

A SUMMARY OF THE EXPLORATION WORK DONE ON
THE BJ CLAIM GROUPS
DURING THE PERIOD 10 - 23 JULY 1996

WATSON LAKE AREA, YUKON MINING DISTRICT
NTS 105A-6/7
60°15'00" N, 128°51'00" W

ON BEHALF OF

MINIFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATED



LORRAINE GODWIN
CONSULTING GEOPHYSICIST
GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
SUITE 707, 1243 ISLINGTON AVENUE
TORONTO, ONTARIO
M8X 1Y9

0935 93

DECEMBER 1996

Refer to
Colour CD

This report has been examined by
the Geological Evaluation Unit
under Section 53 (4) Yukon Quartz
Mining Act and is allowed as
representation work in the amount
of \$ _____.

Regional Manager, Exploration and
Geological Services for Commissioner,
of Yukon Territory.

This report has been examined by
the Geological Evaluation Unit
under Section 53 (4) Yukon Quartz
Mining Act and is allowed as
representation work in the amount
of \$ 12,800.



for Regional Manager, Exploration and
Geological Services for Commissioner
of Yukon Territory.

In October of 1995 a short reconnaissance survey was made on the BJ claim blocks in the Watson Lake area of Yukon Territory by Dr. Adrian Mann. This was followed up by ground magnetic and electromagnetic surveys in July 1996. Four days were spent with Gamah International Limited crews flagging and blazing grid lines and conducting the aforementioned surveys, as well as performing reconnaissance geological mapping and collecting geochemical soil samples at various locations along the grid lines (37 samples were collected in total). The work done consisted of 11, 778 m (in 10 lines) of linecutting, reconnaissance geological mapping and geochemical sampling, as well as geophysical surveying.

No economic mineralization was found, however, several anomalous areas were discovered. Due to the sparseness of the grid coverage, it is recommended that further exploratory work is performed over the claim group in order to determine the extent of these anomalies.

1.0 INTRODUCTION	PAGE 1
2.0 LOCATION AND LOGISTICS	PAGE 1
3.0 PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND LOCATION	PAGE 6
4.0 PREVIOUS WORK	PAGE 6
5.0 SUMMARY OF WORK COMPLETED IN 1996 PROGRAM	PAGE 6
6.0 GEOLOGY	PAGE 9
7.0 SURVEYS	PAGE 11
7.1 GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY - METHODOLOGY	PAGE 11
7.2 GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY - RESULTS	PAGE 11
7.3 MAGNETOMETER SURVEY - METHODOLOGY	PAGE 11
7.4 MAGNETOMETER SURVEY - RESULTS	PAGE 11
7.5 ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY - METHODOLOGY	PAGE 12
7.6 ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY - RESULTS	PAGE 12
8.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	PAGE 13
9.0 FOOTNOTES	PAGE 13
10.0 STATEMENTS OF QUALIFICATIONS	PAGE 14
11.0 PERSONNEL AND CONTRACTORS EMPLOYED	PAGE 16
12.0 STATEMENT OF COSTS	PAGE 17
13.0 REFERENCES	PAGE 18

FIGURE 1 GENERAL LOCATION MAP, YUKON HIGHWAY MAP, 1982	PAGE 2
FIGURE 2 WATSON LAKE TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, 1:250,000	PAGE 3
FIGURE 3 GRID COVERAGE OF BJ CLAIMS	PAGE 7
FIGURE 4 BJ CLAIMS PLAN EXTRACTED FROM CLAIM MAP 105A-6 & 7, 1:50,000	PAGE 8
FIGURE 5 GEOLOGICAL MAP OF WATSON LAKE AREA, 1:1,000,000	PAGE 10

TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF BJ CLAIMS INFORMATION	PAGE 4
--	--------

APPENDIX A GEOCHEMICAL CONTOURS, ASSAY RESULTS AND CERTIFICATES	PAGE 19
APPENDIX B MAGNETIC CONTOURS OF BJ CLAIMS	PAGE 35
APPENDIX C ELECTROMAGNETIC PROFILES OF BJ CLAIMS	PAGE 38
APPENDIX D GEOPHYSICAL NOTES	PAGE 49

A brief summer exploration program was carried out on the BJ claim group at the recommendation of Dr. Adrian Mann, who conducted a short reconnaissance visit on October 3rd, 1995 (Mann, 1996) on said claims. Dr. Mann's recommendations were to have a field crew conduct VLF-EM and total field magnetometer surveys to locate, on the ground, geophysical anomalies revealed by much earlier Questor airborne surveys (1981). Detailed geological mapping was not recommended as he found a "paucity of outcrop" (Mann, 1996). Gamah International Limited undertook the recommended exploration program on behalf of Minfocus International Incorporated. This report describes the results of the exploration surveys carried out by Gamah during the month of July 1996 and provides recommendations for further work.

The BJ claims are located approximately 30 km north of the town of Watson Lake which is in the Yukon Territory.

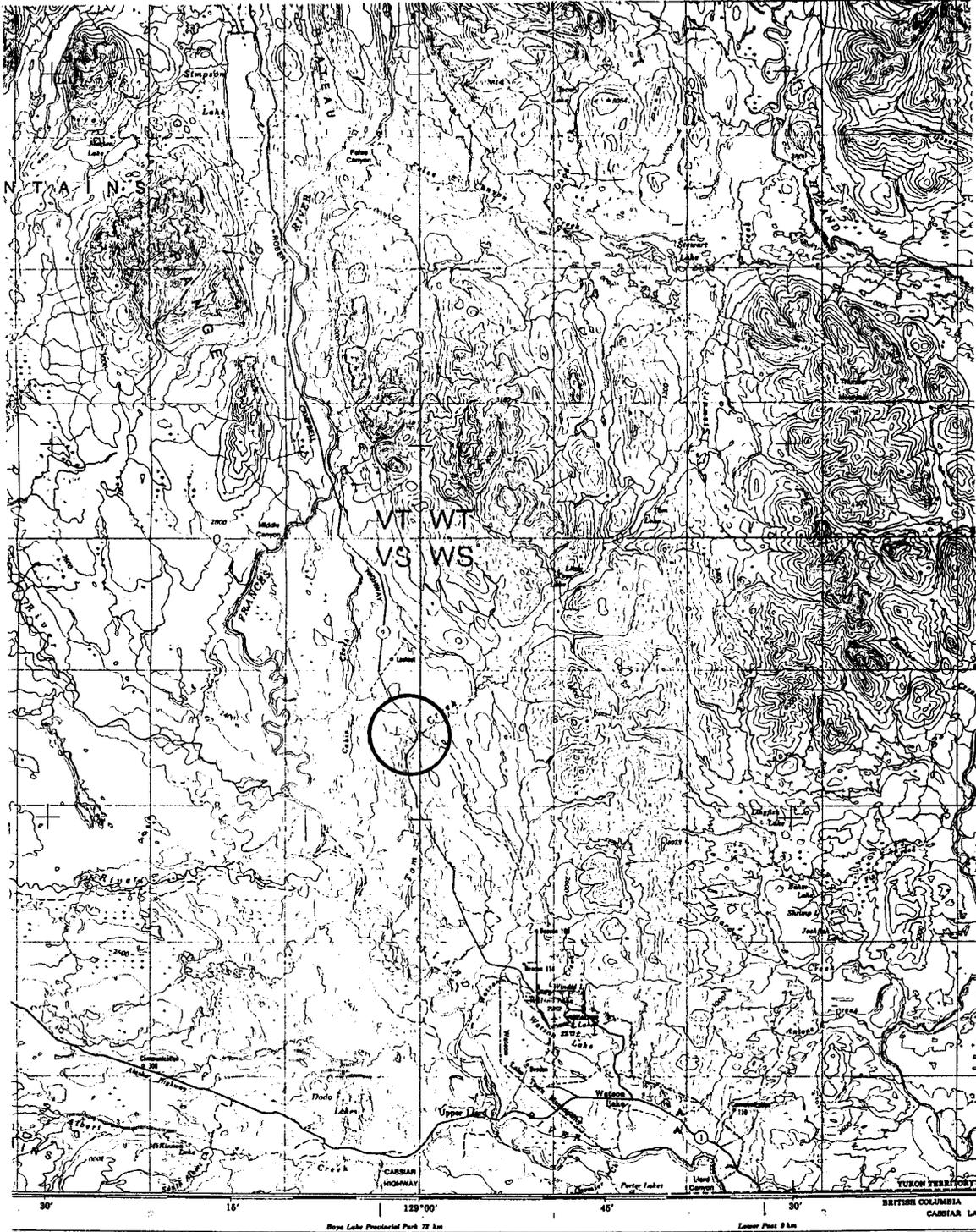
Daily jet service is available from Vancouver to Whitehorse with onward continuation by turbo prop commuter planes to Watson Lake, or three to four times weekly by jet from Vancouver to Terrace then turbo prop to Watson Lake. Regular Greyhound bus service is available along the Alaska Highway.

The town of Watson Lake is connected to British Columbia by the Alaska Highway (Route 1). Running northwest from Watson Lake to Carmacks is the all-weather Robert Campbell Highway (Route 4) which provides direct access to the field camp (Figure 1). Both helicopter and float plane bases are established in Watson Lake. The town also boasts four hotels, a trailer park, hospital, health care centre, and ambulance facilities. Supplies, fresh water and consumables were obtained from Watson Lake. The town also hosts the Mining Recorders Office for the Watson Lake Mining Division which encompasses the BJ claims. Claim maps and other information are accessible here.

Driving conditions from December to March require snow tires, winter weight crankcase oil, gasoline anti-freeze, a circulating block heater, battery blanket, battery booster cables, shovel, and a good tow rope or chain. Road conditions in the summer months are quite good although it is recommended that sturdy tires and spares are used as flats are quite common along the Robert Campbell Highway. April and May are spring break-up months in which mud and slush may cause sloppy conditions on some highway sections.

The snow-free period for these areas is estimated to be from mid-April to mid-October, although this is highly variable.

A field camp was established on the south side of the Frances River, at approximately kilometre 60 on the Robert Campbell Highway (as measured from the town of Watson Lake). Access from this location to the BJ claims was approximately 30 km south along the Robert Campbell Highway, at kilometre 30. The western edge of the BJ claims falls across the highway, making them easily accessible.



WATSON LAKE
 YUKON TERRITORY BRITISH COLUMBIA
 TERRITOIRE DU YUKON COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE

Scale 1:250 000 Échelle

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Miles
 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Kilometres

○ BJ Claims Area Figure 2
GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Table 1
Summary of BJ Claims Information

Grant Number	Claim Name	Registered Owner	Anniversary Date	Location	NTS (Claim Sheet #)
YB69993	BJ 69	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB69994	BJ 70	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB69995	BJ 71	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB69996	BJ 72	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB69997	BJ 73	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB69998	BJ 74	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB69999	BJ 75	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70000	BJ 76	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70001	BJ 77	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70002	BJ 78	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70003	BJ 79	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70004	BJ 80	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70005	BJ 81	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70006	BJ 82	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70007	BJ 83	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70008	BJ 84	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70009	BJ 85	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70010	BJ 86	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70011	BJ 87	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70012	BJ 88	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70013	BJ 89	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70014	BJ 90	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70015	BJ 91	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70016	BJ 92	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70017	BJ 93	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70018	BJ 94	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70019	BJ 95	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70020	BJ 96	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70021	BJ 97	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70022	BJ 98	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70023	BJ 99	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70024	BJ 100	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70025	BJ 101	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70026	BJ 102	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70027	BJ 103	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70028	BJ 104	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70029	BJ 105	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70030	BJ 106	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70031	BJ 107	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70032	BJ 108	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70033	BJ 109	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70034	BJ 110	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70035	BJ 111	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70036	BJ 112	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70037	BJ 113	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70038	BJ 114	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70039	BJ 115	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70040	BJ 116	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70041	BJ 117	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70042	BJ 118	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70043	BJ 119	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70044	BJ 120	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70045	BJ 121	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70046	BJ 122	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70047	BJ 123	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70048	BJ 124	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-6
YB70049	BJ 125	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70050	BJ 126	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70051	BJ 127	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7
YB70052	BJ 128	Minifocus International Inc.	96/10/10	Tom Creek Area	105A-7

The registered owner of the BJ claims is Minfocus International Inc.. Table 1 gives details of record numbers and anniversary dates for the claims. The registration dates of the BJ claims are October 1995. With the exception of the reconnaissance visit paid by Dr. Mann to these claims, all work described in this report was undertaken after July 9th, 1996.

The field exploration program was conducted on the BJ claim groups on behalf of Minfocus International Incorporated by the consulting group of Gamah International Limited. The BJ claim group consists of 128 contiguous claims numbered 1 to 128 (Figure 4). The claim group falls on both the 1:50,000 topographic and claim map sheets of NTS 105A-6 and 105A-7.

