

MAP No. _____ ASSESSMENT REPORT DOCUMENT NO.: 091910
 PROSPECTUS MINING DISTRICT: WHITEHORSE
 CONFIDENTIAL TYPE OF WORK: DIAMOND DRILLING
 OPEN FILE

REPORT FILED UNDER: Island Mining and Exploration Co. Ltd; Canadian Nickel Co. Ltd.

DATE PERFORMED: Oct 4, 1986 DATE FILED: October 27, 1986

LOCATION: T14N R10W AREA: WHEATON RIVER
 T14N R10W

CLAIM NAME AND NO.	TON 1-16	YA78181-196
	JL 1-24	YA59033-056
	25-80	YA85597-652

VALUE \$	
WORK DONE BY	AURUM GEOLOGICAL CONSULTANTS INC. T. Carogan
WORK DONE FOR	ISLAND MINING AND EXPLORATION CO. LTD.

DATE TO GOOD STANDING	REMARKS: #32 MOUNT STEVENS

The TON claims cover the headwaters of Stevens Creek. Approximately 60 percent of the claim block is underlain by massive, dark green, porphyritic volcanic rocks, and muscovite and chlorite schist of the Upper Triassic Lewes River Group. A 300 m wide dyke of late Cretaceous-early Tertiary quartz diorite trends northwest across the property. Cutting the quartz diorite is a swarm of younger, Eocene rhyolite dykes which also trend northwest. Both the dykes and the surrounding wall rocks are typically shattered and sheared. Some rhyolite dykes are flow banded and show chilled margins 5 to 7 cm wide; others have brecciated and silicified margins and contain zones of anastomosing gold-bearing quartz stringers with associated sericite, pyrite, pyrrhotite, galena and minor sphalerite. Fluid inclusion studies indicate the dykes were emplaced in a mesothermal environment.

The JL claims cover the west side of the Wheaton River valley, on the east side of Mt. Stevens. Geology is similar to the TON and ISLAND claims with Triassic basalt flows, lapilli tuff and fine to coarse clastics intruded by Cretaceous/Tertiary quartz diorite and an Eocene dyke swarm. Individual dykes are 0.3 to 7 m wide and occur within a zone 500 m wide which trends northwest onto the TON claims.

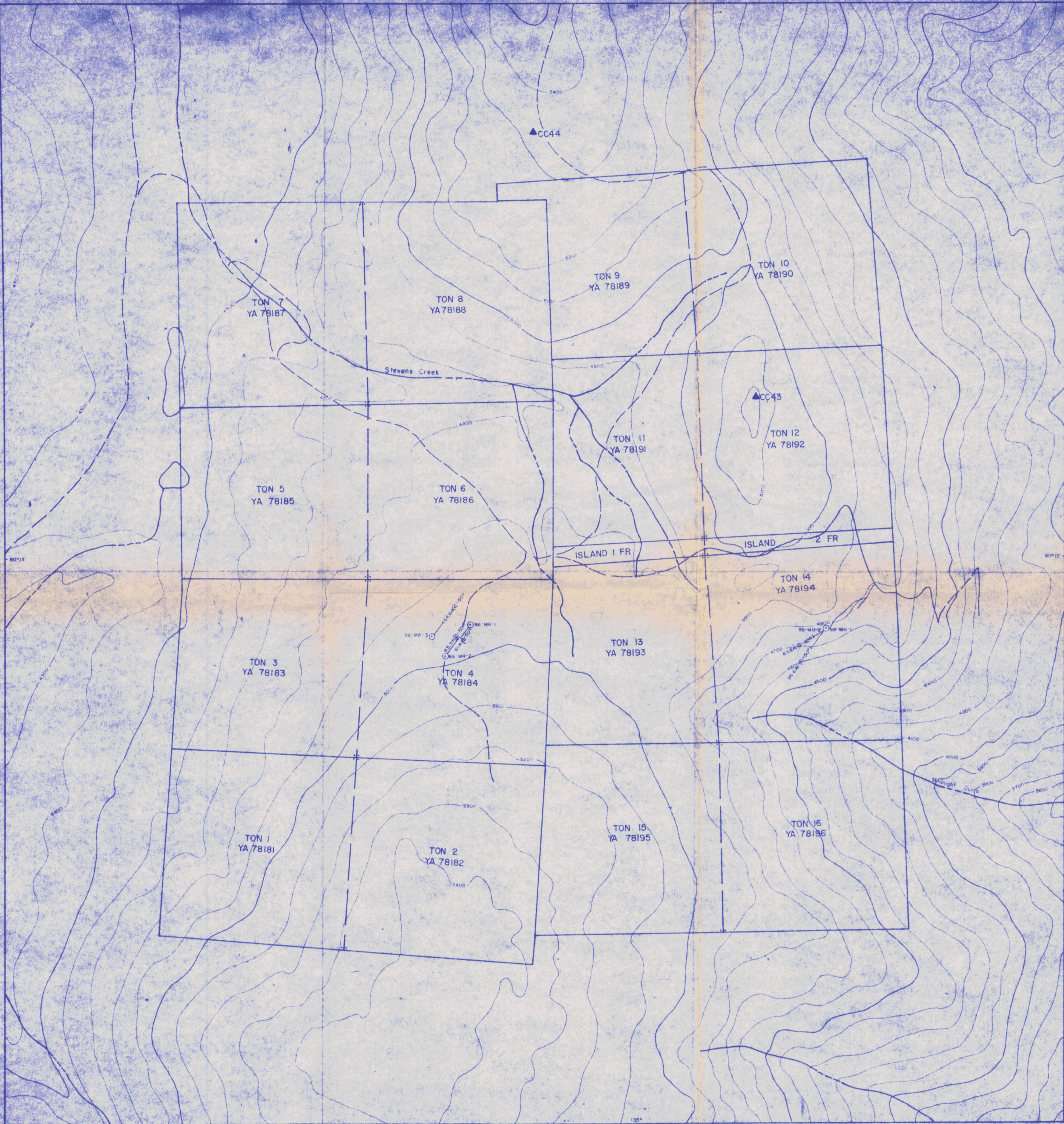
- Three types of mineralization are recognized on the JL claims block:
1. gold-silver bearing quartz veins in rhyolite dykes similar to those on the adjoining TON claims.
 2. galena-bearing quartz veins in quartz diorite with high silver and gold values.
 3. galena-sphalerite-pyrite fracture fillings in quartz diorite.

Extensive geochemical sampling was done on the TON claims in 1985. A total of 1024 soil samples were taken at 50 x 50 m and 50 x 100 m spacings on a grid measuring 1800 x 1800 m and analysed for gold, silver, zinc, copper, arsenic and antimony. A few anomalous gold values up to 1450 ppb

were scattered across the property. Sixty-one 1-2 kg rock chip samples were taken across surface. Rhyolite dykes had the highest gold content with two samples containing 920 and 1350 ppb. Somewhat anomalous lead, silver and arsenic values were also obtained from rhyolite dykes, but their distribution was erratic and did not correspond to the distribution of gold. The highest gold assays (89 g/t) came from grab samples of galena-bearing quartz vein material from a stockpile beside an old trench on the TON 14 claim. A continuous chip sample across 1.1 m of quartz-veined rhyolite in the same trench assayed 0.82 g/t Au.

Five holes totalling 266 m were drilled on the TON claims in 1986. Two of the drill holes were located at the site of the TON 14 trench showing where gold concentrations of up to 210 ppb were found over a 2-3 m interval within quartz-veined sericite-altered rhyolite. The other three tested a gossan exposed in a roadcut on the TON 4, where the drill holes penetrated a sequence of meta-andesite and breccia which contained negligible gold despite zones of intense quartz-carbonate veining and epidote alteration.

