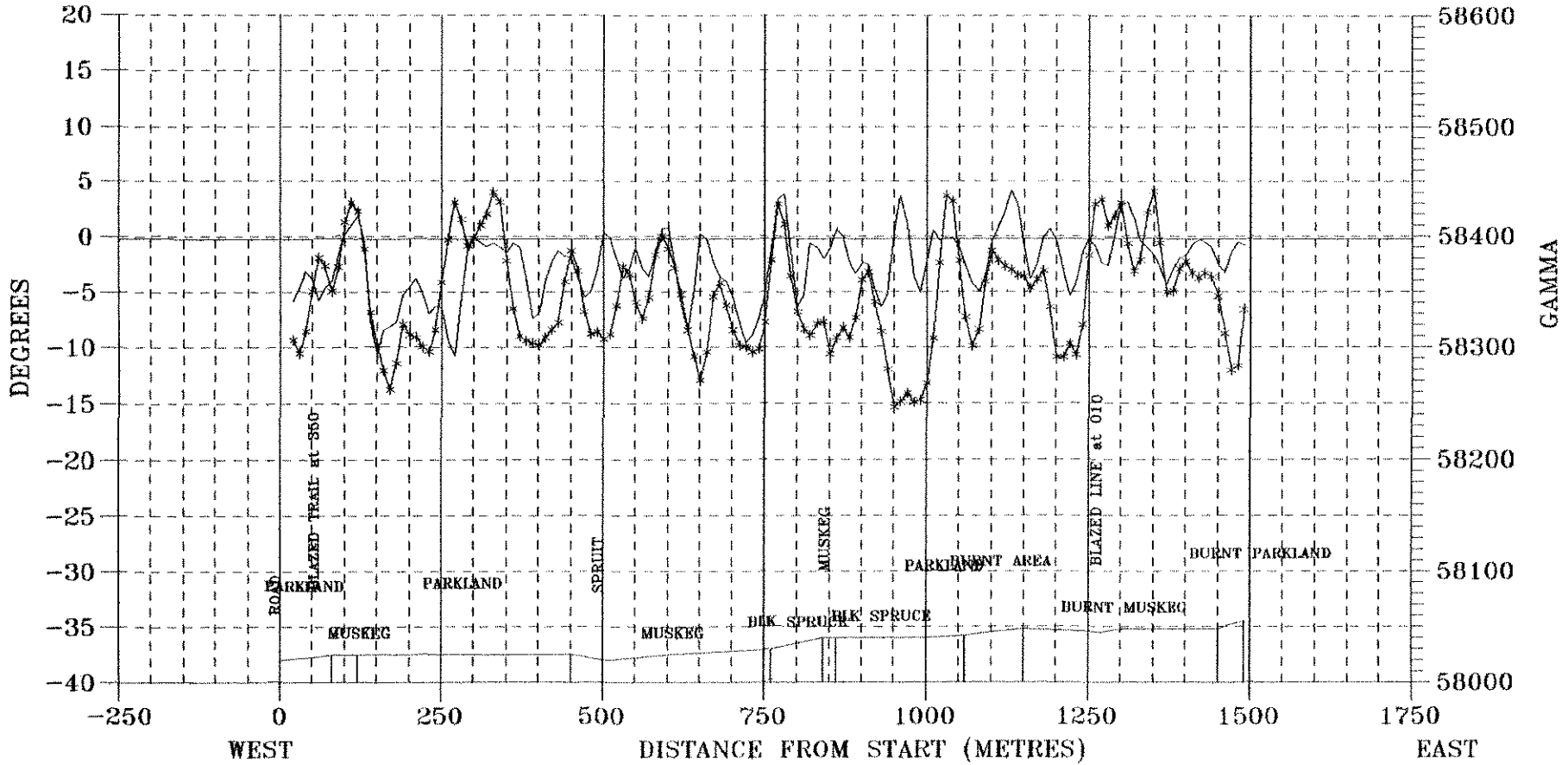


MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 29000N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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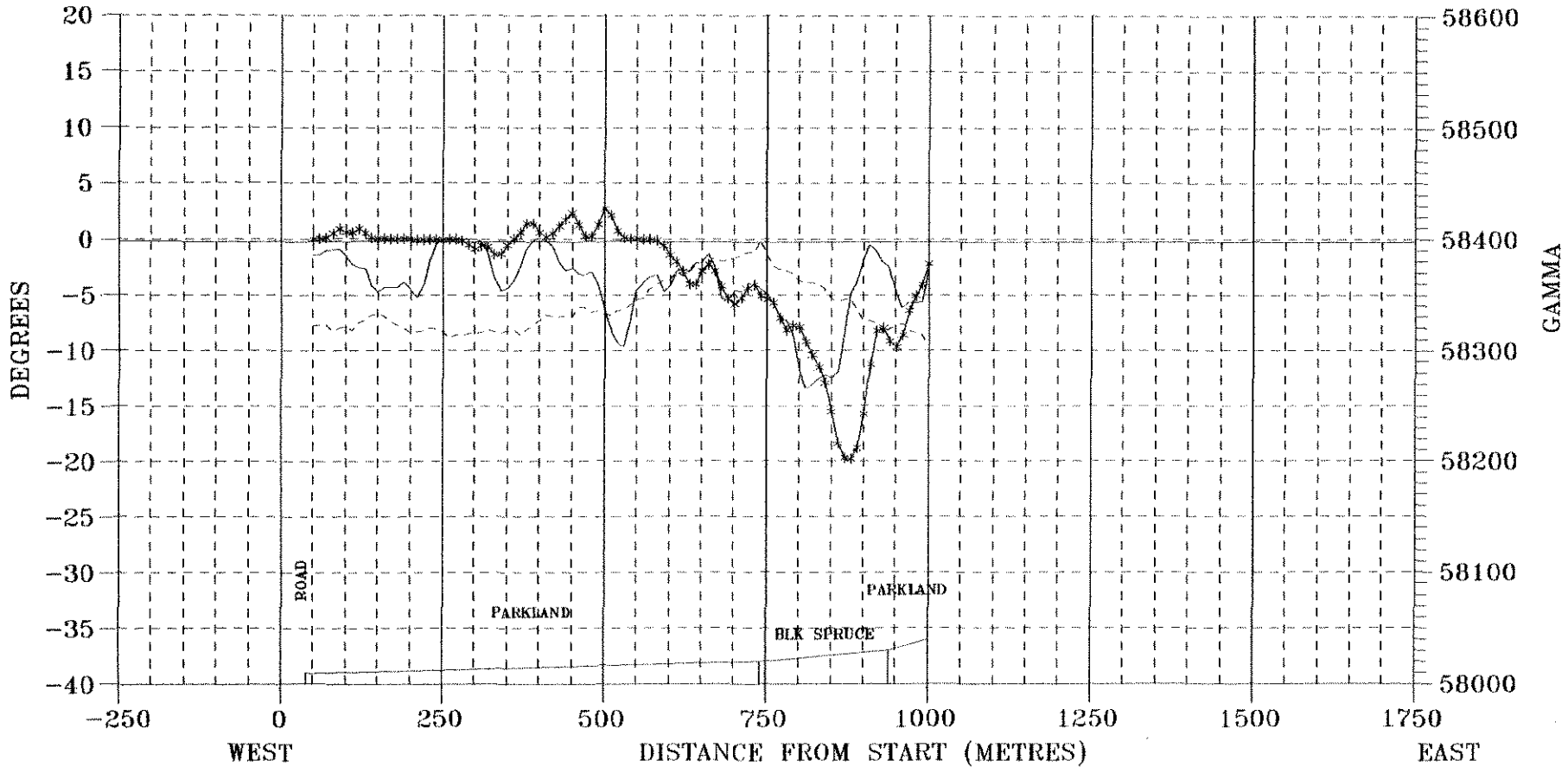


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 29200N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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—— QUADRATURE
- - - - MAG - GAMMA