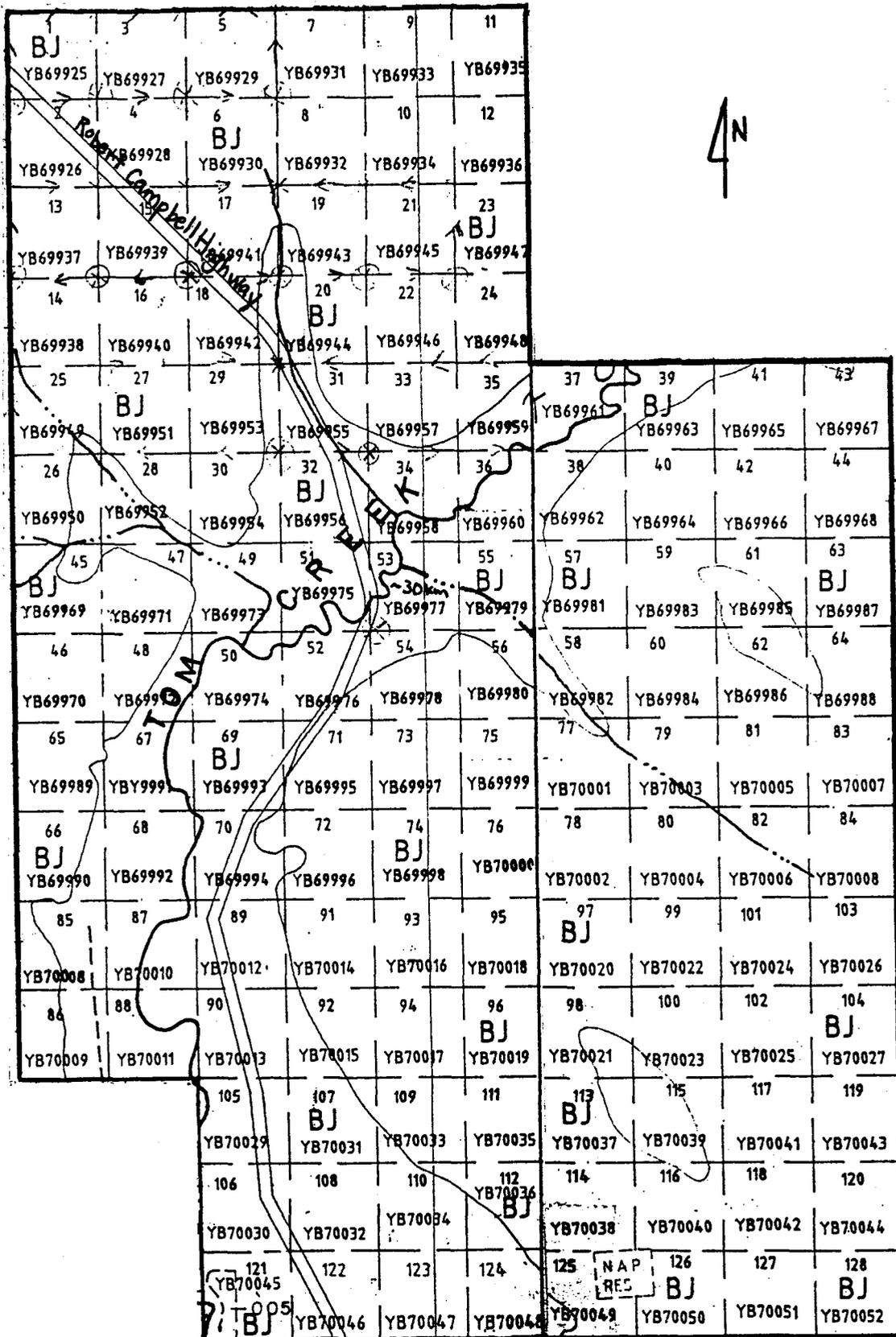
During 1980 - 1983 a Questor airborne magnetic and electromagnetic survey was performed in the Watson Lake area. Based on these results, Minfocus International Inc. then staked the BJ claims over anomalous areas. Geologist Adrian Mann visited the BJ claims on October 3rd, 1995. Three grab samples were collected, including one of unmineralized country rock. The results of these three are as follows (Mann, 1996):

Description	Ag (g/mt)	Cu (ppm)	Zn (ppm)	As (%)
Qtz-mica (feld) schist, pl grn-gy, mg, v w fol, slaty lp, com limonite blebs. Roadside opposite Target Lake.	0.3	28	81	7
Quartz vein, as blws, horizontal, in steeply sheared qtz-mica schist, haematitic. Crest of hill on track to lookout tower.	0.8	37	34	7
Quartz vein aa, Fe stand, 10m west of last.	0.4	36	51	13

Dr. Mann found little outcrop on the block and recommended against detailed geological mapping, however, he did recommend geophysical traversing, using ground based magnetic and VLF-EM surveying techniques, coupled with geochemical sampling. These conclusions led to the exploration program of 1996.

The field work was carried out on the days of July 10, 21, 22 and 23, 1996. The work consisted of linecutting, reconnaissance geological mapping and soil geochemical surveys, as well as reconnaissance VLF-EM and total field magnetic surveys. The east-west running flag and compass lines were established at approximately 500 m intervals, while tie-in north-south lines were established at the ends of the east-west traverses (see Figures 3 and 4 for a picture of the grid coverage). Individual stations were fixed at 25 metre intervals. The surveys were carried out simultaneously on all ten blazed lines (for a total of 11, 778 metres).

The following table is a summary of all lines which were cut, blazed and flagged.



BJ Claims Plan Extracted From
 Claim Maps 105A-6 & 7
 1:50,000 Figure 3
GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

	Interval
	5000 N to 5457 N
	6000 N to 6457 N
	7000 N to 7457 N
	6000 N to 6450 N
	550 W to 1425 W
	550 W to 1650 W
	643 W to 2875 W
	650 W to 2900 W
	1150 W to 3000 W
	1150 N to 2800 W

A total of 37 soil samples were collected over the entire grid (see Appendix A for soil sample locations), all of which were analyzed for copper, gold and zinc. The program of work was intended to be an initial reconnaissance to verify the existence of the geophysical anomalies and to determine if there is supporting geochemical or geological anomalous conditions to justify more extensive grid coverage.

Lorraine Godwin, geophysicist for Gamah International Limited, was overall project manager and head of the geophysical and geochemical surveys. Assisting in both the geophysical and geochemical surveys, as well as mapping whatever outcrop occurred, were Mr. Kurt Breede of Toronto, Ontario, Mr. Jocelain Valade of Sudbury, Ontario, Miss Helen Harper of Toronto, Ontario, and Mr. Greg Hounsell of Kingston, Ontario. Mr. Johnathan Stockman and Mr. Richard Harder, both of Watson Lake, Yukon, assisted in the linecutting, blazing and flagging of the BJ claims. Mr. George Millen, also of Watson Lake, Yukon, provided expediting and support services.

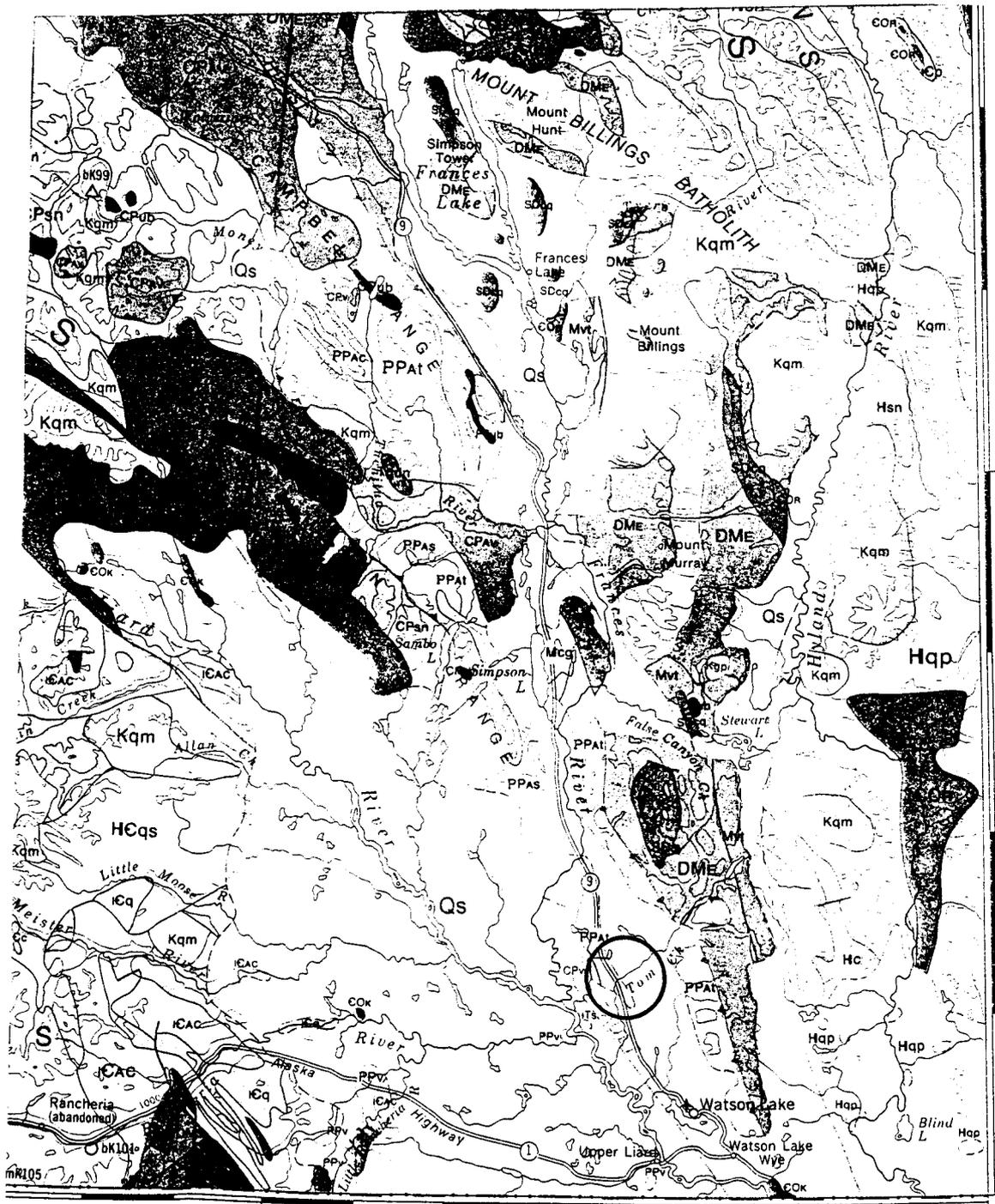
Geochemical analyses of soil and rock samples were performed by Bondar-Clegg & Company Limited of North Vancouver, British Columbia.

Refer to Section 11.0 for a complete summary of all personnel and contractors employed during this period.

The 1:1,000,000 scale Macmillan River (1398A) geological map published in 1980 by the GSC (Gabielse, Tempelman-Kluit, Blusson, Campbell) shows that the Campbell Thrust is sited along Wolverine Lake. It was thought by Dr. Mann that "if this thrust is the locus of the mineralization, then it is logical to seek like mineralization elsewhere in like terrain. If this is true, then the logical places to stake are along the periphery of the Anvil Allochtons, following the plane of the Campbell Thrust" (Mann, 1996). The east limb of this thrust follows east of the Robert Campbell Highway to Watson Lake and encompasses the BJ claim group (Figure 5).

The outcrop discovered by Dr. Mann during his reconnaissance visit was "confined to Gabielse's unit 9b Mississippian bioclastic and massive limestones with interbedded polymict conglomerates, argillite, slate, chert bands, tuffs and other volcanics, sandy and cherty limestones and greywackes. Arscott describes cherts, greywackes and phyllites, with minor siltstone and argillite occurring in this and other blocks in the area" (Mann, 1996).

Dr. Mann speculated that there might be a good possibility of finding a copper-zinc impregnated thrust fault within the Watson Lake area.



CPv: andesite, basalt, chert, tuff
 ITS: conglomerate, sandstone, shale
 PPAS: limestone, conglomerate, sandy limestone
 PPAI: chert
 PPv: olivine basalt
 Qs: glacial and surficial deposits



Geological Map
Map 1398A, 1980
1:1,000,000

Figure 5

GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

7.1 GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY - METHODOLOGY

A total of 37 soil samples were collected over the entire 10 grid lines (see Appendix A for sample locations). The samples were taken based on high magnetometer readings or crossover points measured by the VLF. These samples were then sent to Bondar-Clegg and Company in North Vancouver where they were analysed for copper, gold and zinc (see Appendix A for assay certificates).

Applying a kriging method, the assay results were then contoured using the Surfer software package "Surfer16".

7.2 GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY - RESULTS

As seen from the contour plots in Appendix A, the copper contour exhibits anomalous areas around 550 W, 6200 N and 2100 W, 7000 N. The gold contour illustrates anomalies in roughly the same areas: 550 W, 6000 N and 2600 W, 7000, while the zinc contour shows a high everywhere except around 550 W, 5300 N and 2100 W, 7457 N.

7.3 MAGNETOMETER SURVEY - METHODOLOGY

This survey employed a Scintrex MP-2 proton precession magnetometer¹. This instrument utilizes the phenomenon of nuclear magnetic resonance to measure the flux density of the total magnetic field.

Readings were taken (in triplicate) along all of the flagged lines, at 25 m intervals. No base station was used, however, where possible, repeat readings were taken at previously surveyed stations at a later time to check for diurnal fluctuations. The intent of this survey was not to provide absolute data, but rather to give a general idea of the magnetic environment of the BJ claims.

Magnetic values were contoured using a kriging method with the Golden Software "Surfer 16" package.

7.4 MAGNETOMETER SURVEY - RESULTS

The contour plot (found in Appendix B) demonstrates a magnetic low at the end of line 5457 N, which is more likely due to one anomalous reading near the end of this line and thus cannot be taken too seriously as an anomaly without further surveying. Magnetic highs occur around the 3000 W points of lines 6000 N and 6457 N. Again, because they occur near the ends of the survey lines, it is difficult to ascertain the validity of these anomalies without additional measurements. Also, the magnetic results do not correspond with the geochemical anomalies for copper, gold and zinc, as can be seen by comparison of the magnetic contour with the geochemical contours. No substantial conclusions can be drawn as to the magnetic make-up of the BJ claims without a further, more extensive survey, although it would appear that the northern portions of BJ are much less magnetically interesting than the more southerly portions. It is therefore recommended that future survey crews focus more on the southern claims of the BJ group.

7.5 ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY - METHODOLOGY

A Geonics EM16 Very Low Frequency² (VLF) receiver was used for this survey.

As with the magnetic survey, readings for the electromagnetic survey were taken at every 25 m station along the same lines. For the purposes of this survey the signal from an antenna in Seattle, Washington (NLK - 24.8 kHz) was used. This emitted a fairly strong signal which was easy to hear.

The electromagnetic profiles were plotted using the Microsoft Excel software package.

7.6 ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY - RESULTS

The electromagnetic profiles can be found in Appendix C.

Line 5000 N shows crossovers at ~650 W and ~1250 W. These are indicative of possible conductors and further work should be done both areas. Only the magnetic contour has any evidence to support this, with a magnetic low at ~1600 W, ~5475 N.

Line 5457 N has a small crossover at ~975 W and ~1100 W, with a larger crossover point at ~1350 W, also indicating a possible conductor and supporting further work in this area. However, neither the magnetic contour nor the geochemical contours show positive evidence for this.

Line 6000 N has seven crossover points, the strongest of which occurs between ~1600 W and ~2275 W. This looks as though there might be a large conductor in this area. Again, however, there is no encouraging results from the contour plots.

Line 6457 N has 12 crossovers, the strongest of which falls between ~1700 W and ~2150 W.

Line 7000 N has eight crossovers, with notable peaks between ~2100 W and ~2300 W. The geochemical contours for copper and gold have anomalous areas at ~7000 N, ~2000 W and ~7000 N, ~2550 W, respectively.

