

MAP No.

105 D 14

ASSESSMENT REPORT  
N. M. E. A. P.  
CONFIDENTIAL  
OPEN FILE



WHITEHORSE M.D.  
TYPE OF WORK: GEOLOGICAL  
GEOPHYSICAL  
LINECUTTING  
TRENCHING

REPORT FILED UNDER	NORANDA EXPLORATION CO. LTD. (N.P.L.)	DOCUMENT NO. 091781
DATE PERFORMED	JULY-DECEMBER 1985	DATE FILED: 14 FEBRUARY 1986
LOCATION - LAT.	60°47'	AREA: WHITEHORSE
LONG.	135°15'	
CLAIM NO.	PLEASE SEE BACK OF CARD FOR CLAIM NUMBERS:.....	
VALUE \$		
WORK DONE BY	W. REID	
WORK DONE FOR	NORANDA EXPLORATION CO. LTD. (N.P.L.), SILVER SABRE RESOURCES LTD.	
REMARKS	147-BEE	

091781

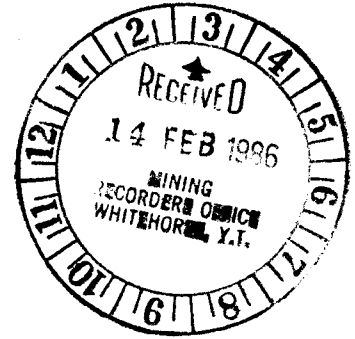
11-85 p. 78

MR 1-84	YA66451-YA66584
MR 135-136	YA66797-YA66598
MR 137-150	YA66587-YA66600
MR 151-152	YA66799-YA66800
MR 153-160	YA66603-YA66610
MR 161-164	YA66801-YA66804
MR 165-230	YA67385-YA67450
MR 231-376	YA69414-YA69559
MR 377-390	YA70394-YA70407
MR 391-410	YA71366-YA71385

Zone 3 was trenched due to a coincident Pb-Zn-Ag geochemical anomaly. Replacement oxide bodies with remnant sulphides were uncovered by the trenching. These bodies are 'manto-type' mineralization and occur at the contact between the 'upper clastic and limestone' unit and the underlying metasediments. Assay values include 6 m of 3.97% Zn; 9 m of 5.5% Zn and a grab sample of galena assayed 80.06% Pb with 4580 g/t Ag. Veins in this zone contain quartz gangue and assayed 8.8% Pb and 50 g/t Ag over 1.5 m. A grab sample of vein material assayed 23.6% Pb, 730 g/t Ag and 1.13 g/t Au.

Zone 4 is an oxidized pyritic phyllite anomalous in Pb-Zn-Ag.

ASSESSMENT REPORT  
(July to December, 1985)



on the

BEE and CEE CLAIMS



Whitehorse Mining District

N.T.S. 105 D/14

Latitude 60°47'

Longitude 135°15'

by

Wayne Reid

for

Noranda Exploration Company, Limited

(No Personal Liability)


and

Silver Sabre Resources Ltd.

November, 1985

091781

This report has been examined by  
the Geological Evaluation Unit  
under Section 53 (4) Yukon Quartz  
Mining Act and is allowed as  
reproduction work in the amount  
of \$ 13,000-00.

 13 March 1986

Regional Manager, Exploration and  
Geological Services for Commissioner  
of Yukon Territory.

J M O R R

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## CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

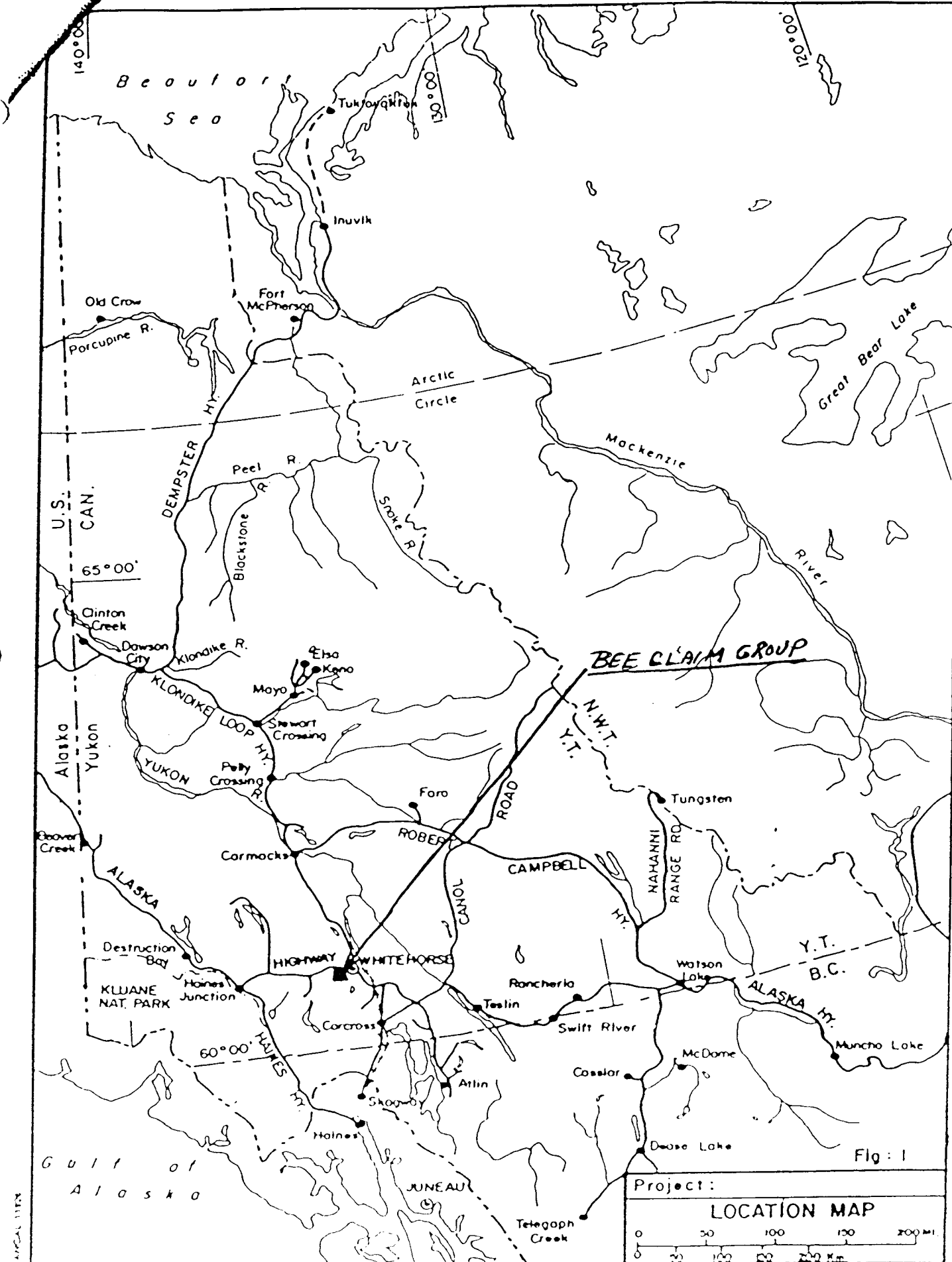
### 1-1: GENERAL STATEMENT

This report describes the results of a continuing exploration program carried out by Noranda Exploration Company, Limited (No Personal Liability) on a group of 84 Yukon quartz claims optioned from Silver Sabre Resources Ltd. of Whitehorse, Yukon. The claims, located immediately northwest of Whitehorse, were optioned by Noranda in August, 1985. Since this time, a detailed grid has been cut and soil sampled, with subsequent geological mapping and geophysical surveys outlining a number of targets which were trenched in late 1985.

### 1-2: LOCATION AND ACCESS

The BEE and CEE claims comprise a block of 84 contiguous Yukon Quartz Mining claims located on, and northeast of, Haeckel Hill on N.T.S. mapsheet 105 D/14 (Figures 1 and 2). They are within the limits of the City of Whitehorse approximately 2 kilometres southwest of the Alaska-Klondike Highway junction.

Access is via road from the Alaska Highway either using a good two-wheel drive road leading to an abandoned rifle range and ski hill (Haeckel Hill), or from Crestview to the east, using a four-wheel drive road.



**BEE CLAIM GROUP**

Fig: 1

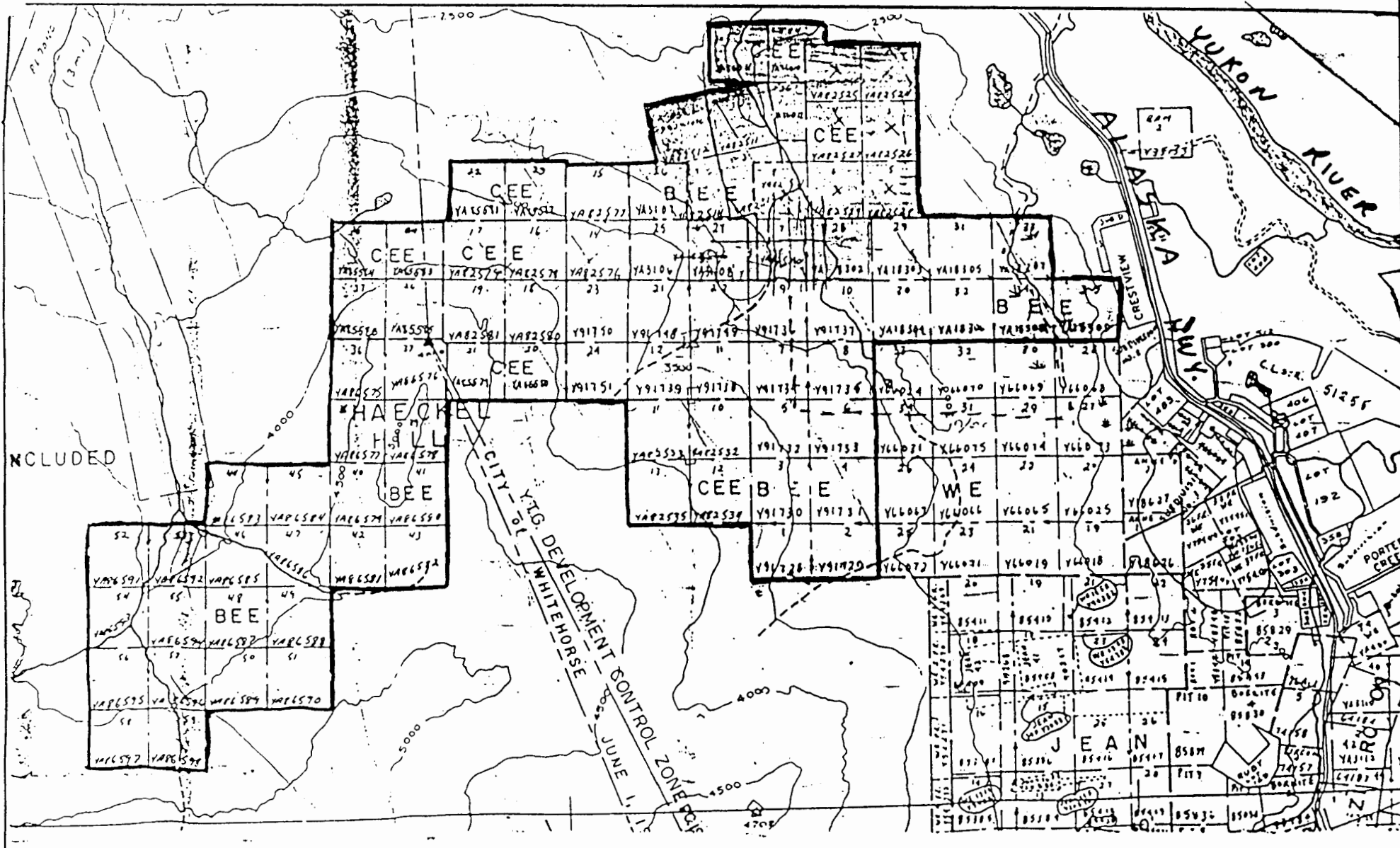
Project:

**LOCATION MAP**

0 50 100 150 200 MI.