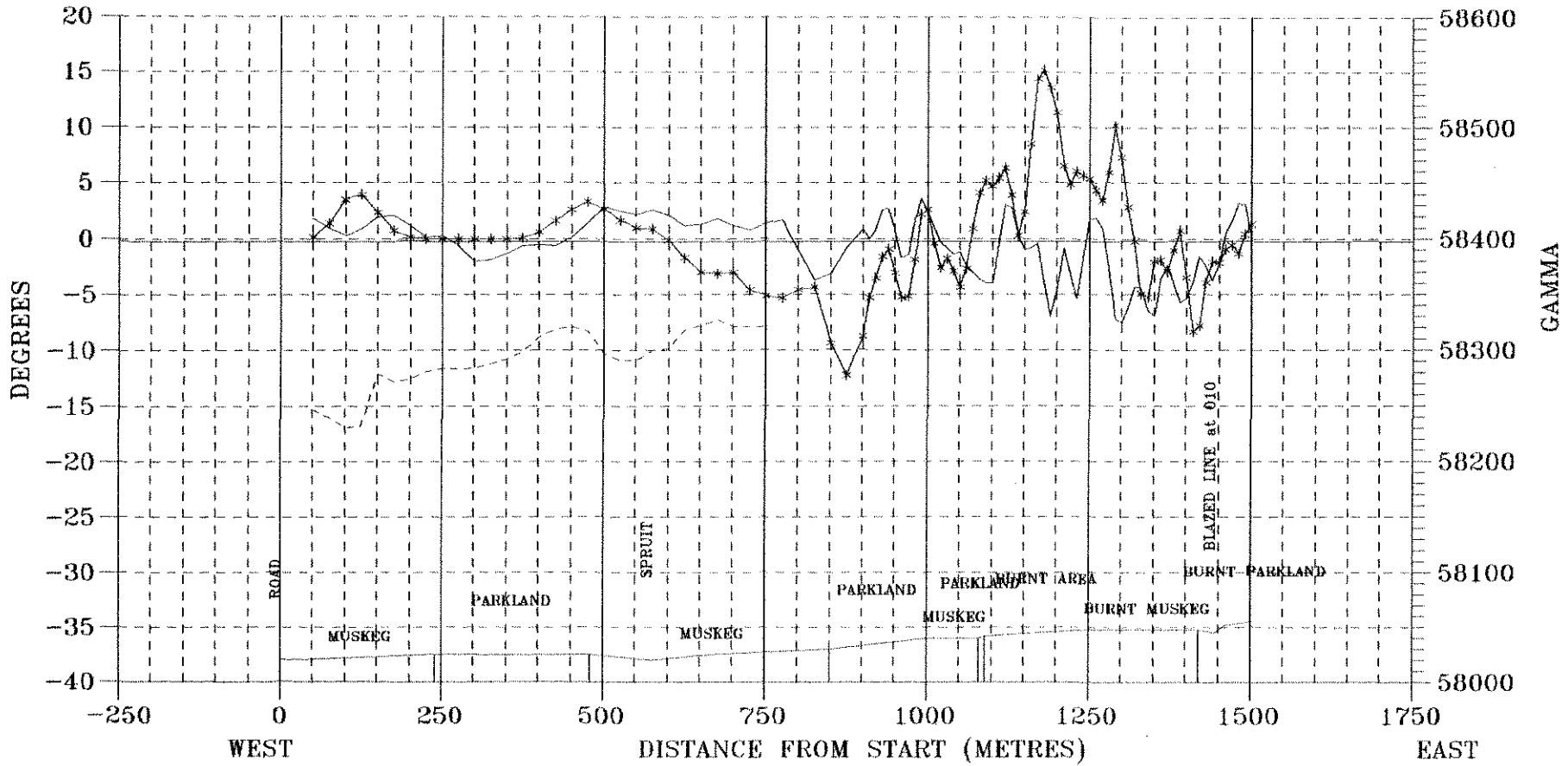


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 29200N REPEAT

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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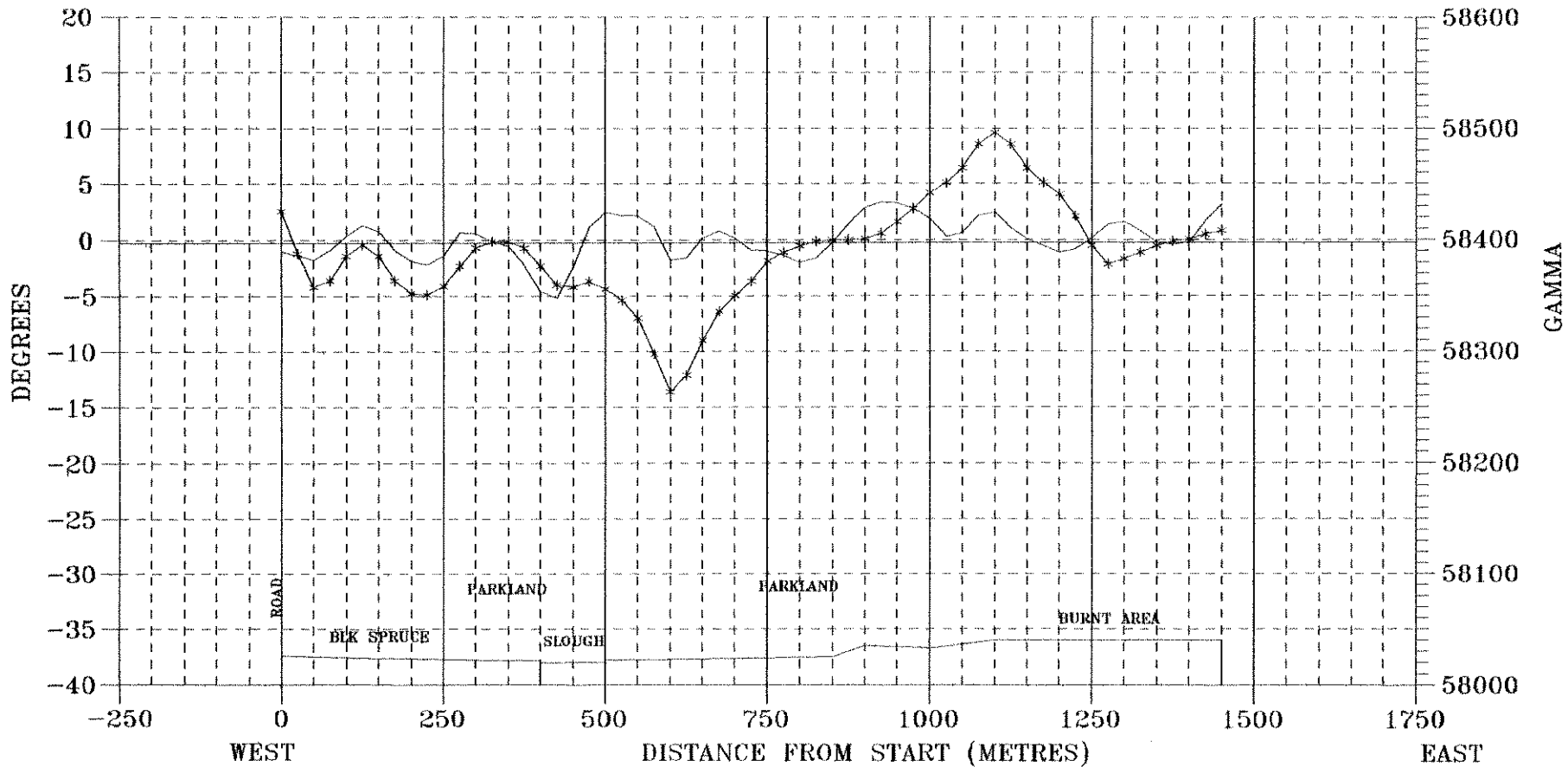


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 29600N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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—— QUADRATURE
- - - - MAG - GAMMA