Line 7457 N has only small crossovers at ~2350 W, ~2450 W, ~2700 W and ~2725 W. The zinc contour demonstrates a low around 7457 N, 2100 W, while the gold contour shows a high at approximately 7457 N, 2600 W.

On Line 550 W we see a strong crossover at ~5260 N, indicating a strong conductor in this area. The magnetic contour corresponds to this with a possible magnetic high at 500 W, ~5475 N. The geochemical contour for zinc shows a low in this area.

Line 643 W demonstrates smaller crossovers at 6100 N, 6150 N, ~6280 N and ~6360 N, pointing to weaker conductors in this area. The magnetic contour plot does not have any corresponding anomalies in this area, however, the geochemical plots for both copper and gold show higher values in this region.

Line 1150 W has no crossover points. Both the magnetic contour and the geochemical contours also show no anomalies although the copper contour has a noticeable high in the vicinity of this line.

Line 2873 W has only two small crossovers at ~6010 N and ~6035 N. The magnetic contour also has high and low anomalies in this area. The geochemical contours do not show any corroborating anomalies in this area, however, this does not conclude anything as only one soil sample was taken in this vicinity. Further work is recommended around this area, including both geophysical and geochemical surveying.

The results of the geophysical and geochemical surveys make it evident that there is potential for the BJ claim group. However, due to the time constraints of this exploration program and thus the sparseness of the grid coverage, it is suggested that a more detailed grid is established over the entire property to give a greater understanding of both the geology and geophysics of the BJ claims, but with more of an emphasis on the southern end of the claim group as there are several specific areas in which to focus further work in this region.

More extensive soil sampling, and rock sampling where possible, is recommended in the areas of the magnetic highs and lows, as well as the highs of the geochemical contours, namely: along 500 W between 5000 N and 6000 N, 550 W between 6000 N and 6500 N, 6000 N between 500 W and 2000 W, and along 7000 N between 2200 W and 3000 W.

1 Proton Precession Magnetometer:

The MP-2 Sensor consists of a chamber filled with a proton rich fluid such as kerosene enclosed within two wire wound coils. A magnetic field is set up when a current is passed through these coils for a short duration of time. This field aligns the spinning protons and when the polarizing current is abruptly switched off, the protons begin to precess around the earth's magnetic field and eventually realign with it. The precession induces a small, exponentially decaying, AC signal in the sensor coils whose frequency is proportional to the flux of the ambient magnetic field (23.4874 gammas/Hz). The frequency is then measured by the signal processing electronics of the MP-2, converted to a gamma value and presented on the digital display.

2 EM16 VLF

This receiver measures the VLF radiation signals, in the range of 15 - 25 kHz, from grounded vertical antennae which are generally employed for marine navigation. A worldwide network of high-power VLF stations exist over the Earth's surface so that at least two stations can be detected from anywhere on the Earth.

The VLF receiver measures the in phase component (tilt angle) and quadrature component (component 90° ahead of the in phase component) of the polarization ellipsoid produced as an outcome of a primary electromagnetic field being emitted from the transmitting antenna which in turn generates a secondary electromagnetic field in whatever is buried in the ground. The resultant sum of these two fields is the polarization ellipse which represents the total field. Within the VLF are two mutually perpendicular coils wound on ferrite cores. The coil whose axis is normally vertical is first held in a horizontal position and rotated in azimuth to find a minimum. This finds the direction to the transmitting station. The receiver is then brought up 90° vertically and is now in the plane containing the polarization ellipse. The instrument is then tilted until a minimum is detected. The clinometer of the instrument is used to record the tilt angle. Fine tuning with the use of the quadrature knob produces an even more obvious minimum and gives the quadrature reading.

I, Lorraine Godwin, do hereby certify that:

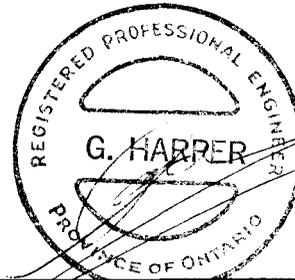
1. I will graduate from York University with a B. Sc. Honours degree in Geophysics (graduation date: June 1997).
2. I have practiced in my profession since 1995.
3. I am a member in good standing of the Prospectors and Developers Association of Canada and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum.
4. I have no vested interest in these properties or in Minfocus International Inc., nor do I expect to receive any such interest.
5. I supervised the surveys described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions contained herein based on field examination and review of analytical results.



LORRAINE GODWIN, Geophysicist
Toronto, Ontario
December 1996

I, Gerald Harper, President of Gamah International Limited, do hereby certify that:

1. I am a graduate of the University of London with a B. Sc. degree in Geology and Chemistry in 1965, a B. Sc. Honours degree in Geology in 1966 and a Ph. D. in Geology in 1970.
2. I have practiced my profession continuously since 1966.
3. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of Ontario, the Society of Economic Geologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining, the Society for Exploration, Mining and Metallurgy, the Geological Society of South Africa, a Fellow of the Geological Society and a member of the Mineral Economics and Management Society.
4. I am the President of Minfocus International Inc., may be deemed to be its promoter and have instigated the staking by Minfocus International Inc.. I am also the President of Gamah International Limited, an independent mining and geological consulting and contracting firm.
5. I directed and supervised the program of work described in this report and endorse the opinions and conclusions presented in this report on the basis of my field examinations in July and September 1996 and review of data compiled by me during those field examinations.



GERALD HARPER, Ph. D., P. Eng.
Toronto, Ontario
December 1996

NAME	COMPANY	ADDRESS	POSITION	PERIOD
Gerald Harper	Windsor International	Toronto	Business Manager	July 96 - Oct 96
Lorraine Godwin	Windsor International	Toronto	Business Manager	July 96 - Oct 96
Deidre Collins	Windsor International	Toronto	Office Support	Sept 96 - Oct 96
Kurt Breede	Windsor International	Toronto	Field Assistant	July 96 - Sept 96
Greg Hounsell	Windsor International	Kingston	Field Assistant	July 96 - Aug 96
Jocelain Valade	Windsor International	Sudbury	Field Assistant	July 96 - Aug 96
Michel Mann	Windsor International	Calgary	Field Assistant	July 96
Helen Harper	Windsor International	Toronto	Office Support	July 96 - Aug 96
George Millen	Windsor International	Watson Lake	Field Assistant	July 96 - Oct 96
Joseph Arengi	Windsor International	Victoria	Field Assistant	July 96 - Oct 96
Johnathan Stockman	Windsor International	Watson Lake	Field Assistant	July 96 - Aug 96
Richard Harder	Windsor International	Watson Lake	Field Assistant	July 96 - Aug 96
		North Vancouver	Field Assistant	July 96 - Sept 96
		Ross River	Field Assistant	Aug 96
		Finlayson Lake	Field Assistant	July 96

ITEM	AMOUNT
Accommodation	\$279.76
Analyses	\$1,027.92
Communications	\$79.25
Courier Postage	\$80.43
Food	\$1,391.75
Personnel - Field	\$7,500.00
Personnel - Office	\$1,586.00
Rentals	\$3,334.06
Travel	\$166.34
	\$15,445.51

The above costs are as accurate as possible and represent the true value of the work carried out during the 1996 exploration program as shown above and described in this report. Detailed records for back-up to these amounts are available at the office of Minfocus International Incorporated, Suite 707, 1243 Islington Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, M8X 1Y9.



GERALD HARPER, PH.D., P. ENG

Arscott, D. (1982), *Kent Project 1982 Program Assessment Report*.
Private Report for Kerr Addison Mines Ltd.

Gabrielse, H., Tempelman-Kluit, D.J., Blusson, S.L. and Campbell, R.B. (1980), *MacMillan River*.
GSC Map 1398A, sheets 105, 115, 1:1,000,000 scale.

Godwin, L. (1996), *Summary Report on Claims of Minfocus International Incorporated in the Watson and Wolverine Lake Areas of Yukon Territory*.
Private Report for Minfocus International Inc., 50pp.

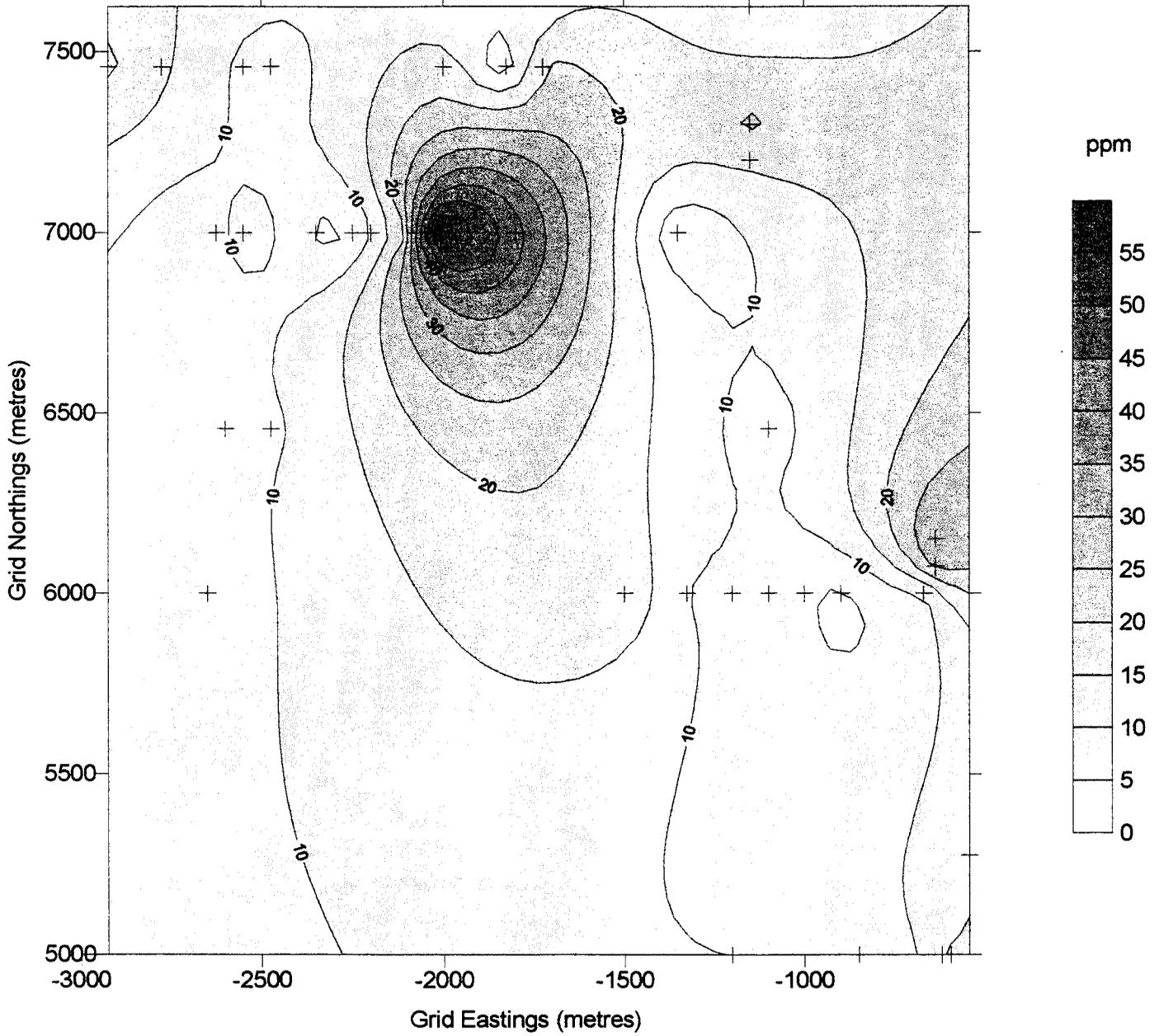
Harper, G. (1996), *Report on Geophysical Surveys and Diamond Drilling on GMS Group of Claims, Watson Lake Mining Division, NTS 105/A2, 105/A6 and 105/A7, Yukon Territory*.
Private Report for Minfocus International Inc., 23 pp.

Mann, A.G. (1995), *Preliminary Geological Report on Watson and Finlayson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory for Minfocus International Inc.*
Private Report for Minfocus International Inc., 24pp.

Mann, A.G. (1996), *Geological Report on Watson Lake Exploration Project in Yukon Territory*.
Private Report for Minfocus International Inc., 15pp.

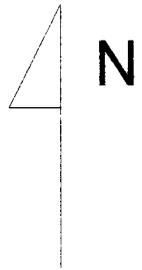
APPENDIX A

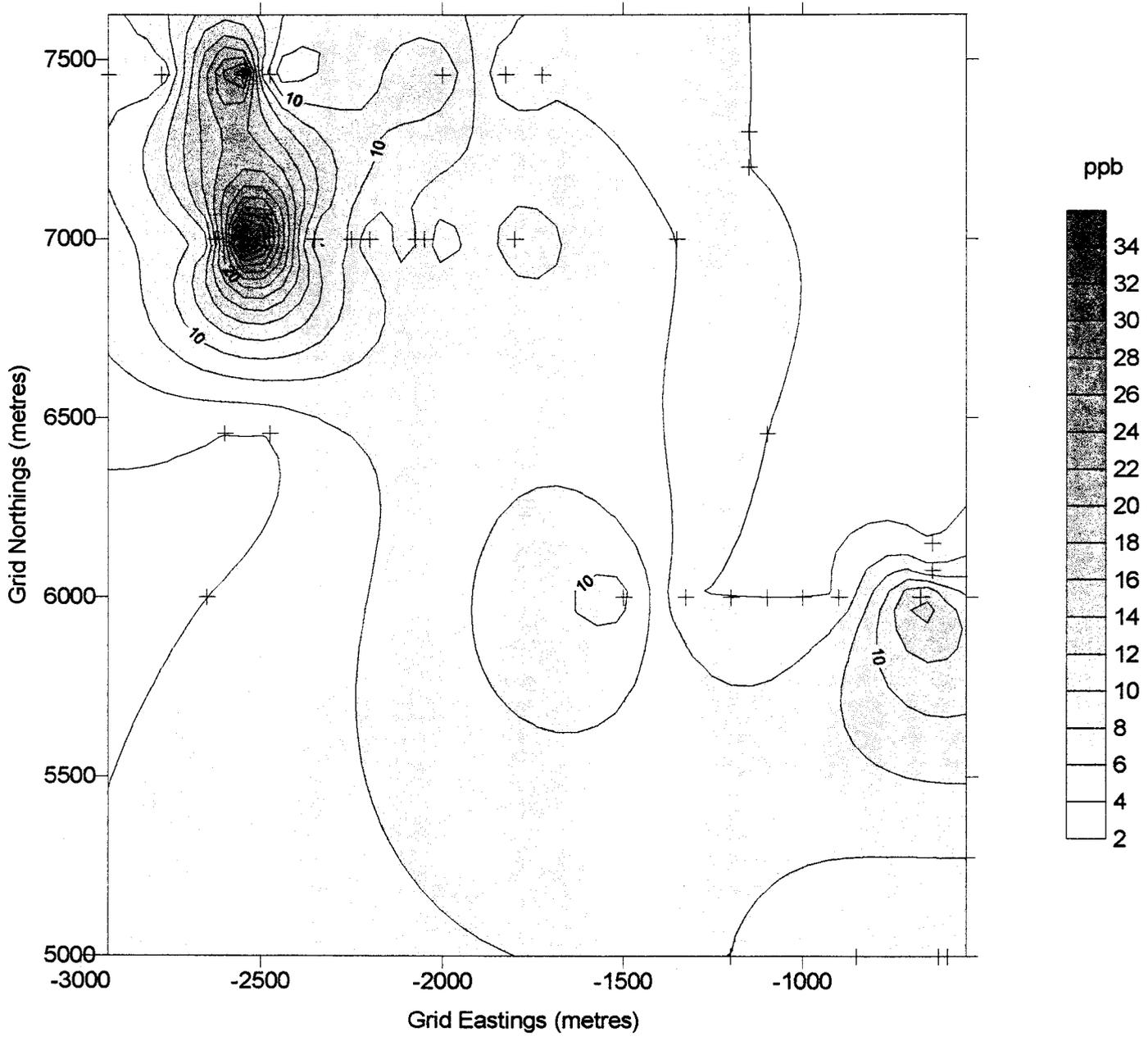
GEOCHEMICAL CONTOURS, ASSAY RESULTS AND CERTIFICATES



GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
COPPER GEOCHEMICAL CONTOURS OF BJ CLAIMS
Kriged Vaules
Watson Lake Area, Yukon Territory

