



DU PONT OF CANADA EXPLORATION LIMITED

GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL REPORT

ON THE SAYEH PROPERTY

WHITEHORSE MINING DIVISION

(YUKON TERRITORY)

LAT. 60°25'N, LONG. 138°18'W

NTS: 105-C-6W

OWNER OF CLAIMS: DU PONT OF CANADA EXPLORATION LIMITED

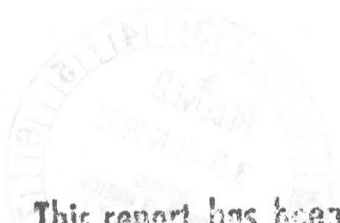
OPERATOR: DU PONT OF CANADA EXPLORATION LIMITED

Submitted by: J.T. Neelands

Date : 1982 May

091041

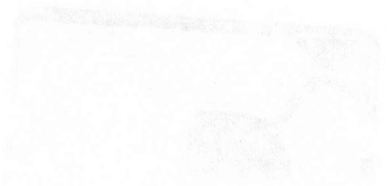
DATE DUE  
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This report has been examined by  
the Geological Evaluation Unit  
under Section 53 (4) Yukon Quartz  
Mining Act and is allowed as  
representative work in the amount  
of \$ 2,000.

*R. Watson*

for Regional Manager, Exploration and  
Geological Services for Commissioner  
of Yukon Territory.



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## INTRODUCTION

During 1981 May, reconnaissance stream sediment sampling was carried out in the Johnson's Crossing area of southern Yukon. The sampling was undertaken as part of a large regional programme known as Kulta Project. The areal extent of this project is shown on Dwgs. KU.81-1, 1a and 2.

As the result of an anomalous gold sample in a creek draining into the Teslin Lake, the drainage area of this creek was staked as the SAYEH property.

## LOCATION AND ACCESS

The SAYEH claim is located within the Whitehorse Mining Division, NTS 105-C-6E (Lat. 60°25'N, Long. 138°18'W). The properties are located on the north side of Hayes Peak, west of Teslin Lake. The nearest population centre, Whitehorse, lies 62 kilometres to the northwest. The claims are accessible by helicopter from Johnson's Crossing which is situated on the Alaska Highway.

## TOPOGRAPHY AND VEGETATION

The claims lie on the northern slope of Hayes Peak. Elevation rises from a maximum of 1850 metres at the summit of the hill to 915 metres in the anomalous stream at the northeast end of the property. The upper elevations are covered by grasses and scattered low evergreen shrubs. In the valley, spruce and alder dominate. Numerous intermittent streams flow off Dickson Hill in all directions and eventually flow into the northern end of Teslin Lake.

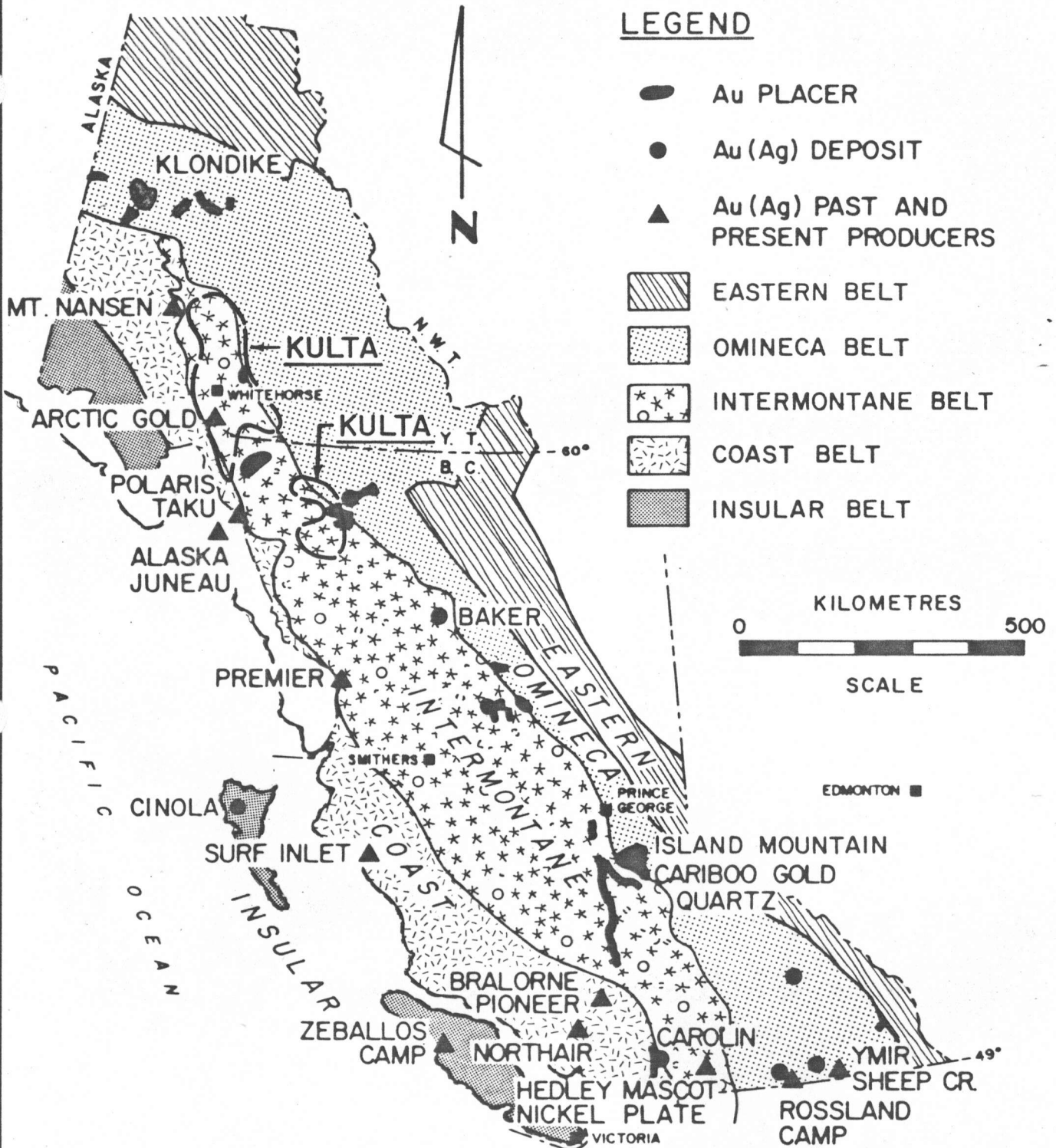
## PROPERTY DEFINITION

The property consists of 25 claim units and was recorded 1981 June 8. See Dwg. No. KU.81-251 for claim location.

SAYEH 1 to 25: YA60939 to YA6093

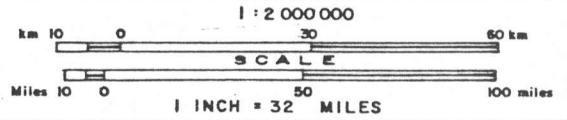
## PREVIOUS WORK

No previous work is recorded concerning the property.



