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ASSESSMENT REPORT

describing

HAND PITTING AND ROCK GEOCHEMICAL SAMPLING

Field work performed on August 2, 2017

at the

CLINT PROPERTY

Clint 1-56 YE39481-YE39536 57-116 YF36887-YF36946

located at

NTS 116C/07 Latitude 64°24'N; Longitude 140°50'W

in the

Dawson Mining District Yukon Territory

prepared by

Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited

for

STRATEGIC METALS LTD.

by

K. Willms, B.Sc.

November 2017

CONTENTS

REFERENCES	8
DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS	7
SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY	6
MINERALIZATION	5
PROPERTY GEOLOGY	5
REGIONAL GEOLOGY	3
GEOMORPHOLOGY	3
HISTORY AND PREVIOUS WORK	1
PROPERTY LOCATION, CLAIM DATA AND ACCESS	1
INTRODUCTION	1

APPENDICES

Ι	STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS
II	STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES
III	CERTIFICATES OF ANALYSIS
IV	ROCK SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

FIGURES

<u>No.</u>	Description	Follows Page
1	Property Location	1
2	Claim Locations	1
3	Tectonic Setting	3
4	Regional Geology	4
5	Property Geology	5
6	2017 Rock Sample Locations	5
7	Gold Soil Geochemistry	6
8	Silver Soil Geochemistry	6
9	Copper Soil Geochemistry	6
10	Lead Soil Geochemistry	6
11	Zinc Soil Geochemistry	6
12	Nickel Soil Geochemistry	6
13	Molybdenum Soil Geochemistry	6
		TABLES

<u>No.</u>	Description	Page
Ι	Regional Stratigraphic Units	4
II	Soil Geochemical Thresholds and Peak Values	6

INTRODUCTION

The Clint property covers soil geochemical anomalies in the headwaters of Marten Creek, part of the Forty Mile Gold Camp in western Yukon. Strategic Metals Ltd. holds 100% interest of this property.

This report describes a program of hand pitting and rock geochemical sampling, which was conducted on August 2, 2017 by Archer, Cathro & Associates (1981) Limited on behalf of Strategic Metals. The author did not partake in the exploration program, but interpreted all results from this work. The author's Statement of Qualifications can be found in Appendix I. A Statement of Expenditures is in Appendix II.

PROPERTY LOCATION, CLAIM DATA AND ACCESS

The Clint property consists of 116 contiguous mineral claims located on NTS map sheet 116C/07 at latitude 64°24′ north and longitude 140°50′ west (Figure 1). The property covers an area of approximately 2410 ha (24.10 km²). The claims are registered with the Dawson Mining Recorder in the name of Archer Cathro which holds them in trust for Strategic Metals. Specifics concerning claim registration are tabulated below, while the locations of individual claims are shown on Figure 2.

<u>Claim Name</u>	Grant Number	Expiry Date*
Clint 1-56	YE39481-YE39536	May 09, 2024
57-116	YF36887-YF36946	May 09, 2021

* Expiry dates include 2017 work which has been filed for assessment credit.

The property is located approximately 100 km by road northwest of the Dawson City, which is the closest community and supply centre. Access to the property from Dawson City is possible via the first 60 km of the Top of the World Highway, followed by 30 km along the Clinton Creek Road, and finally by a 13 km long four wheel drive road. The Clinton Creek Road is a haulage road that serviced the former Clinton Creek asbestos mine, located northeast of the property. The Clinton Creek Road and Top of the World Highway are typically open from late spring until late fall, when the George Black ferry crossing at Dawson City is in operation.

Work in 2017 was done from a fly camp located on the side of the Clinton Creek Road.

The Clint claims lie within the traditional territory of the Tr'ondëk Hwëh'in First Nation. Neither the property nor the access route overlie first nation's lands.

HISTORY AND PREVIOUS WORK

Clinton Creek asbestos mine site is located five kilometres northeast of the Clint property. It was operated from 1967 to 1978 by the Cassiar Asbestos Corporation Limited (Yukon Energy, Mines and Resources, 2012). Claims adjoining the southwest side of the mine lease were staked as the Tartzhart claims in 1981 by Teslin Joint Venture (TJV) – a syndicate of Brinco Mining Ltd., Cominco Limited and Exploram Minerals Ltd. The northeast section of the current Clint claims





covers a portion of the old Tartzhart claim area as shown on Figure 2. The Tartzhart property was explored for asbestos by a program that involved fibre-mat soil surveys and excavator trenching (Cathro and Murray, 1982). TJV also performed widely spaced soil geochemical sampling, which identified a large gold anomaly (up to 63 ppb) in an area that partially coincides with the northeastern part of the Clint property (Cathro et al, 1981).