Also in 1985, soil samples were taken at 50 x 100 m intervals on a grid running the length of the JL property. Sample spacing was decreased to 50 x 50 m in the Midnite Gulch area. Gold with associated silver soil anomalies were clustered at the south end of the property with values up to 810 ppb Au, and up to 4.1 ppm Ag. Strong silver-lead-zinc anomalies were also observed in three locations with values up to 8.3 ppm Ag, 3010 ppm Pb and 672 ppm Zn. The adits and trenches in Midnite Gulch were remapped, prospected and sampled in 1985. The best chip sample of rhyolite dyke material ran 125 ppb Au. Galena-sphalerite-pyrite fracture fillings in diorite assayed 7.5 g/t Ag, 1.4 g/t Au, 0.48% Pb and 0.63% Zn. Galena-bearing quartz veins in quartz diorite were found at the north end of the claim block. A grab sample of galena-bearing float assayed 486 g/t Ag, 22 g/t Au and 0.99% Pb.



LEGEND

- Road
- Diamond drill hole location

NOTES: - claims surveyed by MBE Services Ltd.
 - CC 43, 44 government survey monuments
 - topography from Dept. of Energy, Mines and Technical Surveys 1:50,000 scale map 100A/27
 - contour interval 100 feet
 - magnetic declination 30°E (1985)

ISLAND MINING & EXPLORATION CO. LTD.

CLAIM MAP

TON 1-16 MINERAL CLAIMS
 WHEATON RIVER-CARROSS MAP SHEETS, NTS 1059/2,3
 WHITEHORSE MINING DISTRICT, YUKON TERRITORY

SCALE 1:5,000



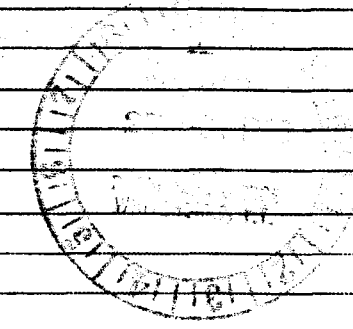
by AURUM GEOLOGICAL CONS. INC.
 adapted from
 AMERLIN EXPLORATION SERVICES LTD.

October, 1986

091910

Property TON Claims: Midnite Gulch	NTS 105-D-3	Claim TON 4	Elevation	Azimuth 215°	Length 38 m	Dip -50°
Coordinates 8+91N/7+62E	Dip Tests -48° (61 m)	Advance	Depth 61 m	Date Collared Sept. 29	Date Completed Sept. 3	
Purposes ?? To test underneath road gossan			Drilled by G & D Drilling	Assays by Acme	Logged by T. Garagan	

Interval (m)		Rec'y %	ROD (# Fragments > 10 cm)	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To	(m)		
0	4.6			Casing						
4.6	9.2			Quartz diorite: light grey-green, medium to coarse grained, equigranular with 20% mafics consisting of 15% hornblende and 5% biotite, both of which are partially altered to chlorite; contains 15% interstitial quartz. Cut by 2-3% chlorite-Mn fractures.						
4.6	5.9	95%	0							
5.9	7.9	75%	0							
7.9	9.2	95%	.23							
				The feldspars are only slightly sericitized throughout except from 8.9-9.2 (moderate). 5.8: Hematite stained. 5.9-6.0, 6.2-6.3: Ground core. Lower contact is intrusive.						
9.2	10.8	90%	.47	Meta basaltic andesite lithic lapilli to ash tuff, medium-dark green. Unit is moderately magnetic which persists in areas of veining. Cut by 2-3% narrow calcite veinlets and is 5% calcite altered throughout. 9.2, 9.45, 10.3-10.8: Moderate ankerite alteration. 9.7: 5 mm ank-cal-qtz vein. C/A: 75°. 10.35 and 10.5: Cut by a .5 cm to 1 cm wide quartz (cockscomb) -limonite vein at shallow angles to core (5-10°). May be part of same vein. Associated with strong ankerite alteration and minor pyrite. 10.6: Ground core.	3T3064	10.35	10.8	0.45	26	.5
10.8	11.2	95%	.58	Breccia: orange-brown fragments in a grey-green matrix. Fragments occupy 80% of the rock and are comprised of angular clast supported fragments of ankerite-calcite-quartz altered meta basalt in a matrix of calcite (60%), quartz-pyrite (5%), trace chalcopryrite vein material with 10% chlorite and 10% ankerite. 11.15-11.2: Ground core.	3T3065	10.8	11.2	0.4	2	



Interval		Recy %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width
From	To					From	To	
11.2	17.5			Meta basaltic-andesite, medium to dark green, fine grained with local development of medium to coarse grained euhedral Augite phenocrysts. The phenocrysts, where developed, occupy 10-20% of the rock.				
11.2	12.8	80%	0					
12.8	16.8	75%	.08					
16.8	17.5	100%	.81	The phenocrysts may be developed in the centre of the flow. The volcanic is strongly magnetic, except within the last 1 m near the intrusive contact.				
			(3)	Contains 1-2% calcite veining throughout and trace to 1% epidote coated fractures, 2-5% calcite alteration. The veins are <3 mm wide.				
				11.5: Trace quartz veinlets.				
				16.4: 3 cm green qtz-cal-ank (banded with 60% quartz, 35% calcite and 5% ankerite) vein. C/A: 5°.				
				Ground core: 12.3-12.4, 13.2-13.3.				
17.5	24.4	90%	.12	Quartz diorite to quartz monzonite as above. Grey white to pink white. Hornblende-biotite (20%) with 2-5% sericitization of feldspars.				
				Contains 1-2% xenoliths of mafic volcanics which average 1-3 cm across. One zone from 20.1-20.3 consists of mafic volcanic cut by aplitic veins up to 3 cm across (minor brecciation); may represent a larger xenolith. Contains trace calcite veinlets. Upper and lower contacts are intrusive.				
24.4	24.9	95%	.28	Meta basaltic andesite: medium green, fine grained with 10% medium grained Augite phenocrysts at 24.65. Moderately magnetic with 5% calcite alteration and veinlets. Lower contact C/A: 60° - intrusive.				
24.9	25.8	100%	.53	Quartz monzonite: pink to pink white; medium grained with 10% chlorite altered biotite and hornblende and 10% quartz. The plagioclase is slightly sericitized.				
				25.5, 25.7: 5 cm x 2 cm and greater, mafic xenoliths.				

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width
From	To					From	To	
25.8	61.0			Meta basaltic andesite as before, with several zones of grey-green meta basalt with medium to coarse grained Augite phenocrysts as before. Interbedded with lithic lapilli tuff.				
				Weakly foliated C/A: 45°.				
				1-2% epidote-calcite veinlets throughout with 1-2% disseminated calcite and 1-5% (variable) epidote. Minor hematite on fractures.				
25.8	29.0	80%	.17					
29.0	32.0	95%	.49	26.7: 2 cm calcite (quartz) vein. C/A: 30°.				
			(8)	27.0: 3 cm quartz-magnetite vein parallel to foliation.				
32.0	33.4	80%	.14	C/A: 45°. Contains x-cutting epidote-calcite tension gashes perpendicular to the zone.				
33.4	35.4	100%	.33					
35.4	36.3	100%	.18	25.8-29.0: 0.8 cm of lost core.				
36.3	37.8	90%	.43	29.8-30.0, 30.2-30.3: broken core.				
			(4)	32.1-32.2: Quartz vein breccia zone with 40% vein material. The veins are 0.2 to 1 cm wide and contain 80% quartz and 20% calcite.				
37.8	39.2	95%	.34					
			(4)					
39.2	40.7	100%	.5	32.6: 1 cm quartz vein. C/A: 10°.				
			(5)	34.2: Epidote microfracturing (10% EP) for 5 cm.				
40.7	42.1	100%	.39	36.3: K-spar-quartz-epidote 1 cm vein. C/A: 65°. Cut by malachite coated fracture (20% Cu).				
			(3)					
				36.4: 0.5 cm quartz-epidote vein.				
				36.5-36.6: Brecciated zone with epidote filled fractures and 25% epidote.				
				36.6-37.2: 5% epidote fracturing.				
42.1	43.9	100%	.29	39.2: 10% malachite in .5 cm chlorite-quartz vein.				
			(3)	39.55-39.7: Two zones of 30% quartz flooding along foliation.				
43.9	45.9	100%	.53	C/A: 40°.				
			(4)	41.1-41.3: 20% epidote alteration of matrix.				
45.9	47.5	95%	.53	41.7-42.1: Hematite stained shear with slickensides, subparallel to the core, i.e. C/A ~ 10° plunge of slickensides: C/A: 60°.				
			(5)					
47.5	49.5	100%	.43	The calcite alteration is decreasing down the hole.				
			(4)	46.4: Shear zone with calcite-hematite, C/A: 30°.				
				47.2: 0.5 cm epidote vein, C/A: 40°.				
				48.25-48.35: Epidote-quartz alteration, parallel to foliation. C/A: 50°.				