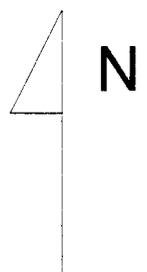
+ Sample Locations // Contours

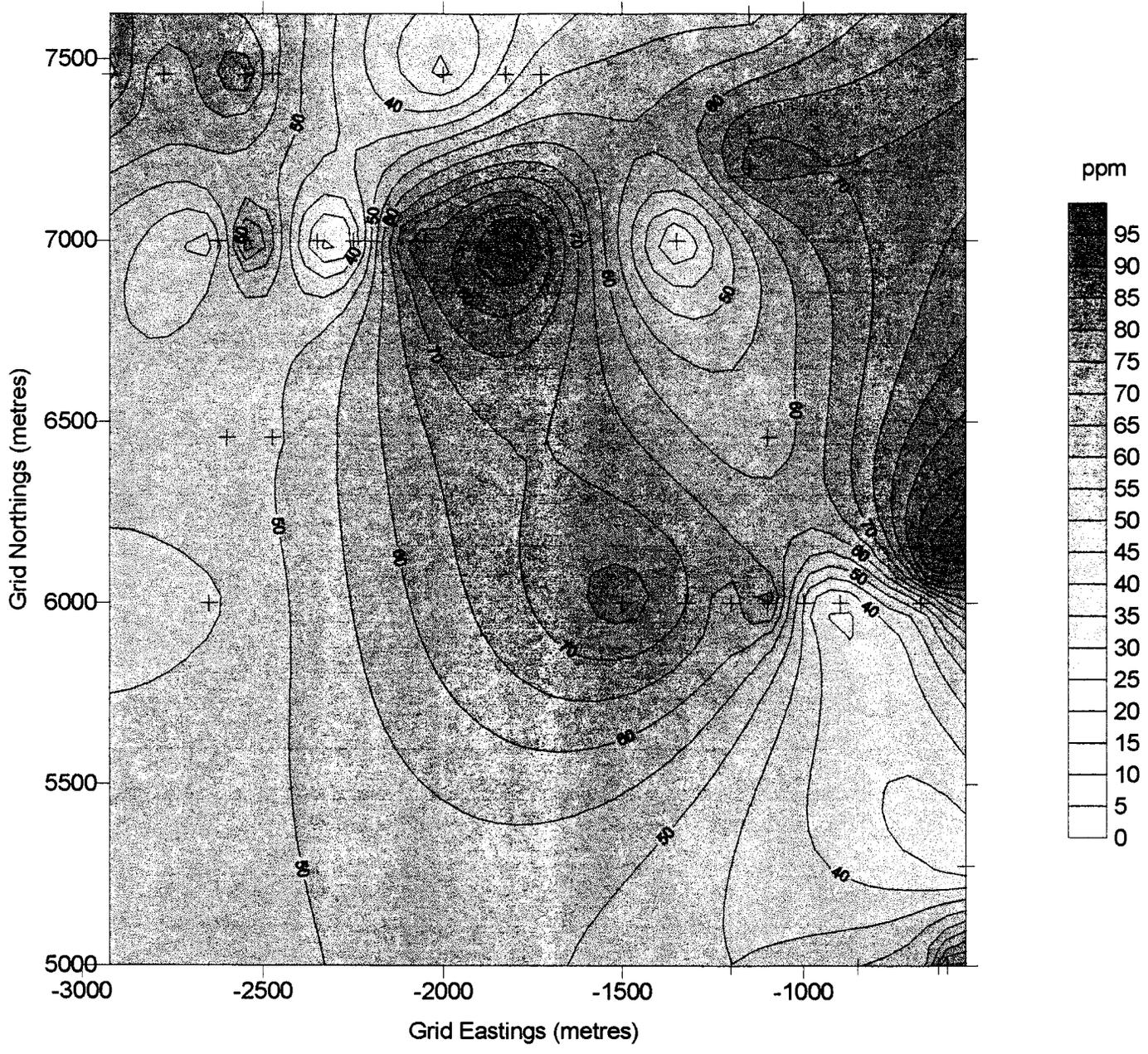




GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
GOLD GEOCHEMICAL CONTOURS OF BJ CLAIMS
Kriged Vaues
Watson Lake Area, Yukon Territory

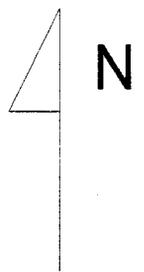
+ Sample Locations // Contours





GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
ZINC GEOCHEMICAL CONTOURS OF BJ CLAIMS
Kriged Values
Watson Lake Area, Yukon Territory

+ Sample Locations // Contours



BJ Soil Geochemical Assay Results

Grid Westing	Grid Northing	Au (ppb)	Cu (ppm)	Zn (ppm)
550	5275	6	13	31
600	5000	4	17	80
625	5000	4	11	57
643	6075	6	27	93
643	6150	4	30	98
675	6000	16	9	49
850	5000	4	8	50
900	6000	4	4	33
1000	6000	4	6	41
1100	6000	4	10	77
1100	6457	4	8	56
1150	7200	4	16	73
1150	7300	4	21	69
1150	7625	4	10	48
1200	5000	6	10	45
1200	6000	4	8	60
1325	6000	4	10	71
1350	7000	6	6	33
1500	6000	11	19	78
1725	7457	6	21	49
1800	7000	9	42	95
1825	7459	4	6	42
2000	7457	12	18	28
2050	7000	4	60	73
2075	7000	12	21	84
2200	7000	4	11	53
2250	7000	12	5	30
2350	7000	9	4	28
2475	6457	4	9	49
2475	7459	6	8	55
2550	7000	40	15	73
2550	7457	27	9	71
2600	6457	4	9	49
2625	7000	11	6	36
2650	6000	4	8	44
2775	7457	6	16	54
2925	7457	8	21	72



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

21-00-0886

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
MR. G. HARPER
#707-1243 ISLINGTON AVE.
TORONTO, ONTARIO
MBX 1Y9

+ + + + +



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V96-01233.0 (COMPLETE)

REFERENCE: 95051 BJ/JAY

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN

PROJECT: 95051

DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96

ORDER	ELEMENT	NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Au30 Gold	78	5 PPB	Fire Assay of 30g	30g Fire Assay - AA
2	Cu Copper	78	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	Zn Zinc	78	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
4	As Arsenic	5	1.0 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	HYDR. GEN/AA

SAMPLE TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
S SOIL	73	1 -80	73	DRY, SIEVE -80	73
R ROCK	5	2 -150	5	CRUSH/SPLIT & PULV.	5

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER

INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01233.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95051
DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
S1 600W 5000N		<5	17	80		S1 3225W 100N		<5	14	85	
S1 625W 5000N		<5	11	57		S1 3250W 100N		24	9	43	
S1 643W 6075N		6	27	93		S1 3275W 100N		23	12	76	
S1 643W 6150N		<5	30	98		S1 3375W 990N		15	15	37	
S1 675W 6000N		16	9	49		S1 3400W 100N		<5	8	44	
S1 850W 5000N		<5	8	50		S1 3425W 100N		6	8	92	
S1 900W 6000N		<5	4	33		S1 3500W 25N		36	26	87	
S1 1000W 6000N		<5	6	41		S1 3500W 860N		15	71	69	
S1 1100W 6000N		<5	10	77		S1 3500W 900N		<5	18	55	
S1 1100W 6457N		<5	8	56		S1 3500W 950N		21	9	34	
S1 1150W 7200N		<5	16	73		S1 3500W 990N		<5	6	22	
S1 1150W 7300N		<5	21	69		S1 3500W 5925N		24	16	14	
S1 1150W 7625N		<5	10	48		S1 3500W 6075N		6	8	66	
S1 1200W 5000N		6	10	45		S1 3500W 6575N		<5	7	68	
S1 1200W 6000N		<5	8	60		S1 3500W 7000N		<5	5	41	
S1 1325W 6000N		<5	10	71		S1 3500W 7425N		<5	9	24	
S1 1350W 7000N		6	6	33		S1 3550W 950N		6	8	40	
S1 1500W 6000N		11	19	78		S1 3600W 950N		6	21	52	
S1 1725W 7457N		6	21	49		S1 3650W 950N		24	58	79	
S1 1800W 7000N		9	42	95		S1 3725W 950N		12	49	88	
S1 1825W 7459N		<5	6	42		S1 3725W 8000N		<5	3	18	
S1 2000W 7457N		12	18	28		S1 3750W 950N		23	39	48	
S1 2050W 7000N		<5	60	73		S1 3875W 950N		<5	38	68	
S1 2075W 7000N		12	21	84		S1 3950W 950N		11	30	67	
S1 2200W 7000N		<5	11	53		S1 3957W 150N		7	25	7	
S1 2250W 7000N		12	5	30		S1 3957W 300N		<5	41	108	
S1 2350W 7000N		9	4	28		S1 3957W 775N		<5	17	51	
S1 2475W 6457N		<5	9	49		S1 4175W 0N		<5	12	44	
S1 2475W 7459N		6	8	55		S1 4250W 0N		29	14	34	
S1 2550W 7000N		40	15	73		S1 4425W 900N		<5	22	25	
S1 2550W 7457N		27	9	71		S1 4625W 900N		28	21	78	
S1 2600W 6457N		<5	9	49		S1 4675W 900N		<5	5	17	
S1 2625W 7000N		11	6	36		S1 4775W 900N		<5	19	105	
S1 2650W 6000N		<5	8	44		R2 3200W 8000N		<5	58	127	3.4
S1 2775W 7457N		6	16	54		R2 3375W 8000N		<5	17	77	3.0
S1 2925W 7457N		8	21	72		R2 3500W 6100N		9	19	64	<1.0
S1 3050W 750N		<5	5	36		R2 3500W 7550N		<5	27	50	9.0
S1 3125W 990N		<5	8	33		R2 3500W 8000N		<5	18	63	2.3
S1 3150W 990N		<5	11	37							
S1 3200W 100N		<5	6	38							

Bondar-Clegg & Company Ltd.

130 Pemberton Avenue, North Vancouver, B.C., V7P 2R5, Canada

Tel: (604) 985-0681, Fax: (604) 985-1071



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

PROJECT: 95051

REPORT: V96-01233.0 (COMPLETE)

DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96

PAGE 2

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<1	2	<1.0	BCC GEOCHEM STD 5		-	97	81	9.0
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<1	<1	<1.0	Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<1	<1	<1.0	Mean Value		-	97.3	80.9	9.00
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	-	-	-	Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Number of Analyses		4	3	3	3	Accepted Value		-	90	80	8.0
Mean Value		2.5	0.5	1.0	0.50						
Standard Deviation		0.00	0.00	0.87	0.000						
Accepted Value		5	1	1	0.4						
Gannet Standard		1522	-	-	-						
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-						
Mean Value		1522.3	-	-	-						
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-						
Accepted Value		1590	-	-	-						
BCC GEOCHEM STD 4		-	313	252	30.1						
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1						
Mean Value		-	313.2	251.9	30.10						
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-						
Accepted Value		-	290	255	30.0						
Gannet Standard		373	-	-	-						
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-						
Mean Value		372.9	-	-	-						
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-						
Accepted Value		410	-	-	-						
Gannet Standard		2552	-	-	-						
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-						
Mean Value		2552.1	-	-	-						
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-						
Accepted Value		2520	-	-	-						
BCC GEOCHEM STD 3		-	853	518	312.0						
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1						
Mean Value		-	853.0	518.0	312.00						
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-						
Accepted Value		-	820	500	310.0						
Gannet Standard		1032	-	-	-						
Number of Analyses		1	-	-	-						
Mean Value		1031.7	-	-	-						
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-						
Accepted Value		1080	-	-	-						



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01233.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95051
DATE PRINTED: 13-AUG-96 PAGE 3

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Cu PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM
643W 6150N		<5	30	98							
Duplicate		<5	30	103							
1825W 7459N		<5	6	42							
Duplicate			6	43							
2250W 7000N		12	5	30							
Duplicate		9									
3225W 100N		<5	14	85							
Duplicate			15	83							
3500W 860N		15	71	69							
Duplicate		14									
3600W 950N		6	21	52							
Duplicate			20	54							
4425W 900N		<5	22	25							
Duplicate		<5									
3500W 8000N		<5	18	63	2.3						
Duplicate			17	60	1.8						

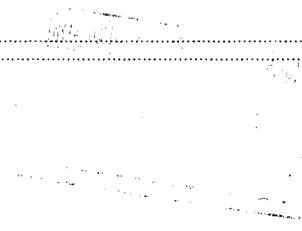


Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
MR. G. HARPER
#707-1243 ISLINGTON AVE.
TORONTO, ONTARIO
M8X 1Y9



+ + + +



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

REPORT: V96-01420.0 (COMPLETE)

REFERENCE:

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

SUBMITTED BY: UNKNOWN

PROJECT: 95051

DATE PRINTED: 17-SEP-96

ORDER	ELEMENT	NUMBER OF ANALYSES	LOWER DETECTION LIMIT	EXTRACTION	METHOD
1	Au30 Gold	1	5 PPB	Fire Assay of 30g	30g Fire Assay - AA
2	Ag Silver	1	0.1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
3	Cu Copper	1	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION
4	Zn Zinc	1	1 PPM	HCL:HNO3 (3:1)	ATOMIC ABSORPTION

SAMPLE TYPES	NUMBER	SIZE FRACTIONS	NUMBER	SAMPLE PREPARATIONS	NUMBER
S SOIL	1	1 -80	1	DRY, SIEVE -80	1

REPORT COPIES TO: MR. G. HARPER

INVOICE TO: MR. G. HARPER



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.
REPORT: V96-01420.0 (COMPLETE)

PROJECT: 95051
DATE PRINTED: 17-SEP-96 PAGE 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM
S1 BJ JV9 5275 550W		6	<0.1	13	31



Bondar Clegg

Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

PROJECT: 95051

REPORT: V96-01420.0 (COMPLETE)

DATE PRINTED: 17-SEP-96

PAGE 2

STANDARD NAME	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM
ANALYTICAL BLANK		<5	<0.1	1	1
Number of Analyses		1	1	1	1
Mean Value		2.5	0.05	1.0	1.0
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		5	0.1	1	1
BCC GEOCHEM STD 4		-	0.9	313	252
Number of Analyses		-	1	1	1
Mean Value		-	0.90	313.0	252.0
Standard Deviation		-	-	-	-
Accepted Value		-	0.8	290	255



Bondar Clegg Inchcape Testing Services

Geochemical Lab Report

CLIENT: MINFOCUS INTERNATIONAL INC.