Between 1976 and 1977, the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) collected regional stream sediment samples from drainages across parts of west-central Yukon (NTS 116B, parts of 116C, 116F and 116G). Subsequent to that Open File release, the samples were reanalyzed for a wider suite of elements. Only two samples from the GSC program were collected within the current Clint property. They returned background values for silver, copper and gold. Lead and zinc analyses were background to weakly anomalous, yielding 4 and 25 ppm lead and 104 and 192 ppm zinc (Friske et al, 1991).

Marten Creek is almost entirely staked with placer claims, many of which overlap with the Clint claims. No records were found relating to activity on these placer claims. Placer mining was conducted intermittently from 1987 to 2003 by W. Claxon and L. Chapman, downstream of the Clint property, along the Forty Mile River and at the mouth of Marten Creek (Yukon Geological Survey –YGS, 2012). Trenches were dug to bedrock in 1988, 1989 and 1990 by W. Claxton, one kilometre downstream from the mouth of Marten Creek. This trenching reportedly exposed six gold-bearing veins across a 100 m width. The veins cut graphitic schist and comprised quartz-siderite lenses up to 0.5 m wide within gouge- and breccia-filled fracture zones (YGS, 2012). No assays were recorded.

In 2011, the GSC published a map that compiles regional geophysical data for various surveys done from 1952 to 1962 and 1993 to 2010. Several small magnetic highs were identified in the northern part of the Clint property, which may represent ultramafic rocks or unmapped plutonic bodies (Hayward and Oneschuk, 2011).

In spring 2011, Strategic Metals staked the Clint 1-56 claims and collected 77 soil samples. This sampling returned a few moderately anomalous gold (20 to 23 ppb) and zinc (200 to 283 ppm) values and weakly to strongly anomalous silver (1 to 3.18 ppm) results. Other samples yielded moderately to strongly anomalous values for nickel (up to 565 ppm) and molybdenum (up to 10.25 ppm). Copper response was generally low with a peak of 94.8 ppm.

In summer 2012, Strategic Metals collected another 114 samples from contour and grid lines. A few of these samples yielded moderately anomalous copper (up to 151.5 ppm), molybdenum (up to 6.27 ppm), zinc (up to 339 ppm), nickel (up to 276 ppm) and silver (up to 2.02 ppm) values.

In fall 2012, Strategic Metals expanded the property northeasterly towards the Clinton Creek mine site, to cover some of the gold anomalies identified by TJV.

In 2013, Strategic Metals collected a total of 22 rock, 410 soil and 17 silt samples from the property. Rock samples returned weakly elevated copper, molybdenum, nickel, lead and zinc values. Two significant multi-element soil geochemical anomalies were identified during the program, with the best target consisting of a 1000 m by 2000 m zone located in the northeastern part of the property. This zone contains 40 samples that yielded between 10.0 and 68.1 ppm

molybdenum. It also includes scattered moderately to strongly anomalous gold (up to 109 ppb), silver (up to 3.7 ppm), copper (up to 279 ppm), zinc (up to 342 ppm) and nickel (up to 254 ppm) results (Montague, 2013).

In 2015, Strategic Metals collected another 236 grid soil samples from the northern part of the property. The soil program followed up on an isolated sample site with high silver, lead and zinc values, which is located about 150 m south of the 1000 by 2000 m multi-element geochemical anomaly. Results outlined a 300 by 500 m lead-zinc target with values up to 643 and 1160 ppm, respectively (Mitchell, 2015).

GEOMORPHOLOGY

The Clint claim block lies west of Porcupine Hill and north of the Forty Mile River. It covers the upper part of the Marten Creek drainage and some headwater tributaries of Clinton Creek, both of which ultimately connect to the Pacific Ocean via the Forty Mile and Yukon rivers. Elevations on the property range from 460 m to 914 m. Topography is typified by gentle southfacing and steep north-facing slopes. The property is entirely below treeline and features spruce bogs and mature forests of mixed spruce and poplar.