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width
From	To					From	To	
25.8	61.0	cont'd		51.5: Hematite and slickenside coated fractures. C/A: 5°. 52.2: Broken core and gouge with hematite, chlorite and slickenside on fracture surfaces. C/A: 55°.				
49.5	52.3	90%	.5	Slickenside plunge is parallel to C/A. (6) 52.45: Hematite coated shear with slickensides, C/A: 55°.				
52.3	55.9	100%	.51	53.4: aa. C/A: 5°. (10) 54.4: Chlorite shear with slickensides, C/A 5°.				
55.9	57.6	100%	.61	55.5: 1 cm quartz-feldspar-epidote vein, C/A: 50°. (5) 57.4: Foliation C/A 60°.				
57.6	59.1	90%	.3	57.5: Hematite-chlorite gouge with slickensides. (3) C/A: 50°.				
59.1	61.0	100%	.88	57.9: 3 cm with 15% epidote alteration. (8) 58.4-58.8: Broken core with 15% epidote and 5% calcite alteration.				
				<u>E.O.H.</u>				

Property	TON Claims: Midnite Gulch	NTS	105-D-3	Claim	TON 4	Elevation	Azimuth	035°	Length	57 m	Dip	50°						
Coordinates	~8+25N/6+95E		Dip Tests		None: drillers forgot!!		Advance	Depth	85.3		Date Collared	Oct. 1	Date Completed	Oct. 3				
Purposes	To test ROAD gossan from other side					Drilled by			G & D Drilling		Assays by		Acme		Logged by		T. Garagan	

Interval (m)		Recy %	RQD (# of fragments >10 cm)	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width
From	To					From	To	
0	3.7			Casing				(m)
3.7	53.9			Meta basaltic andesite ash and lapilli tuff and flows as in MR-1. Medium dark green. Very fine grained to fine grained with ash to lapilli sized lithic fragments and up to 15% Augite phenocrysts (flows). A fine grained non-descript unit dominates. The rock is locally magnetic. Contains 1-5% calcite alteration and 1-2% calcite veinlets. Hematite coated fractures, which cut all other zones and usually contain slickensides, are common from 0 to 16.4 m. The rock is locally foliated. There are several zones of epidote alteration and vein, vein brecciation which are listed with other variations below: 0-11.1: Broken and ground core. 11.3-14.8: Highly fractured core. 4.2 m: Ankerite altered volcanic cut by a 3 cm wide ankerite-calcite-quartz vein with trace pyrite. C/A: 40°. 13.75-13.9: Epidote vein and breccia zone with 40% epidote. C/A: 80°. 14.35: 2 cm epidote vein and breccia with hematite altered volcanic fragments in vein. 80% epidote. C/A: 85°. 14.7, 16.6, 21.22: Ground core. 14.4-16.4: 5% epidote veining and alteration. 16.4-16.5: Intensely epidotized meta-volcanic with 25% epidote. 16.7-16.8: 20% epidote veining up to 2 cm wide. C/A: 50-90°. 17.5: Anastomosing quartz-calcite vein and breccia up to 2 cm wide. C/A: 40°. 17.9-22.2, 21.0, 22.0: Broken core. 21.0 - ground core and gravel with 40% fragments of ankerite altered and veined volcanic. 22.0-23.0: 10% epidote altered and veined with a zone from 22.5 to 23.0 containing 30% epidote. 25.5-27.5: Broken core; 26.5 ground core; 0.5 m lost. 27.9: 0.5 cm ankerite-epidote vein. C/A: 80°.				

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width
From	To					From	To	
3.7	53.9	cont	/d					
23.8	24.4	65%	0	30.7-30.8: 50% epidote alteration.				
24.4	25.0	70%	0	31.0: 2 cm wide epidote altered zone.				
25.0	25.9	80%	.14	31.7-31.8: 30% epidote veining and alteration.				
25.9	26.5	50%	0	32.8: 2 cm epidote-calcite-hematite vein.				
26.5	27.1	60%	0	34.3: 0.6 m lost core.				
27.1	28.2	80%	.33	35.1-36.3: Broken core.				
28.2	30.2	95%	.43	36.1: Hematite fracture and 2 cm wide epidote vein. C/A: 55°.				
30.2	32.3	80%	.26	37.3: Hematite-clay gouge, 0.3 m lost core.				
32.3	35.1	79%	.56	39.9: 2 cm wide epidote (20%)-quartz (10%) alteration zone.				
			(6)	C/A: 40°.				
35.1	35.7	85%	0	40.5: 0.1 m lost core.				
35.7	37.3	100%	.6	42.2-42.35: Broken core.				
			(5)	42.3-42.4: Partly silicified with 15% magnetite, 25% SiO ₂ , minor calcite, 15% epidote.				
37.3	39.0	85%	.35	43.0-43.1: Broken core with 2 cm aplite "vein".				
39.0	40.5	95%	.61	43.1: 60% epidote altered (1 cm wide) along a limonite-Mn coated fracture. C/A: 10°.				
40.5	42.5	90%	.66	44.2-46.6: 5% epidote alteration.				
			(7)	44.2-46.6: 5% epidote alteration.				
42.5	43.6	95%	.8	45.4-46.3: Broken core, 0.5 m lost.				
			(5)	46.6: Broken core.				
44.2	46.6	80%	.08	46.7: 3 cm aplite "vein". C/A: 30°.				
46.6	49.7	85%	.11	46.75: 1 cm aplite "vein". C/A: 30°.				
			(1)	47.1-47.2, 47.45-47.5, 47.7-47.8: Epidote altered volcanic with minor hematite; 15-30% epidote.				
49.7	53.9	90%	0	47.8-49.7: 3% calcite-hematite (tr.) veinlets.				
				47.8-48.5: Broken core - 0.4 m lost.				
				49.7-53.9: 5% calcite veining and alteration.				
				52.1: 1 cm aplite "vein". C/A: 80°.				
53.9	54.1	100%	-	Granite, pink, fine grained with medium grained feldspar pheno- crvsts. Fragments of basalt (not rotated) at lower contact, i.e. anastomosing dyke. 5% chlorite after mafics. C/A: 20°.				
54.1	56.8	95%	.48	Meta basaltic andesite as before with 10% medium grained broken and euhedral augite phenocrvsts.				
			(3)	54.6-54.7: Broken core.				

