

MAP NO.: ASSESSMENT REPORT X
105 M /16 PROSPECTUS
CONFIDENTIAL X
OPEN FILE

DOCUMENT NO: 093030
MINING DISTRICT: Mayo
TYPE OF WORK: Geological and
Geochemical Evaluation

REPORT FILED UNDER: Kennecott Canada Inc.

DATE PERFORMED: June 30 to July 1, 1991

DATE FILED: June 12, 1992

LOCATION: LAT.: 63°48'N

AREA: Tiny Island Lake Area

LONG.: 134°02'W

VALUE \$: 4,000.00

CLAIM NAME & NO.: Keno 1 - 8, YB18107 - YB18114.

WORK DONE BY: Gerald G. Carlson

WORK DONE FOR: Kennecott Canada Inc.

DATE TO GOOD STANDING:

REMARKS: # 105 - M - Tiny Island Lake Area
The company carried out detailed stream sediment sampling, and limited soil and rock sampling in an attempt to discover the source of anomalous base metal stream sediment anomalies reported in a 1989 government geochemical survey. The stream sediment samples returned moderate to weak base metal values. The soil samples returned similar values but reflected an barite horizon which returned values up to 11,400 ppm Ba. The Ba was barren in base metals.



REPORT FOR ASSESSMENT

GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL EVALUATION

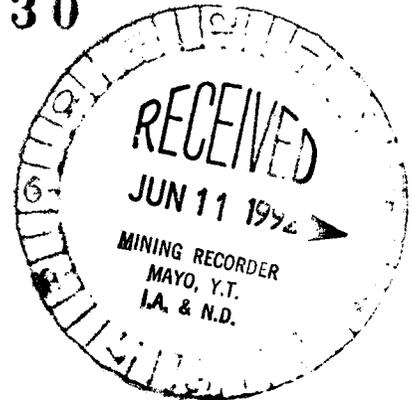
OF THE **093030**

KENO 1 TO 8 CLAIMS

Tiny Island Lake Area
Mayo Mining District

NTS 105M/16

63° 48' N; 134° 02' W



Prepared for:

Kennecott Canada Inc.
138-200 Granville St.
Vancouver, B.C.
V6C 1S4

1 June 1992

Prepared by: Gerald G. Carlson
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093030

This report has been examined by
the Geological Evaluation Unit
under Section 53 (4) Yukon Quartz
Mining Act and is allowed as
representation work in the amount
of \$ 4,000.00.

Robert Debbink

for. Regional Manager, Exploration and
Geological Services for Commissioner
of Yukon Territory.

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In Pocket

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INTRODUCTION

In early spring, 1991, a proposal was approved to carry out a data compilation on a relatively little known portion of Selwyn Basin, Yukon, on behalf of Kennecott Canada Inc. This area included the Lansing map sheet (105N) and adjacent parts of the Mayo (105M) map sheet. The initial program involved staking some known occurrences and carrying out a small baseline study in preparation for an announced government reconnaissance geochemical release over the proposed project area.

A total of 34 claims in four groups (LADUE, KENO, TELL and JOY) were staked in late May, 1991. During the period June 24 to July 8, a crew of three geologists, fly camping, evaluated these four properties as well as adjacent favorable stratigraphy.