The claim area lies west of the Tintina Trench and escaped Pleistocene glaciation. Residual and colluvial overburden ranges from several centimetres to greater than five metres thick. Bedrock exposures are limited.

The climate at the Clint property is typical of northern continental regions with long, cold winters, truncated fall and spring seasons and short, mild summers. Although summers are relatively warm, snowfall can occur in any month. The property is mostly snow free from early May to mid-October.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Clint property is located in Yukon-Tanana Terrane (Figure 3), which underlies a vast area west of autochthonous North America in central Yukon and Alaska. Yukon-Tanana Terrane is geologically complex, recording the tectonic incorporation of a Paleozoic volcanic and magmatic arc with its basement sequence onto the outboard edge of ancestral North America. It consists of a series of highly strained metavolcanic, metasedimentary and metaplutonic packages that have undergone polyphase deformation. The metamorphic rocks are cut by numerous thrust faults and the Tintina Fault, a large transcurrent structure that produced 450 km of dextral offset in the Late Cretaceous and Early Tertiary.

Lithologies in the region belong to four main units: Prospector Mountain Suite; Jones Lake Formation; Slide Mountain Assemblage and; Finalyson Group. The following description of regional geology is based on the most recent published data (YGS, 2017).



Unit Name	Age	Map Name	Description						
Prospector Mountain (LKP)	Late Cretaceous to Tertiary	LKgP	Grey, fine to coarse-grained, massive, granific rocks of felsic, intermediate or rarely mafic composition and related felsic dykes. Hornblende-biotite granodiorite, hornblende diorite, quartz diorite.						
Jones Lake (TrJ)	Triassic	TrJ1	Dark grey and brown fine-grained siliciclastic rocks, minor limestone and feldspathic wacke, conglomerate and tuff. Brown to buff weathering, calcareous siltstone, shale, and fine sandstone, commonly finely cross-laminated and locally bioturbated.						
		CPSM	Oceanic assemblage of chert, argillite, minor sandstone and conglomerate, basalt, serpentinite, gabbro, rare felsic metavolcanic rocks.						
Slide Mountain (CPSM)	Lower Mississippian to	CPSM1	Variably deformed, dark grey to black carbonaceous phyllite, chert and argillite; grey, green and white chert; minor chert-sandstone and pebble conglomerate; locally feldspar grit; rare limestone, dolostone; mafic metavolcanic rocks.						
		CPSM2	Dark green to black basalt, greenstone, locally pillowed; hyaloclastite; generally weakly deformed and metamorphosed.						
		CPSM4	Brown weathering, dark green to black, variably serpentinized ultramafic rocks; metapyroxenite, dunite; harzburgite.						
		DMF	Assemblage of mafic to felsic metavolcanic rocks of arc and back-arc affinities; carbonaceous pelite, metachert; minor quartzite, metavolcaniclastic rocks; marble; ultramafic rocks and metagabbro.						
Finlayson	Upper Devonian to Lower	DMF1	Medium to dark green intermediate to mafic volcanic and volcaniclastic rocks; fine-grained amphibolite and greenstone.						
(DMF)	Mississippian	DMF3	Dark grey to black carbonaceous metasedimentary rocks, metachert (Nasina fm).						
		DMF4	Light green to grey, fine-grained siliciclastic and metavolcaniclastic rocks; arkosic grit and sandstone; chert and minor limestone.						
		DMF5	Light grey to white marble, locally crinoidal.						

 Table I – Regional Stratigraphic Units (YGS, 2017)

Regional-scale mapping has distinguished three lithological packages, which are separated by a series of north and south dipping regional-scale thrust faults (Figure 4). On the property, the southern-most fault (informally named the Clinton Thrust Fault for the purposes of this report) juxtaposes Finlayson Group metasediments and metavolcanics to the south against Slide Mountain Assemblage basalt and ultramafics. A second thrust fault places Slide Mountain Assemblage over Jones Lake formation siltstones and shale. A 500 by 250 m klippe of



Finlayson Group metavolcanics locally caps the Slide Mountain Assemblage in the northern part of the property.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY

Detailed geological mapping was done in 2013 within the northeast corner of the property. Mapping was limited to creek beds, road cuts and hand pits, due to poor bedrock exposure. Figure 5 illustrates property geology, which has been adapted from regional mapping. Prospector Mountains Suite, Slide Mountain Assemblage and Finlayson Group are subdivided on the property as follows.