Interval		Recy %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
56.8	57.6	100%	.38 (1)	Quartz monzonite-granite, light green white to pink. Medium grained biotite-hornblende quartz monzonite which varies to a fine grained pink granite (56.8-57.1). The upper contact is intrusive. C/A: 35°. The granite-quartz monzonite contact is gradational over 1 cm, i.e. possibly indicates a composite dyke. The lower contact is faulted and the underlying volcanics have slickenside on the fracture surfaces.						
57.6	62.8	90%	.46 (15)	Meta basaltic andesite as above; 3-5% calcite veinlets. 57.6: Fractures with slickensides. C/A: 65°. 58.4-58.7: Intensely ankerite-clay altered basalt (75% replacement) with 5% quartz veinlets (1 mm wide) every 2-5 cm. Vein C/A: 50-80°. 1 cm calcite vein at top. 60.3-60.35: Calcite vein and breccia zone. 30% calcite and 5% quartz. C/A: 80°. 60.7-60.9: Silicified and partly carbonate altered and brecciated volcanics with 10% quartz-ankerite-calcite veining up to 1 cm wide. C/A: 70°. 61.6: 1 cm wide calcite filled shear. C/A: 85°. 62.1: Hematite-chlorite coated shear with slickensides. C/A: 30°. 62.6-62.75: Calcite (10%) altered.						
					3T3066	58.4	58.7	0.3	2	.2
					3T3067	60.7	60.9	0.2	17	.3
62.8	63.3	90%	0	Breccia, ankerite altered and partly silicified volcanic cut by a quartz stockwork which has caused brecciation. The stockwork grades to a massive quartz vein breccia at 62.95-63.15. C/A: 70°. The vein breccia is vuggy in places with the vugs filled with limonite. The upper part of the zone contains a 2 cm wide banded quartz-hematite chlorite-calcite vein and shear. The zone contains 10% ankerite veining. No sulphides were seen and the volcanics on either side of the zone are unaltered.	3T3068	62.8	63.3	0.5	6	.3
63.3	66.9	80%	.34 (7)	Meta basalt-andesite aa: 5% calcite veining. 63.7: 3 cm quartz-ankerite vein breccia. C/A: 85°. 63.8: 3 cm quartz vein zone. 65.4-65.5: 50% quartz-ankerite veining, 1-5 mm wide every 1 mm to 1 cm.						

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
66.9	68.3	-	-	Lost core.						
68.3	68.65	100%	.66 (1)	Meta basalt-andesite aa.						
68.65	69.7	60%	0	Meta basalt-andesite aa. 20% carbonate altered with 5% calcite-quartz veining (20%: 68.65-68.7) and a 10 cm quartz-ankerite-clay vein at the bottom. The quartz is limonite stained and occurs as narrow 1 mm to 1 cm veins. C/A: 75°. The vein is also partly silicified throughout and contains fractures with well developed slickensides near the top. C/A: 35°.	3T3069	68.65	69.7	1.05	5	.2
69.7	85.3			Meta basalt-andesite aa. 5% calcite veining with 5-10% quartz-hematite. Slightly magnetic with minor epidote and quartz veining, as listed below:						
69.7	71.0	80%	0	73.6: 3 cm quartz vein, C/A: 75°.						
71.0	72.4	90%	.13 (1)	73.6-74.6: Hematite-slickensides on fracture.						
72.4	73.3	90%	.41 (2)	74.6-75.6: Lost core. 74.6: 2 cm epidote vein and 30% epidote alteration.						
73.3	75.6	57%	0	80.6: Broken core.						
75.6	77.1	80%	.15 (2)	81.7: 5 cm ankerite stockwork. 84.4-85.3: Ground core.						
77.1	80.2	95%	.08							
80.2	81.4	90%	.14 (3)							
				E.O.H.						

Property TON Claims: Midnite Gulch | NTS 105-D-3 | Claim TON 4 | Elevation | Azimuth 035° | Length 41 m | Dip -50°
 Coordinates 8+71N/6+75E | Dip Tests -48° (64.6 m) | Advance | Depth 64.6 m | Date Collared Oct. 4 | Date Completed Oct. 6
 Purposes Another test on ROAD gossan | Drilled by G & D Drilling | Assays by Acme | Logged by T. Garagan

Interval (m)		Rec'y %	ROD (# of frags. >10 cm)	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To	(m)		
0	18			Casing - in caved meta basalt and sand.				(m)		
18	19.8	-	-	Sand: green, fine grained from meta-basalt-andesite.						
19.8	22.1	-	-	Cave.						
22.1	23.6	60%	0	Meta basaltic-andesite, medium green, same as in MR-1,2; slightly magnetic, 2-4% calcite veinlets, C/A: 25°. 1-2% hematite microfractures with slickensides. C/A: 5-15°. 10% calcite alteration and 2-3% ank. veining. 22.6: Ground core.						
23.6	24.4	-	-	Sand.						
24.4	29.4	-	-	Ground core, cave with pieces of above.						
29.4	31.6	75%	.15	Meta basalt-andesite with coarse grained Augite phenocrysts and lithic lapilli, 2-3% calcite veinlets and 2-3% epidote alteration. 30.2-30.3: Epidote vein stockwork with 15% epidote veining. All veins are randomly orientated and 1-2 mm wide.						
31.6	32.9	50%	.27 (2)	Meta basalt-andesite aa orange brown; strongly ankeritized and sheared with thin (1-5 mm) ankerite and calcite veinlets parallel to the shear direction. C/A: 30°. Trace 1-2% quartz, 5% disseminated pyrite.	3T3070	31.6	32.9	1.3	3	0.2
32.9	33.7	70%	.3 (2)	Meta basalt-andesite aa 5% calcite veinlets, variable C/A, 1-5 mm wide. 33.3-33.5: Moderately sericitized alteration with 10% ankerite.						
33.7	39.6	-	-	Cave and broken core of above.						
39.6	64.6	-	-	Meta basalt-andesite medium grey-green, fine grained with 5-10% medium grained Augite phenocrysts, slightly to strongly						

interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
39.6	64.6	cont'd		magnetic locally. 1-2% calcite alteration. Epidote altered and other zones are listed below: 39.7-41.4: Cave.						
39.6	41.1	40%	0	46.7: 1 mm chlorite-pyrite fracture with 4 mm Kspar alteration						
41.1	42.4	38%	.15	rim. C/A: 25°.						
42.4	44.2	100%	.48	47.6-47.7: Epidote stockwork zone with 30% epidote veining.						
44.2	46.6	81%	.47	47.8-50.5: Broken core with 3-5% epidote veining 1mm to 2 cm						
46.6	48.2	100%	.56	wide.						
48.2	50.0	90%	.1	48.7: Limonite stained chips.						
50.5	53.0	90%	.37	50.8-50.9: 60% epidote veining 1 mm to 4 cm wide, minor hematite. C/A: 35°.						
53.0	55.8	100%	.37	51.3: Hematite coated fractures with slickensides, C/A: 35°.						
55.8	58.2	31%	.12	51.9: 3 cm zone of 30% epidote veining and alteration, C/A 45°.						
58.2	64.6	?	-	53.1: 1 cm zone of epidote veining with an adjacent 3 cm zone of 10% epidote alteration. 53.4: 1 cm epidote vein which forks, C/A 40°. 53.4-53.6: 10% epidote alteration. 53.8: 2 cm calcite filled shears with 10% quartz, 15% chlorite, C/A: 50°.						
				56.2-57.9: Ground and broken core, 1.5 m lost. Fragments consist of epidote altered volcanic with chlorite-hematite shears with well developed slickensides.						
				57.9-58.2: Epidote-sericite altered volcanics cut by 20% chlorite-calcite tension fractures with associated slickensides. Calcite C/A 35° Chlorite C/A: 60°.	3T3071	57.9	58.2	0.3	10	0.2
				58.2-58.4: 5% recovery broken and ground core consisting of ankerite volcanic with 40% quartz veining. Veins appear to be 1-2 cm wide - similar to zone in MR-2.	3T3072	58.2	~58.4	? 0.2	30	0.2
				58.4-59.4: As in 57.9-58.2 with 15% recovery.	3T3073	58.4	59.4	? 1.0	23	0.3
				59.4-59.7: 5% calcite veining with 1-2% hematite coated shears with slickensides, C/A 70°.						
				59.7-64.6: Cave and lost core. E.O.H.						