PROJECT: 95051

REPORT: V96-01420.0 (COMPLETE)

DATE PRINTED: 17-SEP-96

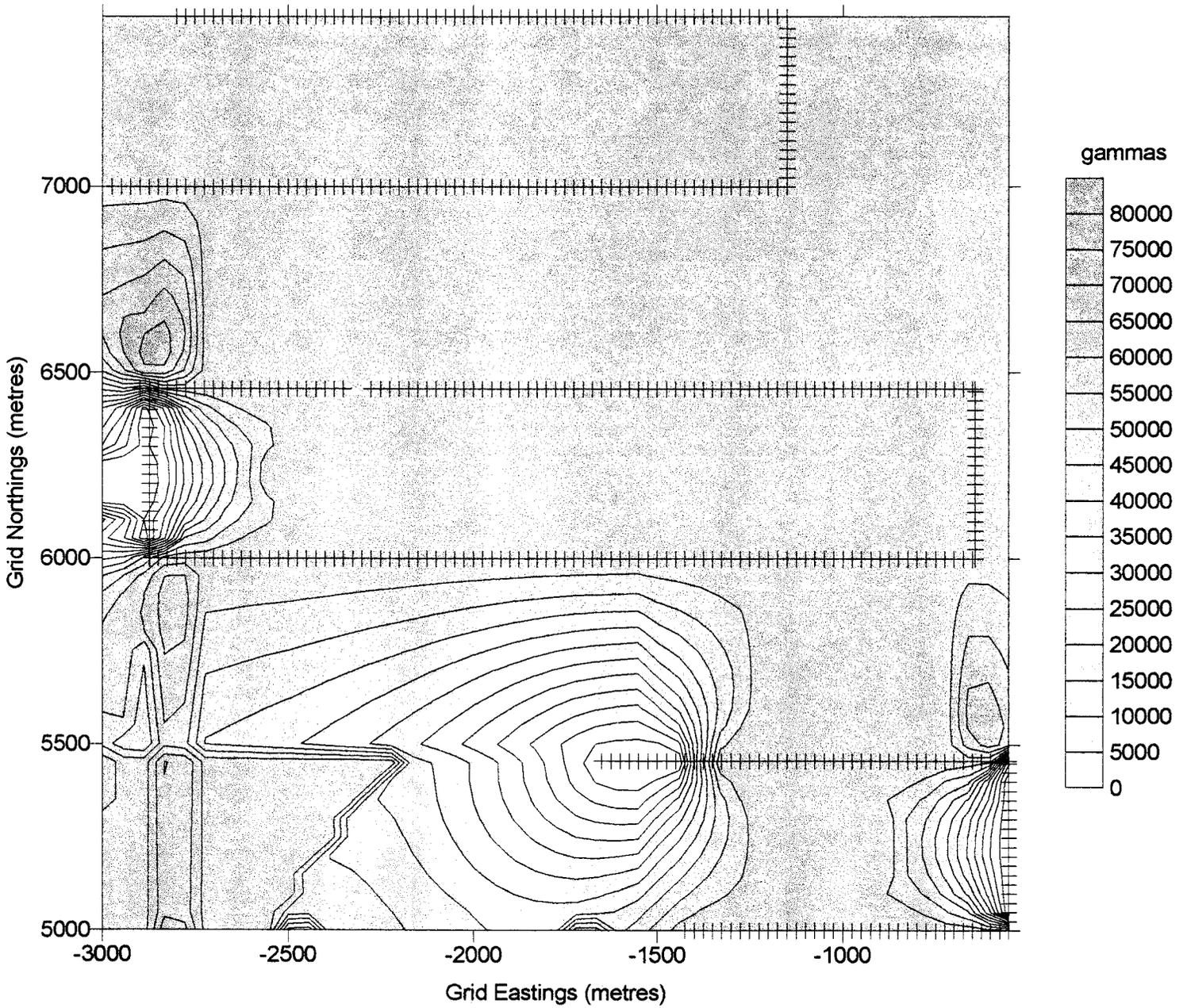
PAGE 3

SAMPLE NUMBER	ELEMENT UNITS	Au30 PPB	Ag PPM	Cu PPM	Zn PPM
BJ JV9 5275 550W		6	<0.1	13	31
Duplicate		12	<0.1	11	29

APPENDIX B

MAGNETIC CONTOURS OF BJ CLAIMS

NEC mag plot for BJ
Mar 97



GAMAH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
MAGNETIC CONTOURS OF BJ CLAIMS
Kriged Vaules
Watson Lake Area, Yukon Territory

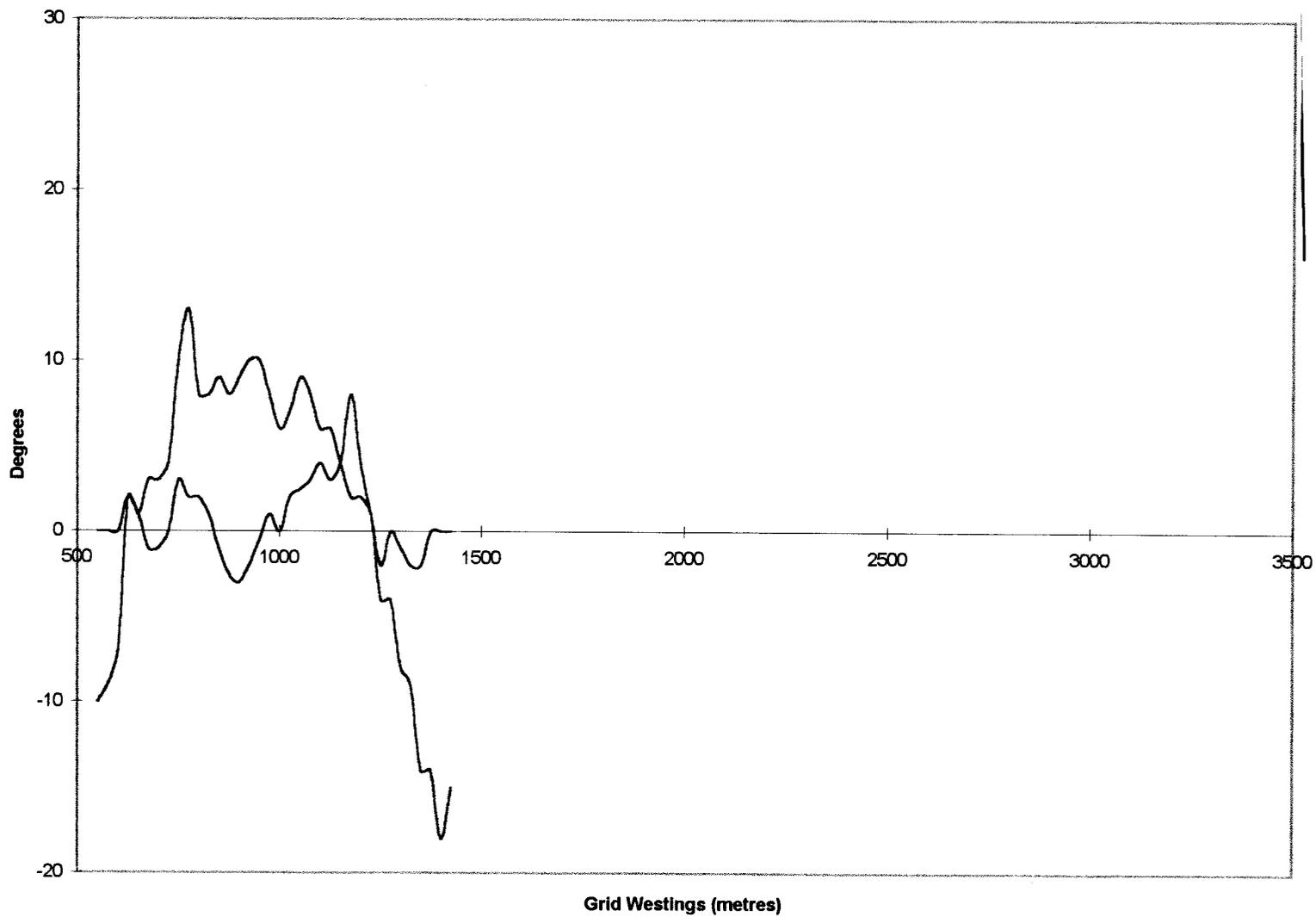
+ Stations // Contours

APPENDIX C

ELECTROMAGNETIC PROFILES OF BJ CLAIMS

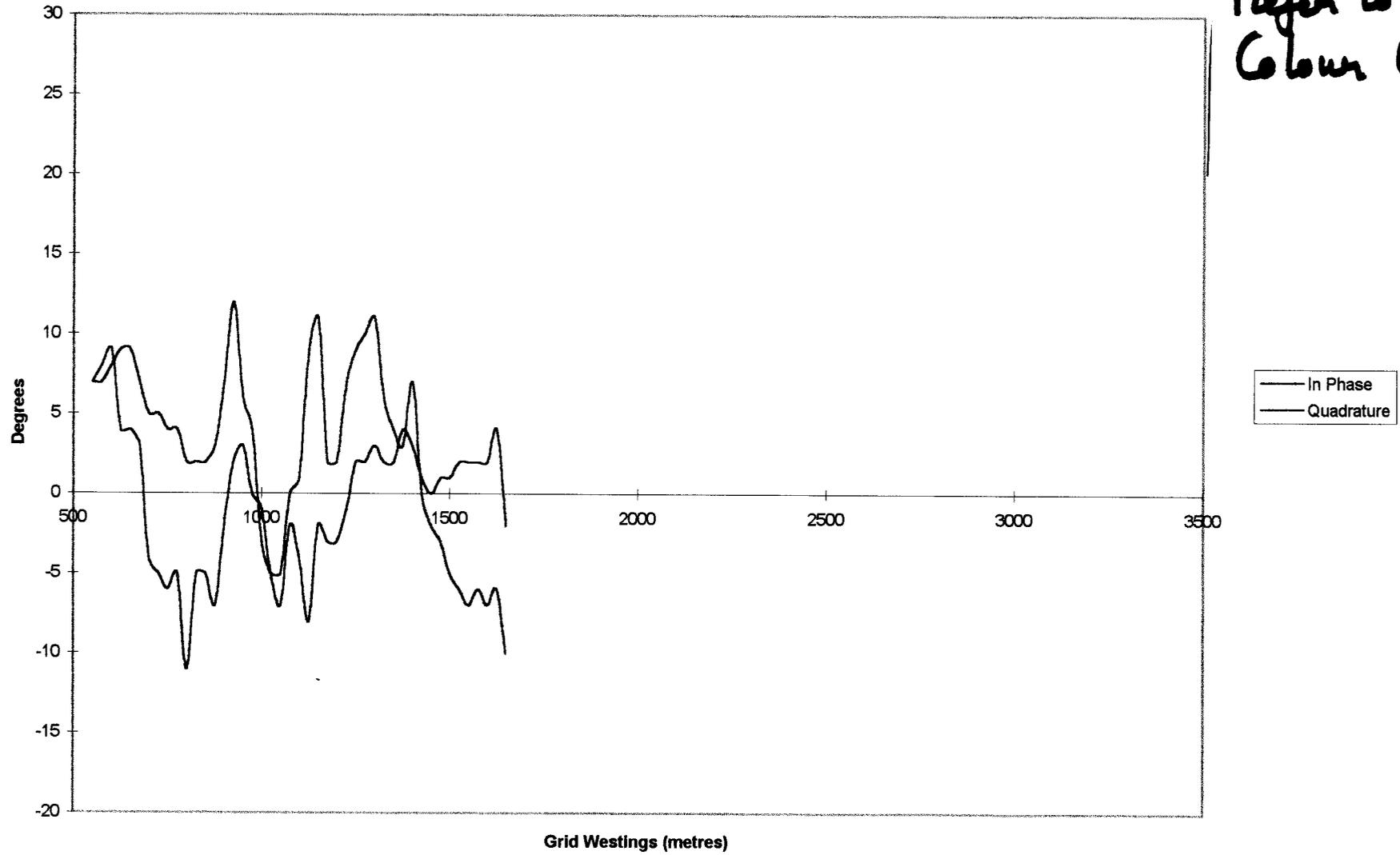
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 5000 N