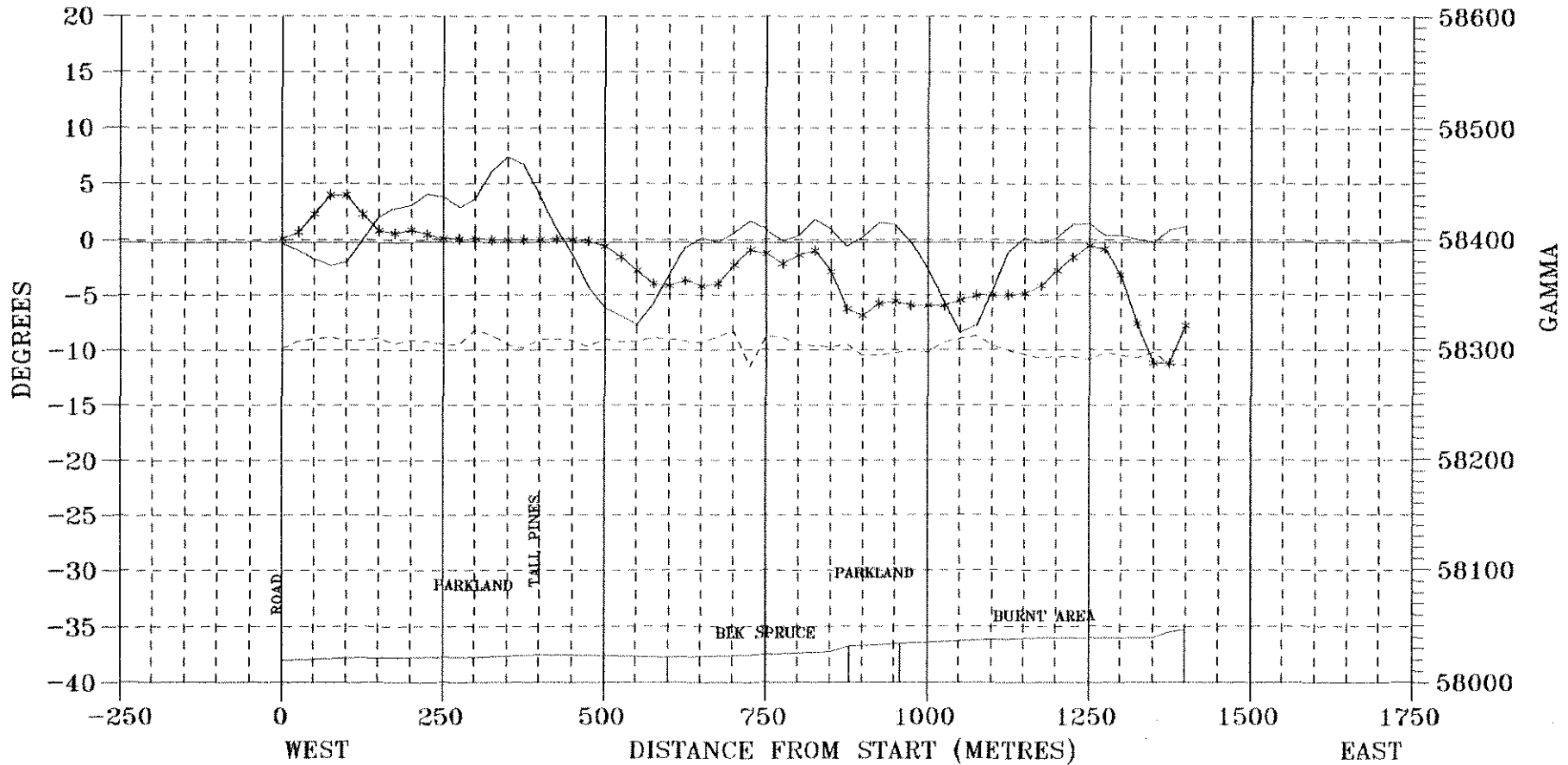


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 30000N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

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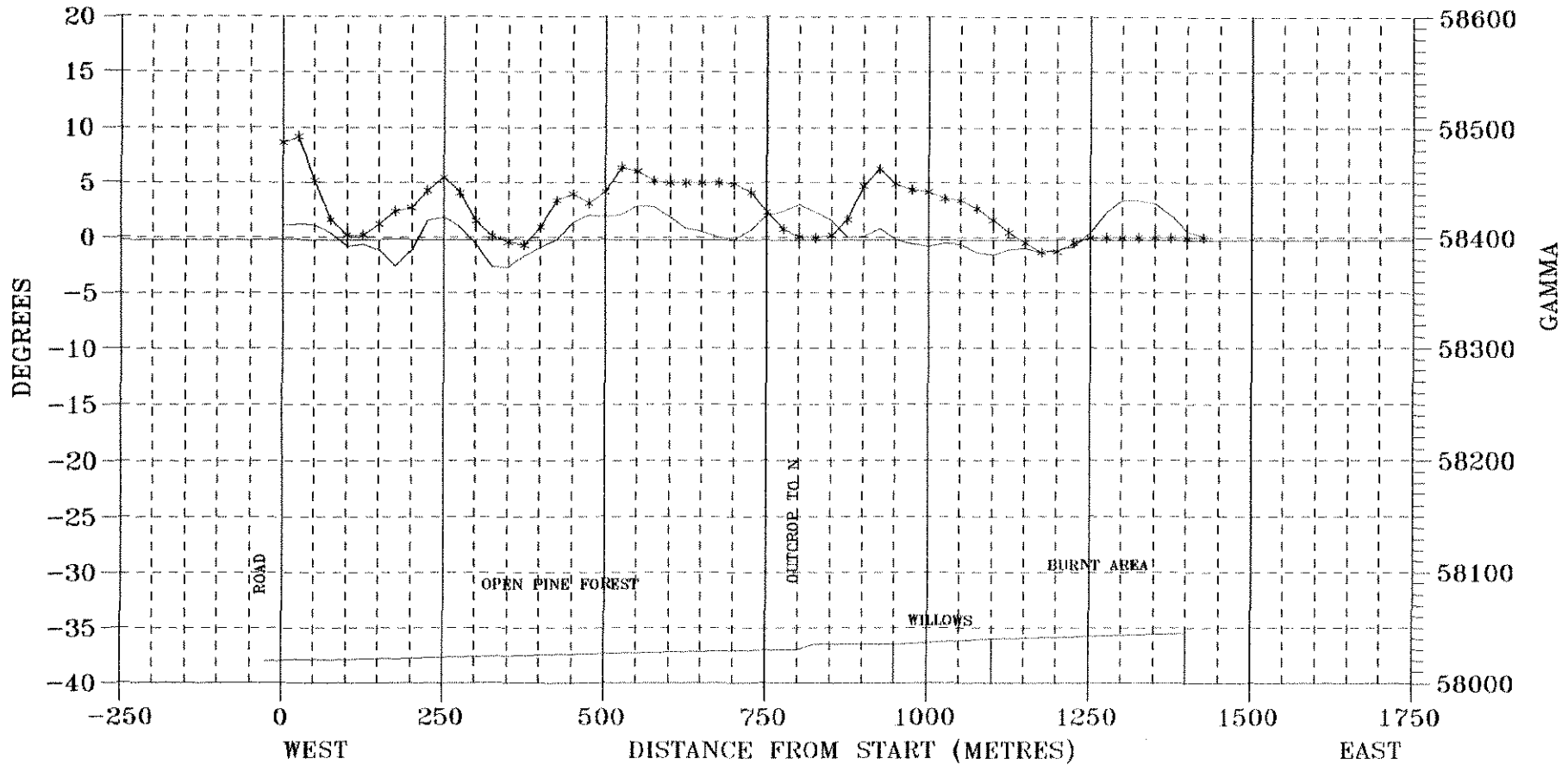


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 30400N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