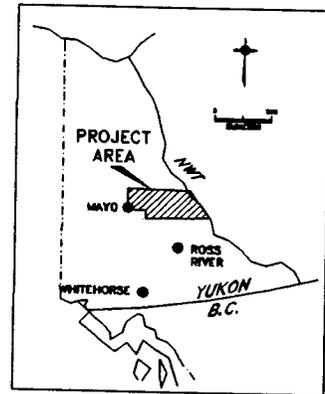
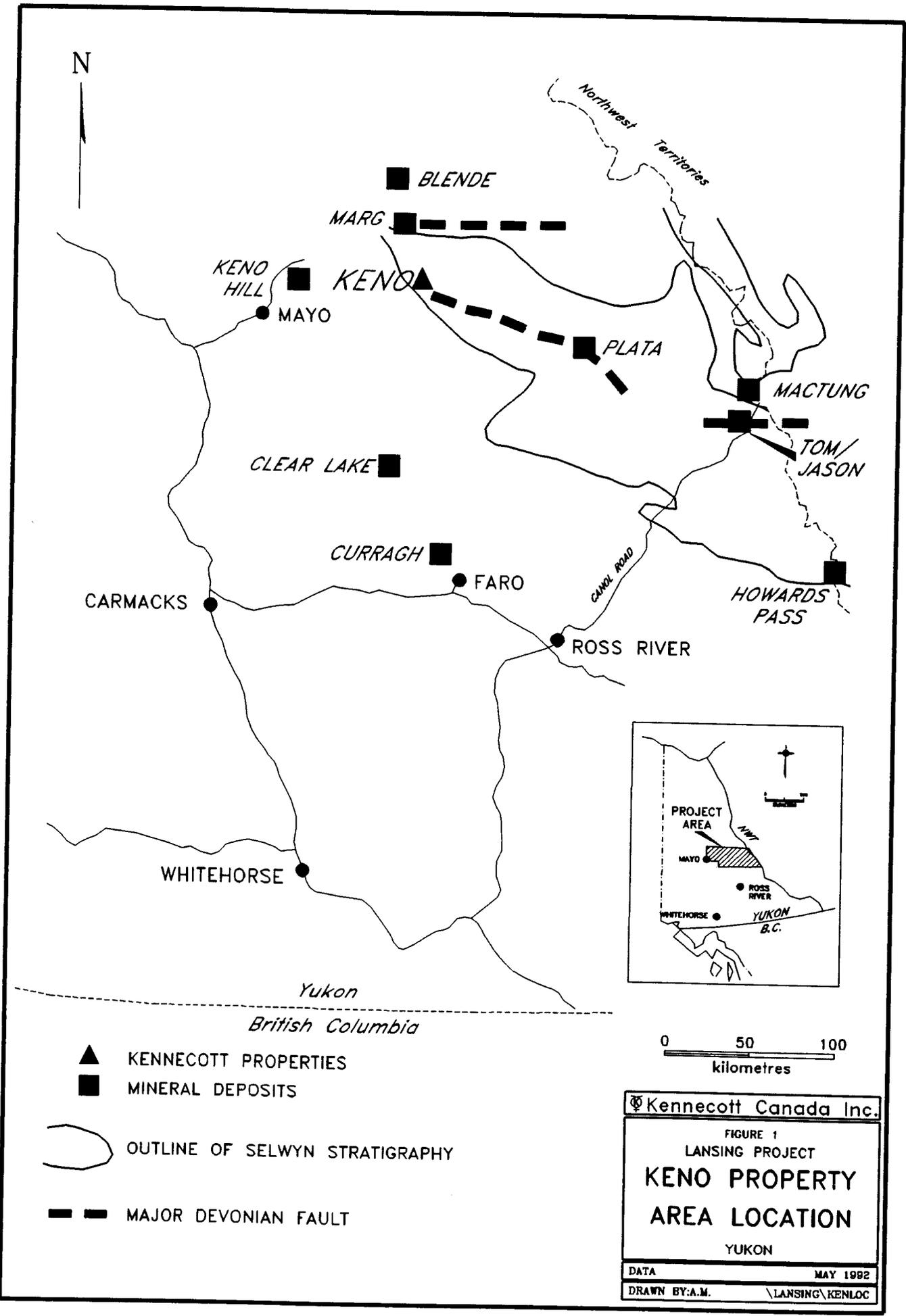
Work included detailed stream sediment sampling with some support soil and rock sampling. When outcrops were encountered, lithologies and structure were noted although, due to the scarcity of outcrop and the wide spacing of traverses, no attempt was made to compile a geological map.

The KENO claims were staked to cover a barite occurrence reported by Gordey (1990) in the vicinity of anomalous base metal stream sediment anomalies discovered in the National Geochemical Reconnaissance Open File for the Mayo map sheet (Friske and others, 1989).

LOCATION AND ACCESS

The KENO claims are located in east central Yukon (Figure 1), centred at 63° 48' N and 134° 02' W, NTS sheet 105M/16, in the Mayo Mining Division. The claims are located roughly 380 km north-northeast of Whitehorse and 150 km north of the town of Faro.

Access is by helicopter from Mayo, 100 km to the west-southwest, or Carmacks, 235 km southwest. Float planes can access several small lakes within 20 km of the property.



© Kennecott Canada Inc.