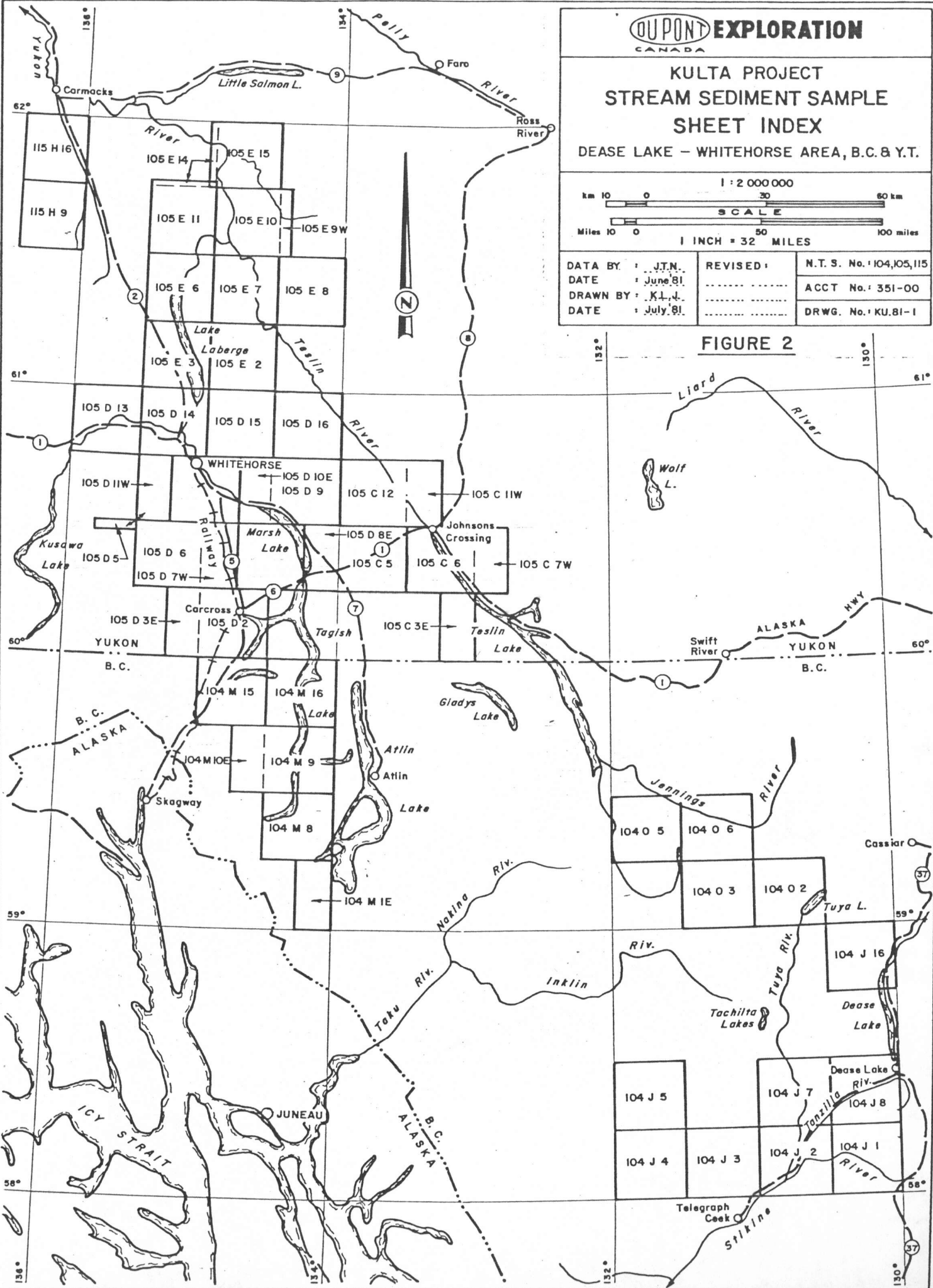
**FIGURE I**  
**KULTA PROJECT AREAS**  
**PRINCIPAL LODGE & PLACER GOLD DEPOSITS**  
**CANADIAN CORDILLERA**

**KULTA PROJECT  
STREAM SEDIMENT SAMPLE  
SHEET INDEX**  
DEASE LAKE - WHITEHORSE AREA, B.C. & Y.T.

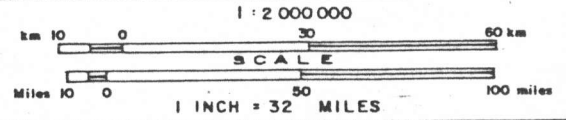


DATA BY : J.T.N.	REVISED :	N.T.S. No. : 104,105,115
DATE : June 81	.....	ACCT No. : 351-00
DRAWN BY : K.L.J.	.....	DRWG. No. : KU.81-1
DATE : July 81	.....	