0 50 100 150 200 KM.

NATIONAL STORE



CLAIM SKETCH  
BEE & CEE GROUPS

### 1-3: CLAIM STATUS

The initial BEE claims were staked in December, 1974 with subsequent staking of BEE and CEE claims up to July, 1985. Table 1 lists the claims, grant numbers and recording dates for the 84 claims which comprise the group (Figure 2).

Upon acceptance of this report, all claims will be in good standing for a minimum of one year with the earliest claims coming due April 26, 1987.

### 1-4: PREVIOUS WORK

Exploration work on the claims between 1974 and 1979 appears to have been limited to prospecting and blast trenching. In 1979, Whitehorse Copper Mines Ltd. optioned the property and carried out linecutting, I.P., soil sampling, geological mapping and trenching. This work was done on the eastern part of the claims in an effort to locate copper mineralization. Results were not encouraging.

Silver Sabre Resources carried out limited geophysical surveys and soil sampling on the Main Showing in 1982 resulting in two diamond drill holes.

In 1983, Silver Sabre cut a new grid between the Main Showing and the Whitehorse Copper grid. C.E.M., magnetometer and VLF-EM surveys were carried out on this grid and some cat trenching done in the same year. Between August, 1984 and June, 1985, a limited amount of regional geological mapping and geochemical sampling was undertaken by Noranda. A report

TABLE 1CLAIM STATUSJuly, 1985

<u>CLAIM NAME</u>	<u>GRANT NO.</u>	<u>DUE DATE*</u>	<u>OWNER</u>
BEE 1-12	Y91728-739	Dec. 6, 1987	Noranda Exploration Co., Ltd.
BEE 21-24	Y91748-751	Dec. 6, 1987	" " " "
BEE 25-27	YA3106-108	July 29, 1988	" " " "
BEE 28-35	YA18302-309	Sept. 27, 1988	" " " "
BEE 36-59	YA86575-598	April 26, 1987	" " " "
BEE 60-63	YA92340-343	July 2, 1987	" " " "
CEE 1-6	YA82524-529	July 3, 1987	" " " "
CEE 7	YA82530	July 3, 1987	" " " "
CEE 8	YA82531	July 3, 1987	" " " "
CEE 10-13	YA82532-535	July 3, 1987	" " " "
CEE 14-19	YA82576-581	July 4, 1987	" " " "
CEE 20-27	YA85579-586	Oct. 9, 1987	" " " "
CEE 24(N)-26(N)	YA86010-012	Oct. 23, 1987	" " " "

\*upon acceptance of this report.

describing the results was submitted in December, 1985. During this period, Silver Sabre Resources carried out a trenching program using a D-7 caterpillar tractor.

i-5: JUNE-DECEMBER, 1985 WORK PROGRAM

An option agreement was signed between Silver Sabre Resources and Noranda Exploration in August 1985. Field work commenced on the BEE claim property shortly thereafter. The work was concentrated on a cut and flagged grid (Grid No. 3) and consisted of soil sampling, a magnetometer survey, an H.L.E.M. survey and geological mapping. A trenching program was carried out between October and December after the above data was received. Noranda personnel performed all of the work except the linecutting and soil sampling which was contracted to Jacques Moreau and the cat work which was contracted to Harold Knippel, both of Whitehorse, Yukon.

In addition, regional geology-geochemical traverses were conducted over most of the claims.

## CHAPTER TWO: ASSESSMENT WORK

### 2-1: REGIONAL GEOLOGY

A series of traverses were made in order to geologically map the claims and these results are presented on Figure 3. The BEE claims are underlain largely by strata of the upper Triassic Lewes River Group. From southwest to northeast, the general stratigraphy consists of:

a) Mafic fragmental and tuffaceous rocks consisting of coarse agglomerate to fine-grained, aquagene tuff. These volcanic rocks grade into volcanoclastic conglomerate and greywacke.

b) Greywacke, argillite and siltstone with lesser arkose and dark grey limestone.

c) Dark grey, bedded limestone, and bioclastic limestone.

Generally the strata is moderately to gently dipping and variably silicified, hornfelsed and epidotized.

In the southeast part of the claims, the Lewes River Group is intruded by a medium-grained, biotite rich, to leucocratic, equigranular to plagioclase-phyric, granite. This intrusive rock is thought to be Tertiary in age. A similar granite to the west near Jackson's Creek was dated at 50 m.y. by Morrison (1979).

One other rock type found in the area is a fine-grained to weakly porphyritic rhyolite sill within the argillite unit in the centre of the

claims. This unit will be described more fully in a subsequent chapter.

#### 2-2: REGIONAL GEOCHEMISTRY

A total of 22 silts and 2 pan concentrates were taken during the course of the regional geological traverses. The locations are shown on Figure 3 and results are appended (Appendix C). Both of the panned concentrates were anomalous. A 2,500 ppm Pb is located near the rifle range and because of this, and the lack of other anomalous elements, it is assumed the anomaly is due to a stray piece of "lead shot". The other concentrate analyzed 1,000 ppb Au and is located southeast and upstream from the grid.

One silt sample located near the top of Haeckel Hill analyzed 100 ppb Au and is the only anomalous result of the 22 silts. Both of these weak Au anomalies are unexplained.

#### 2-3: LINECUTTING

A total of 8.8 line kilometres of grid were flagged or cut and chained to cover an area of favourable geology in the centre of the BEE claims. The grid (Grid No. 3) is superimposed over a previous grid established by Silver Sabre Resources.

## 2-4: GRID GEOLOGY

Most grid lines were geologically mapped and the results are shown on Figure 4.

The general stratigraphy underlying the grid consists, from south to north, of an interbedded argillite and greywacke overlain by a bioclastic to thinly bedded, grey limestone. Bedding is generally gently dipping, however it is quite variable. In the centre of the grid, a massive to slightly porphyritic felsic unit outcrops. This unit is tentatively called a rhyolite sill although it may be a flow.

The large "Tertiary" granite is exposed just to the south of the grid where it is in contact with a white, recrystallized, sucrose limestone. The limestone appears to be a raft or roof pendant in the granite.

A fairly well defined contact aureole surrounds the intrusion. Hornfelsing and silicification of the clastic rocks are seen up to 500 metres away from the contact and are well defined by a magnetic high. This is probably due to the presence of pyrrhotite within the aureole as opposed to pyrite in the relatively unaltered rock to the north.

Silicification is often pervasive and quartz veins with associated pyrrhotite, pyrite, galena and sphalerite are common within this zone. A weak foliation is developed parallel to the contact (east-west), the best of which is seen in the trenched shear zone within the rhyolite.

## 2-5: SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

A total of 319 soil samples were taken on Grid No. 3 and analyzed for Cu, Pb, Zn, Ag, Mo, As and Au. A number of isolated, moderate to weak, anomalies are spread throughout the grid area. The results are presented on Figures 5 to 7.

A strong Pb-Zn anomaly (values up to 420 Pb and 480 Zn) is located on L-1,200 and 1,300E at approximately 1,150N. This anomaly is 150 metres downslope from the Main galena-sphalerite showing.

Two As anomalies were found on the grid. One, located on the furthest westerly line at 1,050N, has values up to 160 ppm and has not been explained. The other, located on L-1,700E between 1,025 and 1,050N, has values up to 170 ppm As. This anomaly is caused by high As values (up to 2,000 ppm) in the underlying "rhyolite" (Tr. No. 85-1).

Three isolated, single sample Au anomalies are also located on the grid: a 410 ppb is located on L-2,000E, 675N; a 130 ppb Au on L-1,700E, 1,125N, downslope from an As anomaly; and a 900 ppb on L-1,400E, 875N. None of these anomalies have been explained.

## 2-6: GEOPHYSICS

Three mandays of geophysical surveys were undertaken on Grid No. 3. The following is a brief description of the results interpreted by Lyndon Bradish, Noranda's western division geophysicist:

"Five lines of E.M. (SE-88) and eleven lines of Total Field mag were completed in September on the BEE grid.

The E.M. survey did not detect any discrete zones of bedrock conductivity but did define a zone of low resistivity beneath the NE quadrant of the survey grid. The boundary as shown on the survey maps is only approximate as the profiles do not suggest a sharp discontinuity but rather a gradual change in the resistivity. The source of the low resistivity unit is unknown and could be caused by the geology and/or a change in the overburden.

The magnetic survey provides a clue that the low resistivity unit may be sourced by a geological unit as the resistivity "contact" generally follows the 300-400 gamma contours. Several small magnetic anomalies are evident as seen on the contour presentation map. Specifically L-1,400E/675N and a broader area centered at L-1,800E/700-800N. The latter area is interesting in that it appears the resistivity contact is wrapping around this mag anomaly.

No discrete zones of bedrock conductivity were mapped by the E.M. survey. If additional geophysical surveys are warranted by encouraging geology and assays, then I.P. should be considered."

Results are presented on Figures 8 and 9 and geophysical profiles in Appendix D.