FIGURE 1
LANSING PROJECT
**KENO PROPERTY
AREA LOCATION**
YUKON

DATA MAY 1992
DRAWN BY: A.M. \LANSING\KENLOC

LIST OF CLAIMS

The KENO claim group is located in NTS sheet 105M/16, centred at 63° 48' N and 134° 02' W, as shown in Figure 2. The claims have been recorded in the Mayo Mining Division in the name of Kennecott Canada Inc.:

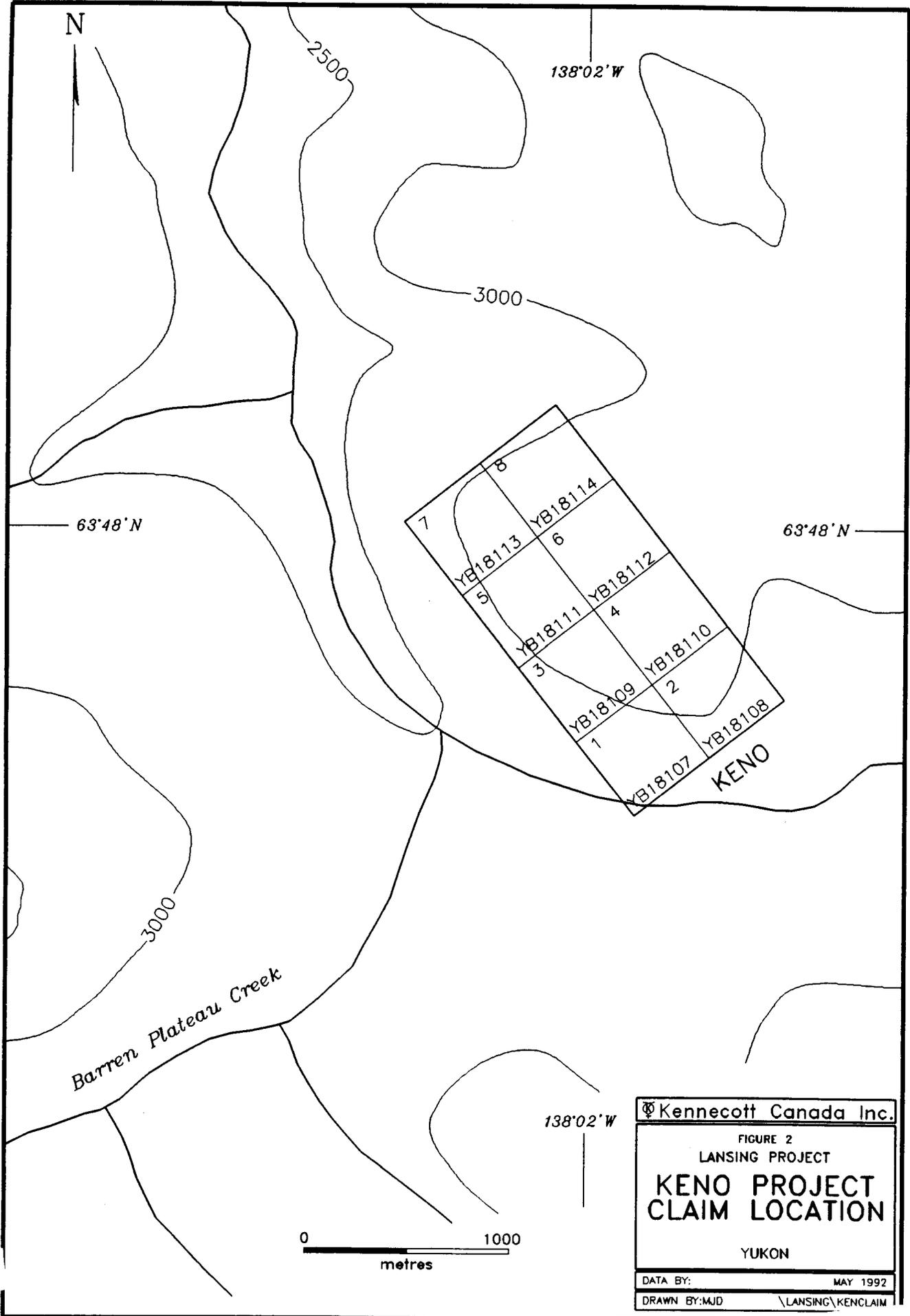
<u>Claim Name</u>	<u>Record No.</u>	<u>NTS</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
KENO 1-8	YB18107-114	105M/16	10/06/1992

GENERAL GEOLOGY

The claims are underlain by the Selwyn Basin tectono-stratigraphic province. Selwyn Basin formed as a result of regional basin down warping of the passive North American continental margin in early Paleozoic. In Devonian to Mississippian time, renewed tectonism is indicated by widespread graben formation throughout the basin. At least two ages of sediment hosted or SEDEX (Carne and Cathro, 1982) Pb-Zn+/-Ag deposits are known to occur within the basin.