***** IN PHASE
—— QUADRATURE
- - - MAG - GAMMA

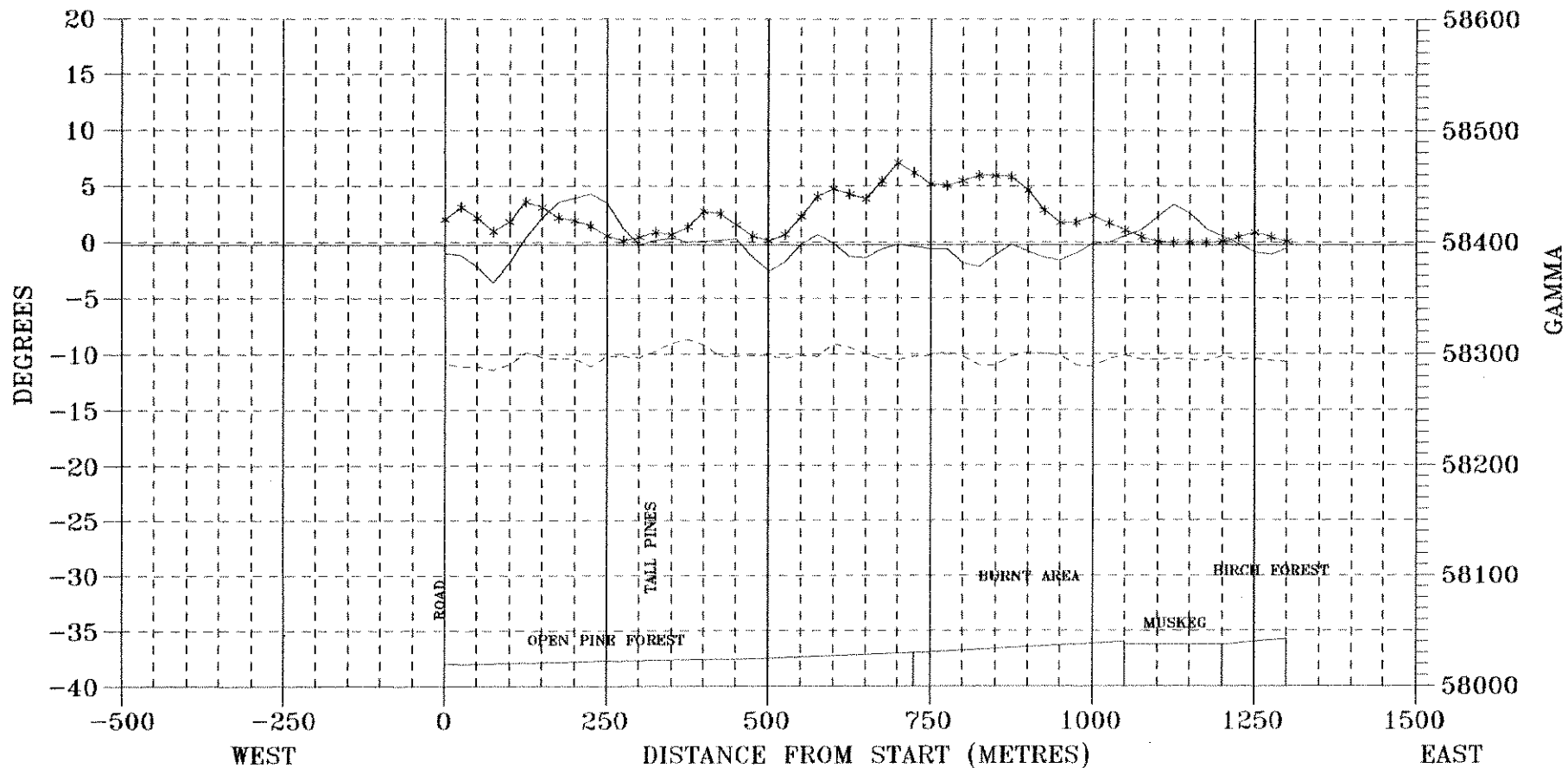


MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK VLF-EM TRAVERSE ALONG 30800N LINE

DIRECTION 035
HAWAII

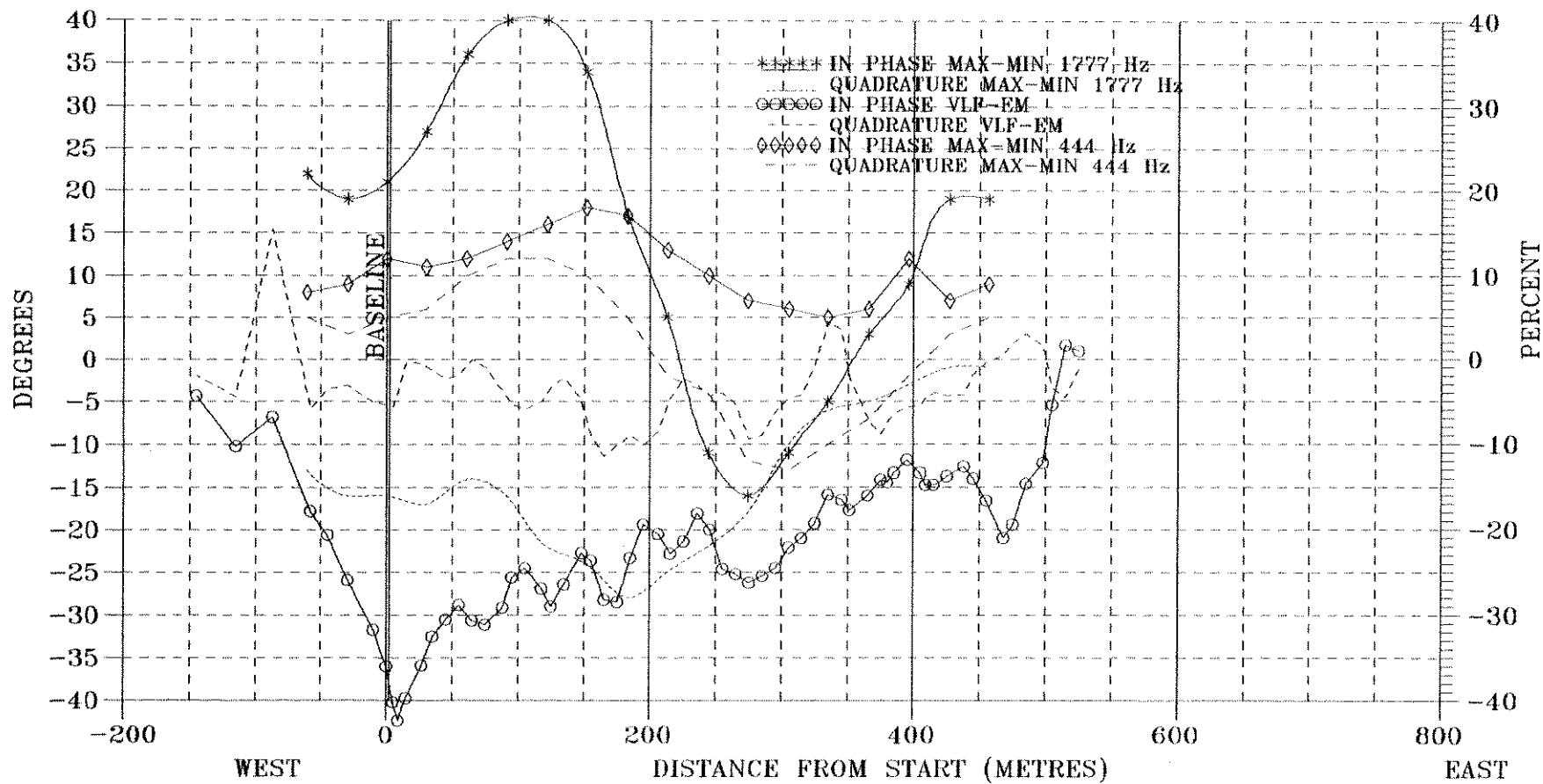
***** IN PHASE
—— QUADRATURE
---- MAG - GAMMA



MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

GMS CLAIM BLOCK

VLF-EM & MAX-MIN ALONG GLIMMER 24N LINE



GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

APPENDIX B



CanTech Laboratories Inc.