## 2-7: TRENCHING

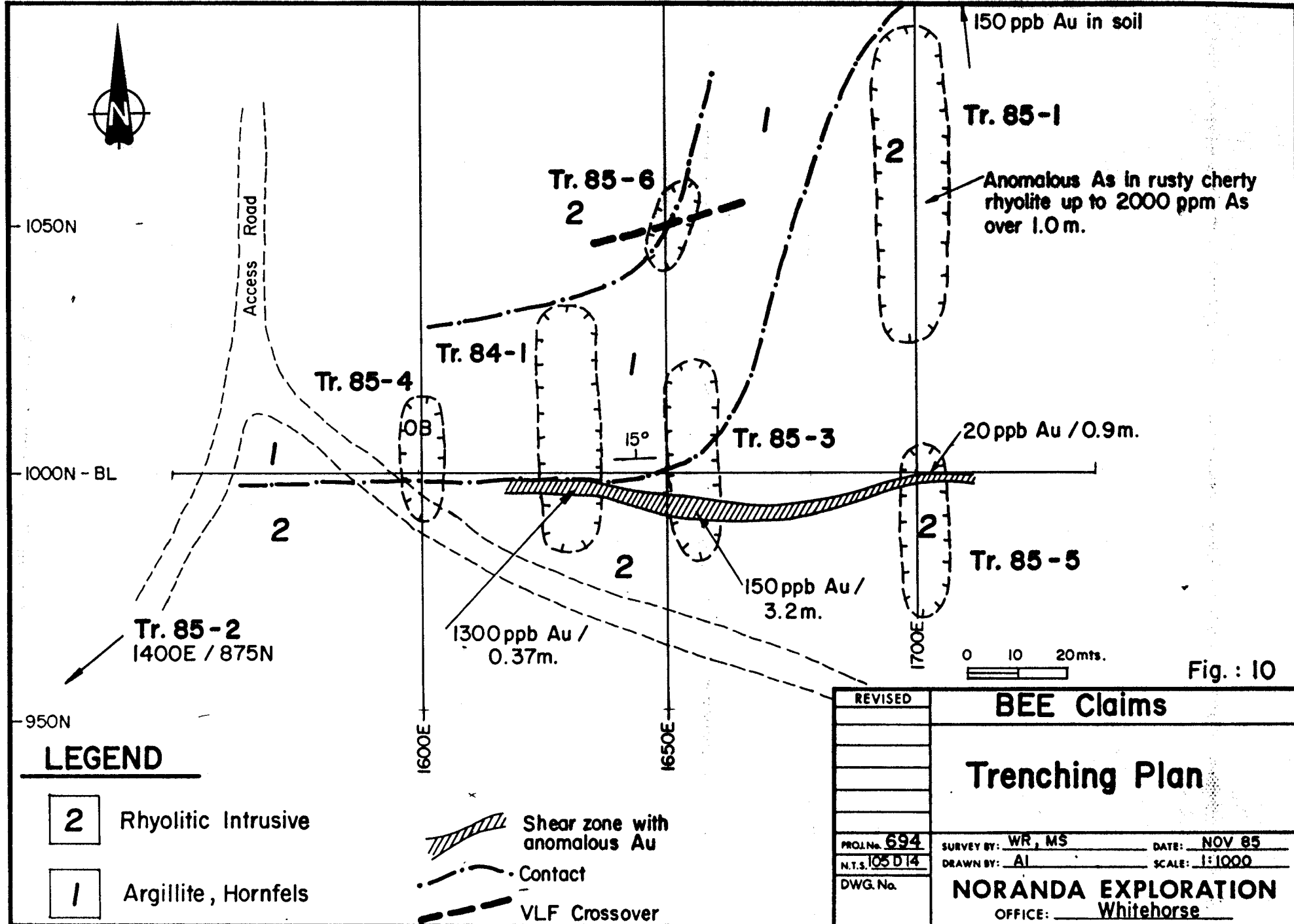
A trenching program, utilizing a D-8 caterpillar tractor, was carried out between October and December, 1985. Approximately 41 hours of cat time were used. A compilation map of the trenching (Figure 10) and all geochemical results (Appendix E) are included.

One trench (TR-85-2) was located on L-1,400E, 875N to test a 900 ppb Au-in-soil anomaly. Three chip samples over a continuous length of 15 metres gave negative results. Because of the isolated nature of the anomaly and the lack of other anomalous elements, no further work is warranted here.

The remaining trenching was done on and around a coincident low resistivity and As-in-soil anomalous zone between L-1,600E and L-1,700E. A trench in this area in 1984 exposed a shear zone containing 1,300 ppb Au over 37 cm.

The area is underlain by a very siliceous, weakly porphyritic rhyolite "sill" which is overlain by gently dipping, dark grey, hornfelsed argillite. The upper contact is parallel to the bedding. The rhyolite is light grey, often having a mottled appearance due to bleaching. Disseminated pyrite (1 to 5%) with minor arsenopyrite is found throughout this unit resulting in moderate rusty zones.

The most interesting feature, economically, observed in the trenches is a weakly to moderately sheared zone within the rhyolite. It strikes easterly, is steeply dipping, and varies from 0.5 to 3.0 metres in width. The more intense foliation is found in the narrower section. Minor thin



**LEGEND**

- 2** Rhyolitic Intrusive
- 1** Argillite, Hornfels

- Shear zone with anomalous Au
- Contact
- VLF Crossover

REVISED	<b>BEE Claims</b>	
	<b>Trenching Plan</b>	
PROJ. No. <b>694</b>	SURVEY BY: <b>WR, MS</b>	DATE: <b>NOV 85</b>
N.T.S. <b>105 D 14</b>	DRAWN BY: <b>AI</b>	SCALE: <b>1:1000</b>
DWG. No.	<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b>	
	OFFICE: <b>Whitehorse</b>	

quartz veins with associated galena and sphalerite occur within the zone.

Gold values vary from 1,300 ppb over 0.37 metres to 150 ppb Au over 3.2 metres.

### CHAPTER THREE: SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 3-1: SUMMARY

Exploration during 1985 on the BEE claims was concentrated on an area underlain by a siliceous rhyolite sill with elevated Au values apparently confined to a weak shear zone crosscutting the sill. This is within the contact aureole of a Tertiary(?) granite located to the southwest as evidenced by silicification, quartz-base metal veins, hornfelsing of clastic rocks, and recrystallization with minor skarnification of the limestone.

Surveys on a new grid, cut to cover the rhyolite and possible extension of the shear zone, gave some positive though inconclusive results. These surveys included soil sampling, magnetometer, H.L.E.M. and geological mapping.

Trenching carried out in late 1985 extended the known length of the shear zone, however Au values, although elevated (up to 150 ppb), were too low to justify Noranda doing any further work at the time.

#### 3-2: RECOMMENDATIONS

Continued exploration in the area should be carried out on two fronts:

- 1) Additional mapping and sampling throughout the claims in the vicinity of the granite contact to locate favourable areas for Au deposition

of the style seen on Grid No. 3, as well as in other host rocks including the limestone and silicified zones. The BEE claims have good potential for other deposit types, including base metal-precious metal veins and skarns.

2) Further evaluation of the shear zone and vicinity along strike, and possibly down dip, should be continued.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Wayne Reid".

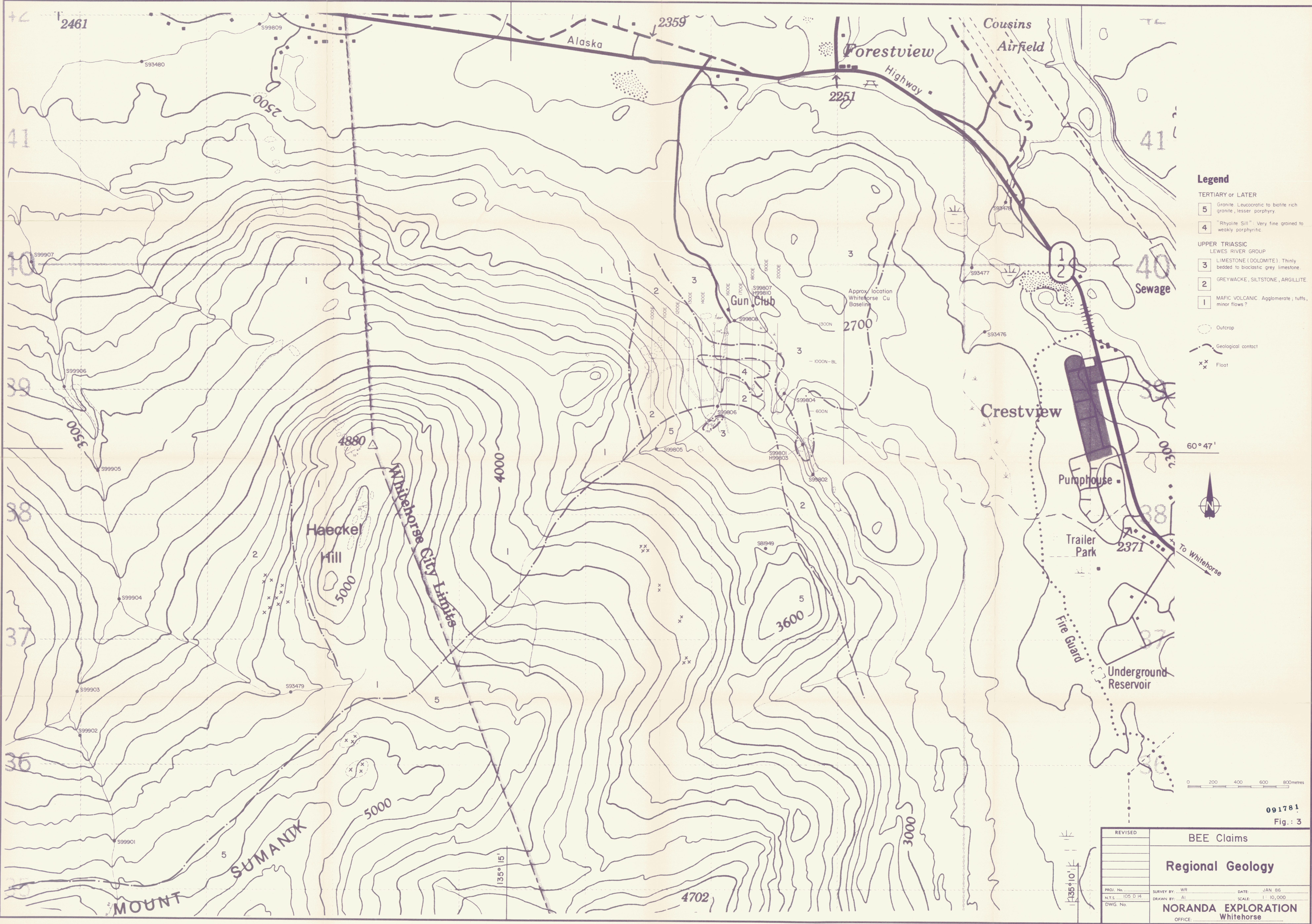
Wayne Reid  
Project Geologist

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

Morrison, G.W. Open File EGS-1979-6.