The Proterozoic to early Cambrian basement rocks which underlie the entire area, informally known as the "Grit Unit", have been formally defined as the Hyland Group by Gordey (in press). These rocks are predominantly gritty quartzose sandstone and maroon, green and buff weathering shale. Minor bedded limestone is also present, while some of the clastic rocks are variably cemented with carbonate.

Earliest sedimentation within Selwyn Basin belongs to the Ordovician to Silurian Road River Group, a graptolitic unit typically consisting of calcareous black shale, argillaceous limestone and chert (Gabrielse, 1967). The top of the unit is marked by an orange-weathering, bioturbated siltstone. To the southwest, in central Selwyn Basin, varicoloured basinal cherts predominate. Initial mapping in the Lansing map sheet by the GSC (Blusson, 1974) was of a reconnaissance nature, showing most of the project area to be underlain by Road River strata. More recent, detailed work in a few local areas suggests a significant portion of these rocks in fact belongs to the younger Earn Group.



Kennecott Canada Inc.	
FIGURE 2 LANSING PROJECT KENO PROJECT CLAIM LOCATION	
YUKON	
DATA BY:	MAY 1992
DRAWN BY: MJD	\\LANSING\KENCLAIM

One of the largest Pb-Zn accumulations in the world, the Howard's Pass deposit, occurs within Early Silurian pyritic and calcareous shales and mudstones, apparently localized in sub-basins along the main axis of Selwyn Basin at the time of deposition.

The Earn Group, originally defined by Campbell (1967), ranging in age from Devonian to mid-Mississippian, is widespread throughout Selwyn Basin (Gordey and others, 1982). Lower Earn Group, spanning most of the Devonian, is distinguished by gun-blue weathering siliceous shale and chert. Upper Earn Group is characterized by brown weathering shale: It is not siliceous and chert is uncommon. Locally derived submarine fan complexes, consisting of grey weathering chert pebble conglomerate with lesser quartz-chert sandstone occur in both Lower and Upper Earn. These accumulations are indicative of rifting during deposition, interrupting the otherwise passive basinal sedimentation.

Bedded barite deposits are observed throughout the Earn Group while baritic Pb-Zn-Ag sulphide deposits appear to be restricted to siliceous shale facies and turbiditic fan complexes of the Lower Earn Group.

A return to more passive margin sedimentation is indicated by Mississippian through to Triassic cherts and siltstones.

These strata have been intruded by the Cretaceous Selwyn Plutonic Suite, a northwest trending belt of equigranular, biotite quartz monzonite intrusions. These form numerous small to medium-sized stocks that are often surrounded by extensive and very distinctive rusty hornfels.

Regional structure is dominated by major basinal bounding faults. These faults, originally interpreted to be normal, are now observed as zones of thrusting, as in the Dawson Thrust and Robert Service thrust along the north boundary of the project area (Gordey, 1990; Abbott, 1990). Here, Paleozoic strata are thrust over "Grit Unit" and the Precambrian is in turn thrust over Paleozoic shelf assemblage. On the northeastern side of the project area, these relationships are more complex, with imbricate thrusting repeating the stratigraphy a number of times. Within the basin, strata are variably deformed, from flat lying to vertical and tightly folded, apparently in response to the shortening event. Close to the thrusts, foliation is intense so as to have obscured original bedding (Gordey, 1990).

WORK COMPLETED

From a fly camp located on the edge of the claim group, on Barren Plateau Creek, two days were spent examining the claims and their environs. Work included detailed stream sediment sampling along the main creek passing through the claim block, the main creek running parallel and to the north and several tributaries. Some soil sampling was also completed. Outcrop was restricted to scattered occurrences on the knoll in the centre of the claim group, including the barite occurrence.

A total of 31 stream sediment samples, 19 soil samples and one rock sample were shipped to Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd. where they were analysed for 35 elements with ICP. Summary results and certificates of analysis are included in Appendix A.