Refer to
Colour CD



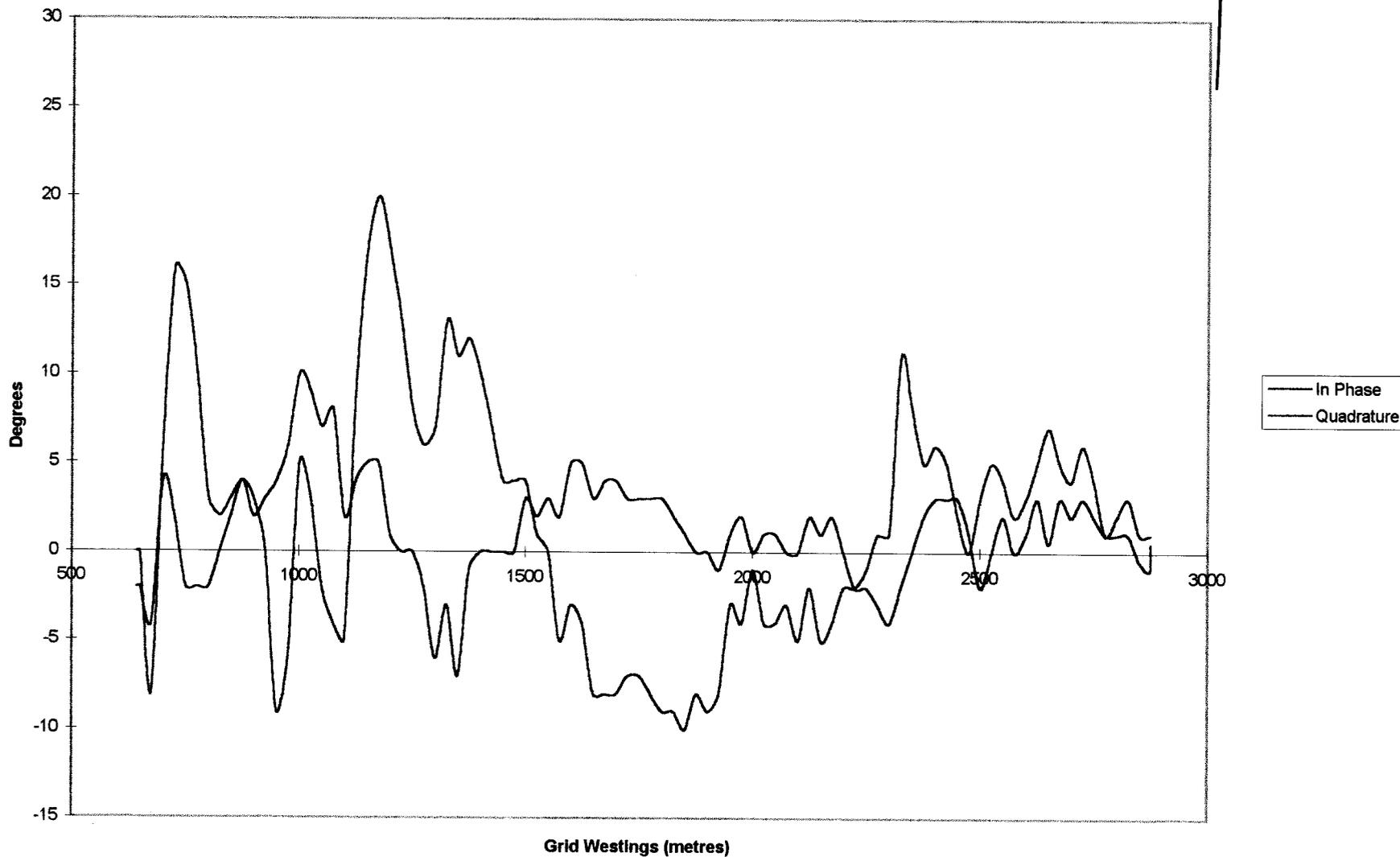
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 5457 N

Refer to
Colour CD



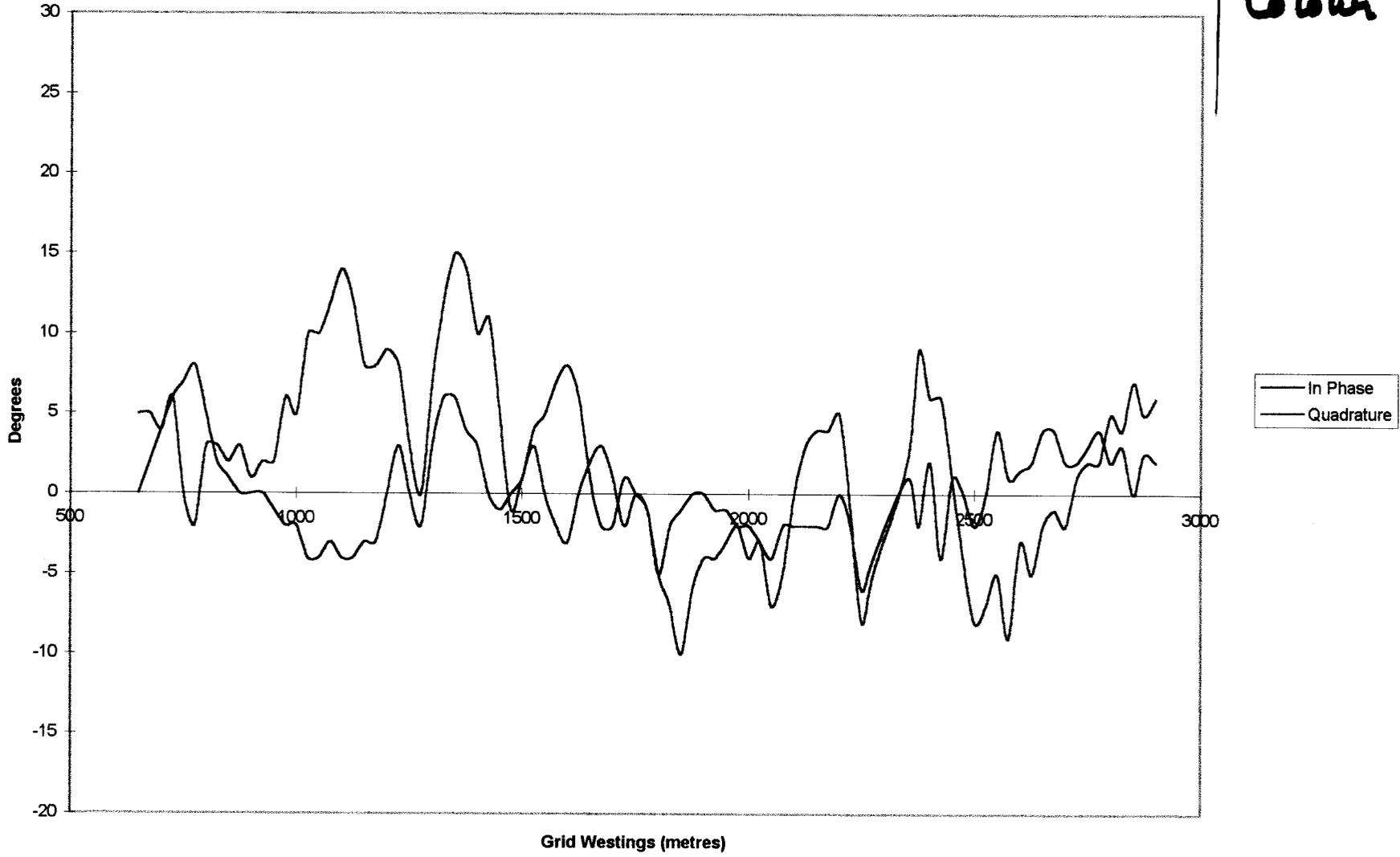
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 6000 N

Refer to
Colour CD



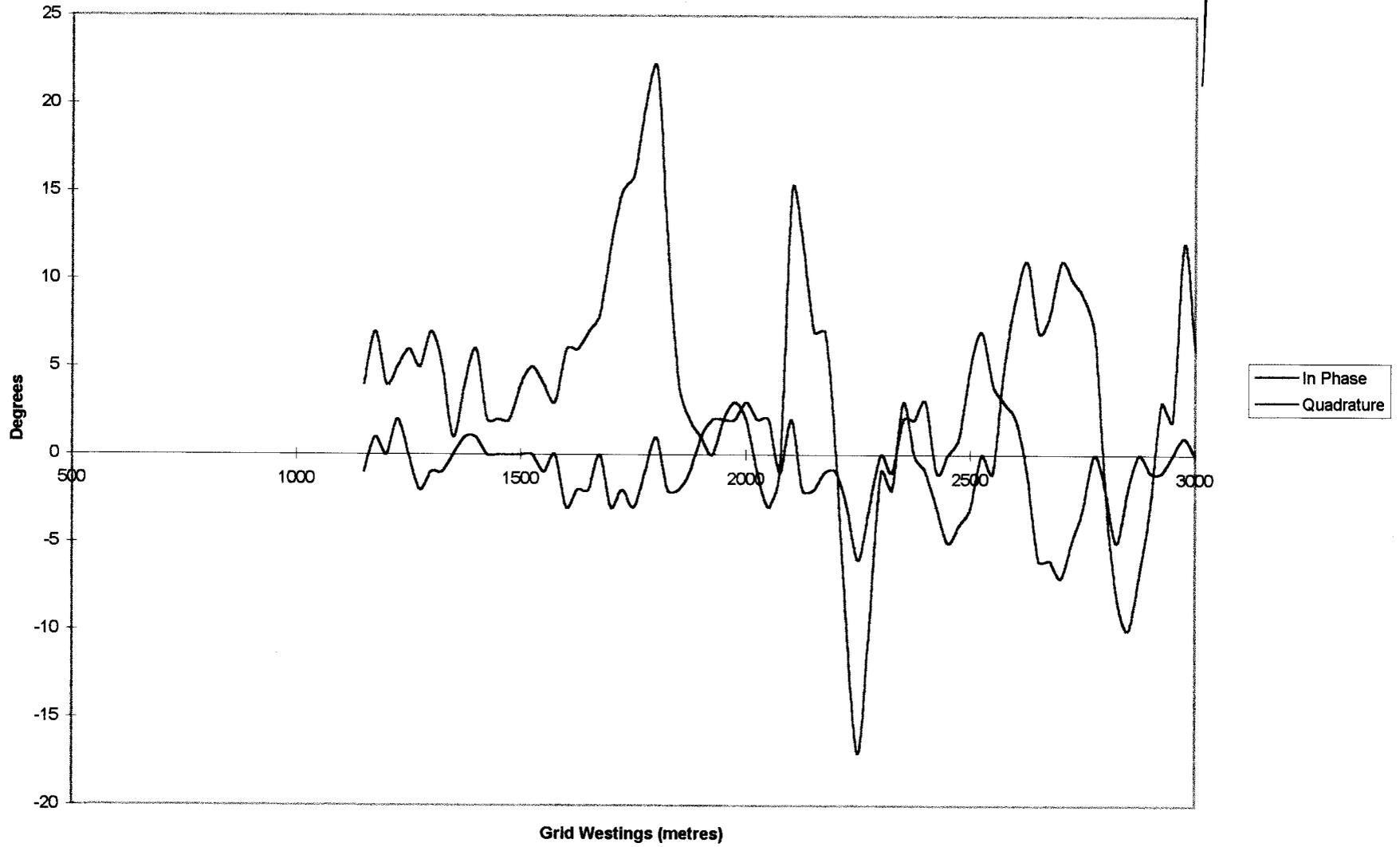
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 6457 N

Refer to
Colour CD



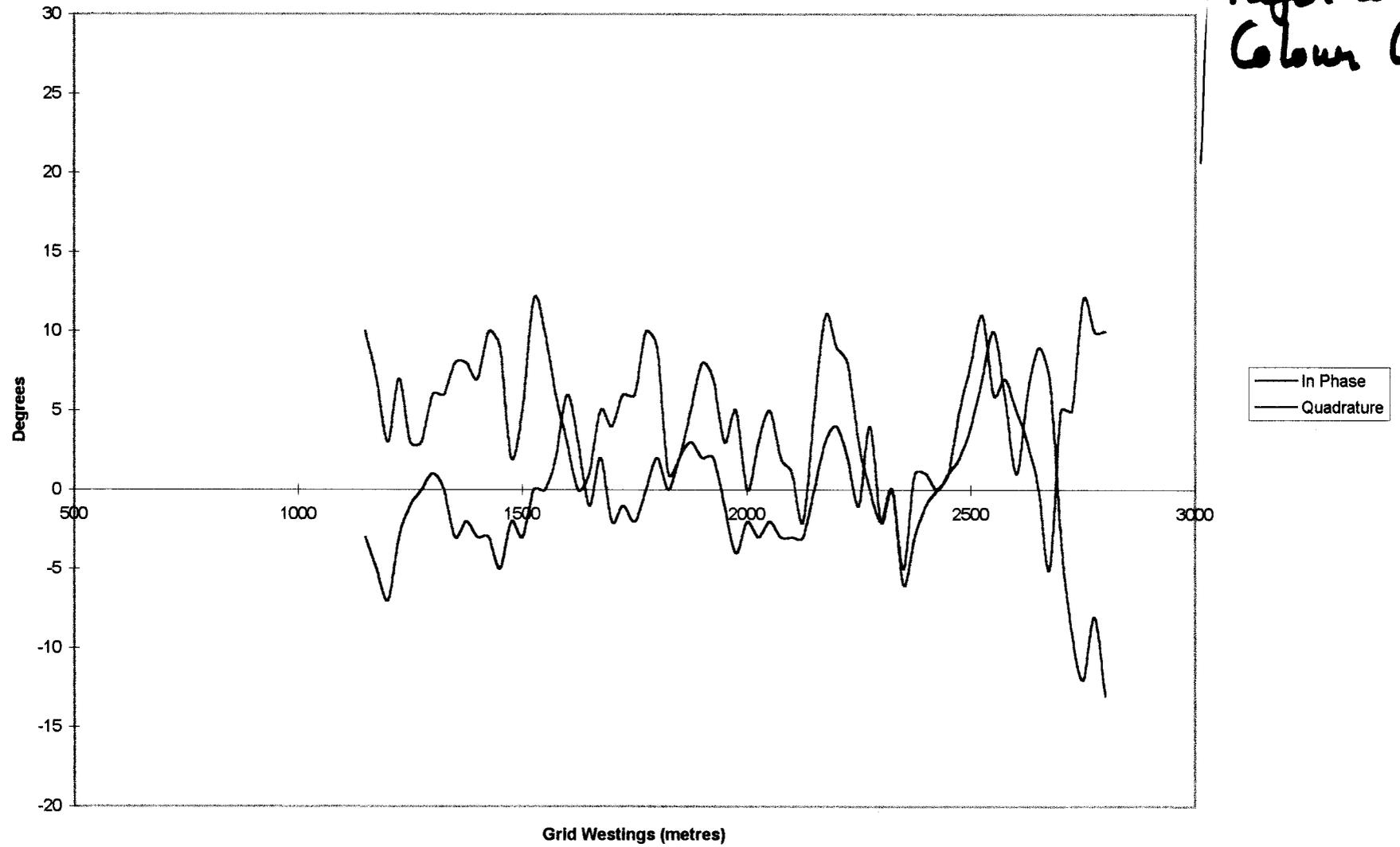
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 7000 N