Property TON Claims:Midnite Gulch	NTS 105-D-2	Claim TON 14	Elevation	Azimuth 218	Length 57 m	Dip -51°
Coordinates 7+85N/16+40E.	Dip Tests	Advance	Depth 282'(86.6m)	Date Collared Sept. 10	Date Completed Sept. 1	
Purposes To test underneath 0.5 and 2.6 oz Au in trench			Drilled by G & D Drilling (NQ)	Assays by Acme	Logged by T. Garagan	

Interval (m)		Rec'y %	RQD (35)	# of pieces	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag	
From	To						From	To				
0	12.2				Overburden and casing.			(m)				
12.2	16.8				Felsite (? rhyolite?) orange brown, fine grained with 15-20% fine to medium grained feldspar phenocrysts in a fine grained feldspar-quartz (~ 20%) matrix. The feldspars are slightly to moderately sericitized throughout the section with alteration increasing in intensity near the bottom. Minor thin quartz veinlets in lower 1 m of section. 2-3% pyrite, partly altered to Mn.							
12.2	13.4	75%	0									
13.4	15.5	75%	.16									
15.5	16.8	75%	.28									
					16.3-16.8: Partly silicified quartz flooding with 5% quartz filled fractures (< 1 mm thick) and increased sericite.	3T3001	16.3	16.6	0.3	.001 opt	.01 opt	
					16.6-16.8: Quartz veining and brecciation up to 1-2 cm thick with 5% galena.	3T3002	16.6	16.8	0.2	.001 opt	.1 opt	
					Broken core: 13.6-13.7, 15.2-15.3, 15.5-15.7, 16.5-16.8.							
16.8	22.9				Foliated meta-andesite; very fine grained, medium grey-green to orange brown in zones of ankerite alteration. Foliation is more intense in altered zones. C/A: 85°.							
16.8	17.7	75%	0									
17.7	19.8	45%	.21		16.7-17.2: Strongly foliated ankerite-fuschite altered andesite with 5-10% fuschite and 5% Mn.							
19.8	22.9	90%	0.6									
			(35)		17.2-19.5: Alteration as above, but less intense with less Mn and poorly developed fabric.							
					17.8-18.8: Broken core with 0.8 m lost. Rubble consists of strongly foliated meta volcanic with 15% quartz vein rubble with 1-2% galena.	3T3003	~17.8	18.8	~ 1 m	20% recovery	.001	.11
					Zones of moderate to weakly ankerite-fuschite (2-3%) altered as follows: 20-20.1 m, 20.5-21.00 m, 21.2-21.8 m, 22.7-22.9 m. The carbonate zones are locally bleached, indicating the possible development of sericite: 16.7-17.2, 20.8, 21.2, 21.5.							
					Two types of veins are present in this section. An earlier grey quartz occurs parallel to the schistosity and locally contains trace chalcopyrite and galena with minor associated hematite alteration.							

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
16.8	22.9	cont'd		The veins do not exceed 2 cm in width and those >1 cm occur at: 19.4, 20 (tr. galena), 20.5, 22.2 (3-5% chalcopyrite, fuschite), 22.4, 22.6 (cp, py-ank). The grey quartz veins are cut by later ank. veinlets and locally banded fine grained (sugary) yellow-white quartz veins up to 4 cm wide. These veins (when containing quartz) have ankerite margins and the veins x-cut the fabric. Those >1 cm: 19.3, 19.9, 20.8, 20.86-20.9. Zone: 20.93-21.06, 21.5, 22.05-22.09, 22.35. The zones at 21.5 and 22.05 are associated with bleached volcanics. The veins carry trace pyrite. C/A: 22.09: 60° 20.93: 35° 21.06: 45°	3T3004	20.6	21.1	0.5	.001	.02
					3T3005	21.95	22.25	0.3	.001	.02
22.9	23.4	70%	0	Rhyolite (felsite): light yellow brown, very fine grained with 10% fine grained feldspar phenocrysts and 5% very fine grained pyrite (Mn altered). The matrix is partly quartz flooded (5-10% silica) and partly sericitized. The upper 10 cm contains thin (1-5%) quartz veins every 1-2 cm which x-cut the core at a variety of angles. 22.9-23.0: Badly broken core.						
23.4	29.4			Foliated meta andesite tuff: medium green, fine grained with medium grained fragments elongated along foliation.						
23.4	25.9	50%	0	Appears to be 25% clasts (lithic) which are stretched at a 1 to 5 ratio.						
25.9	29.4	70%	.26	Chlorite is developed parallel to the foliation and is also present as an alteration of the rock fragments. Ankerite-fuschite alteration is developed in several zones but is concentrated along the dyke-volcanic contact. Foliation C/A: 80°, weakly magnetic where fresh. 23.4-23.7: Strongly ankerite altered and sheared with 1-2% fuschite. The zone is strongly bleached (? ser.) Contains 1 thin quartz vein. Shearing C/A: 045°.						

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
23.4	29.4	cont'd		23.8-25.9: Ankerite-fuschite altered volcanic with several (2-5%) thin (2 mm) white quartz-ankerite veins varying between 90° and 20° C/A, 1-10 cm apart.						
				23.8-24.8: Lost core. Rubble consists of above and minor rhyolite with quartz veins.						
				25.9-26.1: Broken core.						
				26.2-26.6: More strongly foliated volcanic with 15% fine grained quartz in veins and quartz flooding with 5% fuschite and minor ankerite. Quartz veins are thin (i.e. < 1 cm).	3T3006	26.2	26.6	0.4	.001	.01
				27.0: ~ 0.9 m lost core.						
				28.8-29.4: Ankerite-fuschite (<5%) altered with a 5 cm wide quartz vein at 29.1 surrounded by a bleached zone with 10% fuschite.						
29.4	38.2			Rhyolite: light red brown to sandy brown, very fine grained with 5-10% (increases lower down) fine to medium grained euhedral						
29.4	31.4	90%	0.3	feldspar phenocrysts which are strongly sericitized (grass green)						
31.4	32.0	60%	0	near the top and only slightly sericitized lower in the section						
32.0	32.5	60%	0	(grey green). The top 5 cm is silicified and contains 5-7% very						
32.5	33.8	75%	0.23	fine grained Mn after pyrite.						
33.8	35.4	95%	0.44	Broken and/or ground core: 31.2-32, 32.25-32.5, 33-33.8 (0.2 m						
			(30)	lost), 35.12.					(ppb)	(ppm)
35.4	36.6	50%	0.1	The dyke is quartz flooded locally with minor thin quartz filled	3T3007	32.8	33.0	0.2	7	0.6
36.6	37.5	60%	0	fractures: 32-32.2, 32.8-33, 35.25-36.05.						
37.5	38.2	70%	0	The broken core from 35.12-37.5 is moderately sericite-carbonate	3T3008	35.2	36.6	1.4	11	0.4
				altered with calcite coated fractures every 1-3 cm.						
				37.5-38.1: Rhyolite is cut by several thin (< 1 cm) quartz veins	3T3009	37.5	38.2	0.7	127	0.5
				(average one every 4-5 cm) with minor ankerite. The rhyolite is						
				moderately to very strongly (quartz flooded) silicified and con-						
				tains 5-7% fine to medium grained pyrite cubes.						
				37.6-38.1: Broken core.						
38.2	39.5	7%	0	Ground core: includes 1.2 m lost core.						
				-0.1 m sheared fuschite/ankerite altered meta andesite.						