Reid, W., Nov. 1985. Geology, Prospecting and Geochemistry Report on the BEE and CEE Claims.

Wheeler, J.O., 1959. Whitehorse Map Area, Yukon 105 D, G.S.C. Memoir.



**Legend**

- TERTIARY or LATER
- 5 Granite, Leucocratic to biotite rich granite, lesser porphyry.
  - 4 "Rhyolite Sill": Very fine grained to weakly porphyritic.
- UPPER TRIASSIC  
LEWES RIVER GROUP
- 3 LIMESTONE (DOLOMITE). Thinly bedded to bioclastic grey limestone.
  - 2 GREYWACKE, SILTSTONE, ARGILLITE.
  - 1 MAFIC VOLCANIC: Agglomerate; tuffs, minor flows?
- Outcrop  
 - Geological contact  
 x x Float



091781  
Fig.: 3

REVISED	BEE Claims	
	<b>Regional Geology</b>	
PROJ. No.	SURVY BY: WR	DATE: JAN 86
N.T.S. 105, 0 14	DRAWN BY: AI	SCALE: 1:10,000
DWG. No.	<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b> Whitehorse	
	OFFICE: .....	



**Legend**

**TERTIARY or LATER**

- 5 Granite. Leucocratic to biotite rich granite, lesser porphyry.
- 4 "Rhyolite Sill": Very fine grained to weakly porphyritic.

**UPPER TRIASSIC**

LEWES RIVER GROUP

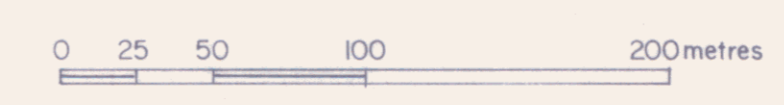
- 3 LIMESTONE (DOLOMITE). Thinly bedded to bioclastic grey limestone.
- 2 GREYWACKE, SILTSTONE, ARGILLITE.
- 1 MAFIC VOLCANICS. Agglomerate; tuffs, minor flows?

**Symbols**

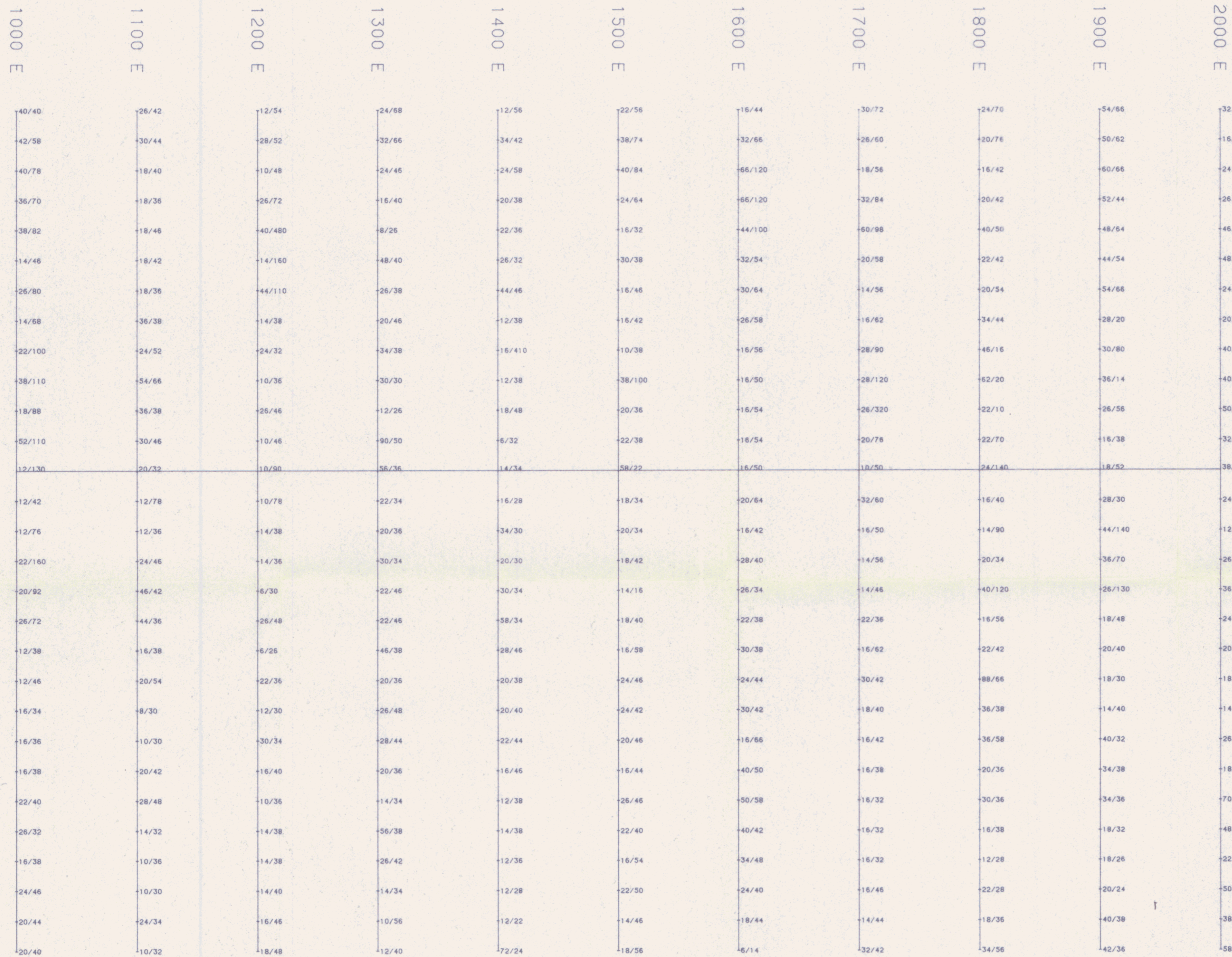
- Outcrop
- Float
- Mineralized quartz vein (Galena - Sphalerite)
- Shear zone
- Trench
- Limit of contact alteration
- Approximate contact

091781  
Fig. 4

REVISED	BEE Claims	
	<b>Geological Survey</b> (Grid No. 3)	
PRJ. No. 16	SURVEY BY: WR	DATE: JAN 86
N.T.S. 105 D 14	DRAWN BY: A1	SCALE: 1:2500
DWG. No.	<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b> Whitehorse	