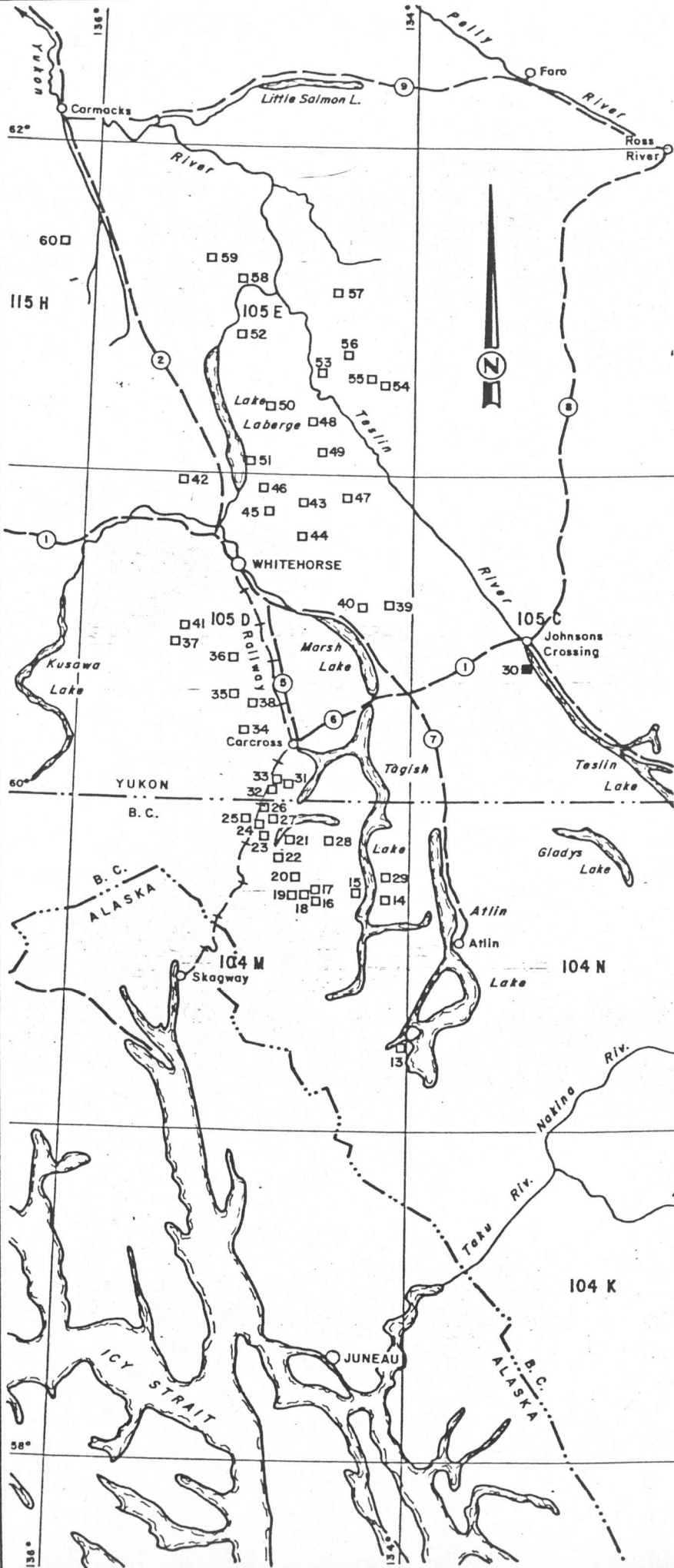
**FIGURE 2**



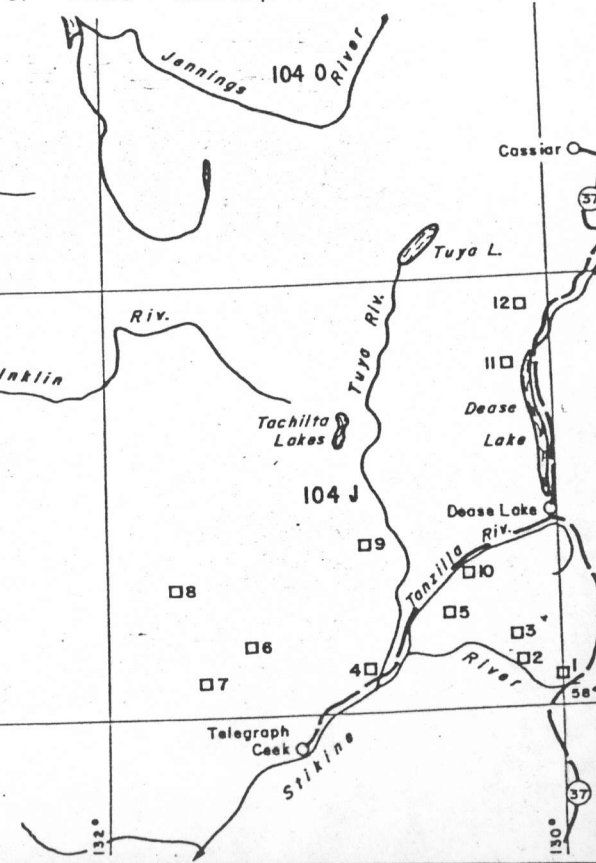
**KULTA PROJECT  
CLAIM LOCATION MAP**  
DEASE LAKE - WHITEHORSE AREA, B.C. & Y.T.

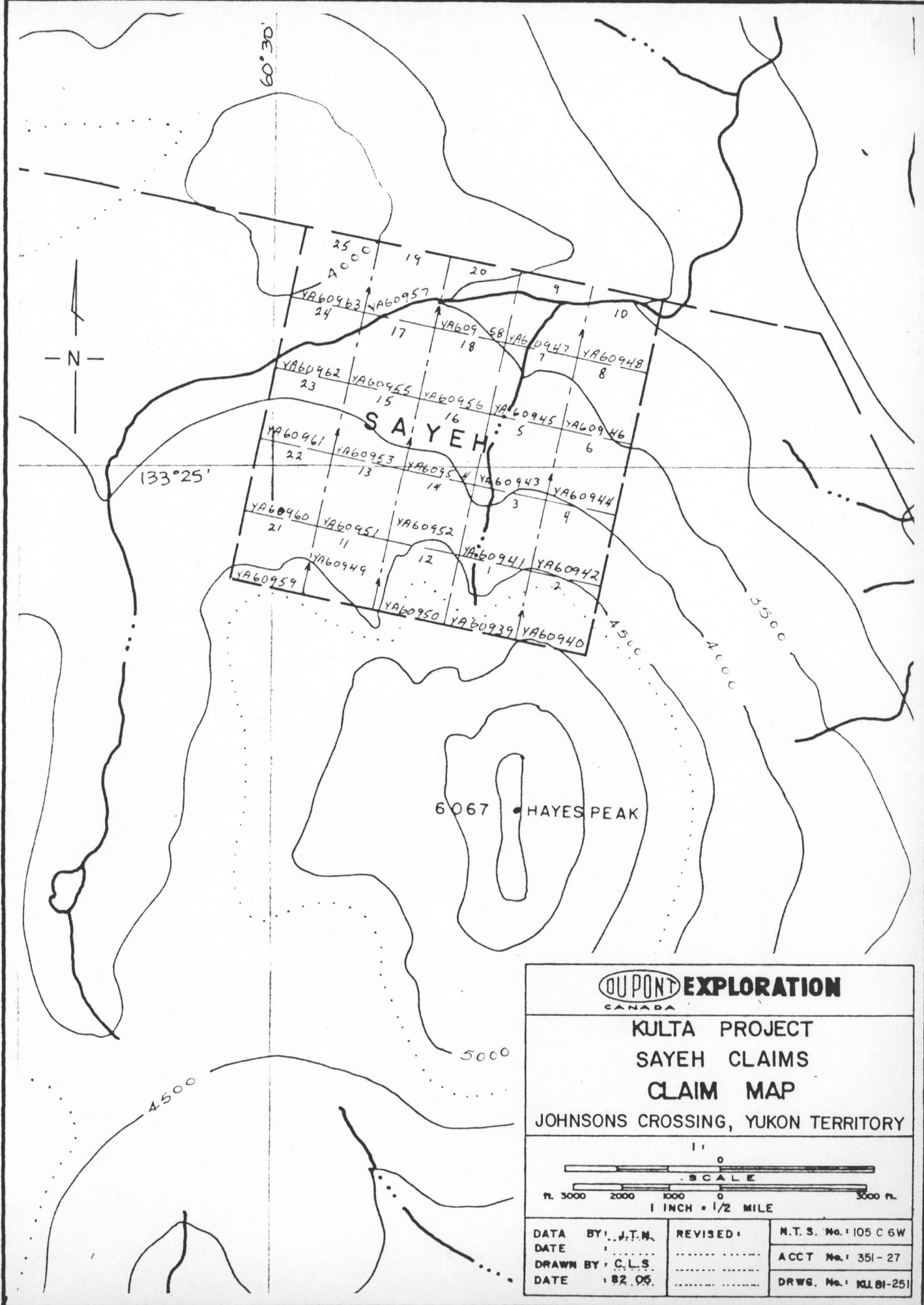


DATA BY : .....	REVISED : .....	N. T. S. No. : 104, 105, 115
DATE : .....	811023 .....	ACCT No. : 351-00
DRAWN BY : K.L.J.	.....	DRWG. No. : KU.81-2
DATE : July 81	.....	.....