RESULTS

Geology

The stratigraphy is by and large gently dipping throughout the area. This factor, combined with the generally subdued relief, greatly reduces exposure of the overall section. Rocks which underlie the area consist predominantly of a monotonous sequence of grey to black graphitic argillite to phyllite. The stratiform barite is finely laminated and up to 4 m thick and of unknown strike extent, but at least 100 m. Minor exposures of coarser clastic rocks, including a polymictic pebble conglomerate, were noted in the vicinity of the barite.

Geochemistry

Stream sediment geochemistry show moderate to weak base metal values in the immediate vicinity of the KENO claim group. Soil lines across the stratigraphy show similar results, but reflect the barite horizon with Ba in soils ranging to 11,400 ppm. The barite itself is depleted in base metals.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The stratigraphy underlying and surrounding the KENO claim group appears to be predominantly Lower Earn Group. This fact, coupled with the bedded barite occurrence and anomalous base metal values in some of the drainages, suggests the potential for SEDEX base metal mineralization. However, the lack of any base metal signature associated with this barite occurrence or of any indication of any base metal mineralization in the immediate vicinity of the claims suggests that if base metal mineralization is present in the area, it is well hidden.

Consideration might be given to a more comprehensive follow-up program, including mapping with detailed follow-up geochemistry on the remaining streams in the area. If results of this work are positive, a geophysical survey might be considered to further refine targets.

REFERENCES

- Abbott, J.G., 1990, Preliminary results of the stratigraphy and structure of the Mt. Westman map area, central Yukon; in Current Research, Part E, Geol. Surv. Can.; Paper 90-1E, pp. 15-22.
- Blusson, S.L., 1974, Drafts of five geological maps of Operation Stewart (northern Selwyn Basin), Yukon and District of Mackenzie, N.W.T. (includes NTS 106A,B,C and 105N,O); Geol. Surv. Can., Open File 205.
- Campbell, R.B., 1967, Reconnaissance geology of Glenlyon map area, Yukon Territory; Geol. Surv. Can., Mem. 352.
- Carne, R.C. and Cathro, R.J., 1982, Sedimentary exhalative (Sedex) zinc-lead-silver deposits, northern Canadian Cordillera; CIM Bull, Vol. 75, No. 840, pp.66-78.
- Friske, P.W.B. and Hornbrook, E.H.W., 1989, Regional stream sediment and water geochemical data, southern central Yukon, 105M (Mayo); Geol. Surv. Can., Open File 1962.
- Gabrielse, H., 1967, Tectonic evolution of the Canadian Cordillera; Can. Jour. Earth Sci., Vol. 4, pp. 271-298.
- Gordey, S.P., 1990, Geology and Mineral Potential, Tiny Island Lake map area, Yukon; in Current Research, Part E, Geol. Surv. Can., Paper 90-1E, pp. 23-29.
- Gordey, S.P., Abbott, J.G. and Orchard, M.J., 1982, Devonian-Mississippian (Earn Group) and younger strata in east-central Yukon; in Current Research, Part B; Geol.Surv.Can., Paper 82-1B, pp. 93-100.

CERTIFICATION

I, Gerald G. Carlson, am employed as a Consultant Geologist with offices at 1740 Orchard Way, West Vancouver, B.C. I was directly involved in the work reported in this document and the associated costs incurred:

I further attest that:

1. I graduated with a B.A.Sc. in Geological Engineering from the University of Toronto in 1969.
2. I graduated with a M.Sc. in Economic Geology from Michigan Technological University, Houghton, Michigan in 1974.
3. I graduated with a Ph.D. in Economic Geology from Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire in 1978.
4. With the exception of time taken out for graduate studies, I have been practising my profession continuously for the past 23 years.
5. I am a member in good standing of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Yukon Territory and of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia.

Respectfully submitted,



Gerald G. Carlson, Ph.D., P.Eng.