Prospector Mountain Suite

Unit A is composed of "salt and pepper" textured, fine grained, equigranular, non-magnetic, biotite-hornblende diorite.

Slide Mountain

Unit B consists of dark grey to black, aphanitic, vesicular basalt (CPSM2).

Unit C is medium grey to orange, well banded chert that is often cross cut by barren, grey, milky quartz veinlets (CPSM1).

Unit D is composed of dark grey to black, finely laminated, variably fissile phyllite with locally occurring graphitic argillite and limonite and hematite laminations. It may host white, transparent, comb textured quartz veins (< 2 cm) with limonite blebs and coated fractures (CPSM1).

Finlayson Group

Unit E is blue to grey and white banded, biotite-sericite (\pm quartz) schist, with local gentle folds that exhibit a northeastern strike and dips to the northwest. Unit E has small limonite pits and may host white, transparent, comb textured quartz veins (< 2 cm) with limonite blebs and coated fractures. Foliation in Unit E strikes northeasterly and dips to the northwest (DMF1).

Unit F consists of medium grey, weakly foliated quartzite (DMF4).

To date, units B, C and D have only been observed as float in creek beds, while units D, E and F occur as outcrop and/or felsenmeener float.

MINERALIZATION

In 2017, a total of five rock samples were collected from the property. Samples were taken from hand pits dug at anomalous soil sample locations. Sample locations for rocks collected on the property are shown on Figure 6.





The 2017 rock sample sites were marked with orange flagging tape labelled with their respective sample number. The location of each sample was determined using a hand-held GPS unit. Sample preparation for 2017 rock samples was carried out by ALS Minerals in Whitehorse and then sent to North Vancouver, where the samples were dried and fine crushed to better than 70% passing -2mm before a 250 g split was pulverized to better than 85% passing 75 micron. The fine fractions were then analyzed for 48 elements using a four acid digestion and inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy (ME-MS61) and for gold by fire assay fusion and inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectrometry (Au-ICP21). Certificates of Analysis and Rock Sample Descriptions are provided in Appendices III and IV, respectively.

Results from these samples were generally subdued, however, elevated values of 990 ppm lead and 4.49 g/t silver were returned from one sample.

SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY

Soil sampling completed between 2011 and 2015 comprised reconnaissance- and detailed-scale contour soil sampling in the southwestern and northeastern parts of the property. Silt sampling was also conducted in conjunction with these programs. No soil sampling was completed in 2017.

All soil sample locations were recorded using hand-held GPS units. Sample sites are marked by aluminum tags inscribed with the sample numbers and affixed to 50 cm wooden lath that were driven into the ground. Most of the soil samples were collected from 15 to 60 cm deep holes using hand-held augers. They were placed into individually pre-numbered Kraft paper bags. The soil samples were sent to ALS Minerals in Whitehorse, where they were dried and screened to -180 microns. The fine fractions were then shipped to ALS Minerals in North Vancouver, where they were dissolved in a four acid solution and analyzed for 48 elements using inductively coupled plasma-mass spectroscopy and inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy techniques (ME-MS61). An additional 30 g charge from each fine fraction was further analyzed for gold by fire assay with inductively coupled plasma-atomic emissions spectroscopy finish (Au-ICP21). Certificates of Analysis are provided in Appendix III.

Thematic results from historical programs for gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, nickel and molybdenum are plotted on Figures 7 to 13, respectively. Anomalous thresholds and peak values used to describe the soil results from the property are found below, in Table II.

Element	Weak	Moderate	Strong	Peak Values
Gold (ppb)	$\geq 10 < 20$	$\geq 20 < 50$	\geq 50	109
Silver (ppm)	$\geq 0.5 < 1$	$\geq 1 < 2$	≥ 2	3.7
Copper (ppm)	\geq 50 < 100	\geq 100 < 200	≥ 200	279
Lead (ppm)	\geq 50 < 100	$\geq 100 < 200$	≥ 200	643
Zinc (ppm)	$\geq 50 < 100$	≥100 < 200	≥ 200	1,160
Nickel (ppm)	≥50 < 100	$\geq 100 < 200$	≥ 200	565
Molybdenum (ppm)	$\geq 1 \leq 2$	$\geq 2 < 5$	\geq 5	68.1

Table II – Soil Geochemical Thresholds and Peak Values















Soil sampling has outlined two main geochemical anomalies. The larger anomaly is a 1000 by 2000 m area of strongly elevated molybdenum (10.0-68.1 ppm) values with scattered gold (up to 109 ppm), silver (up to 3.7 ppm) and zinc (up to 342 ppm) support. This anomaly lies north of the Clinton Thrust Fault within an area of vesicular basalts and well banded quartz-veined chert, belonging to the Slide Mountain Assemblage. A string of seven weak to strong nickel values (up to 254 ppm) and a cluster of four moderately to strongly copper values (up to 279 ppm) lie along the eastern and northern edges of the anomaly, respectively.