No.	CLAIM NAME	N.T.S.	No.	CLAIM NAME	N.T.S.
1	RAND	104 I 4, J 1	32	DUNK	105 D 2W
2	LATE	104 J 1E	33	UNDAL	105 D 2W
3	LAME	104 J 1E	34	EVEN-	
4	FLOOD	104 J 2W		ODD	105 D 2, 3
5	TAIL	104 J 1, 2	35	OLLIE	105 D 6E
6	ALOON	104 J 3W	36	EVIEW	105 D 6E
7	HALT	104 J 4E	37	DAYIR	105 D 6W
8	EGLN	104 J 5E	38	ILLIA	105 D 7W
9	YAT	104 J 7W	39	ICHIE	105 D 9E
10	ANTZ	104 J 8W	40	INTO	105 D 9W
11	LURE	104 J 16E	41	BEXI	105 D 11W
12	ANKI	104 J 16E	42	FLAT	105 D 14W
13	NARRS	104 M 8E	43	UNCER	105 D 15E
14	HAKER	104 M 9E	44	SLEWE	105 D 15E
15	AKUM	104 M 9W	45	ERGE	105 D 15W
16	RACE	104 M 10E	46	LABE	105 D 15W
17	CREED	104 M 10E	47	UTSHIG	105 D 16W
18	CRINE	104 M 10E	48	CROST	105 E 2E
19	KEAP	104 M 10E	49	SLINE	105 E 2E
20	SELLY-SKEL	104 M 15E	50	AURIER	105 E 2W
21	TAKE	104 M 15E, W	51	AKEL	105 E 3E
22	TUTS	104 M 15W	52	OVOAS	105 E 6E
23	SHUI	104 M 15W	53	ENOF	105 E 7E
24	GAUG	104 M 15W	54	MAYBE	105 E 8E
25	ANGE-BE	104 M 15W	55	MARBEE	105 E 8E, W
26	PENG	104 M 15W	56	GERM	105 E 8W
27	TSHIK	104 M 15W	57	SBS	105 E 10E
28	ANNIG	104 M 16W	58	HOOT	105 E 11E
29	UNDAS	104 M 16E	59	RANKL	105 E 11W
30	SAYEH	105 C 6W	60	KIRK	115 H 9E
31	ATHES	105 D 2E, W			





**DUPONT EXPLORATION**  
CANADA

**KULTA PROJECT  
SAYEH CLAIMS  
CLAIM MAP**

JOHNSONS CROSSING, YUKON TERRITORY

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1" = 1/2 MILE

SCALE

ft. 3000 2000 1000 0 3000 ft.

DATA BY: J.T.M.	REVISED:	N.T.S. No. 105 C 6W
DATE:	.....	ACCT No. 351-27
DRAWN BY: C.L.S.	.....	DRWG. No. KL 81-251
DATE: 82.06.	.....	

PERSONNEL

Property work was performed by the following people on the dates indicated:

1981 July 17:	J. Kowalchuk	(Senior Geologist)
	J. Kurtenacker	(Junior Geological Ass't)
	A. Deak	" " "
1981 Sept. 27:	J.T. Neelands	(Senior Geologist)
	J. Dupas	(Junior Geological Assistant)
	L. Harland	(Junior Geological Assistant)

GEOLOGYRegional Geology

The property lies on the east edge of the Intermontane Belt of the western Cordillera. The belt consisting mainly of sedimentary and volcanic rocks stretches from the Yukon to southern British Columbia. The belt averages 150 kilometres in width and trends northwest-southeast. Bordering the belt to the west are the granitic rocks of the Coast Mountain Intrusions, which stretch along the entire B.C. coast into Alaska.

Physiographically, the region is part of the Yukon Plateau. This area is characterized by glaciated mountain peaks generally under 2000 metres in elevation and long narrow lake-filled valleys. To the west, the rugged extensively glaciated peaks of the Coast Mountains dominate.

The Tagish-Teslin Lake areas are dominated by rocks of the Intermontane Belt with small plutons (2-8 km in size) of Late Cretaceous Coast Intrusions scattered throughout. On the east side of the belt, alpine-type ultramafic bodies occur near the Teslin and Naklin sutures. The rocks of the Intermontane Belt comprise Palaeozoic metamorphic rocks (schists and gneiss), Pennsylvanian (?) and Permian volcanic and meta-volcanic rocks (Taku Group), Lower and Middle Jurassic sediments (Laberge Group), and Upper Cretaceous volcanic rocks (Hutshi Group). See Table of Formations (Table 1) and Dwg. No. KU.81-2b (Kulta Project Regional Geology).

The rocks generally occur in northwest trending belts as part of a large regional synclinorium (Wheeler 1961, p. 103). All Pre-Cretaceous rocks show this trend. Locally tight folding has been observed, possibly due to intrusive placement.

TABLE I

Table of Formations

Miocene to Pleistocene (TQW)

Wrangell-Garibaldi: Basic to intermediate volcanics.

Upper Cretaceous-Oligocene (KTo)

Ootsa Lake - Kamloops (Hutshi Group): Intermediate to acidic volcanic flows, tuff; non-marine.

Late Cretaceous and Early Tertiary

Nisling Range Alaskite, Nanika (KTq): Granite, quartz monzonite lesser granodiorite.

Babine (KTg): Granodiorite, quartz diorite, quartz monzonite, lesser quartz monzonite, diorite, monzonite.

Lower and Middle Jurassic (JL)

Laberge-Quesnel (Stuhini Fm): Greywacke, argillite, conglomerate; marine.

Late Triassic - Early Jurassic

Hogem Granodiorite (EJg): Quartz diorite, granodiorite, lesser diorite, quartz monzonite.

Iron Mask (Ejd): Diorite, monzonite, syenite, quartz, diorite, minor pyroxenite, granodiorite.

Upper Triassic - Lower Jurassic (TJT)

Takla-Nicola: Augite porphyry, basaltic volcanics; siltstone, shale, limestone, conglomerate.

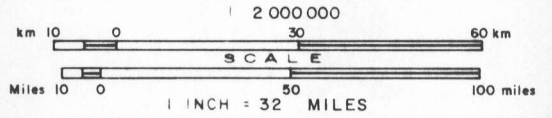
Mississippian - Triassic (MTC)

Cache Creek - Anvil Range: Chert, argillite, carbonate, basalt, associated diabase, gabbro, alpine ultramafic; marine.