4200B - 10 Street N.E.
Calgary, Alberta
Canada T2E 6K3
Tel: (403) 250-1901
Fax: (403) 250-8265

Ruthrie Enterprises Ltd.
10443 Brackenridge Rd. S.W.
Calgary, Alberta
T2W 1A1

Attention: Adrian Mann

Certificate of Analysis

*** FINAL REPORT ***
W.O. 9739-96

PROJECT : GMS

Map Sample #	Au ppb	Ag ppm	As ppm	Cu ppm	Pb ppm	Sb ppm	Zn ppm
<i>Sample # in</i>							
<i>HOLE #</i> 98: :1-1	65	0.4	1.6	8	11	0.3	32
98: :1-2	34	0.5	1.2	15	3	<0.2	27
98: :1-2A	36	1.0	1.1	26	3	<0.2	30
98: :1-3	11	0.5	2.3	12	2	<0.2	20
98: :1-4	7	0.2	2.0	9	3	<0.2	21
98: :1-5	8	0.9	1.3	13	2	<0.2	26
98: :1-6	12	0.7	1.9	14	2	0.4	22
98: :1-7	9	0.4	2.2	9	<2	0.2	21

CanTech Laboratories, Inc.

Signed: _____

Richard Magner
Richard Magner, B.Sc.
Laboratory Supervisor

MAY 28 '96 02:44PM CHAUNCEY ASSAY LABS

P.C

CHAUNCEY ASSAY LABORATORIES LTD.

**33 Chauncey Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8Z 2Z2
Tel: (416) 239-3527 FAX: (416) 239-4012**

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

RECEIVED FROM: GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED DATE: MAY 18, 1996

REPORT NO.: ~~MI-3643~~ REPEATS SAMPLES OF: ROCKS

DATE RECEIVED: MAY 6, 1996 ATTENTION: MR. GERALD HARPER

SAMPLE NO:	Au PPB	
96-1 115'	25	(FELSIC VOLCANIC)
128'	10	(FELSIC VOLCANIC)
152'	9	(MAFIC VOLCANIC)
198'	7	(MAFIC VOLCANIC)
282'	39	(KOALINIZED ARKOSE)
322-332'	80	
332-337'	41	
411'	16	(ANDESITE)
96-2-1 400-450'	18	
96-2-2 450-500'	37	
96-2-3 500-550'	15	
96-2-4 550-600'	36	
96-2-5 600-650'	20	
96-2-6 650-671'	10	
96-2 665	9	(FLINTY CHERT BRECCIA)
96-4-1 95-125'	10	
96-4-2 125-155'	10	
96-4-3 155-185'	15	
96-4-4 185-221'	5	
96-4-5 221-267'	17	

J van Engelen Mgr.



XRAL Laboratories
A Division of SGS Canada Inc.

1885 Leslie Street
Don Mills, Ont.
Canada M3B 3J4
Telephone (416) 445-5755
Fax (416) 445-4152

31-05-1996

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
REPORT 6840

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
ATTN: GERALD HARPER
1243 ISLINGTON AVENUE
SUITE 707
TORONTO, ONTARIO
M8X 1Y9

CUSTOMER No. 4000

DATE SUBMITTED
14-May-96

WORKORDER 8380-

TOTAL PAGES 1

10 PULPS

	METHOD	DETECTION LIMIT	METHOD CODE
AU-1AT PPB	FAAA	5.	FA-30

*Drill Core Assays -
95051/71 Winter Drill Program
March - April 1996*

*** UNLESS INSTRUCTED OTHERWISE WE WILL DISCARD PULPS IN 90 DAYS ***
AND REJECTS IN 30 DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

TE 28-MAY-96

CERTIFIED BY

[Signature]
Dr. Hugh de Souza, General Manager

XRAL

28-MAY-96

REPORT 6840

WORKORDER 8380-

SAMPLE	AU-1AT PPB	
	FAAA	
	FA-30	
MI-3643 96-1 322-332		33
MI-3643 96-1 332-337		11
MI-3643 96-1 411		7
MI-3643 96-2-1		<5
MI-3643 96-2-2		<5
MI-3643 96-2-3		5
MI-3643 96-2-4		11
MI-3643 CAM 96-3-2		15
MI-3643 CAM 96-3-4		<5
MI-3643 CAM 96-3-44		12
MI-3643 96-1 322-332		21

AU-1AT PPB - ASSAY PERFORMED ON 30 GRAM ALIQUOT
D - QUALITY CONTROL DUPLICATE

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

APPENDIX C

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GNS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

GEOLOGIST Adrian G. Mann, Ph.D., P.Geol.

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-01
80 DEGREES TOWARDS 065 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6677524
E 0501407

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-01
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-11

DEPTH feet metres	UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED DIP	MINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT IRD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL		Au ppb
						No	FROM TO	
0.0	0/BURDEN	rubble, glacial debris, mudstones						
110.0	FELSIC VOLCANICS	pale grey, pale green grey in part, hard, felsic volcanoclastic with large white phenocrysts scattered throughout, flattened and aligned parallel to bedding plane	80		22 100			
111.0								
112.0								
113.0								
114.0					41 103		SPOT SAMPLE	25
115.0								
116.0								
117.0								
118.0								
119.0								
120.0								
121.0								
122.0								
123.0								
123.5			80		31 58			
124.5								
125.5								
126.5								
127.5								
128.5			20		16 53		SPOT SAMPLE	10
129.5								
130.5								
131.5								
132.5								
133.0			20		0 192			
134.0								
135.0								
136.0			80		21 108			
137.0								
138.0								
139.0								
139.5					39 100			
140.5								
141.5								
142.5								
143.0					0 137			
144.0								
145.0	44.20	very coarse, hard, mottled, medium grey to pale grey, otherwise as above.	80		19 100			
145.5								
146.5								
147.5								
148.5			50		103 117			
149.5								
150.5								
151.5	46.18	becoming darker, more melanocratic						
152.0							SPOT SAMPLE	9
153.0					28 50			
154.0								
155.0								
156.0								
157.0			80					
158.0	48.16	ARENITE			0 48			
159.0		dark to medium grey, medium grained, subangular, generally unconsolidated, quartzitic to arkosic in part, clay matrix.						
160.0								
161.0								
162.0								
163.0					139			
164.0								
165.0								
166.0								
167.0					10 63			
168.0								
169.0								
170.0			80					

MIMFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GNS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

GEOLOGIST Adrian G. Mann, Ph.D., P.Geol.

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-01
80 DEGREES TOWARDS 065 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 8677524
E 0501407

CONTRACTOR D.J. DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-01
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-11

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	MINER-ALIZ-ATION	PERCENT ROD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb
	feet	metres						No	FROM TO	cas	
	171.0										
	172.0										
	173.0						46	117			
	174.0										
	175.0										
	176.0										
	177.0				80		29	92			
	178.0										
	179.0										
	180.0	54.86	MAFIC	dark brown to black, with abundant pale grey-							
	181.0		VOLCANICS	green, irregularly shaped, vesicle infillings							
	182.0			which are generally flattened slightly,			59	115			
	183.0			aligned parallel to bedding plane.							
	184.0										
	185.0				80						
	186.0										
	187.0						42	120			
	188.0										
	189.0										
	190.0										
	191.0										
	192.0				50		65	105			
	193.0										
	194.0										
	195.0										
	196.0										
	197.0				80		73	107		SPOT SAMPLE	7
	198.0										
	199.0										
	200.0										
	201.0										
	202.0						8	127			
	203.0										
	204.0										
	205.0										
	206.0										
	206.5	52.94	RHYOLITE	pale grey to off white, soft, hygroscopic,							
	207.0			generally structureless, difficult to	75		16	63			
	208.0			interpret: probable late felsic extrusive?							
	209.0										
	210.0										
	211.0										
	212.0						54	83			
	213.0										
	214.0										
	215.0										
	216.0										
	217.0				70	40					
	218.0						48	102			
	219.0										
	220.0										
	221.0										
	222.0										
	223.0										
	224.0										
	225.0						8	85			
	226.0										
	227.0										
	228.0										
	229.0										
	230.0	70.10	SEDIMENTS	intercalated dark brown to black carbonaceous							
	231.0			shales, lignite and pale grey to medium brown							
	232.0			arenites, generally arkosic, showing some	10		43	101			
	233.0			flaser bedding and rare crossbedding.							
	234.0										
	235.0			slickensides on fractures.	70						