The second anomaly lies south of the Clinton Thrust Fault, within Finlayson Group metasediments. Sampling outlined a 300 by 500 m area of moderately to strongly anomalous zinc (up to 1160 ppm) and lead (up to 643 ppm) response. A point anomaly with moderately anomalous gold (20 ppb), silver (1.05 ppm) and molybdenum (3.56 ppm) is located in the southwestern part of the lead-zinc anomaly, within a cluster of scattered weakly to moderately anomalous nickel values.

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

The Clint property covers two sizeable multi-element soil geochemical anomalies, north and south of the Clinton Thrust Fault.

The high molybdenum values in the anomaly north of the Clint Thrust Fault suggests the presence of a molybdenum porphyry system related to an unmapped Prospector Mountain Suite intrusion, either under overburden or at depth. However, the complex soil geochemical signature could also be due to vein or volcanogenic massive sulphide mineralization.

The lead- and zinc-in-soil anomaly that lies south of the Clinton Thrust Fault could represent distal vein mineralization associated with a porphyry system or volcanogenic massive sulphide mineralization.

The soil geochemical anomalies have not been adequately explained by prospecting or hand trenching, and warrant additional exploration. Road accessibility will facilitate future programs, which should include closer spaced soil sampling, systematic geological mapping and prospecting, and more hand pitting to follow up the known geochemical anomalies. Geochemical coverage should also be extended to the central part of the property. Once the anomalous areas are fully defined, drilling or trenching will be required to determine the location, size and character of the related mineralization.

Respectfully submitted,

ARCHER, CATHRO & ASSOCIATES (1981) LIMITED

K. Willms, B.Sc.

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Yukon Geological Survey

- 2012 Minfile occurrence details (116C 163); Available at <u>http://data.geology.gov.yk.ca</u>
- 2012 Minfile occurrence details (116C 122); Available at <u>http://data.geology.gov.yk.ca</u>
- 2012 Yukon Placer Database Operations Report: Fourtymile Placers; Available at <u>http://data.geology.gov.yk.ca</u>
- 2017 Yukon Bedrock Geology Map, 2017

APPENDIX I

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

I, Kelson Willms, geologist, with business addresses in Vancouver, British Columbia and Whitehorse, Yukon Territory and residential address in Vancouver, British Columbia, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I graduated from the University of British Columbia in 2017 with a B.Sc in Earth and Environmental Sciences.
- 2. From 2015 to present, I have been actively engaged in mineral exploration in the Yukon Territory, British Columbia.
- 3. I have not personally supervised the fieldwork reported herein, but have interpreted all data resulting from this work.

K. Willms, B.Sc.

APPENDIX II

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

Statement of Expenditures Clint 1-116 Mineral Claims February 5, 2018

<u>Labour</u>

D. Eaton geologist 4 hours August to December at \$120/hr	\$ 504.00
J. Morton geologist 16 hours August to December at \$96/hr	1,612.80
K. Willms geologist 18.5 hours August to December at \$62/hr	1,204.35
R. Ledoux field assistant 8 hours August to December at \$51/hr	428.40
L. Martin-Berry field assistant 8 hours August to December at \$51/hr	428.40
V. Cournoyer-Derome expedite 3 hours August to December at \$51/hr	160.65
J. Mariacher office 3 hours August to December at \$90/hr	283.50
S. Newman office 6 hours August to December at \$68/hr	428.40
	5,050.50
Expenses including management	
Field room and board – 4 days at \$195/day	881.40
ALS Chemex	188.35
Truck rental and fuel	387.68
	1,457.43
Total	<u>\$6,507.93</u>

APPENDIX III



ALS Canada Ltd. 2103 Dollarton Hwy North Vancouver BC V7H 0A7 Phone: +1 (604) 984 0221 Fax: +1 (604) 984 0218 www.alsglobal.com/geochemistry

To: STRATEGIC METALS LTD. C/ O ARCHER, CATHRO & ASSOCIATES (1981) LIMITED 1016-510 W HASTINGS ST VANCOUVER BC V6B 1L8

Page: 1 Total # Pages: 2 (A - D) Plus Appendix Pages Finalized Date: 5- SEP- 2017 Account: MTT

CERTIFICATE WH17164303

Project: CLINT

This report is for 5 Rock samples submitted to our lab in Whitehorse, YT, Canada on 7- AUG- 2017.

