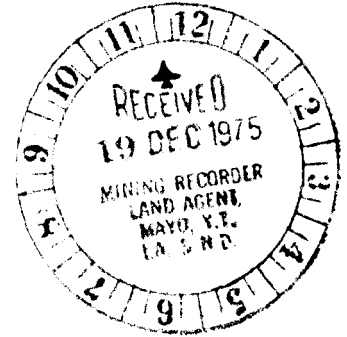
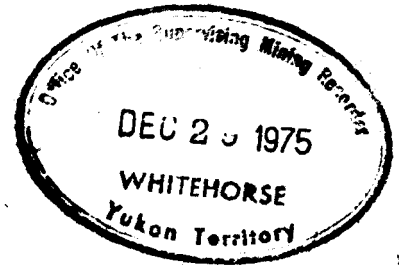


1975 EXPLORATION REPORT  
CLOË MINERAL CLAIM GROUP



Mayo Mining District  
Yukon Territory



N.T.S. 106-E-2

This report has been examined by **Latitude: 65°12' N**  
Geological Evaluation Unit and is recommended to the Commission to be considered **Longitude: 134°42' W**  
ed as representation of the amount of

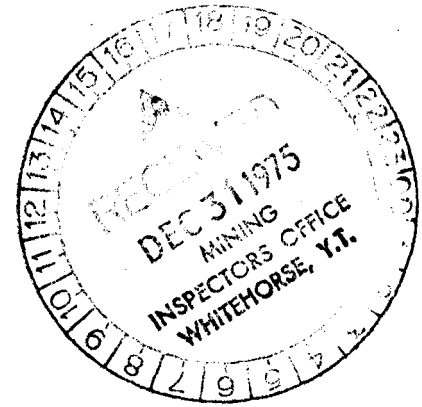
600.00

*[Signature]*  
Geologist or  
Mining Engineer

Considered as representation work under  
Section 35 (4) Yukon Quartz Mining Act.

*[Signature]*  
**B.R. BAXTER**  
Supervising Mining Recorder  
*[Signature]*  
Commissioner of Yukon Territory