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
39.5	40.4	80%	0	Breccia: rhyolite, grey green; silicified and clay altered breccia formed in part by an intense clay-ankerite quartz stockwork. The fragments are intensely silicified near the bottom and are strongly sericitized at top with zone in between being a mixture of both. The fragments are subrounded, up to 1 cm across and are both clast and matrix supported. They are locally hematized and ankeritized. The matrix consists of fine grained orange brown clay and carbonate with minor quartz. The fragments consist of rhyolite with 5% grey quartz and contain minor disseminated pyrite and galena. The top part of the zone is less brecciated and is cut by a 2 cm quartz-ankerite-barite vein at 39.6. C/A: 20°.	3T3010	39.5	40.4	0.9	6	0.3
40.4	41.9	80%	.25 (>20)	Rhyolite, light brown, very fine grained with 15% fine grained feldspar phenocrysts and 2-3% fine to medium grained quartz-eyes. The feldspars are partly clay altered. 40.4-40.5: Partly sericitized. 40.7-41.0: Clay calcite veinlets in 3 zones 10 cm apart. 41.2-41.4, 41.6-41.8: Brown clay seams.						
41.9	43.2	70%	0	Rhyolite, light brown, rubbly core in places; fine grained with medium to coarse grained euhedral feldspar phenocrysts (15%) and quartzeyes (10%). The matrix has a pinkish tinge to it (clay alteration) and the feldspars are altered to a pinkish white clay (possibly ankerite) and hematite (trace). The matrix also contains approximately 5 to 10% calcite alteration. This unit is probably a coarser grained version of the above. 42.0-42.4, 42.8-43.2: Broken and rubbly.						
43.2	44.2	90%		Rhyolite, fine grained as in 40.4-41.9. Trace to 5% calcite alteration.						
44.2	44.4	100%	1	Breccia: medium brown, matrix supported, fragments angular to subrounded, varying between 0.2 to 2 cm across in a sandy-clay-ankerite matrix. The fragments consist of 50% foliated fuschite altered meta-volcanic, 10% grey quartz and 30% fine	3T3011	44.2	44.4	0.2	17	0.2

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
44.2	44.4	cont'd		The matrix is locally sericitized with minor quartz-carbonate flooding. A few of the fragments have thin reaction rims (? composition).						
44.4	44.6	100%	1	Meta-andesite tuff. Strongly foliated with highly contorted and tightly folded fabric. Ankerite-fuschite altered with very fine grained pyrite along foliation.						
44.6	44.8	30%	0	Broken and ground meta volcanic and rhyolite core.						
44.8	45.5	100%	.33	Rhyolite, light brown to green brown, very fine to fine grained with 15% fine to medium grained grey euhedral and broken feldspar phenocrysts and 5% elongate? quartz. Contains 5-7% fine disseminated pyrite. Top 5 cm is sericitized with minor thin (1-2 mm) quartz veins. Also contains several 1-5 mm qtz-ank-py veins throughout (~ 3-5%) with variable core angles.	3T3012	44.8	45.5	0.7	4	0.5
45.5	46.3			Lost core.						
46.3	47.2	75%	0	Foliated meta andesite lithic lapilli to ash tuff; medium green-brown with 25% chlorite altered andesite fragments. The unit is orange brown near the upper contact due to ankerite alteration. The fabric is also stronger at this point. C/A: 80°. Contains 1% thin x-cutting (<2 mm variable C/A) ankerite-quartz veinlets throughout.						
47.2	50.6			Rhyolite: light-medium brown, fine grained with 15% elongate quartz-sericite-(chlorite) clots (? replaced feldspars) and 5% euhedral feldspar phenocrysts. Contains 5% disseminated pyrite cubes which occur within the quartz sericite zones. The unit is quartz flooded locally and contains thin (3-5 mm) grey quartz-ankerite-pyrite (limonite) veins at C/A 0-40° at: 47.6, 47.75, 48, 48.4, 48.5, 49.1, 49.2.	3T3013	47.2	48.2	1.0	128	0.5
					3T3014	48.2	49.3	1.1	74	0.6
47.2	49.3	90%	0.4		3T3015	49.3	49.8	0.5	164	0.4
			(37)		3T3016	49.8	50.6	0.8	39	0.6
49.3	49.8	100%	.24							
			(~15)							
49.8	50.6	75%	0	49.3-49.8: Quartz flooded with clay clots and 10% sericite cut by a moderately developed stockwork (10% veining) of 0.5 to 2						

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
47.2	50.6	cont'd		Veining is 40% of the rock for 10 cm at 49.7. Contains 8-10% pyrite with 2-3% occurring in veins. The grey quartz veins contain 5% ankerite and are brecciated by a later milky white quartz phase (5% of veins).						
50.6	51.5			Lost core.						
51.5	55.8	80%	.58 (35)	Meta-andesite tuff/andesite: medium green, foliated, fine grained with lapilli size fragments which are flattened near the contacts. Unit is slightly magnetic. Fol: C/A: 70°. Contains 2-5% calcite veinlets. Upper 20 cm: ank-altered; rest 1-2% epidote.						
55.8	57.2	80%	.38 (2> 10cm)	Sheared and strongly ankerite altered above. Orange brown. Cut by quartz-calcite (10%) stockwork (25% veining) from 55.9-57.0. The rock contains ~5-10% calcite. The veins do not exceed 1 cm thick. The ankerite decreases dramatically in the lower 20 cm.	3T3017	55.8	57.2	1.4	6	0.1
57.2	58.9	80%	.12	Meta-andesite lithic lapilli tuff as before; foliation C/A: 80°, with trace carbonate veining. 58.5: 10 cm clay gouge and broken core.						
58.9	64.3			Rhyolite: light brown to green brown; very fine grained with fine to medium grained euhedral grey feldspar (15%) phenocrysts and 5-7% very fine to fine grained yellow clay altered to sericitized feldspar phenocrysts (probably Kspar). The coarser phenocrysts are partly sericite and silica altered, as in 47.2-50.6.	3T3018 3T3019 3T3020 3T3021 3T3022 3T3023	58.9 59.3 60.3 61.3 62.3 63.3	59.3 60.3 61.3 62.3 63.3 64.3	0.4 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	6 8 3 10 13 6	1.0 0.5 0.9 0.8 0.5 0.3
58.9	59.3	90%	.25							
59.3	59.7	90%	0							
59.7	60.5	95%	.16							
60.5	62.6	90%	.17							
62.6	63.1	100%	.74 (3> 10cm)	The matrix is locally sericitized and quartz flooded which is accompanied by thin (<.5 cm) quartz filled fractures: 59.4, 60.9, 61.2, 62.0, 62.9, 64.0. 58.9-59.3: Strongly silicified with 10% pyrite and 15% quartz-ankerite (5% of vein)-pyrite (tr.) thin veining. The unit contains 3-5% disseminated pyrite.						
63.1	64.3	90%	.17							

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
64.3	67.26	100%	.79	Meta andesite lithic ash to lapilli tuff, as before, strongly foliated adjacent to dyke contacts with moderate ank. alt. (13 > 10cm)						
				Foliation C/A 65°, lower contact C/A 85°.						
				64.45-64.55: Strongly ankeritized with 2 cm clay gouge.						
				66.3: 4 cm clay gouge.						
				Minor calcite veining and alteration throughout.						
67.26	70.1	95%	.35	Rhyolite: light green to brown, very fine grained with fine grained partly clay altered feldspar phenocrysts (5%). (11 > 10cm)	3T3024	67.3	67.8	0.5	5	0.1
				The upper and lower contacts are sericitized and quartz flooded from 67.26-67.8, 69.3-70.1.	3T3025	67.8	68.8	1.0	9	0.2
				69.8-70.1 is strongly silicified (40% silica) with abundant quartz microfractures.	3T3026	68.8	69.8	1.0	2	0.3
					3T3027	69.8	70.1	0.3	5	0.3
70.1	75.1	90%	.49	Meta andesite tuff as above. 1-2% calcite veining. (15 > 10cm)						
				71.1: Amygdules (5%), therefore minor interbedded flows.						
				70.1-70.4: Ankerite and sericite altered with minor quartz veining with a 2 cm wide quartz vein. C/A 10° at 70.35.	3T3028	70.1	70.45	0.35	3	0.2
				72.2: Quartz veinlet, C/A 10°.						
				73.2: 2 mm wide quartz vein and gouge, C/A 5°.						
				73.5: 20 cm broken core.						
				74.1: 2 cm wide zone with quartz filled tension gashes. C/A 45°.						
75.1	75.45	95%	0	Meta andesite-chlorite schist: medium green, strongly foliated, C/A 90°. 15% calcite veining parallel to schistosity.						
				75.2: Clay seam.						
75.45	76.35	90%	0	Meta andesite tuff, medium to dark green, weakly foliated, C/A 90°. Slightly carbonate altered.						
				75.8: 3 cm clay gouge and calcite vein.						
				76.25: 1-2 mm qtz-hem-cal. vein. C/A 20°.						
76.35	76.4	?	0	Green clay gouge.						