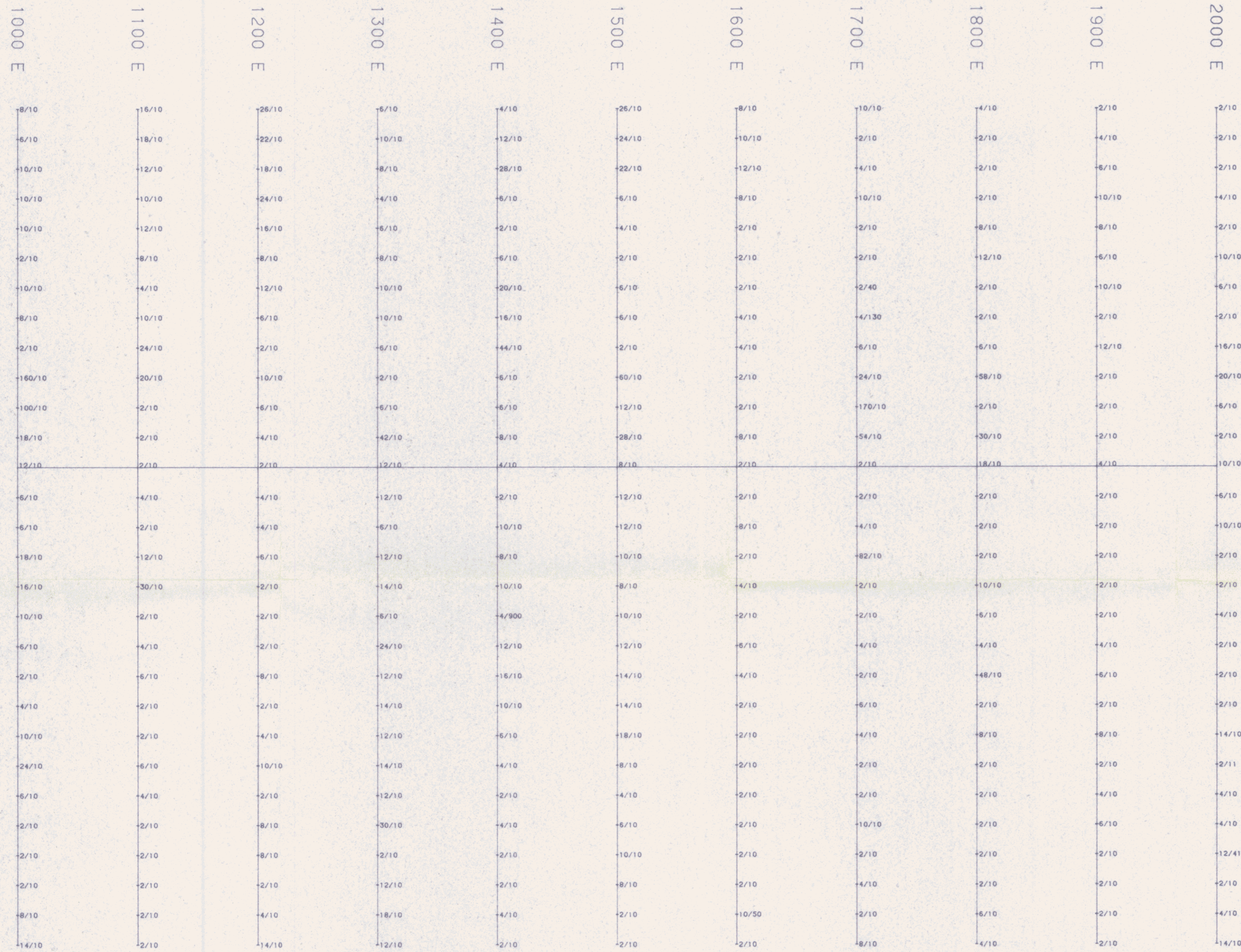
VANCOUVER



1300 N  
1200 N  
1100 N  
BASELINE 1000 N  
900 N  
800 N  
700 N  
600 N

091781  
Fig. : 5

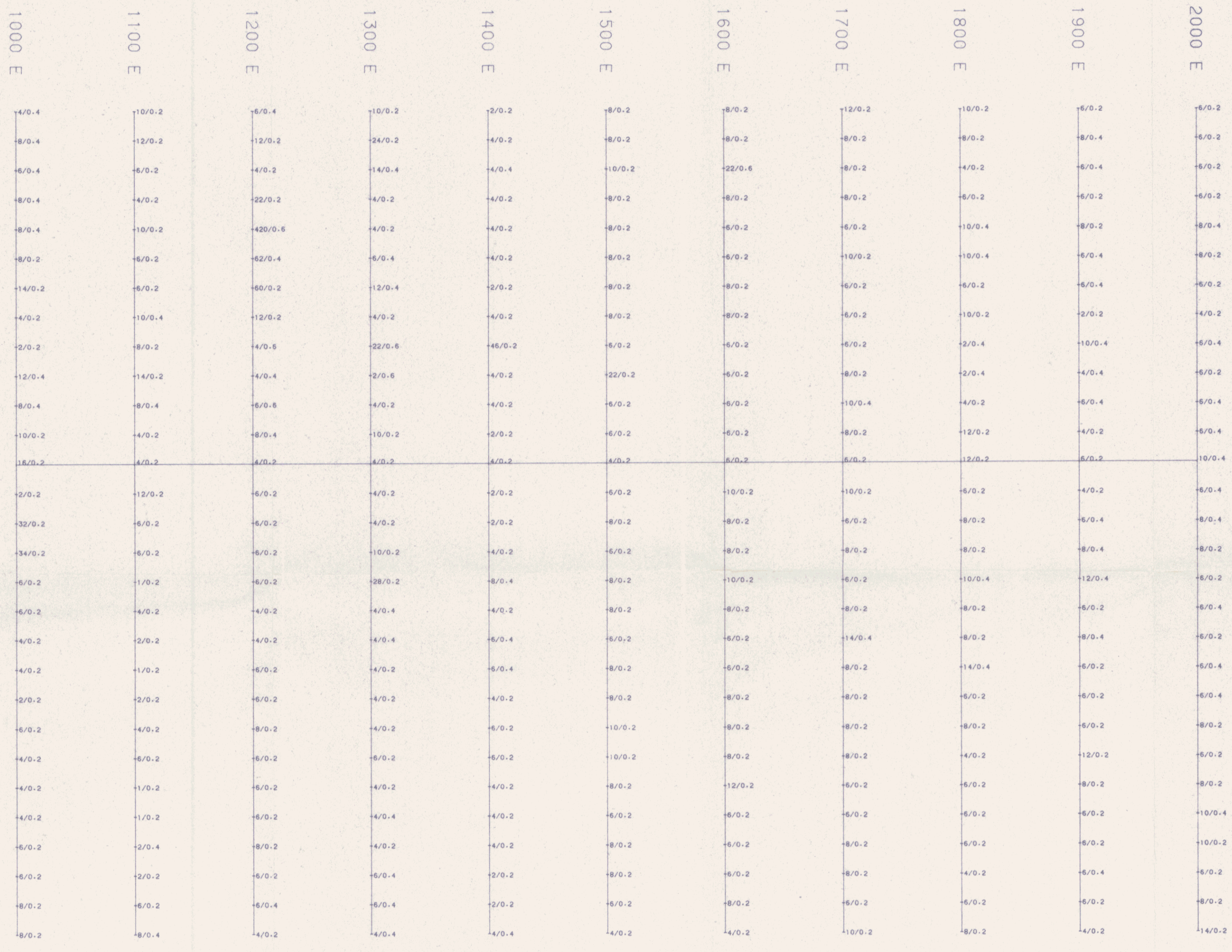
BEE CLAIMS	
SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY CU, ZN IN PPM.	
PROJ. NO. 850694.....	SURVEY BY: W.R. .... DATE: OCT. 16, 1985.....
N.T.S. 1:2500.....	DRAWN BY: EDP/VAN..... SCALE: 1:2500.....
DWG. NO.	<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b> OFFICE: WHITEHORSE.....



1300 N  
 1200 N  
 1100 N  
 BASELINE  
 1000 N  
 900 N  
 800 N  
 700 N  
 600 N

091781  
 Fig. : 6

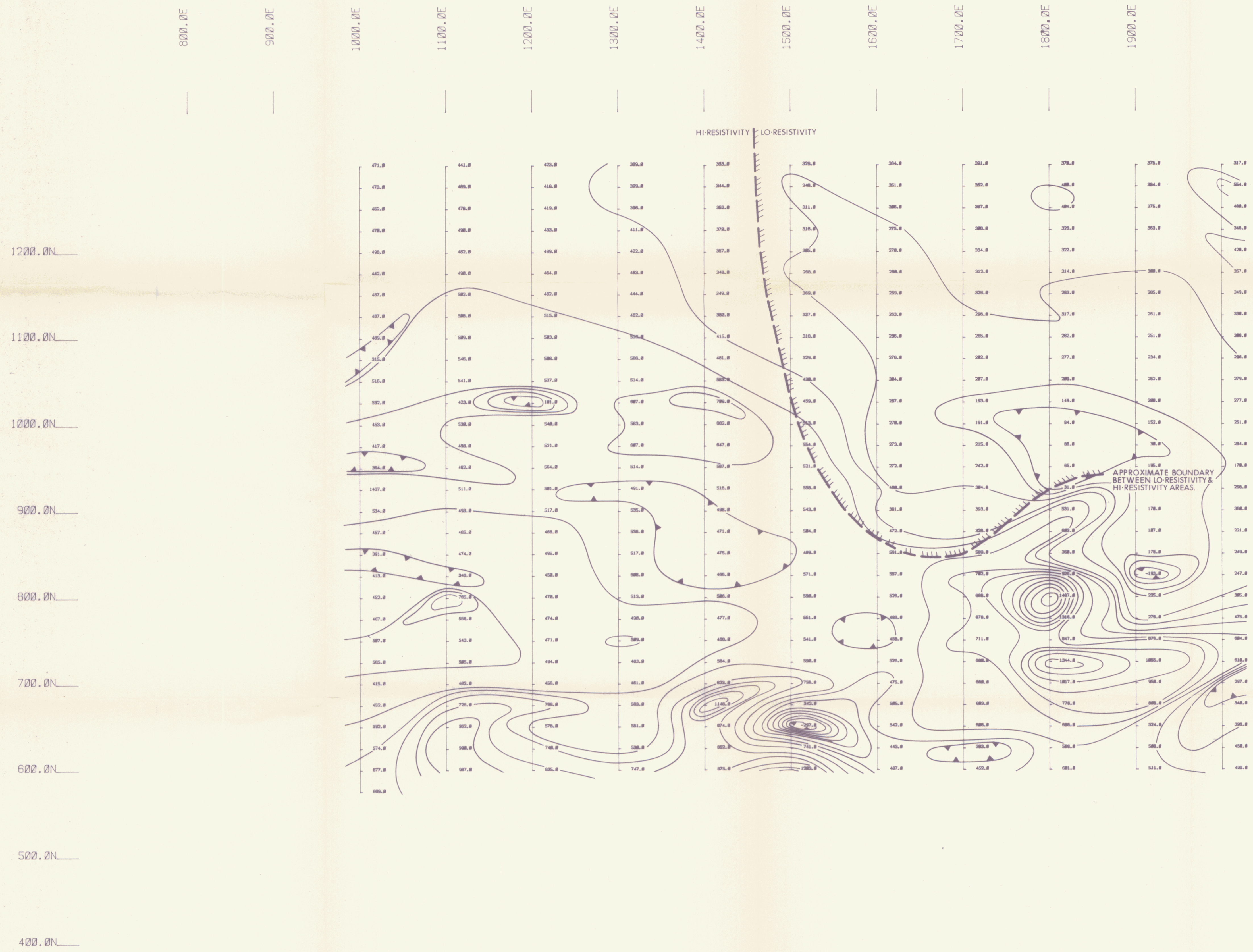
BEE CLAIMS	
SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY AS IN PPM. AU IN PPB.	
PROJ. NO. 850894.....	SURVEY BY: H.R..... DATE: OCT. 16. 1985.....
N.T.S. 1:2500.....	DRAWN BY: EDP/VAN..... SCALE: 1:2500.....
DWG. NO.	<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b> OFFICE: WHITEHORSE.....