Proterozoic - Palaeozoic

Central Gneiss - Skagit: Granitoid Gneiss, migmatite schist, amphibolite, plutonic rocks.

**KULTA PROJECT  
REGIONAL GEOLOGY  
DEASE LAKE - WHITEHORSE AREA, B.C. & Y.T.**



DATA BY	J.T.N.	REVISED		N.T.S. No.	104,105,115
DATE				ACCT No.	351-00
DRAWN BY	K.L.J.			DRWG No.	KU.81-2b
DATE	MAY '82				



No.	CLAIM NAME	N.T.S.	No.	CLAIM NAME	N.T.S.
1	RAND	104 I 4, J 1	32	DUNK	105 D 2 W
2	LATE	104 J 1 E	33	UNDAL	105 D 2 W
3	LAME	104 J 1 E	34	EVEN- ODD	105 D 2,3
4	FLOOD	104 J 2 W	35	OLLIE	105 D 6 E
5	TAIL	104 J 1,2	36	EVIEW	105 D 6 E
6	ALOON	104 J 3 W	37	DAYIR	105 D 6 W
7	HALT	104 J 4 E	38	ILLIA	105 D 7 W
8	EGLEN	104 J 5 E	39	ICHIE	105 D 9 E
9	YAT	104 J 7 W	40	INTO	105 D 9 W
10	ANTZ	104 J 8 W	41	BEXI	105 D 11 W
11	LURE	104 J 16 E	42	FLAT	105 D 14 W
12	ANKI	104 J 16 E	43	UNCER	105 D 15 E
13	NARRS	104 M 8 E	44	SLEWE	105 D 15 E
14	HAKER	104 M 9 E	45	ERGE	105 D 15 W
15	AKUM	104 M 9 W	46	LABE	105 D 15 W
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18	CRINE	104 M 10 E	49	SLINE	105 E 2 E
19	KEAP	104 M 10 E	50	AURIER	105 E 2 W
20	SELY-SKELIO	104 M 15 E	51	AKEL	105 E 3 E
21	TAKE	104 M 15 E, W	52	OVOAS	105 E 6 E
22	TUTS	104 M 15 W	53	ENOF	105 E 7 E
23	SHUI	104 M 15 W	54	MAYBE	105 E 8 E
24	GAUG	104 M 15 W	55	MARBEE	105 E 8 E, W
25	ANGE-BE	104 M 15 W	56	GERM	105 E 8 W
26	PENG	104 M 15 W	57	SBS	105 E 10 E
27	TSHIK	104 M 15 W	58	HOOT	105 E 11 E
28	ANNIG	104 M 16 W	59	RANKL	105 E 11 W
29	UNDAS	104 M 16 E	60	KIRK	115 H 9 E
30	SAYEH	105 C 6 W			
31	ATHES	105 D 2 E, W			

**LEGEND**

UPPER CRETACEOUS - OLIGOCENE

**KT<sub>o</sub>** Carmacks, Mt.Nansen, Endako: Intermediate to acidic volcanic flows, tuff: non marine.

LOWER AND MIDDLE JURASSIC

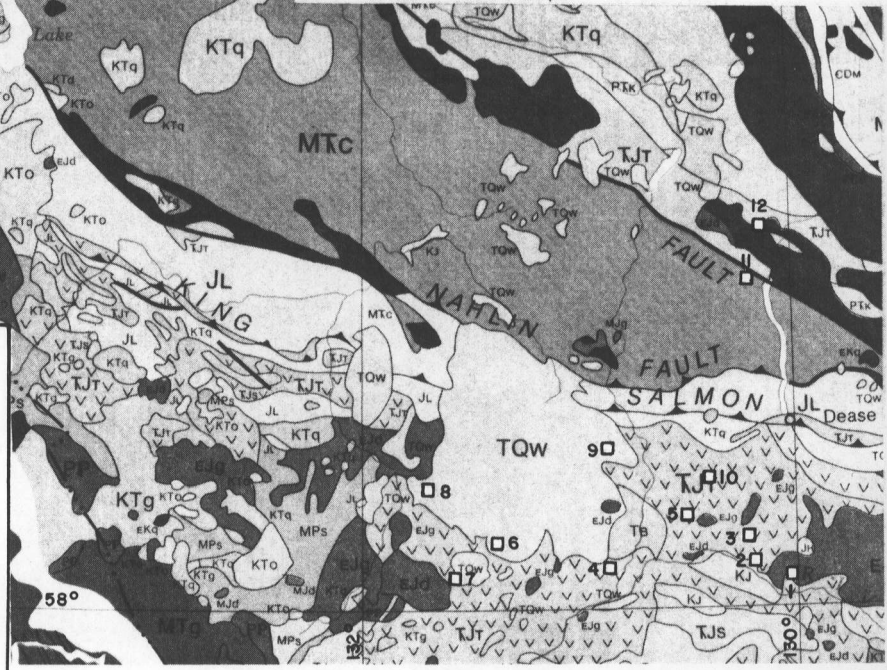
**TJ<sub>t</sub>** Nicola and Lewes: Volcanic and sedimentary rocks.

LATE CRETACEOUS AND EARLY TERTIARY

**KT<sub>q</sub>, KT<sub>g</sub>** Granitic rocks

LATE PALEOZOIC - TRIASSIC

**[Symbol]** Alpine-type ultramafics



Economic mineralization has been exploited in the area from various sources. The Engineer Mine (Au,Ag) is hosted by quartz-calcite veins occurring in shales and greywackes of the Laberge Group. Venus Mine (Au,Ag) is hosted by a quartz vein cutting through Hutshi Group andesites. Numerous other showings similar to the Venus Mine occur in the Tagish Lake region.

### Local Geology

The property is primarily underlain by Permian and or Triassic basalt. At the south end of the property, the volcanics are in contact with Cretaceous granodiorite and Jurassic or Cretaceous peridotite. Mulligan (1963) thinks that the peridotite may be related genetically to the basalt. Outcrop is more abundant at the south end of the claim.

The following is a brief description of the main lithologies observed thus far on the property.

#### a. Basalt, Unit 2d

The meta-basalt weathers light to dark grey and on fresh surface is dark green. Near the granodiorite contact the rock has been metamorphosed to hornblende. East of the contact, the rock tends to be more massive, aphanitic and in places is porphyritic containing phenocrysts of hornblende up to 5 mm in length.

#### b. Peridotite, Unit 7a

The fresh peridotite is a medium-grained, brown weathering, soft and green to black mottled rock. It generally contains well formed pyroxene crystals that measure up to 4 mm in length.

#### c. Granodiorite, Unit 9b

The rock weathers light grey and is medium to coarse grained and leucocratic with 15% hornblende and biotite. The quartz content is approximately 15%. In places, the rock is quite leucocratic and quartz content increases up to 25%. The granodiorite is cut by a mafic dyke in the anomalous creek near the basalt-granite contact.