Interval		Recy %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
76.4	76.75	80%	0	Meta andesite tuff. 40% silica flooding and quartz veining with tr. ankerite and 3-5% fuschite. 76.45: 2 cm wide quartz vein.) C/A 75° 76.7: 4 cm wide quartz vein.) Parallel to foliation	3T3029	76.4	76.75	0.35	5	0.4
76.75	77.7	80%	0	"Poker chip" meta andesite-chlorite feldspar schist: strongly foliated, C/A 65°. May actually be more felsic.						
77.7	78.4	85%	0	Meta-andesite tuff, medium/dark green, aa: 75.45-76.35.						
78.4	79.1	100%	0	"Poker chip" meta andesite a.a.						
79.1	86.6	95%	.28 (17 > 10cm)	Meta andesite tuff and flows, medium/dark green, fine to medium grained. Weakly foliated, C/A 70° with local areas of strong foliation (schistose). 5% calcite alteration and 1-2% x-cutting calcite veinlets. Quartz veins >1 cm at 82.9 and 83.2. Clay gouge: 79.2, 79.75, 81.1, 82.3, 83.2, 84, 85.3.						
				E.O.H.						

Property TON Claims, Midnite Gulch	NTS 105-D-2	Claim TON 14	Elevation	Azimuth 233°	Length 35 m	Dip -65°
Coordinates 7+85N/16+40E	Dip Tests 65° at 83.8 m	Advance	Depth 83.8 m	Date Collared Sept. 17	Date Completed Sept. 20	
Purposes As in MH-1, test possible northwest plunge			Drilled by G & D Drilling	Assays by Acme	Logged by T. Garagan	

Interval(m)		Rec'y %	RQD (# frags > 10 cm)	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width (m)	Au	Ag	
From	To					From	To				
0	12.2			Casing							
12.2	19.02			Rhyolite-felsite, medium green brown, very fine grained with fine to medium grained sericitized feldspar phenocrysts (20%)	3T3030	17.0	17.5	0.5	210	1.1	
					3031	17.5	18.0	0.5	184	1.8	
					3032	18.0	18.7	0.7	99	1.2	
12.2	15.2	40%	0	Contains 2-4% disseminated pyrite and 5% accicular fine grained clay altered feldspars	3033	18.7	19.02	0.32	179	1.5	
15.2	15.8	58%	.2(1)								
15.8	16.5	25%	0	12.2 - 15.2: broken and ground core							
16.5	17.1	33%	0	16.25 - 16.9: lost core							
17.1	18.92	85%	.23(4)	17.5 - 18.92: partly silicified with 5% quartz veining and 5-7% disseminated pyrite. Veins have various C/A and are 1-5 mm wide							
				17.9 ground core							
				18.8: 3 cm wide quartz-fuschite vein with trace galena and pyrite. Core is ground here.							
19.02	19.25	90%	0	Quartz vein, white, with 5-7% fuschite, 2-3% galena, ~ 1% sphalerite and trace -1% pyrite. Contains a 3 cm zone of ankerite-fuschite altered metavolcanic, strongly sheared C/A: 75°. Bottom 2-3 cm is ground core.	3T3034	19.02	19.25	0.23	74	7.4	
19.25	22.9	~10%	0	Rhyolite: silicified and brecciated, ground and broken core with 3 m lost.	3T3035	19.25	22.9	3.65	10% recovery	89	0.6
22.9	27.4			Meta-andesite, medium green to orange brown, fine grained, moderately foliated C/A: 60°							
22.9	25.9	60%	.19(3)	22.9: 1 m lost core.							
				Ankerite altered from: 22.9-24.2, 24.4-24.6, 25.8-27.4.							
25.9	27.4	66%	.41(4)	1-2% calcite altered and several thin (< .5 cm) quartz veins parallel to foliation.							
				Fine grained white quartz veins occur at 24.7, 24.8, 25.3 (3 cm), 25.35 (1 cm), 25.4 (4 cm), trace fuschite, C/A: 30-90°.	3T3036	25.0	25.5	0.5	61	0.2	
				25-25.2: silicified and brecciated.							

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
22.9	27.4	cont'd		The ankerite alteration increases in intensity towards the lower contact with 5% fuschite occurring in the lower 20 cm. 25.9: 40 cm lost core. Minor ground core with yellow-white fine grained quartz fragments.						
27.4	27.85	80%	0	Rhyolite, grey-green, very fine grained, quartz flooded with 5-7% disseminated pyrite cubes. Cut by a very fine quartz vein stockwork (veins: 1-2 mm wide). The veins occupy 5% of the rock. 27.5 - 27.7: broken core.	3T3037	27.4	27.85	0.45	1	0.4
27.85	28.3	100%	.3(1)	Meta-andesite tuff, strongly bleached and foliated with 3-5% fuschite. Fol. C/A: 75°. Strong bleaching may be caused by very fine grained silica and clay.	3T3038	27.85	28.3	0.45	1	0.2
28.3	30.9	90%	.35 (7)	Meta-andesite lithic lapilli to ash tuff, foliated, orange brown to light green, ankerite-fuschite altered (2-3%). 29.6-30.0: less altered. Foliation C/A: 60°. 30.2-30.9: strongly ankerite altered with several quartz veins (usually <1 cm). 5 cm quartz vein with 10% fuschite at 30.2 and 30.6. Veins are parallel to foliation.	3T3039	30.2	30.6	0.4	1	0.2
30.9	32.2	30%	0	Rhyolite: ground core throughout. Fine grained with 15% medium grained sericite altered feldspar phenocrysts. Minor quartz flooding. 10% of the fragments consist of bull quartz with 5% sphalerite and galena with trace pyrite.	3T3040	30.9	32.2	1.3	1	0.3
32.2	34.4	95%	.91 (7)	Meta-andesite lapilli tuff as before, medium green, fine to medium grained. Foliation C/A: 55°. Cut by 5% quartz veinlets (1-3 mm) and 1-2% quartz filled tension gashes. Minor hemetite associated. 32.2 - 32.4: ankerite altered. 34.3 - 34.4: ankerite altered. With 10% sericite.						

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
34.4	~42.5			Rhyolite, light red brown to light green, in sericitized zones. Very fine grained. With 5-10% fine grained feldspar phenocrysts and 2-3% Mn altered disseminated pyrite. Contains several narrow zones of sericitization with quartz veining and flooding as follows:						
34.4	36.6	90%	.34 (6)	34.4-34.86: Moderately developed quartz vein stockwork with 1-10 mm wide sericite alteration haloes. Veins do not exceed 5 mm. Contain 5-10% limonite. Upper contact is sericitized for 3 cm.	3T3041	34.4	34.86	0.46	1	0.1
36.6	38.4	90%	.12 (2)	36.5-36.8: Quartz flooding with intense quartz veining stockwork with 10% ankerite and 50% quartz vein material from 36.7-36.8. The remaining section has 2-3% quartz-ankerite veinlets.	3T3042	36.5	36.8	0.3	14	0.7
38.4	41.5	70%	.29 (5)	39.5-43.5: Rhyolite is fine to medium grained.	3T3043	39.0	39.5	0.5	23	0.6
41.5	42.5	80%	0	39-40.5: 2-5% quartz flooding with 5-7% disseminated pyrite and 10% sericite. A 1 cm wide quartz (ank-py) vein is subparallel to the core from 39.8 to 40.1.	3044	39.5	40.0	0.5	20	0.4
				40.5-42.2: Quartz flooded with 10-30% quartz. Minor thin quartz veinlets throughout and 10% disseminated pyrite in the most intensely silicified zones. Feldspars are sericitized. 41.9-42.2: 2-5% quartz veinlets.	3045	40.0	40.5	0.5	10	0.6
				41.6-41.8: 0.2 m lost core.	3046	40.5	41.0	0.5	1	0.8
					3047	41.0	41.5	0.5	3	0.9
					3048	41.5	42.2	0.5	10	1.3
					3049	42.2	42.5	0.3	4	0.7
42.5	45.5	85%	.4 (7)	Foliated meta-andesite lithic lapilli tuff; medium green to light orange brown. Foliation C/A: 65°. Contains several zones of more intense ankerite-fuschite alteration with quartz veining.	3T3050	42.5	43.5	1	1	0.2
				42.5-43.5: Ankerite-fuschite (10%) altered volcanic cut by several quartz veins between 1 mm and 1 cm wide which coalesce into an intense stockwork and brecciated zone between 42.7 and 42.8 and 43-43.2.						
				The veins consist of fine grained, white quartz and clear grey quartz with minor ankerite (5% pyrite and 5% lim.) The veins are locally banded. The foliation is contorted in this zone.						
				43.5-43.7: Lost core.						