1300 N  
 1200 N  
 1100 N  
 BASELINE  
 1000 N  
 900 N  
 800 N  
 700 N  
 600 N

091781  
 Fig.: 7

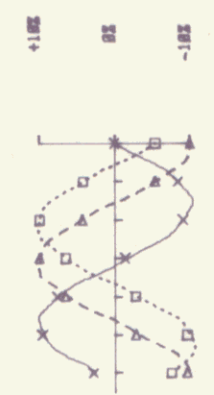
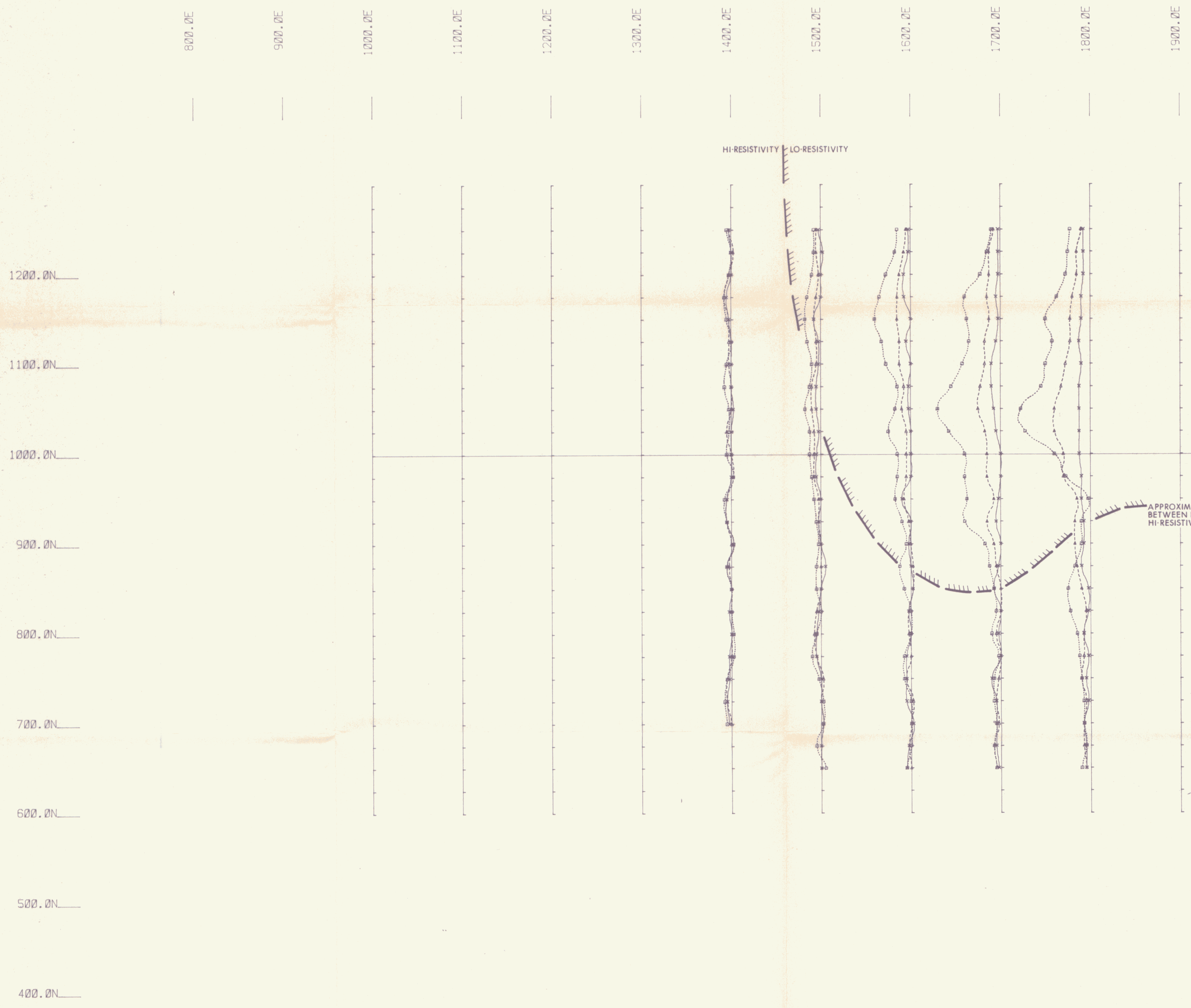
BEE CLAIMS	
SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY PB, AG IN PPM.	
PROJ. NO. B50694	SURVEY BY: W.R. DATE: OCT. 16, 1985.
N.T.S. 1:2500	DRAWN BY: EDP/VAN SCALE: 1:2500
DWG. NO.	<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b> OFFICE: WHITEHORSE



Instrument : MP-3  
 Datum Plane : 57000.0  
 Conductive Unit :   
 Contour Interval : 100Ω  


091781  
 Fig. : 8

<b>BEE GRID</b>	
<b>MAGNETOMETER SURVEY</b>	
PROJECT: BEE CLAIMS PROJECT # : 73 BASELINE AZIMUTH : 90 Deg.	
SCALE = 1: 2500	DATE : 9/ 9/85
SURVEY BY: ADL NTS :	
FILE: M73BEE.ZAT	
NORANDA EXPLORATION <b>091781</b>	



Instrument : SEBB GENTE  
 Coil Spacing : 100m  
 Ref. Frequency : 112Hz  
 Vertical Scale : 1 cm = 10%

337 Hz - x - x -  
 1012 Hz - o - o - o -  
 3037 Hz - a - a - a -

50m 25m 10m 5m 100m



Fig. : 9

BEE GRID  
 SE-88 SURVEY

PROJECT: BEE CLAIM PROJECT # : 73  
 BASELINE AZIMUTH : 90 Deg.

SCALE = 1 : 2500      DATE : 9/ 9/85  
 SURVEY BY: WK/TK NTS :  
 FILE: S73BEE.ZAT  
 NORANDA EXPLORATION      091781

APPENDIX A

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Wayne Reid, of the City of Whitehorse, in the Yukon Territory, do hereby certify that:

1. I have been employed as a Geologist by Noranda Exploration Company, Limited (No Personal Liability) since 1976.
2. I am a graduate of Memorial University of Newfoundland with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Geology.
3. I am a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, the Prospectors and Developers Association and a fellow of the G.A.C.
4. I supervised and performed part of the work described in this report.
5. I have no direct or indirect interest in Silver Sabre Resources Ltd., nor do I expect to receive any interest directly or indirectly in the securities of this company.

*N. Wayne Reid*

-----  
N. Wayne Reid  
Project Geologist  
Noranda Exploration Company, Limited  
(No Personal Liability)

APPENDIX B

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

BEE and CEE Claims

Linecutting & Soil Sampling:	\$1,200.00	
Labour (Geophysics):		
3 mandays @ \$130.00	390.00	
Labour (Geology & Geochem):		
20 mandays @ \$110.00	2,200.00	
Analysis:		
363 samples @ \$9.00	3,267.00	
Transportation:		
1/2 hr. helicopter	250.00	
Trucks, fuel, etc.	400.00	
Board & Lodging:	600.00	
	-----	\$ 8,307.00
 <u>Physical Work (Trenching)</u>		
Cat:		
41 hrs. @ \$140.00	5,740.00	
Flat Bed:	300.00	
Labour:		
7 mandays @ \$150.00	1,050.00	
Analysis:		
Bondar Clegg 51 @ \$12.25	624.75	
Noranda 51 @ \$9.00	459.00	
	-----	\$ 8,173.75
Report Writing, Drafting, etc.		800.00
		-----
TOTAL		\$17,280.75

APPENDIX C:

SILT GEOCHEMISTRY

SILTS:

Values in PPM, except where noted.

SAMPLE No.	Cu	Zn	Pb	Ag	As	Mo	PPB Au
99801	44	58	4	0.2	12	1	10
99802	22	46	4	0.2	6	1	10
99804	32	54	4	0.2	8	1	10
99805	30	56	4	0.2	4	1	10
99806	20	54	4	0.2	2	1	10
99807	20	54	4	0.2	6	1	10
99808	30	70	6	0.2	1	1	10
99809	20	40	2	0.2	4	1	10
81949	30	44	4	0.2	1	1	10
99901	24	100	14	0.2	6	1	<u>100</u>
99902	18	54	6	0.2	1	1	10
99903	16	48	6	0.2	2	1	10
99904	16	46	6	0.2	8	1	10
99905	20	46	6	0.2	12	1	10
99906	16	38	4	0.2	10	1	10
99907	16	38	2	0.2	6	1	10
93476	28	50	4	0.2	6	1	10
93477	40	58	8	0.2	6	1	10
93478	38	56	8	0.2	12	1	10
93479	20	60	4	0.2	1	1	10
93480	22	38	2	0.2	2	1	10

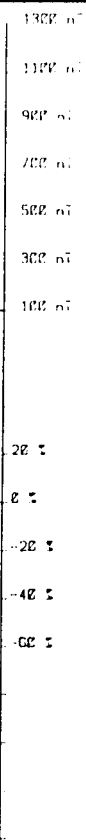
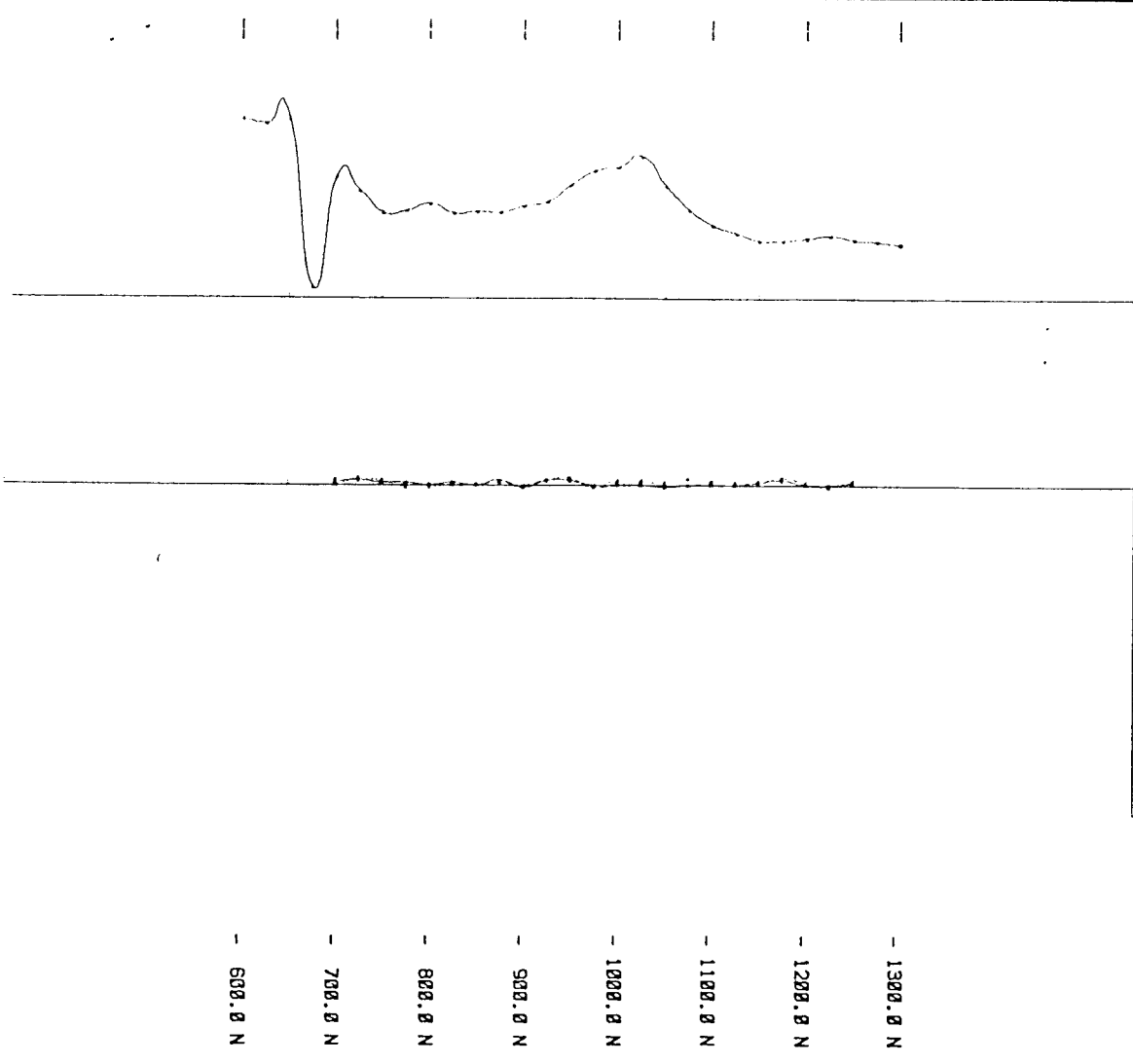
PANNED CONCENTRATES:

Values in PPM, except where noted.