By:  
P. Dean



CYPRUS ANVIL MINING CORPORATION

October, 1975

090051

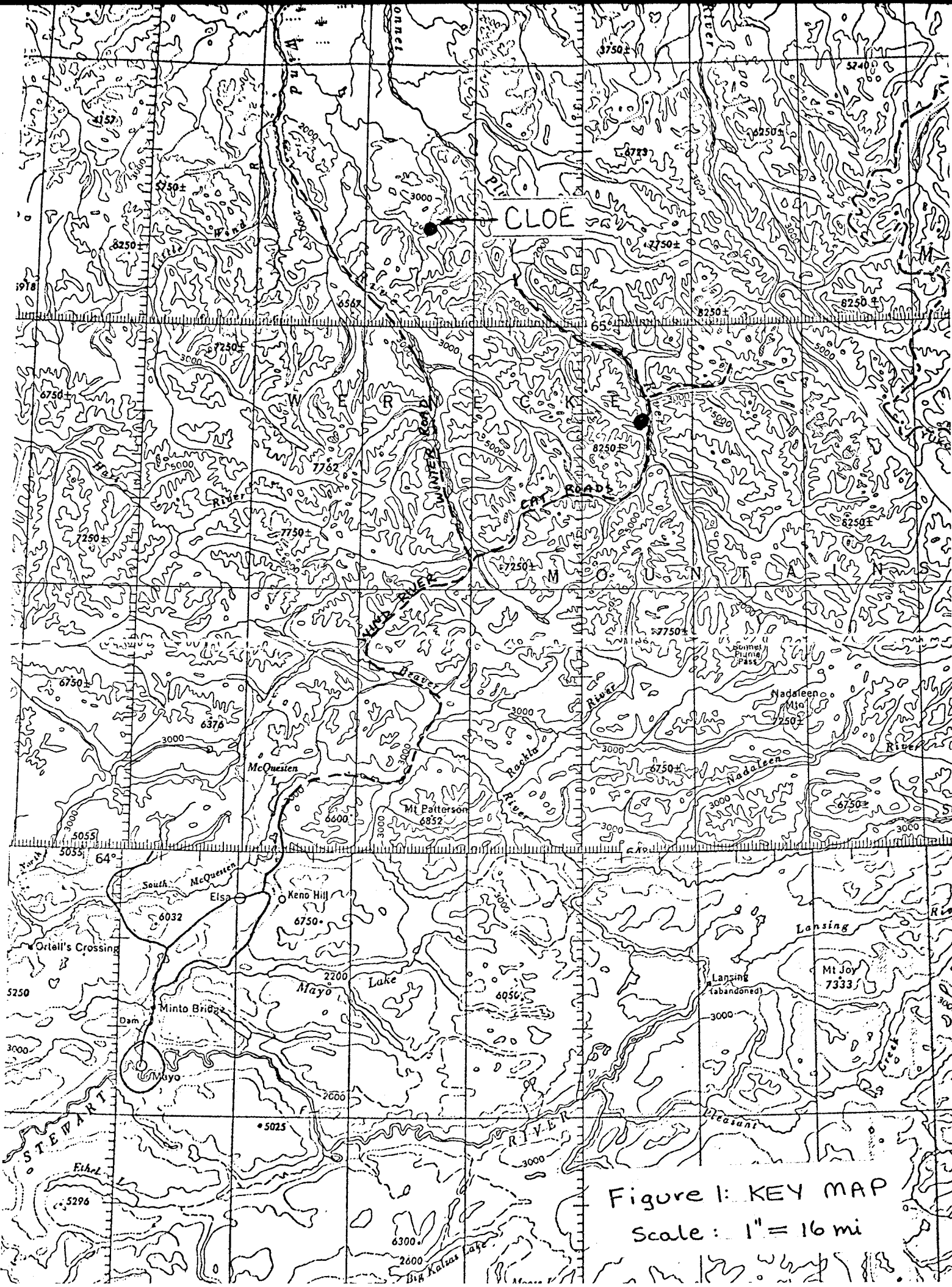


Figure 1: KEY MAP  
Scale: 1" = 16 mi

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FIGURES

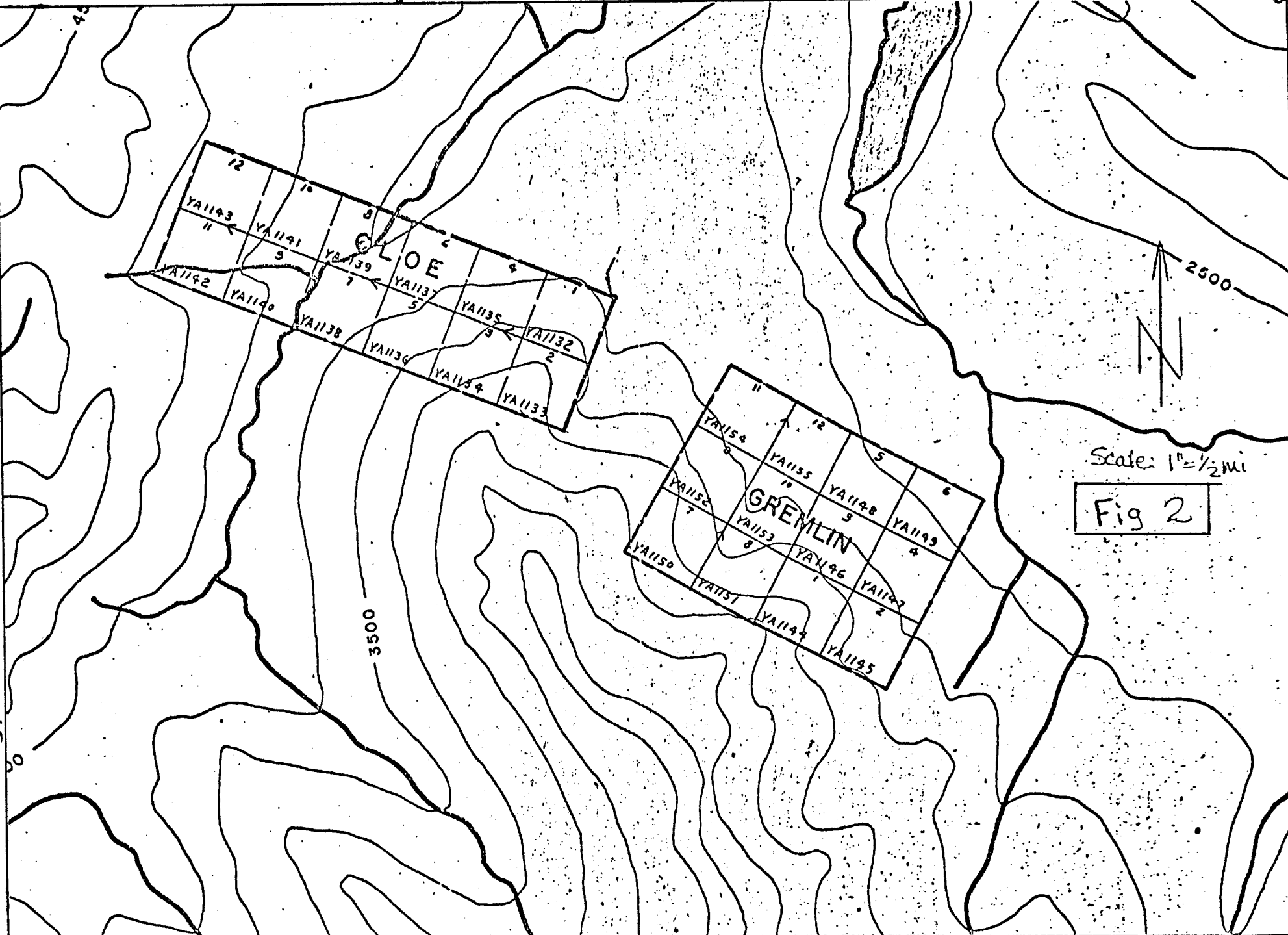
Figure 1	Key Map
Figure 2	Claim Map
Figure 3	Geochemical Values Map

APPENDICES

Appendix I	List of Personnel
Appendix II	Summary of Costs
Appendix III	Affidavit Supporting Summary of Costs
Appendix IV	Vouchers Supporting Summary of Costs

LIST OF CLAIMS

<u>Claims</u>	<u>Grant Nos.</u>	<u>Recording Dates</u>
CLOE 1 - 12	YA1132 - YA1143	August 29, 1975



Scale: 1" = 1/2 mi

Fig 2

Cyprus Anvil Mining Corporation

330, 355 Burrard Street      Telex 04508594  
Vancouver, British Columbia  
V6C 2G8  
Telephone (604) 687-2586

1975 EXPLORATION REPORT  
CLOË MINERAL CLAIM GROUP

INTRODUCTION

The Cloë claims are located a few miles west of the Bonnet Plume River at  $65^{\circ}12'$  N,  $134^{\circ}42'$  W. Access is by float plane to Kiwi Lake, three miles to the east, or by helicopter from Mayo. The claims were staked to secure a significant lead and zinc geochemical anomaly in silts from a stream draining a black shale formation of Helikian age. Float material in the stream bed contains sphalerite, but no lead minerals were seen. Most of the area is overburden-covered. A limited amount of soil sampling was carried out on the claims during 1975.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

A strong lead-zinc soil geochemical anomaly and mineralized float occur in an overburden-covered area underlain by a geologically favourable black shale rock unit. Further evaluation of the claims should consist initially of extended contour and grid controlled soil sampling, followed by hand trenching; I.P. surveys and/or possibly diamond drilling would follow if a sulphide deposit of reasonable dimensions is indicated. Few outcrops occur on the claims, so prospecting and geologic mapping are of limited use.