### Structure

No bedding was observed in the volcanic rocks. Mulligan (1963) indicates that the volcanics and sediments along the west side of Teslin Lake strike northwest and dip to the west. Foliation in the rocks follow the regional trend and strikes northwest.

### Mineralization

Minor malachite staining occurs in coarse-grained peridotite (sample 215C) to the south on Hayes Peak. No other mineralization was located.

### Rock Description

Two rocks were analyzed as a result of prospecting the upper elevations of the property. A description of the rocks collected and their assay values is listed below.

#### Description of Rock Samples

<u>Sample #</u>	<u>Assays</u>			<u>Description</u>
	<u>%Cu</u>	<u>%Pb</u>	<u>oz/t Ag</u>	
215C	0.184	0.10	0.11	Peridotite with malachite staining
216	0.006	0.18	0.10	Quartz vein in peridotite

### GEOCHEMISTRY

#### Procedure

A total of 2 rock and 6 stream sediment samples were collected during 1981. Silt samples were collected from the stream above the original anomalous sample. Samples consisted of 0.5 kgms of mainly silt and sand. These samples were collected by hand and placed in Kraft paper bags. A sample number was marked on the bag and on flagging tape which was secured to the sample site.

Rock samples were collected at random during the course of the survey and placed in plastic bags along with a sample tag. Sample sites were also marked with a length of flagging tape.

All samples were shipped to Min-En Laboratories Ltd., North Vancouver for preparation and analysis. Most samples were analyzed for Mo, Cu, Pb, Zn, Ag, Hg, As, Mn, Au and Sb. In addition, the stream sediment samples were sieved to -20 mesh and a heavy mineral separation and analysis was performed for Au, Ag and Cu. Refer to Appendix A for details and analytical procedures.

## Results

A statistical analysis of the results obtained from regional stream sediment samples was performed to determine background and anomalous values for the various elements. Details of this analysis appears in a report by Neelands (1982) titled "Geochemical Report - Kulta Regional Stream Sediment Sampling Programme in the Dease Lake and Tagish Lake Areas". Table II reproduced from that report reveals median background values obtained for the elements studied. Table III shows the results of a report titled "Kulta Follow-Up" (Neelands 1982). The two studies show a good correlation between the stream sediment (heavy mineral) samples. The anomalous values given in Table III will be applied to the results of this property.

The results of geochemical sampling on the SAYEH property are tabled on Dwg. No. KU.81-179. These results have also been tabulated as to frequency distribution of elements in silts (see Table IV) and heavy mineral stream sediments (Table V).

The original heavy mineral stream sediment sample (6822D) ran 800 ppb Au in the fine heavy mineral fraction. Sampling of a stream draining south produced anomalous Au values in two samples. The highest value was 205 ppb Au (3853C). A sieved and concentrated sample collected above this sample did not contain any gold.

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Follow-up sampling failed to locate the source of the auriferous stream sediment anomaly. High silt samples collected in a tributary draining the SAYEH property have not been explained. More detailed sampling and prospecting is recommended.

TABLE II

Kulta Regional Stream Sediment Sampling Programme

Background and Anomalous Values

<u>Element</u>	<u>No. of Samples</u>	<u>Mean ppm</u>	<u>Median Background ppm</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>	<u>95% Threshold ppm</u>
Mo	625	1.8	1.0	1.39	4.0
Cu(C1)CHm	598	44.5	38.0	27.39	150.0
Cu(C2)F	621	35.9	32.0	21.15	80.0
Pb	622	16.3	15.0	7.08	30.0
Zn	598	67.0	65.0	23.77	150.0
Ag(S1)CHm	623	1.04	1.0	0.50	2.5
Ag(S2)F	628	0.71	1.0	0.32	1.6
Mn	602	589.6	570.0	232.6	1200.0
Au(G1)CHm	588	8.21	5.0	5.22	25.0
Au(G2)F	579	6.2	5.0	4.66	15.0
%HM			6.0%		

TABLE III

Kulta Follow-Up

Background and Anomalous Values

Element	Medium					
	Heavy Mineral (227 samples)		SiH (43 Samples)		Soil (461 samples)	
	Median	Anomalous	Median	Anomalous	Median	Anomalous
MoF	1.0	3.0	1.0	2.0	4.0	15.0
CuF	30.0	90.0	70.0	160.0	40.0	250.0
CuFHM						
CuHM	50.0	180.0				
PbF	20.0	60.0	20.0	30.0	20.0	50.0
ZnF	60.0	160.0	80.0	100.0	90.0	200.0
AgF	0.8	1.5	0.9	1.2	0.8	1.7
AgFHM						
AgCHM	0.8	2.6				
HgF	25.0	50.0	40.0	80.0	35.0	160.0
AsF	10.0	50.0	15.0	45.0	15.0	120.0
MnF	500.0	1000.0	800.0	2000.0	700.0	2000.0
AuF	5.0	30.0	5.0	15.0	5.0	20.0
AuFHM						
AuCHM	5.0	50.0				
SbF	15.0	40.0	25.0	40.0	20.0	40.0
HM%						





COST STATEMENTWages

	<u>Cost</u>
2 Geologists, 1.5 mandays (1981 July 17, Sept. 27)	\$ 225.00
4 Jr. Geol. Assistants, 3 mandays (1981 July 17, Sept. 27)	<u>156.58</u>
	\$ 381.58

Room & Board

<u>Location</u>	<u>Daily Rate</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>No. of Days</u>	
Swift River	\$30.00	1981 July 17	3	\$ 90.00
Whitehorse	\$50.00	1981 Sept. 27	1.5	<u>75.00</u>
				\$ 165.00

Transportation

Helicopter in support of field work @ \$432.50/hr including fuel (Flying by Viking Helicopter Ltd. of Prince George)

Dates (1981): July 17, Sept. 27      No. of hrs: 3.8      \$1,643.50

Analytical Services

<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>No. of</u>	<u>Fraction Analyzed</u>	<u>Elements Analyzed</u>											<u>Unit Price</u>			
			F	FHM	CHM	Mo	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Ag	Hg	As			Mn	Au
Heavy Mineral	2	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	\$17.35	\$ 34.70
	2		X				X	X	X	X					X	17.35	34.70
	2			X											X	5.00	10.00
Silt	4			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	14.30	57.20
Rock	2				X	X			X							22.75	45.50
Preparation - Rock																2 @ \$2.75 sample	5.50
- Heavy Mineral																4 @ \$20.00/sample	80.00
- Soil/Silt																4 @ \$0.85/sample	3.40

Mo(\$0.90), Cu(\$0.90), Pb(\$0.90), Zn(\$0.90), Ni(\$0.90), Ag(\$0.90/\$2.00), Hg(\$4.50), As(\$3.00), Mn(\$0.90), Au(\$5.00), Sb(\$3.75)

\$ 271.00

Report Preparation

Drafting: 1 day @ \$100/day	\$ 100.00
Typing: 1 day @ \$95.00	95.00
Map preparation 8 maps at 16¢/square foot	<u>11.52</u>
	\$ 206.52

GRAND TOTAL: \$2,667.60

REFERENCES

- Christie, R. L.; "Geology: Bennett (104M)", G.S.C. Preliminary Series Map No. 19-1957, 1957.
- Mulligan, Robert; "Geology of Teslin Map-Area, Yukon Territory (105C), G.S.C. Memoir 326, 1963.
- Neelands, J. T.; "Geochemical Report - Kultha Regional Stream Sediment Sampling Programme in the Dease Lake and Tagish Lake Areas", B.C. Assessment Report, 1982.
- Neelands, J. T.; "Kultha Follow-Up (104-J, 104-M)" Geological and Geochemical Report, B.C. Assessment Report, 1982.
- Wheeler, J. O.; "Whitehorse Map-Area, Yukon Territory (105-0)", G.S.C. Memoir 312, 1961.