SAMPLE No.	SAMPLE wt. (g)	PPB Au	Cu	Zn	Pb	Ag
PAN-CON 99803	15.1	1000	16	26	1	0.2
99810	11.2	40	12	28	2500	0.2

APPENDIX D:

Geophysical Results



**MAGNETOMETER SURVEY**

ORIGIN : 57000 nT  
 INSTR : MP-3  
 SCALE : 1.200 nT

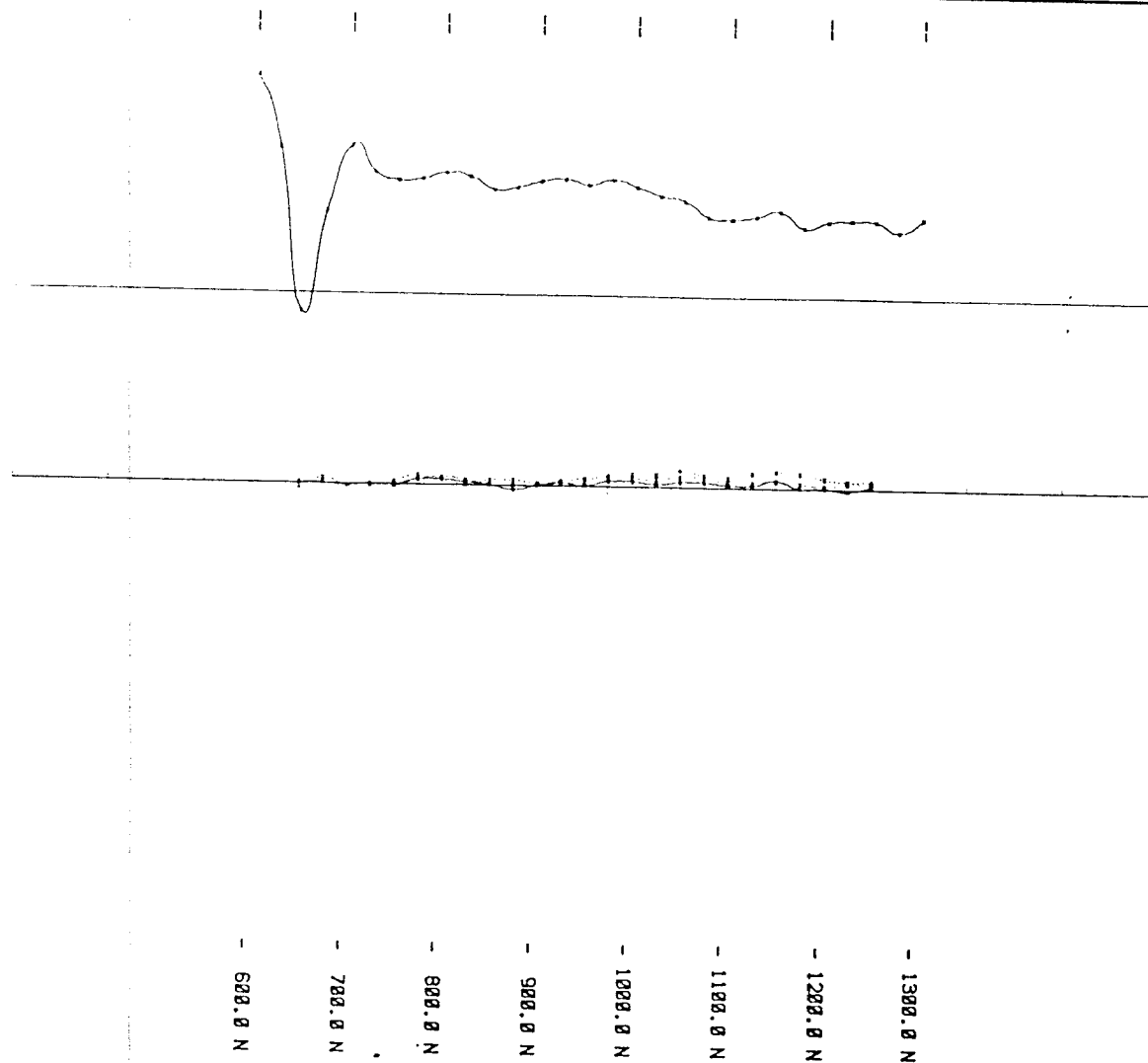
**SE-88 SURVEY**

Coil separation : 100  
 Integration : 16  
 337 Hz ———  
 1012 Hz - - -  
 3037 Hz .....  
 112 Hz (ref)



BEE CLAIM	
HLEM SURVEY	
LINE : 1400E	
FILE : B:914.SEM	PROJECT
SCALE : 1.5000	DATE : 9/9/85
SURVEY BY : WK/TK	N.T.S :
NORANDA EXPLORATION	

- 600.0 N  
 - 700.0 N  
 - 800.0 N  
 - 900.0 N  
 - 1000.0 N  
 - 1100.0 N  
 - 1200.0 N  
 - 1300.0 N



1600 nT  
 1400 nT  
 1200 nT  
 1000 nT  
 800 nT  
 600 nT  
 400 nT  
 200 nT  
 0 nT  
 -200 nT  
 -400 nT  
 -600 nT

**MAGNETOMETER SURVEY**

DATUM : 5/22/88 nT  
 INSTR : MP 3  
 SCALE : 1:3000 nT

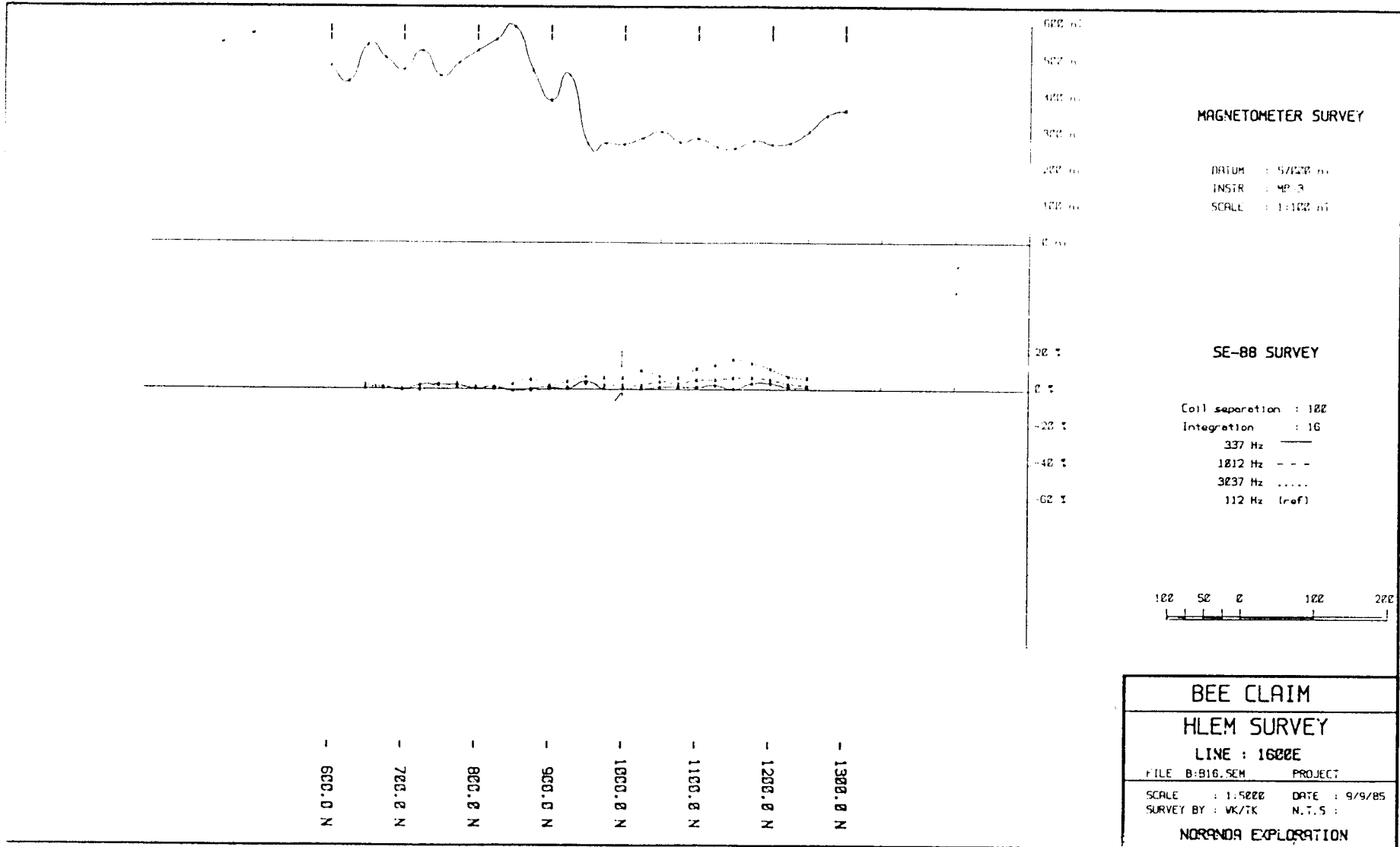
**SE-88 SURVEY**

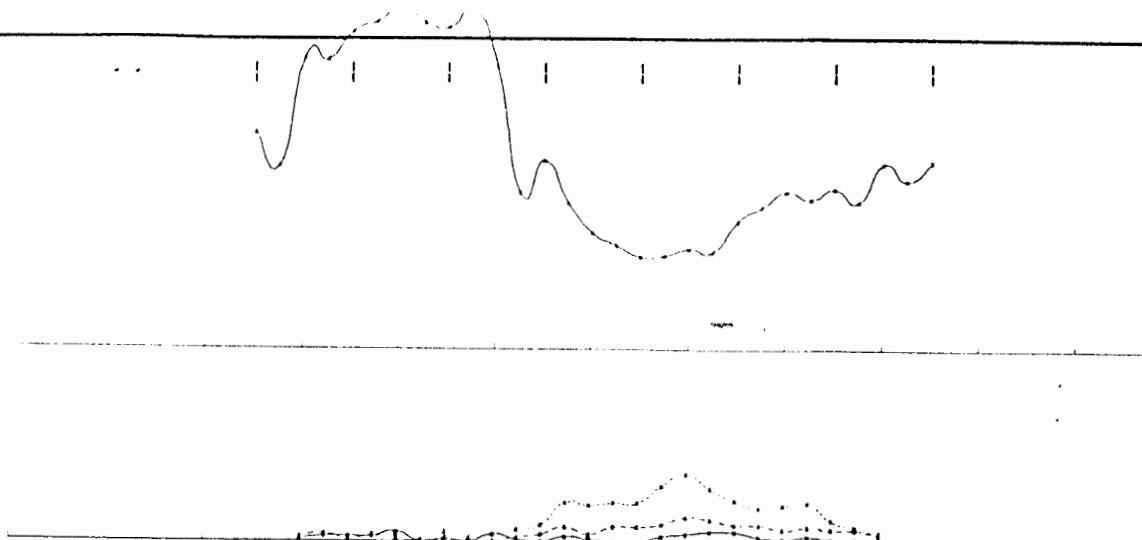
Coil separation : 120  
 Integration : 10  
 337 Hz ———  
 1012 Hz - - - -  
 3037 Hz .....  
 112 Hz (ref)