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag	
From	To					From	To				
42.5	45.5	cont'd		43.7-43.75: Intense quartz-ankerite-fuschite (also sericite) altered meta-volcanic which is cut and brecciated by an intense quartz vein stockwork with 30% quartz (5% ank.) Similar zones also occur at 44.15-44.21, 44.28-44.21, 44.37-44.4, 44.9-44.94, with ankerite altered meta-volcanic between the upper 2 zones and for 5 cm above the zones. The remainder of the core contains 2-5% quartz veins (<1 cm wide) throughout. The lower contact is gradational.	3T3051	44.1	44.4	0.3	1	.2	
45.5	47.8	50%	0	Meta-andesite tuff; intensely ankerite-fuschite altered with the lithic-lapilli (15%) fragments totally altered to fuschite-sericite, and the matrix altered to ankerite. 45.8-46.0: Minor quartz flooding and sericitization of matrix. 46.0-47.7: Broken core with 1 m lost. Core fragments in this zone consist almost entirely of the above with 2 fragments of white quartz vein material.							
47.8	47.9	95%	0	Quartz-ankerite vein; fine grained white to yellow white with 30% ankerite, 10% fuschite, 3-5% pyrite and 1-2% limonite.							
47.9	50.0	-	-	Caving and lost core. Core fragments consist of 45% veining, 45% rhyolite and 10% sericitized volcanics.	3T3052	47.8	50.0	-	Grab of splits of vein material	2	0.2
50.0	55.9	95%	.75 (22)	Rhyolite: medium green to light red brown. Grain size is highly variable from a very fine grained dyke with fine grained euhedral feldspar phenocrysts (15%) and rare quartz-eyes to a fine to medium grained rock with medium to coarse grained K-feldspar (5%), quartz-eyes (15%) and 10% fine to medium grained plagioclase phenocrysts. The K-spars are slightly aluminized and the plagioclases are partly carbonate-sericite altered throughout. The matrix is slightly calcite altered (1-3%). The contacts between the 2 types is gradational. The coarser grained unit occurs at: 50.5-50.7, 51.4-53.4. 51.3-51.4: Cave. A 4-5 cm wide bleached zone occurs around fractures at 54.8 and 55.0. The fracture at 54.8 contains a 1-2 mm wide calcite limonite vein. The fracture at 55.0 is dry. C/A: 45°. 53.8-55.9: 1% calcite filled fractures.							

interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag
From	To					From	To			
55.9	56.85	90%	.32	Rhyolite: light orange-brown. Fine grained with medium grained quartz-sericite "fiamme" shaped blebs. May be altered glass within banded rhyolite. Blebs aligned C/A 45°. This unit is slightly to moderately quartz flooded throughout with a moderately developed quartz-limonite-calcite micro-fracture stockwork. 56.1-56.4: broken core.	3T3053	55.9	56.85	0.95	200	0.3
56.85	57.0	90%	0	Meta andesite tuff: ankerite-sericite altered.						
57.0	57.35	-	-	Caved.						
57.35	65.9	95%	.78 (34)	Meta-andesite lithic lapilli to ash tuff with interbedded flows? Medium-dark green. foliation C/A: 50-60°. 65.4-65.9: Strongly ankerite-sericite altered with a 1 cm banded yellow-green quartz vein subparallel to the core from 65.5-65.8. The unit is weakly carbonate (calcite) altered throughout with 1-2% quartz-calcite veins throughout (1 mm to 1 cm wide), but in no concentration. The rock contains 2-5% epidote with 2 areas (63.8 and 64.25) containing 15%.	3T3054	65.4	65.9	0.5	1	0.4
65.9	69.15			Rhyolite, light grey green to grey brown. Very fine grained with 10% fine grained euhedral feldspars which can only be seen in the less altered parts of the dyke. The rhyolite is partly quartz flooded throughout (moderate to intense) with 5-10% sericite, minor fuschite near the lower contact. Also contains 5% disseminated pyrite.						
65.9	66.8	80%	0	The dyke is cut by a moderately developed quartz vein stockwork	3T3055	65.9	66.5	0.6	3	0.6
66.8	67.5	60%	0	(5-10% veining). The veins vary between 1 mm and 2 cm (rare)	3056	66.5	67.0	0.5	4	0.7
67.5	68.0	100%	.52 (2)	wide. Have variable C/A and contain 10% ankerite and 2-3% pyrite. A 2 cm vein at 67.75 is vuggy in places, an ankerite core and trace galena.	3057 3058	67.0 67.5	67.5 68.0	0.5 0.5	23 1	0.5 0.7
68.0	68.6	90%	0		3059	68.0	68.5	0.5	22	1.2
68.6	69.15	95%	.38 (1)		3060	68.5	69.15	0.65	7	0.7

Interval		Rec'y %	RQD	DESCRIPTION	Sample No.	Interval		Core Width	Au	Ag	
From	To					From	To				
				Broken core: .5 m at 66.8 (10 cm lost) .2 m at 67.1 .3 m at 68.6							
69.15	70.2	95%	.40 (4)	Meta-andesite lapilli tuff, altered, light green to medium red brown. Fine grained with 20% lithic (andesite) lapilli fragments which are partly elongated parallel to the foliation. C/A: 50°. Strongly ankerite-sericite altered with the sericite content increasing towards the upper contact. 69.5: cut by a 2 cm fine grained yellow-white quartz vein with poorly defined banding. Contains 5% ankerite. C/A: 70°. 70.0: cut by a similar 1 cm wide vein. C/A: 55°. The remainder of the unit is cut by 1% thin quartz veins with associated sericite and/or fuschite alteration.	3T3061	69.15	70.2	1.05	2	0.4	
70.2	75.7	90%	.33 (6)	Meta-andesite lithic lapilli to ash tuff (as before) to chlorite schist. Foliation C/A: 45°. Trace to 3% calcite and contains 2-3% calcite veining with minor quartz veining. 72.8: 2 cm quartz vein. C/A parallel to foliation. 70.5: two 5 mm quartz veins with 10 cm wide ankerite altered zone. Cuts foliation at an acute angle. Unit is ankerite altered: 73.9 to 74.1 and 75.4 to 75.7. Clay gouge: 70.9.							
75.7	78.0	30%	0	Rhyolite, light green brown, very fine grained. Moderately quartz flooded and sericitized. Cut by a very fine and weak to moderately developed (10% veining) quartz-clay-ankerite stock-work. Unit contains 5% disseminated pyrite. The rhyolite is usually bleached adjacent to the fractures and some of the fractures contain a fine grained pink alteration halo (possibly Kspar). Very poor recovery throughout the zone and the core is broken up. 40 cm lost between 77.4 and 78.0.	3T3062	75.7	78.0	~ 2.3	30% recovery	2	0.3
78.0	83.8			Foliated meta-andesite and andesite tuff. Medium green to dark green, very fine to medium grained; possibly interbedded flows and tuffs.							