QUALIFICATIONS

I, John Thomas Neelands, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a geologist residing at 118-B W. 14th Ave, Vancouver, British Columbia and employed by Du Pont of Canada Exploration Limited.
2. I am a graduate of Carleton University (1971) in Ottawa, Canada, and hold a B.Sc., degree in Geology.
3. I am a member of the Geological Association of Canada and of the Association of Exploration Geochemists.
4. I have been practising my profession for the past ten years and have been active in the mining industry for the past sixteen years.
5. Between 1981 May and 1981 October, I supervised and participated in the field programme described in this report on behalf of Du Pont of Canada Exploration Limited.



J.T. Neelands  
1982 May

APPENDIX I

Laboratory Procedure

APPENDIX I*MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.**Specialists in Mineral Environments*

Corner 15th Street and Bewicke

705 WEST 15th STREET

NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C.

CANADA

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE REPORTS FOR ASSESSMENT WORKPROCEDURE FOR GOLD GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS.

Geochemical samples for Gold processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 W. 15th St., North Vancouver Laboratory employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95<sup>o</sup> C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

A suitable sample weight 5.0 or 10.0 grams are pre-treated with HNO<sub>3</sub> and HClO<sub>4</sub> mixture.

After pretreatments the samples are digested with Aqua Regia solution, and after digestion the samples are taken up with 25% HCl to suitable volume.

At this stage of the procedure copper, silver and zinc can be analysed from suitable aliquote by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometric procedure.

Further oxidation and treatment of at least 75% of the original sample solutions are made suitable for extraction of gold with Methyl Iso-Butyl Ketone.

With a set of suitable standard solution gold is analysed by Atomic Absorption instruments. The obtained detection limit is 5. ppb.

*MIN-EN Laboratories Ltd.**Specialists in Mineral Environments*Corner 15th Street and Bewicke  
705 WEST 15th STREET  
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C.  
CANADAANALYTICAL PROCEDURE REPORTS FOR ASSESSMENT WORKPROCEDURES FOR Mo, Cu, Cd, Pb, Mn, Ni, Ag, Zn, As, F

Samples are processed by Min-En Laboratories Ltd., at 705 W. 15th St., North Vancouver Laboratory employing the following procedures.

After drying the samples at 95° C soil and stream sediment samples are screened by 80 mesh sieve to obtain the minus 80 mesh fraction for analysis. The rock samples are crushed by a jaw crusher and pulverized by ceramic plated pulverizer.

1.0 gram of the samples are digested for 6 hours with  $\text{HNO}_3$  and  $\text{HClO}_4$  mixture.

After cooling samples are diluted to standard volume. The solutions are analyzed by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometers.

Copper, Lead, Zinc, Silver, Cadmium, Cobalt, Nickel and Manganese are analysed using the  $\text{CH}_2\text{H}_2$ -Air flame combination but the Molybdenum determination is carried out by  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2$ - $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  gas mixture directly or indirectly (depending on the sensitivity and detection limit required) on these sample solutions.

For Arsenic analysis a suitable aliquote is taken from the above 1 gram sample solution and the test is carried out by Gutzeit method using  $\text{Ag CS}_2\text{N}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2$  as a reagent. The detection limit obtained is 1.2 ppm.

Fluorine analysis is carried out on a 200 milligram sample. After fusion and suitable dilutions the fluoride ion concentration in rocks or soil samples are measured quantitatively by using fluorine specific ion electrode. Detection limit of this test is 10 ppm F.








GEOLOGIC SKETCH  
 CHROMITE SHOWING  
 CRO CLAIM #2

MAP IV

J.S. Dodge 07-87

LEGEND

-  Banded chromite in dunite
-  Dunite interlayer with harzburgite
-  Fault Identified
-  Probable (inferred)
-  Foliation contour (metres)

MINERAL TOWN MAP TRAINING CENTER



**LEGEND**

**TERTIARY**

**MIOCENE**

**CARMACKS GROUP**

12 Grey weathering massive hornblende andesite porphyry

**EOCENE**

**MT NANSEN GROUP**

11 a) Andesite b) Basalt

10 a) Quartz monzonite b) Granodiorite

**CRETACEOUS**

**COAST INTRUSIONS**

9 a) Quartz monzonite b) Granodiorite  
9c) Felsic dyke 9d) Mafic dyke 9e) Anorthosite

**HUTSHI GROUP**

8 a) Rhyolite b) Dacite c) Andesite  
8d) Basalt 8e) Tuff 8f) Volcanic conglomerate

7 a) Peridotite b) Serpentinite

**UPPER JURASSIC and/or LOWER CRETACEOUS**

**TANTALUS FORMATION**

6 a) Shale b) Schist c) Quartz sericite schist

**UPPER TRIASSIC and LOWER JURASSIC**

**LABERGE GROUP**

5 a) Siltstone b) Limestone c) Shale  
5d) Quartzite 5e) Conglomerate 5f) Hornfels

4 a) Dacite b) Andesite c) Basalt  
4d) Volcaniclastics (conglomerate, breccia) 4e) Tuff

**LEWES RIVER GROUP**

3 a) Limestone b) Argillite c) Siltstone  
3d) Arkose 3e) Greywacke 3f) Quartzite

2 a) Rhyolite b) Dacite c) Andesite  
2d) Basalt 2e) Volcanic breccia, conglomerate