- 600.0 N  
 - 700.0 N  
 - 800.0 N  
 - 900.0 N  
 - 1000.0 N  
 - 1100.0 N  
 - 1200.0 N  
 - 1300.0 N

<b>BEE CLAIM</b>	
<b>HLEM SURVEY</b>	
LINE : 1500E	
FILE B:815.SEM	PROJECT
SCALE : 1:5000	DATE : 9/9/85
SURVEY BY : WK/TK	N.T.S :
<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b>	





600 nT  
500 nT  
400 nT  
300 nT  
200 nT  
100 nT  
0 nT  
-20 nT  
-40 nT  
-60 nT

**MAGNETOMETER SURVEY**

DATUM : 570200 nT  
INSTR : MP-3  
SCALE : 1:1200 nT

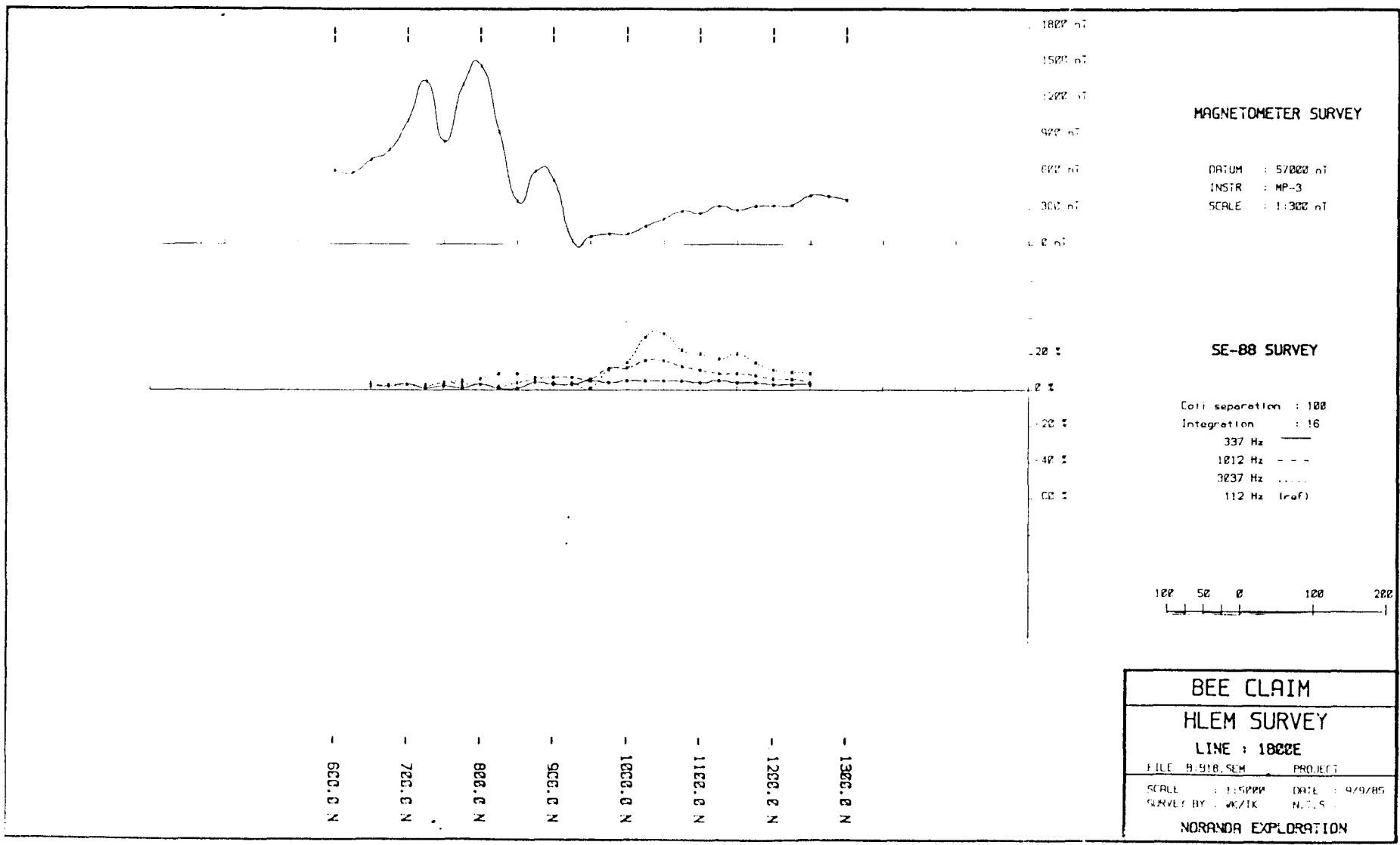
**SE-88 SURVEY**

Coil separation : 100  
Integration : 16  
337 Hz ———  
1012 Hz - - -  
3037 Hz .....  
112 Hz (ref)



- 500.0 N  
- 700.0 N  
- 800.0 N  
- 900.0 N  
- 1000.0 N  
- 1100.0 N  
- 1200.0 N  
- 1300.0 N

<b>BEE CLAIM</b>	
<b>HLEM SURVEY</b>	
LINE : 1700E	
FILE B:817.SEM	PROJECT
SCALE : 1:5000	DATE : 9/9/85
SURVEY BY : WK/TK	N.T.S :
<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b>	



<b>BEE CLAIM</b>	
<b>HLEM SURVEY</b>	
LINE : 1000E	
FILE : B-910-SEM	PROJECT
SCALE : 1:5000	DATE : 9/9/85
SURVEY BY : WZTK	N.T.S.
<b>NORANDA EXPLORATION</b>	

D-5

APPENDIX E:

Rock (Trench) Geochemistry









NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

N.T.S. 105 D/14

PROPERTY BEE CLAIMS - TR-85-5 L-1700E, 1000-1025N

DATE Dec. 20/85

SAMPLE REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	LOCATION & DESCRIPTION	TYPE	WIDTH	ASSAYS							SAMPLED BY
				ppm			(ppb)				
				Cu	Zn	Pb	Ag	As	Mo	Au	
21685	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - v.f. grained, hard, siliceous, chip	chip	2.7m	12	92	68	0.4	20	1	10	M. Savell
	dark to creamy grey, vaguely porphyritic texture, minor dissem. po.										
21686	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - v.f. grained, siliceous, chip	chip	2.3	28	92	52	0.4	80	1	20	
	massive, med. grey, minor dissem. po, rusty fractures.										
21687	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as above	chip	2.0	24	1200	64	0.2	32	1	20	
21688	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as above, with minor, narrow py stringers with sphalerite, fracture coating py-po.	chip	2.1	28	100	56	0.2	12	1	10	
21689	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as in 21686	chip	2.4	24	100	64	0.4	240	1	30	
21690	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as in 21686	chip	2.4	16	52	40	0.2	2	1	10	
21691	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as in 21686, more fractured, oxidized.	chip	1.2	12	48	52	0.4	120	1	20	
21692	SHEARED RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - pale grey to cream coloured, soft, schistose, sheared, fractured, slickensided. Highly oxidized, yellow ochre stained (As?) throughout.	chip	1.5	24	100	48	0.2	300	1	10	
21693	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as in 21686, fractured, oxidized.	chip	2.4	8	52	36	0.2	92	1	10	
21694	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as in 21686, fractured, oxidized.	chip	1.8	12	44	44	0.4	56	1	10	
21695	RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as above	chip	1.8	40	120	16	0.6	1500	1	10	
21696	SHEARED RHYOLITIC INTRUSIVE - as in 21692	chip	1.4	24	120	20	0.4	120	1	10	





NORANDA EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED

N.T.S. 105 D/14

PROPERTY BEE CLAIMS - NEW GRID

DATE Oct. 10/85

SAMPLE REPORT

SAMPLE NO.	LOCATION & DESCRIPTION	TYPE	WIDTH	ASSAYS						SAMPLE BY
				ppm			(ppb)			
				Cu	Zn	Pb	Ag	As	Au	
41609	L-1700E, 1025N (grab) - Light grey silicified v.f. grained rhyolite. 5% dissem. py-po(arspy).	o/c		44	59	24	<0.2	4	10	W. Reid
41610	Very siliceous, creamy (bleached) rhyolite, rusty weathering with minor dissem. py. L-1700E, 1042N.	o/c		6	13	28	<0.2	750	5	
41611	L-1700E, 1054N. Creamy coloured, light grey cherty rhyolite with 5-10% dissem. carbonaceous (sulphide) matter (black).	o/c		6	8	19	0.2	100	15	
41612	N South of trench on L2000E. Silicified (hornfels) sandstone to rhyolite tuff.	o/c		129	17	4	<0.2	4	5	
41613	3 m south of (41612) in cat trail. Angular float similar to above with 10% dissem. py-po.	float		95	21	4	<0.2	12	10	
41614	East of L-2000E, 600N. Cherty argillite (hornfels).	o/c		122	41	19	0.3	10	55	
41615	South of grid (old grid co-ord. 320SW; 420SE) Light green f.g. hornfels argillite with 2% dissem. py.	avg flt.		359	382	<2	0.3	3	10	
41616	1800E, 800N (west side of linear depression) Light grey to cream rhyolite or hornfels?, somewhat mottled.			49	34	16	0.3	8	<5	
41617	1415E, 1010N. Light grey to cream f. grained rhyolite? with 2% dissem py(po).			36	95	17	<0.2	170	85	
41618	Med. grained calcite vein. (B. Patnode sample not on claims)			10	26	<2	<0.2	4	10	
41619	1400E, 1085N. Med. grained to f. grained, med. grey sandstone to greywacke.			22	45	6	<0.2	12	<5	