### GEOLOGY

The claims are underlain by black, fissile shale of Unit Ho (G.S.C. Open File 279). The mineralized float found in the creek consists of brecciated black shale cemented by dark brown to black sphalerite. Smithsonite or other secondary zinc minerals are present on some float boulders, and a narrow fault breccia outcropping near the source of the creek also contains some secondary zinc mineralization. No galena was seen in the creek, in spite of the highly anomalous lead value obtained from the silt samples.

### GEOCHEMISTRY

Lines of soil samples spaced about 500 feet apart were taken at the base of slope paralleling the main creeks on the claim group, as shown in Figure 3. The samples were dried and screened to separate the -80 mesh fraction, which was subjected to a hot acid leach and the resultant solution analysed by atomic absorption methods. The results indicate the presence of a major lead-zinc soil anomaly in the valley bottom on the north side of the claim group. A second lead-zinc anomaly is present on the western end of the claims. Low magnitude but anomalous lead-zinc values are associated with the small breccia showing near the top of the most anomalous stream on Cloe #3. This, and the lack of continuity of the values downstream, suggest that the associated mineralization is not the source of the anomalous geochemical values in soils further down the valley.

PROPOSED EXPLORATION

Further evaluation of the claims will involve additional geo-chemical sampling, which should take the form of:

1. contour soil lines in all areas surrounding the claims that are underlain by the black Helikian shale unit,
2. grid controlled soil sampling over most of the claim group, and extending off the present claim boundaries to the northeast and southwest.

A few more claims should be staked to the northeast and southwest to protect the possible extent of the main anomalies.

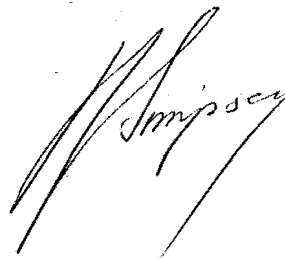
Respectfully submitted,



---

P. DEAN

October, 1975



LIST OF PERSONNEL

P. Dean	Geologist	1405 - 1011 Beach Avenue Vancouver, B.C.
A. Tench	Sampler	755 - 13th Street West Vancouver, B.C.

APPENDIX II

SUMMARY OF COSTS

Cloe Claims Expenditure Summary  
to October 31, 1975

	<u>Reference</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Salaries and Wages	Schedule B	\$ 49.69
Assays	Schedule C	120.00
Equipment and Supplies	Schedule D	13.90
Camp Supplies	Schedule E	22.93
Rotary Wing	Schedule F	390.49
Fixed Wing	Schedule G	36.37
Miscellaneous Transportation	Schedule H	14.20
District Expense	Schedule I	9.66
		<u>\$ 657.24</u>
Administration - 10%		<u>65.72</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<u><u>\$ 722.96</u></u>

NOTE: Copies of invoices in excess of \$100.00 are included. Other copies are available upon request.

Cyprus Anvil Mining Corporation

330, 355 Burrard Street  
Vancouver, British Columbia  
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APPENDIX III

AFFIDAVIT SUPPORTING SUMMARY OF COSTS

I, PETER DEAN, Geologist, Cyprus Anvil Mining Corporation, of Vancouver, British Columbia, do hereby state that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the statement of costs presented in this report (1975 Exploration Report, Cloe Mineral Claim Group) is both correct and true.

*P. M. Dean*

PETER DEAN

*15 Dec 1975*

(Date)

*Mary E. Saunders*  
Notary Public in and for the  
Province of British Columbia

**CYPRUS ANVIL**

SCALE: 1" = 400 FT



CYPRUS-ANVIL MINING CORP<sup>INC</sup>  
 REEF PROJECT  
 CLOË MINERAL CLAIMS: 106E-2  
 Geochemical Values Map

• Cu, Pb, Zn

Fig 3

P.M. Dean OCT 1975