Refer to
Colour CD



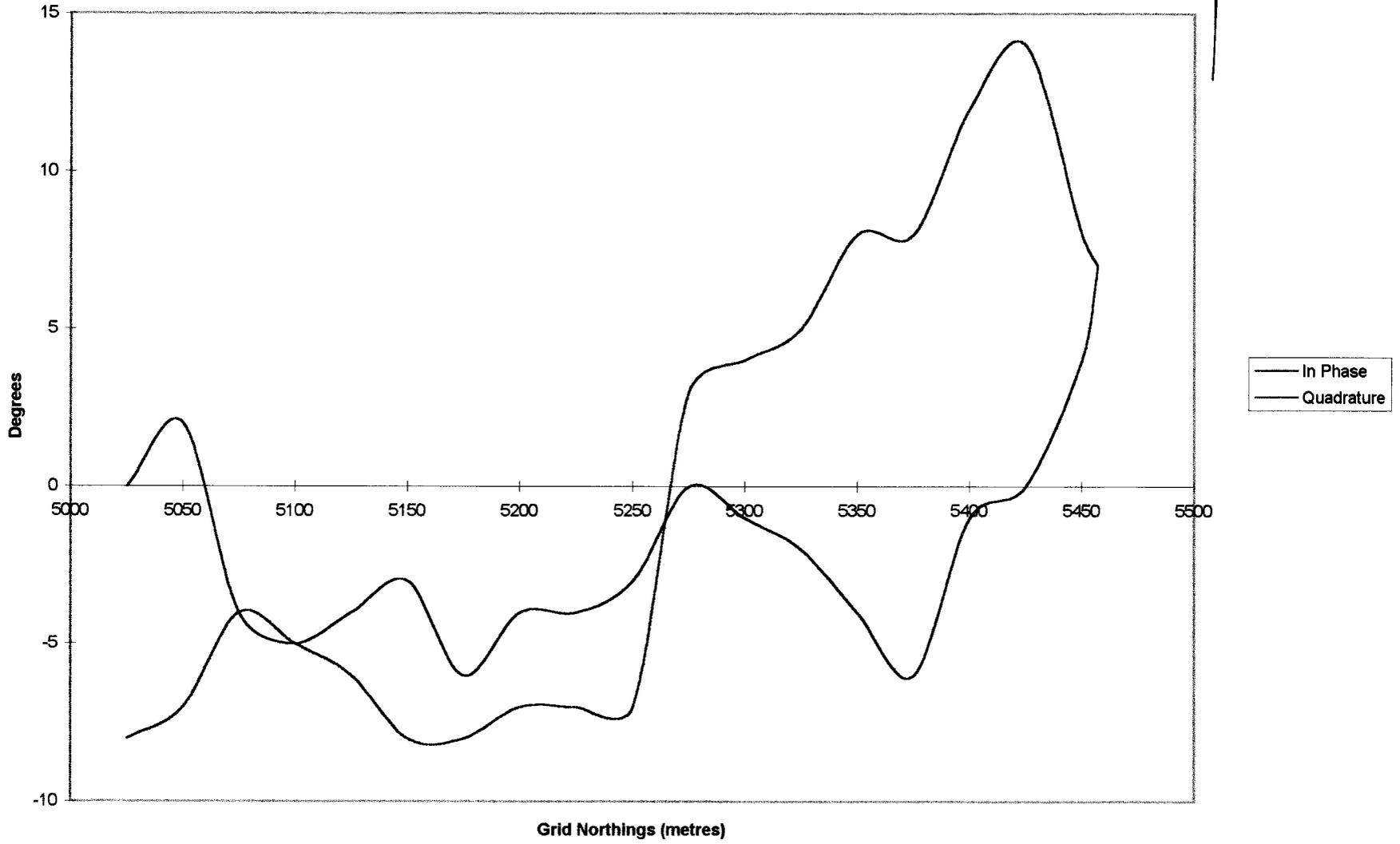
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 7457 N

Refer to
Colour CD



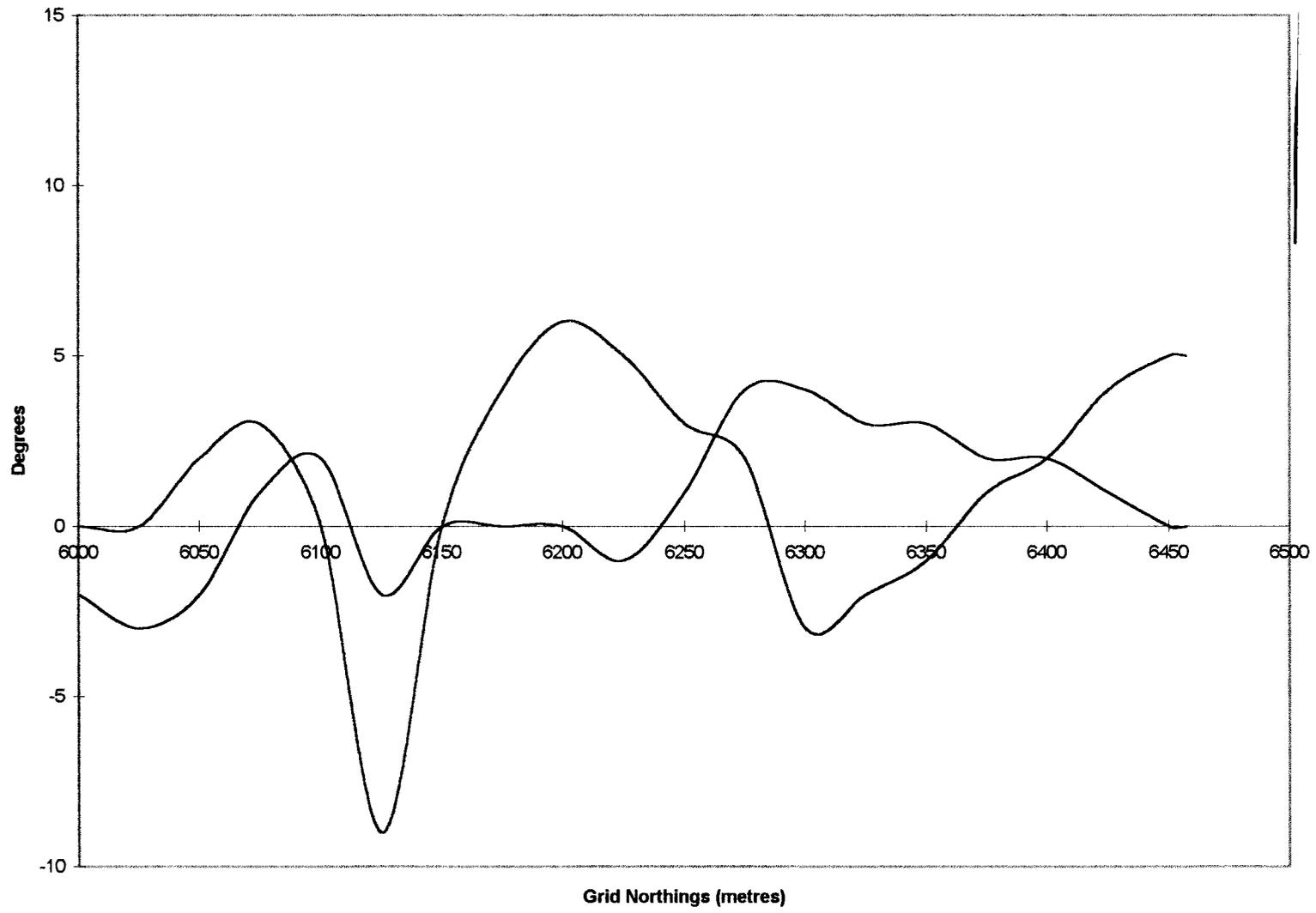
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 550 W

Refer to
Colour CD



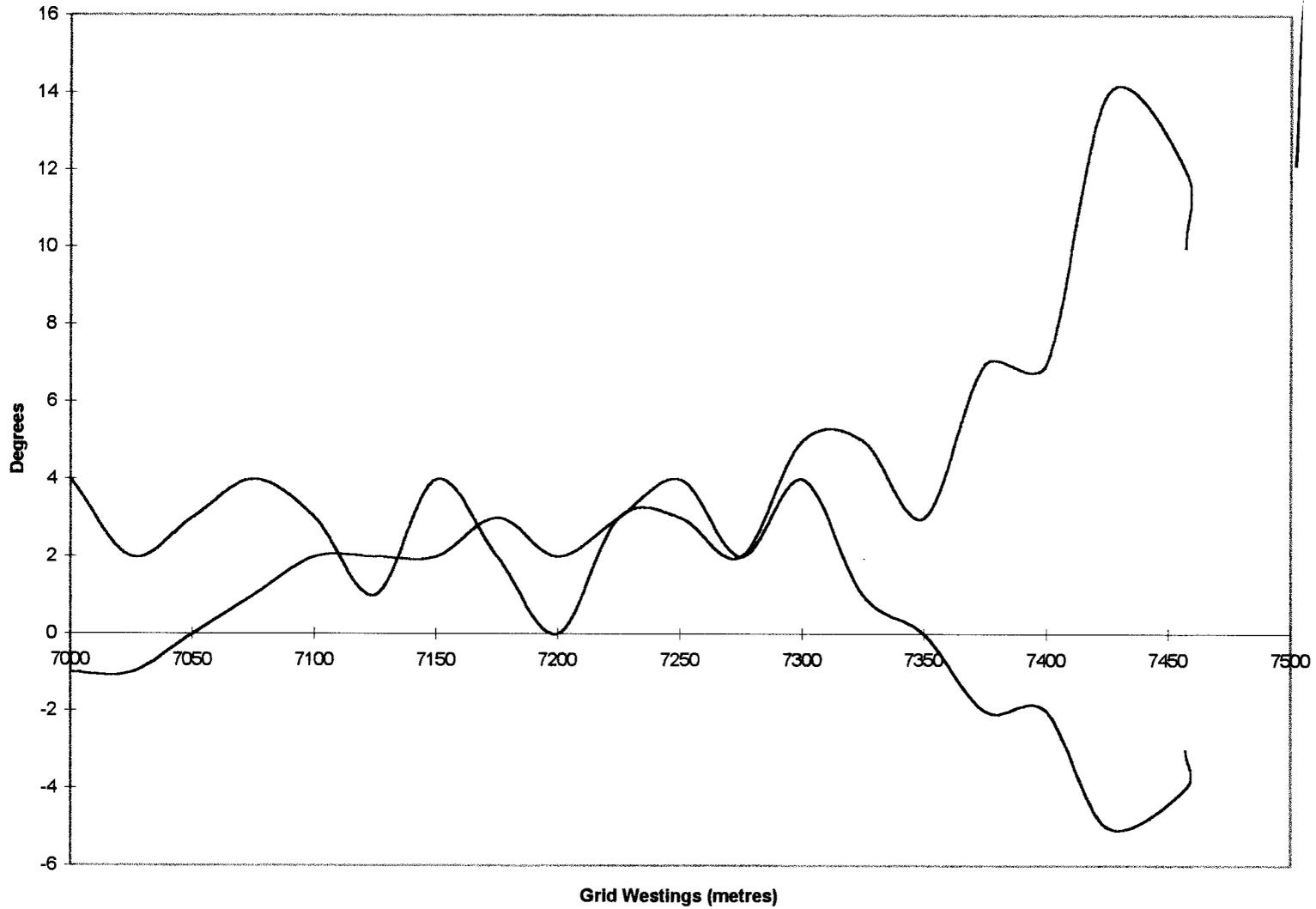
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 643 W