LIST OF PERSONNEL

The following personnel were employed on the field portion of this project:

Gerald G. Carlson, Geologist
1740 Orchard Way
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V7V 4E8

Alan Doherty, Geologist
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P.O. Box 4367
Whitehorse, Yukon
Y1A 3T5

Geoffrey Pitite, Geologist
c/o Aurum Geological Consultants Inc.
P.O. Box 4367
Whitehorse, Yukon
Y1A 3T5

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES

June 30 to July 1, 1991 (inclusive)

Wages:

G. Carlson	2 days @ \$500	\$ 1,000
A. Doherty	2 days @ \$350	700
G. Petite	2 days @ \$275	550
Helicopter	4.65 Hr. @ \$800	3,420
Share of mobilization & general expenses		1,087
Analytical	51 samples @ \$ 6.85	<u>350</u>
	TOTAL	\$ 7,107

APPENDIX A

KENO CLAIMS

Geochemical Results

and

Geochemical Analysis Certificates

Geochemical Data
KENO CLAIM GROUP
Silts(L), Soils(S) and Rocks(R)

Sample No.	Ag ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ba ppm	Fe %	Mn ppm	Ni ppm	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Mo ppm	As ppm	Sb ppm	Co ppm	Cd ppm	U ppm	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	P %
ADL-28	1.1	11	658	4,085	7.74	2,713	166	103	53	9	24	9	38	3.8	5	4	180	2	227	0.117
ADL-29	0.6	13	244	5,733	3.09	319	42	92	46	7	7	2	7	2.8	5	7	183	2	219	0.079
ADL-30	0.4	16	215	3,932	2.49	181	59	90	52	4	5	4	8	1.8	5	4	146	6	239	0.075
ADL-31	0.9	14	289	3,865	3.06	511	77	89	57	5	14	7	13	1.9	5	4	150	9	250	0.094
ADL-32	0.5	13	334	4,030	3.07	308	98	95	57	5	18	7	9	3.8	5	8	197	11	199	0.112
ADL-33	1.1	12	365	3,997	3.69	477	108	91	70	5	14	5	13	3.4	5	4	176	2	239	0.124
ADL-34	0.6	18	277	4,826	3.03	1,090	79	101	44	8	6	5	15	0.2	5	5	149	2	273	0.087
ADL-35	0.7	16	252	4,721	2.58	1,082	69	89	41	7	11	6	13	1.4	5	4	136	11	237	0.065
ADL-36	1.2	18	483	4,851	4.85	5,549	164	93	47	7	15	10	51	2.5	5	5	160	2	226	0.083
ADL-37	0.8	16	244	4,721	4.88	737	73	87	54	12	18	8	17	0.2	5	4	134	2	252	0.090
ADS-25	2.2	41	177	8,413	4.01	613	80	157	89	10	25	8	24	0.2	5	8	165	2	469	0.143
ADS-26	0.6	21	144	4,666	3.05	284	44	99	54	4	14	5	7	0.2	5	9	160	2	255	0.090
ADS-27	0.4	20	92	3,080	2.67	206	30	92	37	6	22	10	6	0.2	5	8	124	13	283	0.049
ADS-28	6.8	23	154	1,672	3.50	339	15	103	24	3	6	2	8	0.2	5	8	162	11	205	0.073
ADS-29	1.2	16	62	3,415	1.39	102	2	94	8	8	14	6	1	0.2	5	6	115	7	190	0.076
ADS-30	0.8	16	123	3,123	3.20	157	35	94	70	4	24	6	5	0.2	5	7	101	2	283	0.043