The following have access to data associated with this certificate:

ANDREW CARNE	JOAN MARIACHER	JACK MORTON

SAMPLE PREPARATION						
ALS CODE	DESCRIPTION					
WEI- 21	Received Sample Weight					
LOG- 21	Sample logging - ClientBarCode					
CRU- QC	Crushing QC Test					
CRU- 31	Fine crushing - 70% < 2mm					
PUL- QC	Pulverizing QC Test					
SPL- 21	Split sample - riffle splitter					
PUL- 31	Pulverize split to 85% < 75 um					

	ANALYTICAL PROCEDUR	RES
ALS CODE	DESCRIPTION	INSTRUMENT
Au- ICP21 ME- MS61	Au 30g FA ICP- AES Finish 48 element four acid ICP- MS	ICP- AES

TO: STRATEGIC METALS LTD. ATTN: JOAN MARIACHER C/ O ARCHER, CATHRO & ASSOCIATES (1981) LIMITED 1016-510 W HASTINGS ST VANCOUVER BC V6B 1L8

This is the Final Report and supersedes any preliminary report with this certificate number. Results apply to samples as submitted. All pages of this report have been checked and approved for release.

Signature:

Colin Ramshaw, Vancouver Laboratory Manager

***** See Appendix Page for comments regarding this certificate *****

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Project: CLINT

Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	WEI- 21 Recvd Wt. kg 0.02	Au- ICP21 Au ppm 0.001	ME- MS61 Ag ppm 0.01	ME- MS61 Al % 0.01	ME- MS61 As ppm 0.2	ME- MS61 Ba ppm 10	ME- MS61 Be ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Bi ppm 0.01	ME- MS61 Ca % 0.01	ME- MS61 Cd ppm 0.02	ME- MS61 Ce ppm 0.01	ME- MS61 Co ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 Cr ppm 1	ME- MS61 Cs ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Cu ppm 0.2
K291557 K291558 K291559 K291560 K291561		0.77 0.80 0.36 0.97 1.00	0.012 0.003 <0.001 0.002 <0.001	4.49 0.11 3.68 0.13 0.08	2.46 4.86 0.83 2.13 0.28	7.8 4.9 2.4 4.4 8.0	570 920 580 650 60	0.93 1.64 0.42 0.71 0.14	0.17 0.16 0.06 0.09 0.08	0.03 0.20 0.10 0.10 0.01	0.30 0.49 0.17 0.53 0.02	16.85 56.1 15.15 22.6 3.30	1.5 7.1 1.5 3.5 0.7	37 70 38 37 30	0.98 4.62 0.68 1.45 0.32	18.3 29.6 11.9 12.8 8.3



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VANCOUVER BC V6B 1L8

Page: 2 - B Total # Pages: 2 (A - D) Plus Appendix Pages Finalized Date: 5- SEP- 2017 Account: MTT

Project: CLINT

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Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME- MS61 Fe % 0.01	ME- MS61 Ga ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Ge ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Hf ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 In ppm 0.005	ME- MS61 K % 0.01	ME- MS61 La ppm 0.5	ME- MS61 Li ppm 0.2	ME- MS61 Mg % 0.01	ME- MS61 Mn ppm 5	ME- MS61 Mo ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Na % 0.01	ME- MS61 Nb ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 Ni ppm 0.2	ME- MS61 P ppm 10
K291557 K291558 K291559 K291560 K291561		0.92 3.14 1.25 1.85 1.40	9.73 14.95 2.50 7.15 1.06	0.14 0.18 0.13 0.12 0.08	1.3 2.3 0.4 0.9 0.1	0.218 0.043 0.107 0.023 0.005	0.87 2.21 0.27 0.78 0.12	10.6 29.1 7.6 11.8 1.9	9.6 18.5 4.4 16.2 0.8	0.18 0.69 0.09 0.43 0.02	176 245 121 228 76	1.28 1.12 0.60 0.64 0.84	0.64 0.05 0.08 0.02 0.01	4.2 11.3 1.8 4.4 0.3	4.5 31.0 7.2 17.1 5.1	220 930 450 520 270