Refer to
Colour CD



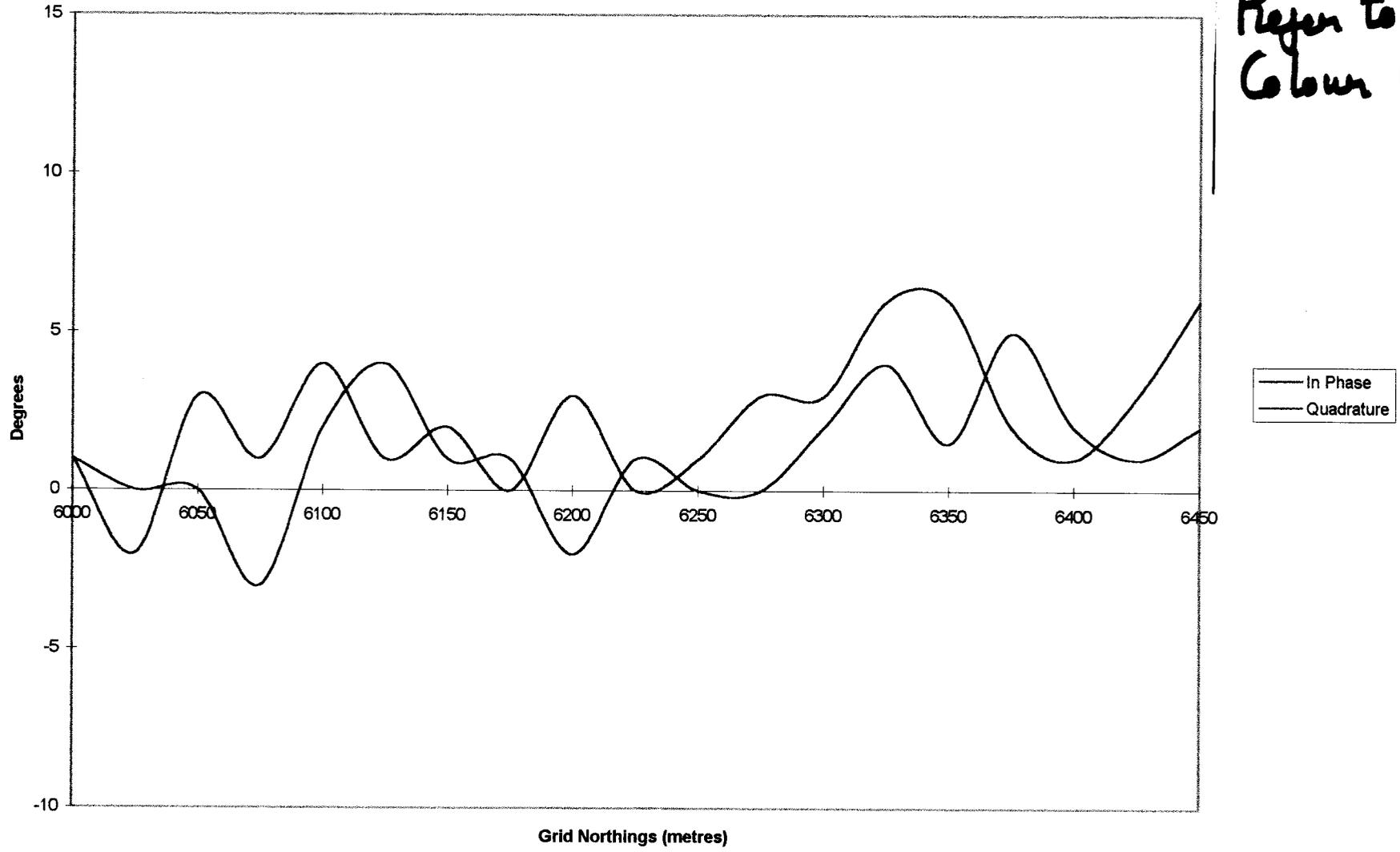
Electromagnetic Profile of Line 1150 W

Refer to
Colour CD



Electromagnetic Profile of Line 2873 W

Refer to
Colour CD



APPENDIX D

GEOPHYSICAL NOTES

BJ Geophysical Notes

2425	58268	0	0		"
2450	58269	1	1		"
2475	58271	5	2		"
2500	58272	8	4		"
2525	58273	11	7		"
2550	58271	6	10		Pine & willow
2575	58271	7	6		(S-MM-BJ-18)
2600	58267	5	1		"
2625	58275	3	6		"
2650	58280	0	9		South side of swamp near lake
2675	58263	-5	7		"
2700	58276	5	-3		Over old road
2725	58291	5	-9		(S-MM-BJ-19)
2750	58276	12	-12		"
2775	58279	10	-8		"
2800	58272	10	-13		"
Claim:	BJ				
Date:	22-Jul-96				
Mag:	Greg				
VLF:	Mick (Station 2) Facing East				
Notes:	Helen				
Traverse:	Working East from 2000-650W along 6000N				
Location North	Location West	Mag	VLF tan q	Quad	Notes
6000	2875	58253	1	0.5	conifer forest; note: 2873-2900, thus south line is 2900
	2850	58261	1	-0.5	conifer forest
	2825	58260	3	1	"
	2800	58258	2	1	"
	2775	58254	1	1	"
	2750	58258	4	2	"
	2725	58262	6	3	"
	2700	58256	4	2	"
	2675	58258	5	3	"
	2650	58265	7	0.5	" S-BJ-JV-3
	2625	58261	5	3	" note: no sample JV-4
	2600	58255	3	1	"
	2575	58256	2	0	"
	2550	58259	4	2	"
	2525	58257	5	0	"
	2500	58252	3	-2	"
	2475	58248	0	1	"
	2450	58250	2	3	post: 60deg18.29N, 129deg01.43W, EPE 32m
	2425	58252	5	3	conifer forest
	2400	58245	6	3	R:2 "
	2375	58249	5	2	"
	2350	58247	8	0	"
	2325	58255	11	-2	"
	2300	58261	1	-4	"
	2275	58260	1	-3	"
	2250	58254	-1	-2	"
	2225	58257	-2	-2	"
	2200	58254	-2	0	"
	2175	58250	-4	2	"
	2150	58260	-5	1	"
	2125	58255	-2	2	"
	2100	58259	-3	0	"
	2075	58254	-4	1	"
	2050	58256	-4	1	"
	2025	58253	-1	0	post: 60deg18.67N, 129deg01.78W, EPE 50m
	2000	58244	-3	2	GPS: +/-76 m, 60 19.01N, 129 01.03W (UTM: 09499055E 6686668N). Post is ~ 10m from road in forest
	1975	58244	-4	2	Open area by road
	1950	58246	-3	1	On road
	1925	58250	-8	-1	Open area by road
	1900	58255	-9	0	Edge of forest
	1875	58251	-8	0	Evergreen forest
	1850	58246	-10	1	"
	1825	58244	-9	2	Willow undergrowth
	1800	58253	-9	3	Evergreen forest
	1775	58254	-8	3	"
	1750	58248	-7	3	slight decline
	1725	58247	-7	3	" "
	1700	58238	-8	4	" "
	1675	58246	-8	4	" "
	1650	58247	-8	3	" "
	1625	58240	-4	5	" "
	1600	58239	-3	5	" "
	1575	58231	-5	2	Swampy

BJ Geophysical Notes

	1550	58236	0	3	NOTE: George's flag is ~3m E of flag, GPS: +/- 144 m, 60 18.98N, 129 00.83W	
	1525	58238	1	2	Old swamp	
	1500	58239	4	3	, (S-BJ-HH-1)	
	1475	58238	4	0	Pine forest	
	1450	58241	4	0	"	
	1425	58238	7	0	"	
	1400	58238	10	0	"	
	1375	58245	12	-1	"	
	1350	58240	11	-7	Evergreen, willow	
	1325	58237	13	-3	, (S-BJ-HH-2)	
	1300	58238	7	-6	Open forest, mossy floor	
	1275	58237	6	-2	"	
	1250	58239	8	0	"	
	1225	58246	13	0	"	
	1200	58245	17	1	, (S-BJ-HH-3)	
	1175	58241	20	5	"	
	1150	58245	17	5	"	
	1125	58240	9	4	"	
	1100	58247	-5	2	-5 m from Post 19/20/21/22, (S-BJ-HH-4), GPS: +/- 29 m, 60 18.80N, 128 59.59W	
	1075	58238	-4	8	Pine forest, some undergrowth	
	1050	58238	-2	7	"	
	1025	58242	3	9	"	
	1000	58241	5	10	, (S-BJ-HH-5)	
	975	58243	-6	6	"	
	950	58243	-9	4	"	
	925	58239	0	3	"	
	900	58238	3	2	, (S-BJ-HH-6)	
	875	58240	4	4	"	
	850	58236	3	2	"	
	825	58247	2	0	"	
	800	58244	3	-2	"	
	775	58239	10	-2	"	
	750	58241	15	-2	"	
	725	58241	16	2	"	
	700	58245	6	4	"	
	675	58246	-8	-4	, (S-BJ-HH-7)	
	650	58244	0	-2	NOTE: @ 643 is George's Post 21/22/23/24, GPS: +/- 35 m, 60 18.92N, 128 59.64W	
Traverse: Working North from 6000-6457N along 643W						
	6000	643	58237	0	-2	George's unmarked post
	6025		58245	0	-3	Open pine forest
	6050		58256	2	-2	"
	6075		58228	3	1	, (S-BJ-HH-8)
	6100		58233	0	2	"
	6125		58228	-9	-2	"
	6150		58231	0	0	, (S-BJ-HH-9)
	6175		58235	4	0	"
	6200		58234	6	0	"
	6225		58229	5	-1	"
	6250		58240	3	1	"
	6275		58251	2	4	"
	6300		58240	-3	4	"
	6325		58241	-2	3	"
	6350		58241	-1	3	"
	6375		58247	1	2	"
	6400		58242	2	2	"
	6425		58244	4	1	"
	6450		58240	5	0	"
	6457		58245	5	0	GPS: +/- 52 m, 60 19.12N, 129 59.26W
Traverse: Working West from 650-2275N along 6457N						
6457	650	58241	5	0	Open pine forest	
	675	58236	5	2	"	
	700	58238	4	4	"	
	725	58238	6	6	"	
	750	58238	0	7	"	
	775	58240	-2	8	"	
	800	58224	3	5	"	
	825	58229	3	2	, lots of deadfall	
	850	58229	2	1	"	
	875	58237	3	0	"	
	900	58233	1	0	"	
	925	58230	2	0	"	
	950	58233	2	-1	"	
	975	58245	6	-2	Willow underbrush	
	1000	58233	5	-2	"	
	1025	58232	10	-4	"	
	1050	58235	10	-4	"	
	1075	58239	12	-3	"	

BJ Geophysical Notes

1100	58228	14	-4		(S-BJ-HH-10)
1125	58231	12	-4		Willow, pine
1150	58233	8	-3		"
1175	58233	8	-3		"
1200	58237	9	0		"
1225	58235	8	3		Pine forest
1250	58236	3	0		"
1275	58242	0	-2		"
1300	58248	7	3		"
1325	58244	12	6		"
1350	58244	15	6		"
1375	58246	14	4		"
1400	58244	10	3		"
1425	58241	11	0		"
1450	58242	5	-1		"
1475	58245	-1	0		"
1500	58248	1	1		"
1525	58248	3	4		"
1550	58239	0	5		"
1575	58248	-2	7		"
1600	58243	-3	8		"
1625	58246	0	6		"
1650	58251	2	1		"
1675	58255	3	-2		"
1700	58259	1	-2		"
1725	58248	-2	1		"
1750	58239	0	0		"
1775	58251	-1	-1		"
1800	58246	-5	-5		"
1825	58249	-7	-2		"
1850	58242	-10	-1		"
1875	58241	-6	0		"
1900	58246	-4	0		"
1925	58253	-4	-1		"
1950	58252	-3	-1		"
1975	58241	-2	-2		"
2000	58244	-4	-2		"
2025	58251	-3	-3		"
2050	58247	-7	-4		"
2075	58250	-5	-2		"
2100	58251	0	-2		"
2125	58251	3	-2		"
2150	58247	4	-2		"
2175	58248	4	-2		"
2200	58249	5	0		"
2225	58250	-1	-2		"
2250	58248	-8	-6		"
2275	58240	-5	-4		"
2350	58256	2	1	R:3	evergreen forest, no undergrowth, fallen logs
2375	58253	9	-2		"
2400	58248	6	2		"
2425	58256	6	-4		willow and road bearing 225 degrees west
2450	58257	1	1		willow
2475	58260	-4	0		back to evergreen forest, S-BJ-JV-1
2500	58261	-8	-2		conifer forest, moss floor
2525	58250	-7	0		"
2550	58252	-5	4		"
2575	58250	-9	1		"
2600	58272	-3	1.5		" S-BJ-JV-2
2625	58275	-5	2		"
2650	58246	-2	4		"
2675	58259	-1	4		"
2700	58243	-2	2		"
2725	58244	1	2		conifer forest
2750	58250	2	3		"
2775	58260	2	4		hit road again
2800	58254	5	2		conifer forest
2825	58253	4	3		"
2850	58253	7	0		"
2873	58250	5	2.5		"
2873	58260	6	2		change direction from west to south bearing
Claim:	BJ				
Date:	23-Jul-96				
Mag:	Mick	(east)			
VLF:	Heien	(east, station 2)			
Notes:	Jocelain				
Traverse:	west on line 5000N				

BJ Geophysical Notes

Location North	Location West	Mag	In Phase	VLF Quad	Rating	Notes
5000	550	58273	-10	0		S-BJ-JV-8
	575	58280	-9	0		S-BJ-JV-7
	600	58278	-7	0		evergreen forest with some undergrowth
	625	58284	2	2		"
	650	58277	1	1		"
	675	58271	3	-1		"
	700	58273	3	-1		"
	725	58268	4	0		"
	750	58266	10	3		" Posts #33, 34, 35 & 36, 60deg17.66N, 129deg00.62W, EPE 49m
	775	58260	13	2		"
	800	58260	8	2		"
	825	58274	8	1		"
	850	58279	9	-1		"
	875	58270	8	-2.5		"
	900	58263	9	-3		" undergrowth
	925	58267	10	-2		old road bearing 339 deg north
	950	58249	10	-0.5		evergreen forest with a bit of undergrowth
	975	58250	8	1		"
	1000	58251	6	0		a bit more undergrowth and fallen trees
	1025	58257	7	2		less undergrowth
	1050	58250	9	2.5		evergreen with no undergrowth
	1075	58267	8	3		"
	1100	58255	6	4		"
	1125	58266	6	3		Boggy area water and rushing stream
	1150	58260	4	4		"
	1175	58250	2	8		"
	1200	58256	2	4		Posts @ 60deg18'50N and 129deg00'51W EPE 39m
	1225	58260	1	1		"
	1250	58250	-4	-2		"
	1275	58261	-4	0		Coniferous forest
	1300	58252	-8	-1		"
	1325	58251	-9	-2		"
	1350	58259	-14	-2		"
	1375	58260	-14	0		"
	1400	58245	-18	0		"
	1425	58129	-15	0		"
Traverse:	west on line 5457 N					
5457	550	58280	7	7		evergreen forest w undergrowth and
	575	58266	7	8		and fallen trees
	600	58267	8	9		"
	625	58271	9	4		"
	650	58268	9	4		"
	675	58260	7	3		"
	700	58264	5	-4		"
	725	58270	5	-5		"
	750	58266	4	-6		"
	775	58258	4	-5	2	"
	800	58260	2	-11	2.5	"
	825	58263	2	-5		"
	850	58260	2	-5		"
	875	58263	3	-7		"
	900	58258	7	-2		"
	925	58257	12	2		"
	950	58253	6	3		"
	975	58256	4	0		"
	1000	58262	-3	-1		"
	1025	58255	-5	-5		"
	1050	58257	-5	-7		"
	1075	58255	0	-2		"
	1100	58258	1	-4		"
	1125	58265	9	-8		"
	1150	58257	11	-2		"
	1175	58254	2	-3		"
	1200	58264	2	-3		"
	1225	58270	7	-1		"
	1250	58264	9	2		"
	1275	58258	10	2		"
	1300	58253	11	3		"
	1325	58254	6	2		"
	1350	58260	4	2		"
	1375	58245	3	4		"
	1400	58253	7	3		"
	1425	58254	0	1		willow and thick undergrowth
	1450	58260	-2	0		Stream and thick undergrowth
	1475	58250	-3	1		"
	1500	58260	-5	1		coniferous forest spruce and pine
	1525	58264	-6	2		"