ADS-31	1.3	20	81	1,814	3.14	224	18	78	21	2	20	7	5	0.2	5	8	106	16	201	0.063
ADS-32	2.2	21	165	3,371	3.67	269	34	95	49	3	13	2	8	0.2	5	7	127	13	205	0.051
ADS-33	0.6	18	59	2,646	2.43	220	23	74	23	4	14	6	4	0.2	5	8	135	7	230	0.041
ADS-34	0.4	18	120	3,337	3.22	135	34	89	35	6	20	5	6	0.2	5	7	106	4	312	0.045
ADS-35	0.7	19	94	4,288	2.77	184	36	87	54	7	15	6	7	0.2	5	7	129	16	323	0.077
ADS-36	0.6	12	115	4,065	2.92	179	46	81	42	5	12	2	8	0.2	5	7	121	8	261	0.078
ADS-37	0.5	15	128	5,022	3.18	226	44	86	51	4	22	5	9	0.2	5	8	132	10	249	0.053
GCR-21	0.2	2	9	21,719	0.20	14	4	1	13	1	5	2	5	0.2	6	1	78	4	85	0.019
GPL-38	0.6	11	268	2,641	3.69	653	66	86	55	7	10	2	15	0.9	5	7	192	7	203	0.095
GPL-39	0.5	20	299	2,763	4.17	817	78	90	65	7	13	2	18	1.1	5	6	187	6	218	0.116
GPL-40	0.6	14	312	2,591	4.10	741	77	86	57	6	5	5	18	1.2	5	7	184	2	219	0.114
GPL-41	0.5	14	204	3,680	3.67	1,029	59	74	51	4	20	11	15	0.2	5	5	145	2	240	0.099
GPL-42	0.7	17	207	3,472	3.30	615	50	74	52	5	14	4	13	0.2	5	6	142	13	223	0.100
GPL-43	0.6	10	196	3,123	4.30	634	57	68	54	5	21	8	14	1.6	5	5	135	2	232	0.125
GPL-44	0.6	13	177	3,399	3.38	420	53	74	53	6	11	7	10	0.2	5	6	137	2	255	0.100
GPL-45	0.5	14	121	2,797	3.20	211	38	74	43	7	11	6	7	0.2	5	8	101	2	229	0.075
GPL-46	0.6	21	171	3,221	2.50	297	44	73	54	7	13	10	11	0.4	5	6	129	10	250	0.114
GPS-42	0.8	16	77	1,930	4.13	252	21	67	19	3	14	2	5	0.2	5	7	101	2	175	0.064
GPS-43	0.5	17	117	3,288	3.01	183	35	80	37	8	22	10	5	0.2	5	8	107	3	306	0.083
GPS-44	0.6	14	99	3,288	2.56	219	29	54	29	3	18	4	7	0.2	5	8	110	2	223	0.069
GPS-45	0.4	15	136	3,714	2.53	339	34	62	41	6	12	2	7	0.2	5	8	137	13	268	0.092
GPS-46	0.5	10	159	5,212	3.06	225	40	80	55	10	20	9	9	0.2	5	7	141	2	382	0.068
GPS-47	0.6	11	114	3,637	2.70	235	37	57	45	7	13	2	7	0.2	5	9	120	2	248	0.076
GPS-48	2.3	25	85	4,043	3.46	161	38	84	49	7	12	2	5	0.2	5	5	119	16	348	0.207
GPS-49	1.9	17	80	9,026	2.37	105	20	142	32	5	31	2	4	0.2	5	7	146	13	344	0.034
GPS-50	0.9	17	131	1,816	3.97	317	19	72	22	2	21	2	9	0.2	5	8	128	10	190	0.061
GPS-51	2.8	17	98	11,482	2.60	144	15	58	16	4	12	2	4	0.2	5	6	161	11	496	0.072
GPS-52	0.8	14	131	8,198	2.70	290	40	68	95	6	22	7	8	0.2	5	7	176	2	352	0.080
GPS-53	0.6	9	191	5,573	3.24	354	63	87	61	8	24	9	8	1.0	5	8	206	3	354	0.104
GPS-54	0.8	17	174	5,681	3.26	415	49	82	64	9	22	2	9	0.7	5	9	195	4	365	0.097
GPS-55	0.9	18	134	7,582	2.82	227	37	61	49	6	24	4	7	0.3	5	8	151	2	258	0.074