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Project: CLINT

Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME- MS61 Pb ppm 0.5	ME- MS61 Rb ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 Re ppm 0.002	ME- MS61 S % 0.01	ME- MS61 Sb ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Sc ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 Se ppm 1	ME- MS61 Sn ppm 0.2	ME- MS61 Sr ppm 0.2	ME- MS61 Ta ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Te ppm 0.05	ME- MS61 Th ppm 0.01	ME- MS61 Ti % 0.005	ME- MS61 Tl ppm 0.02	ME- MS61 U ppm 0.1
K291557 K291558 K291559 K291560 K291561		990 16.2 1445 63.2 14.0	34.5 102.0 11.7 36.3 5.9	<0.002 <0.002 <0.002 <0.002 <0.002	0.02 <0.01 0.02 <0.01 <0.01	6.67 0.69 7.20 0.57 1.18	3.8 9.7 2.5 4.6 0.7	7 1 1 1 1	0.7 1.5 0.3 0.6 <0.2	22.9 38.2 16.8 16.6 2.5	0.38 0.72 0.12 0.27 <0.05	0.50 0.09 0.05 <0.05 <0.05	4.45 8.77 1.91 3.51 0.61	0.144 0.300 0.058 0.132 0.012	0.15 0.50 0.08 0.16 0.03	1.0 1.6 0.6 1.0 0.5



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Project: CLINT

Sample Description	Method Analyte Units LOR	ME- MS61 V ppm 1	ME- MS61 W ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 Y ppm 0.1	ME- MS61 Zn ppm 2	ME- MS61 Zr ppm 0.5	
K291557 K291558 K291559 K291559 K291560 K291561		51 119 30 68 14	0.6 1.3 0.2 0.6 0.1	3.7 10.1 3.6 5.8 0.4	245 187 143 248 13	49.2 89.0 15.8 37.1 5.7	



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Project: CLINT

		CERTIFICATE COMMENTS	S	
		ANALYTICAL C	OMMENTS	
Applies to Method:	REE's may not be totally soluble in th ME- MS61	is method.		
		LABORATORY A	ADDRESSES	
	Processed at ALS Whitehorse located	at 78 Mt. Sima Rd, Whitehorse, YT,	Canada.	
Applies to Method:	CRU- 31 PUL- QC	CRU- QC SPL- 21	LOG- 21 WEI- 21	PUL- 31
Applies to Method:	Processed at ALS Vancouver located a Au- ICP21	at 2103 Dollarton Hwy, North Vanco ME- MS61	uver, BC, Canada.	

APPENDIX IV

ROCK SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

Rock Sample Des	criptions	Prop	erty: Clint						
Sample Number: Elevation:	K291557 2771 m	UTM: UTM:	508931 mE 7143875 mN	Nad83, Zone 7					
Comments:	Float grab of dark g	rey-blacl	k, graphitic quartzite w	vith sparse patches of limonite; Removed from a 70cm deep hand pit.					
Sample Number: Elevation:	K291558 2782 m	UTM: UTM:	508992 mE 7143909 mN	Nad83, Zone 7					
Comments:	Composite sample of	of rock w	vith the same lithology	as sample K291557; Removed from a 1.5m deep hand pit.					
Sample Number: Elevation:	K291559 2773 m	UTM: UTM:	508899 mE 7143755 mN	Nad83, Zone 7					
Comments:	Float grab of a smal	l piece o	f limonitic quartz, rem	noved from a 70cm deep hand pit. No rep or rep on site.					
Sample Number: Elevation:	K291560 2761 m	UTM: UTM:	508865 mE 7143808 mN	Nad83, Zone 7					
Comments: Float grab of rock with the same lithology as sample K291557; Removed from a 1m deep hand pit. No rep.									
Sample Number: Elevation:	K291561 2698 m	UTM: UTM:	508709 mE 7143849 mN	Nad83, Zone 7					
Comments: Float grab of rusty-orange weathering, brecciated quartz, removed from an old road cut.									