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

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80 DEGREES TOWARDS 065 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6677524
E 0501407

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-01
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-11

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SL	MINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT RQD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL		Au ppb
	feet	metres						No	FROM TO	
	236.0									
	237.0									
	238.0									
	239.0									
	240.0									
	241.0									
	242.0									
	243.0						24	97		
	244.0									
	245.0									
	246.0									
	247.0									
	248.0				70		62	92		
	249.0									
	250.0									
	251.0									
	252.0						14	113		
	253.0									
	254.0									
	255.0									
	256.0									
	257.0				80		14	102		
	258.0									
	259.0									
	260.0									
	261.0									
	262.0				30		12	100		
	263.0									
	264.0									
	265.0									
	266.0									
	267.0				70		43	117		
	268.0									
	269.0									
	270.0									
	271.0									
	272.0				40			110		
	273.0									
	274.0									
	275.0									
	276.0									
HOLE	277.0				90		56	93		
TIGHT	278.0									
	279.0									
REAM	280.0									
BACK	281.0									
TO	282.0			minor jointing - no infill	30		73	107	SPOT SAMPLE	39
BOTTOM	283.0									
	284.0									
	285.0									
	286.0									
	287.0						10	88		
	288.0									
	289.0									
	290.0									
	291.0									
	292.0			minor jointing - slickensides	10		12	113		
	293.0									
	294.0									
	295.0									
	296.0									
	297.0				70		30	87		
	298.0									
	299.0									
	300.0									

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

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80 DEGREES TOWARDS 065 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6677524
E 0501407

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-01
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-11

DEPTH- FEET COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	MINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT IRGD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb	
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cas
	301.0				90		31	103				
	302.0			coarser washout channel shows way-up -	50							
	303.0			top is top	70							
	304.0											
	305.0			graded bedding shows top is top								
	306.0											
	307.0						0	97				
	308.0											
	309.0											
BAD GROUND	310.0											
	311.0				60		31	105				
	312.0											
	313.0											
	314.0											
	315.0			flaser bedded sandstones								
	316.0											
	317.0						0	75				
	318.0	96.93	BRECCIA	probably tectonic								
	319.0		SEDIMENTS	medium to dark grey and black matrix, with								
	320.0			off-white to pale grey clasts, coarsely								
	321.0			fragmented and generally oligomictic, of								
	322.0			overlying arenites and shales, all clasts					93	61	322.0 332.0 305	80
	323.0			angular, size ranges from 5mm to 50mm.								
	324.0											
	325.0											
	326.0											
	327.0								113			
	328.0											
	328.8	100.20		soft, clayey, hygroscopic.								
	330.0											
	331.2	100.95		black carbonaceous shale - breccia clast?								
	332.0				40		52	100				
	333.0				30					62	322.0 337.0 457	41
	334.0											
	335.0				40							
	336.0											
	337.0						52	100				
CORE	337.5	102.72	BRECCIA	breccia continues, now oligomictic but clasts			0	43				
VERY	338.0		ANDESITES	are indurated and sheared dark green to khaki								
	339.0			green andesitic volcanics								
	340.0											
RUBBLEY	341.0											
	342.0	104.24	ANDESITES	medium to khaki green, hard, massive,		nil			37	1	342.0 343.0 30	55
AND	343.3			indurated greenstones, metavolcanics, much								
	344.0			older than preceding - very broken.								
BROKEN	345.0											
	346.0											
	347.0			at 104.2m - 18cm VEIN QUARTZ - pink, barren		qtz			75			
	348.0			looking, no sulphides, no distinct contacts								
	349.0			scattered quartz continues to 105,1m.					92			
HOLE	350.0											
TIGHT	351.0			at 106.7m - 15cm VEIN QUARTZ, cherty, barren.					64			
AND	352.0											
CAVING	353.0											
	354.0											
	355.0											
	356.0											
	357.0											
	358.0								117			
	359.0											
	360.0											

NIMFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GMS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

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DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-01
80 DEGREES TOWARDS 065 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 8677524
E 0501407

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-01
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-11

LOGGING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	DIPER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT RQD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb		
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cas	
	361.0												
	362.0												
	363.0												
	364.2	111.00					20 85	2	362.0	364.0	61	34	
	365.0			QUARTZ STOCKWORK VEIN - hard, very siliceous, at 40 degrees to core axis. Well represented for 50cm, then core broken, difficult to interpret, Medium gray, with common finely disseminated pyrite and pyrrhotite crystals and aggregates. Base is 5cm crush zone at 115.0m.		py,po, qtz		2a	364.0	367.0	91	36	
	366.0												
HOLE TIGHT AND CAVING	367.0						0 29	3	367.0	369.5	76	11	
	368.0												
	369.0							4	369.5	372.0	76	7	
	370.0												
	371.0												
	372.0							117	5	372.0	374.5	76	8
	373.0												
	374.0												
	375.0												
	376.0												
NO SERIES FROM 376.5ft	377.2	114.97		GREENSTONE-ANDESITES continue, massive with possible pillow structures, yellowish hyaloclastite in tricuspidate voids. Generally darker green and unmineralized.				100	6	374.5	376.5	61	12
	378.0							56	7	376.5	377.5	30	9
	379.0												
	380.0												
	381.0												
	382.0												
	383.0												
	384.0												
	385.0												
HOLE TIGHT REAMING DOWN	386.0							7 130					
	387.0												
	388.0												
	389.0												
	390.0												
	391.0							0 24					
	392.0												
	393.0												
	394.0												
	395.0												
	396.0												
	397.0												
	398.0												
	399.0							89					
	400.0												
	401.0												
	402.0							9 83					
	403.0												
	404.0												
	405.0												
	406.0							5 82					
	407.0												
	408.0												
	409.0												
	410.0												
	411.0												
	412.0												
	413.0												
	414.0												
	415.0	126.49											
	416.0			shearing at 40 degrees to core axis.	40		0 92						
	417.0						16 100	8	417.0	418.5	46	15	
	418.0												
	419.0												
HOLE WILL NOT STAY OPEN	420.0	128.02	PROPYL- ITIC ANDESITES	generally as above, paler, siliceous, calcareous in part, propylitic, yellow-green.	40		7 62	10	420.0	421.5	46	6	
	421.0												
	421.5												
	422.5			finely banded quartz-carbonate veinlets at 129.1m, pyritic, crossfractured at 40 and 30 degrees to core axis. Incipient shearing follows one direction.									
	423.5												
	424.5												
	425.5						0 0	12	424.0	427.0	91	18	

NINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GMS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

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80 DEGREES TOWARDS 065 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6677524
E 0501407

CONTRACTOR D.J. DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-01
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-11