**CARBONIFEROUS and/or PERMIAN**

**ANVL ALLOCHTHONOUS ASSEMBLAGE**

1 a) Gneiss b) Schist c) Quartzite  
1d) Phyllite 1e) Breccia

**SYMBOLS**

- OUTCROP
- CONTACT
- ROCK SAMPLE LOCATION and NUMBER
- CLAIM LINE

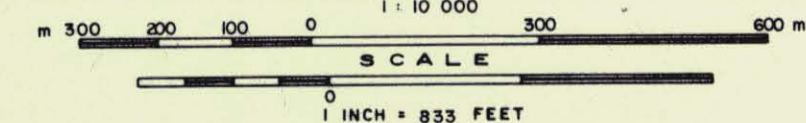
**ROCK ASSAYS**

Number	% Cu	% Pb	oz/T Ag
215 C	0.184	0.10	0.11
216 C	0.006	0.18	0.10

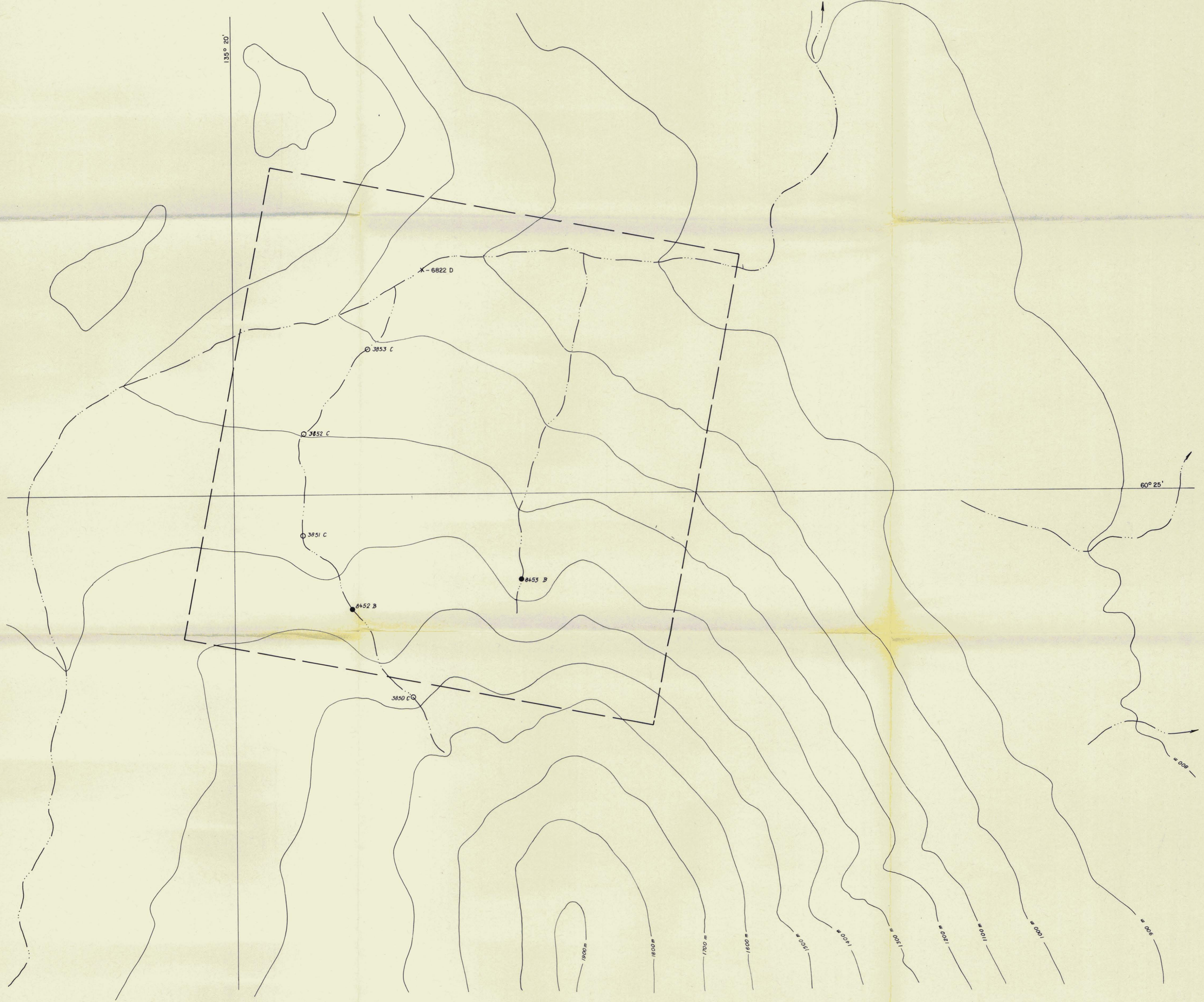
**QUPON EXPLORATION**  
CANADA

**KULTA PROJECT**  
**SAYEH CLAIMS 091041**  
**GEOLOGY**

JOHNSONS CROSSING AREA, YUKON TERRITORY



MAPPED BY: J.T.N., J.M.K.	REVISED:	N.T.S. No.: 105 C 6 W
DATE: 81.09.27		ACCT No.: 351-27
DRAWN BY: C.H.K.		DRWG. No.: KU 81-178
DATE: 82.04.25		



1981 SAMPLE RESULTS

Sample	Mo ppm -80 -80	Cu ppm -80 -80 -20 +80	Pb ppm -80 -80	Zn ppm -80 -80	Ni ppm -80	Ag ppm -80 -80 -20 +80	Hg ppb -80	As ppm -80 -80	Mn ppm -80	Au ppb -80 -80 -20 +80	Sb ppm -80 -80	Co ppm -80	H.M. wt. F/C gm	H.M. % F/C g	Orig. wt. F/C gm						
Silt																					
3850 C	1	9	10	30	120	0.4		4		10		9									
3851 C	1	22	19	48	158	0.5		13		5		15									
3852 C	1	33	12	40	66	0.5		6		125		14									
3853 C	1	34	12	45	70	0.4		15		205		14									
-10 Sieve 6822 D	1	8	13	7	25	0.4	0.4		150	800	5		165.0	11.09	6.72						
-4 Sieve 8452 B	2	1	12	11	6	5	33	36	0.4	0.5	20	4	11	190	5	5*	16	3	3.62/218.0	9.16/12.87	39.5/ 5.90
8453 B	1	1	29	27	16	6	42	29	0.6	0.6	15	1	3	640	30	10*	26	19	9.12/144.0	17.01/17.45	53.6/12.12

\* -40 Mesh

LEGEND

- O 3851 C SILT or SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION and NUMBER
- 8453 C SIEVED HEAVY MINERAL SAMPLE LOCATION and NUMBER
- X - 6822 D ORIGINAL SIEVED HEAVY MINERAL SAMPLE LOCATION (1981) and NUMBER

**DU PONT EXPLORATION**  
CANADA

**KULTA PROJECT  
SAYEH CLAIMS  
GEOCHEMISTRY**

Au, Ag, As, Cu, Hg, Mn, Mo, Ni, Pb, Sb, Zn, %HM  
JOHNSONS CROSSING AREA, YUKON TERRITORY

0 100 200 300 400 m  
0 100 200 300 400 feet  
SCALE

MAPPED BY: J.T.N., J.M.K.      REVISED:      N.T.S. No.: 105 C 6 W  
DATE: 81.09.27      DRAWN BY: C.H.K.      ACCT No.: 351-27  
DATE: 82.02.25      DATE:      DRWG. No.: KU.81-179

091041