LENGTH- FEETING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	MINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT IRGD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb			
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cms		
	426.0	129.69		quartz and minor carbonate veining, with pyrite on veins at 129.7m for 30cm.		py	7 62							
	426.5						0 20	13	427.0	436.0	274	9		
	428.0			mud seam/crush zone, very brecciated, sheared			0							
	428.5			at 20 degrees to core axis. major core loss			20							
	429.0													
MAJOR CORE	430.0													
LOSS FROM	431.0													
130.2-	432.0													
132.9m	433.0													
	434.0													
	435.0													
	436.0				25		57	14	436.0	439.0	91	12		
	437.0			QUARTZ VEIN - 30cm at 133.2 to 133.5m with										
	438.0			15cm crush zone/mud seam on footwall.										
	439.0							50	439.0	442.0	91	10		
	440.0													
	441.0													
	442.0			fragmental quartz at 134.7m for 15cm.				175	442.0	444.0	61	11		
	442.5													
	443.0													
	444.5													
HOLE CAVED	446.0			major core loss from 135.9 to 140.2m.				4						
CORE BARREL	447.0			core fragments show continuing propylitized		py								
STUCK AND	448.0			zone with some pyritic quartz veining.										
RETRIEVED	449.0													
	450.0													
	451.0													
	452.0													
	453.0													
	454.0													
	455.0													
	456.0													
	457.0							17	456.0	460.0	122	6		
	458.0													
	459.0			kink folding in sheared propylite at 141.1m										
	460.0	140.21		141.4m, suggests low angle, low vertical				8	65	20	460.0	462.5	76	4
	461.0			loading reverse faulting - mylonitic zone.										
	462.0			SI at 80, faxp at 40, fax at 90 degrees.	35									
	463.0													
	464.0			QUARTZ VEINING - pink, pyritic, locally		py	7 54							
	464.5			chloritic at 141.4m for 15cm.			8 65							
	465.0						0 99	22	465.0	467.0	61	7		
	466.0	142.04	ANDESITES	darker, less propylitic, more coherent.										
	467.0													
	468.0			heavily brecciated, unconsolidated and										
	469.0			siliceous at 142.7m for 32cm.										
	470.0													
	471.0			greenstones are hard, dark grey green,				96	25	471.0	473.0	61	6	
	472.0			generally unfoliated, somewhat silicified.										
HOLE	473.0			Foliated, sheared zone 144.2m for 35cm.										
CAVING	474.0													
	475.0							80	27	475.0	477.0	61	25	
	476.0													
	477.0	145.39	PROPYL- ITIC	as above, pale, siliceous, calcareous in part										
	478.0		ANDESITES	propylitic, yellow, from 145.4 to 148.1m										
	479.0			commonly sheared, brecciated to crush zone/	20									
	480.0			mud seam at 146.0m for 25cm. Disseminated		py,qtz	119							
ROBS STUCK	481.0			pyrite & ramifying quartz veinlets										
IN HOLE	482.0			throughout.										
HOLE	483.0				10									
ABANDONED	484.0			good propylite and banding, disseminated										
	485.0			pyrite at 147.5m for 30cm.		py		92	31	483.0	486.0	91	9	
	486.0	148.13		talcosse fault at 10 degrees to core axis	10									

MIMFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
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GEOLOGIST Adrian G. Mann, Ph.D., P.Geol..

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-02
70 DEGREES TOWARDS 090 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SL	MINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT ROD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL		Au ppb
	feet	metres						No	FROM TO	
HO SERIES										
CASING	0.0		0/BURDEN	rubble, glacial debris, mudstones						
120ft	116.0	35.36	CLAYSTONE	dark gray-brown, hygroscopic, without clear bedding or structure.			0	100		
	117.0									
	118.0									
	119.0									
	120.0							89		
	121.0									
	122.0									
	123.0									
	124.0									
BEDROCK	125.0									
AT	126.0							98		
3B.1a	127.0									
	128.0									
	129.0									
	130.0									
	131.0									
	132.0									
	133.0									
	134.0									
	135.0									
	136.0							89		
	137.0									
	138.0									
	139.0									
	140.0									
	141.0									
	142.0									
	143.0									
	144.0									
	145.0									
	146.0							96		
	147.0									
	148.0									
	149.0									
	150.0									
	151.0									
	152.0									
	153.0									
	154.0									
	155.0									
	156.0							100		
	157.0									
	158.0	48.16	SHALE	dark gray, minor bedding, otherwise as above						
	159.0									
	160.0									
	161.0									
	162.0							57		
	163.0									
	164.0									
	165.0				80					
	166.0							100		
	167.0									
	168.0									
	169.0				30					
	170.0							27		
	171.0									
	172.0									
	173.0									
	174.0									
	175.0				80					

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HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED S1	TIMER-ALIZ-ATION	PERCENT ROD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO	
	176.0										
	177.0										
	178.0										
	179.0										
	180.0	54.86	SANDSTONE	salt and pepper speckled, dark grey, angular to subangular, medium grained with argillaceous matrix, no clear bedding planes, structureless, non coherent.				53			
	181.0										
	182.0										
	183.0										
	184.0										
	185.0										
	186.0							39			
	187.0										
	188.0										
	189.0										
	190.0										
	190.5							85			
	192.0										
	193.0										
	194.0										
	195.0										
	196.0							29			
	197.0										
	198.0										
	199.0										
	200.0										
	201.0										
	202.0										
	203.0										
	204.0										
	205.0										
	206.0							67			
	207.0										
	208.0										
	209.0										
	210.0				75						
	211.0										
	212.0										
	213.0										
	214.0										
	215.0										
	216.0							100			
	217.0										
	218.0										
	219.0										
	220.0	67.06	CLAYSTONE	generally as above, structureless.	70						
	221.0										
	222.0										
	223.0				80						
	224.0										
	225.0										
	226.0							107			
	227.0	69.19		unconsolidated, salt and pepper speckled dark grey with clay matrix as above.							
	228.0										
	229.0										
	230.0										
	231.0										
	232.0										
	233.0										
	234.0										
	235.0				75						
	236.0							93			
	237.0										
	238.0										
	239.0										
	240.0										

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UTH OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J. DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	THINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT IRGD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO	
	241.0										
	242.0										
	243.0										
	244.0										
	245.0										
	246.0							100			
	247.0										
	248.0										
	249.0										
	250.0				75						
	251.0										
	252.0										
	253.0										
	254.0	77.42	SANDSTONE	intercalated claystone and mudstone with							
	255.0		SHALE	scattered carbonaceous shale bands,							
	256.0										
	257.0										
	258.0										
	259.0										
	260.0				75						
	261.0										
	262.0										
	263.0										
	264.0			carbonaceous band							
	265.0										
	266.0										
	267.0			carbonaceous band							
	268.0				70						
	269.0										
	270.0			carbonaceous band							
	271.0										
	272.0										
	273.0										
	274.0										
	275.0										
	276.0										
	277.0			carbonaceous band							
	278.0										
	279.0	85.04	MUDSTONE	generally as above, showing rare bedding							
	280.0			and occasional worm casts and burrows.							
	281.0										
	282.0										
	283.0										
	284.0										
	285.0										
	286.0				80						
	287.0										
	288.0										
	289.0										
	290.0										
	291.0										
	292.0										
	293.0										
	294.0										
	295.0										
	296.0										
	297.0										
	298.0										
	299.0										
	300.0				80						
	301.0										
	302.0										
	303.0										
	304.0										
	305.0										

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GMS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

GEOLOGIST Adrian G. Mann, Ph.D., P.Geol.

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-02
70 DEGREES TOWARDS 090 (True)

UTH OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	WINER- CALIZ- ROD REC ATION	PERCENT REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO	
	306.0				70		98				
	307.0										
	308.0										
	309.0										
	310.0										
	311.0										
	312.0										
	313.0										
	314.0										
	315.0										
	316.0						100				
	317.0										
	318.0										
	319.0				80						
	320.0										
	321.0										
	322.0										
	323.0										
	324.0										
	325.0										
	326.0										
	327.0										
	328.0										
	329.0										
	330.0										
	331.0										
	332.0										
	333.0										
	334.0										
	335.0										
	336.0										
	337.0										
	338.0										
	339.0										
	340.0										
	341.0										
	342.0										
	343.0										
	344.0										
	345.0				80						
	346.0										
	347.0										
	348.0										
	349.0	106.38	CARBON-	dark brown to locally dull black-brown,							
	350.0		ACEOUS	very low specific gravity in parts.							
	351.0		SHALE								
	352.0										
	353.0										
	354.0										
	355.0										
	356.0										
	357.0										
	358.0										
	359.0										
	360.0				80						
	361.0										
	362.0										
	363.0										
	364.0										
	365.0										
	366.0										
	367.0						94				
	368.0										
	369.0										
	370.0										

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GMS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

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UTM OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SL	DIPER- ALIZ- TATION	PERCENT ROD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb		
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cms	
	371.0												
	372.0						100						
	373.0												
	374.0												
	375.0				80								
	376.0												
	377.0												
	378.0												
	379.0												
	380.0												
	381.0												
	382.0						96						
	383.0												
	384.0												
	385.0				80								
	386.0												
	387.0												
	388.0												
	389.0												
	390.0												
	391.0												
	392.0						83						
	393.0												
	394.0												
	395.0			amber embedded in lignitic zone.									
	396.0												
	397.0	121.01	CLAYSTONE	pale to medium brown grey, generally structureless, hygroscopic, rare bedding planes.			102						
	398.0				80								
	399.0								61	400.0	450.0	1524	18
	400.0												
	401.0												
	402.0												
	403.0												
	404.0												
	405.0												
	406.0												
	407.0						67	77					
	408.0												
	409.0				80								
	410.0			becoming paler, greenish, banded.									
	411.5				85		0	78					
	412.0												
	413.0												
	414.0												
	415.0	126.49	COAL	dull brown-black, cleated.									
	416.0	126.80											
	417.0		SHALE	intercalated grey claystone and carbonaceous shales.			45	118					
	418.0												
	419.0												
	420.0				90								
	421.0												
	422.0												
	423.0	128.93	SANDSTONE	pale brown very fine grained, flaggy micaceous, with basal polymict pebbled.			62	120					
	424.0												
	425.0												
	426.0												
	427.0	130.15	BRECCIA	oligomict chert as below, shattered.									
	428.0				70								
	429.0												
	430.0	131.06	CHERT	off white to pale grey, amorphous, hard with no visible fabric, locally quartzitic, showing signs of extensive recrystallization.									
	431.0				80								
	432.0												
	433.0						0	123					
	434.0												
	435.0												

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

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UTM OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

TESTING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	TINER- CALIL- ATION	PERCENT ROD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb		
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cms	
	436.0				80		96						
	437.0												
	438.0				80	70							
	439.0												
	440.0						27						
	441.0												
	442.0				70								
	443.0												
	444.0												
	445.0												
	446.0												
	447.0												
	448.0												
	449.0												
	450.0							62	450.0	500.0	1524	37	
	451.0							27					
	452.0												
	453.0												
	454.0												
	455.0												
	456.0												
	457.0												
	458.0							57					
	459.0												
	460.0				10								
	461.0												
	462.0												
	463.0												
	464.0							42					
	465.0												
	466.0												
	467.0												
	468.0												
	469.0												
	470.0												
	471.0				10								
	472.0												
	473.0												
	474.0	144.48	CHERTY	mud seam at 144.0m for 10cm.									
	475.0		BRECCIA	very broken core, rock shattered, sheared				24					
	476.0			unmineralized, pale grey to off white									
	477.0			cherty and flinty quartz, shot through									
	478.0			with recrystallized quartz.									
	479.0												
	480.0			zone is kaolinitic in part. Wholly non									
	481.0			calcareous.									
	482.0							75					
	483.0												
	484.0												
	485.0							67					
	486.0												
	487.0												
	488.0												
	489.0												
	490.0												
	491.0												
	492.0							33					
	493.0												
	494.0												
	495.0												
	496.0												
	497.0							50					
	498.0												
	499.0												
	500.0								63	500.0	550.0	1524	13

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GMS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

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DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-02
70 DEGREES TOWARDS 090 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J. DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

LENGTH- FEET COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED SI	MINER- ALIZ- ATION	PERCENT IRRD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb		
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cms	
	501.0												
	502.0												
	503.0							33					
	504.0												
	505.0							9	22				
	506.0												
	507.0												
	508.0												
	509.0				20								
	510.0												
	511.0												
	512.0												
	513.0												
	514.0												
	515.0							0	15				
	516.0												
	517.0												
	518.0												
	519.0												
	520.0												
	521.0												
	522.0												
	523.0												
	524.0												
	525.0												
	526.0				90			22					
	527.0												
	528.0												
	529.0												
	530.0												
	531.0								10				
	532.0												
	533.0												
	534.0												
	535.0												
	536.0												
	537.0												
	538.0												
	539.0												
	540.0												
	541.0								13				
	542.0												
	543.0												
	544.0												
	545.0												
	546.0								27				
	547.0												
	548.0												
	549.0												
	550.0				90			12	64	550.0	609.0	1524	36
VERY	551.0												
	552.0												
BAD	553.0												
	554.0												
GROUND	555.0												
	556.0												
	557.0												
	558.0												
	559.0												
	560.0								5				
	561.0												
	562.0												
	563.0												
	564.0												
	565.0												

NINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

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GNS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

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DIAMOND BRILL HOLE 96-02
70 DEGREES TOWARDS 090 (True)

UTH OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED S1	MINER-ALIZ-ATION	PERCENT IRGD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb		
	feet	metres						No	FROM	TO		cms	
	566.0												
	567.0												
	568.5	173.28	CAVINGS	all core lost - sand cavings				28					
	569.0												
	570.0												
	571.0												
	572.0												
	573.0												
	574.0												
	575.0												
	576.0	175.56	CHERTY BRECCIA	very broken core, rock shattered, sheared unmineralized, pale grey to off white cherty and flinty quartz, becoming more crystalline down hole.				50					
	577.0												
	578.0												
	579.0												
	580.0				10		7	26					
	581.0				80								
	582.0												
	583.0												
	584.0												
	585.0												
	586.0							0	39				
	587.0												
	588.0												
	589.0												
	590.0												
	591.0												
	592.0							19					
	593.0												
	594.0												
	595.0												
	596.0												
	597.0												
	598.0												
	599.0												
	600.0				10				65	600.0	650.0	1524	20
	601.0												
	602.0												
	603.0												
	604.0												
	605.0												
	606.0												
	607.0												
	608.0	185.32	CAVINGS	sands and mudstones from uphole.				32					
	609.0												
	610.0												
	611.0												
	612.0												
	613.0												
	614.0												
	615.0												
	616.0	187.76	CHERTY BRECCIA	generally as above				12	45				
	617.0												
	618.0												
	619.0												
	620.0												
	621.0							0	54				
	622.0												
	623.0												
	624.0												
	625.0												
	626.0												
	627.0												
	628.0												
	629.0												
	630.0												

NINFCUS INTERNATIONAL INC

CORAL PROJECT
GMS CLAIMS - YUKON TERRITORY

GEOLOGIST Adrian G. Mann, Ph.D., P.Geol.

DIAMOND DRILL HOLE 96-02
70 DEGREES TOWARDS 090 (True)

UTM OF COLLAR: N 6679161
E 0500487

CONTRACTOR D.J.DRILLING

HOLE COMMENCED 96-04-11
HOLE COMPLETED 96-04-17

ENGINEERING COMMENT	DEPTH		UNIT	LITHOLOGY DESCRIPTION	ANGLE BED	MINER-ALIZATION	PERCENT RD REC	SAMPLING INTERVAL			Au ppb			
	feet	metres						No	FROM TO	cas				
	631.0													
	632.0													
	633.0	192.94	CAVINGS	sands and mudstones from uphole.				164						
	634.0													
	635.0				10									
	636.0				70?			61						
	637.0	194.16	CHERTY BRECCIA	generally as above										
	638.0				70									
	639.0				10									
	640.5				20			23						
	641.5				80									
	642.5													
	643.5													
	644.5													
	645.5				30			113						
	646.0													
	647.0													
	648.0							58						
	649.0													
	650.0								66	650.0	671.0	640	10	
	651.0							119						
	652.0													
	653.0				10									
	654.0				40									
	655.0				25			22	96					
	656.0													
	657.0				10									
	658.0				80									
	659.0													
	660.0													
	661.0							9	108					
	662.0				20									
	663.0													
	664.0													
	665.0													
	666.0	202.69		stained - reddish, very rare haematitic mineralization note yellowish metallic mineral	75	haem		37	57	H1	665.0	SPDT	10	9
	667.0				10									
	668.0													
	669.0													
	670.0	203.91			10									
	671.0													
		204.32		END of HOLE										