Geochemical Data
 KENO CLAIM GROUP
 Silts(L), Soils(S) and Rocks(R)

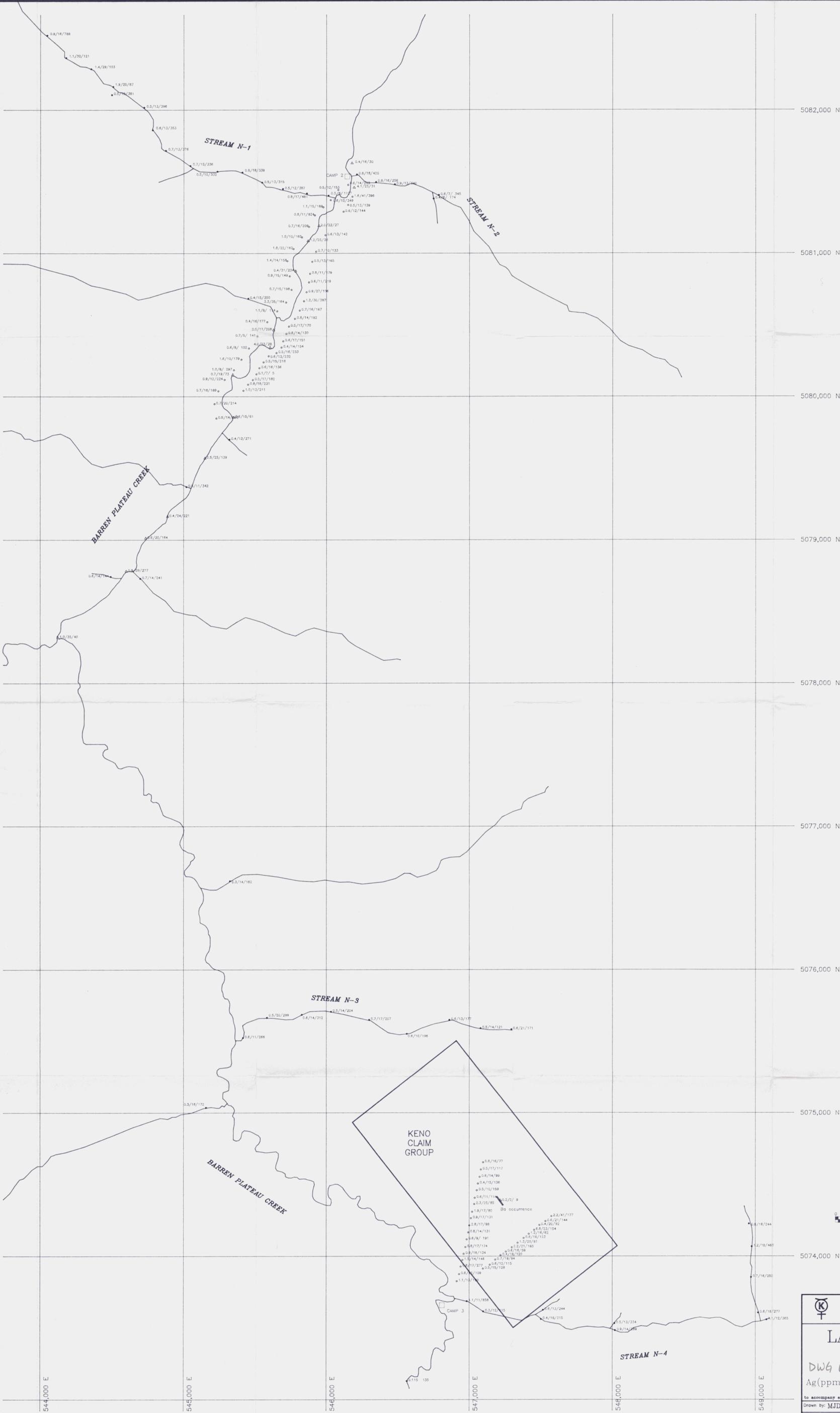
Sample No.	Ag ppm	Pb ppm	Zn ppm	Ba ppm	Fe %	Mn ppm	Ni ppm	Cr ppm	Cu ppm	Mo ppm	As ppm	Sb ppm	Co ppm	Cd ppm	U ppm	Th ppm	Sr ppm	Bi ppm	V ppm	P %
GPS-56	1.5	14	146	7,425	3.14	342	48	74	45	9	24	7	14	1.5	5	16	183	13	353	0.088
GPS-57	0.8	17	277	6,727	3.07	157	51	71	59	10	23	7	6	0.7	5	8	197	10	350	0.095
GPS-58	0.6	12	109	4,146	2.88	168	28	54	32	4	17	2	5	0.5	5	7	115	17	236	0.075
GPS-59	1.1	13	190	5,269	3.37	308	54	68	58	8	18	4	9	1.2	5	7	153	15	288	0.132



- Soil sample
- Silt sample
- ▲ Rock sample

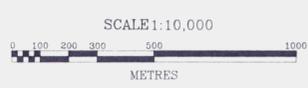


 Kennecott Canada Inc. 138-200 Granville St, Vancouver, B.C., V6C 1S4		
LANSING PROJECT MAYO M.D.		
KENO AREA <i>MAP# 105M/16</i> ⁴¹⁹		
DWG 62		Sample No.s 093030
to accompany report by G.G.C.		
Drawn by: MJD	NTS: 105M/16	Acad file: KENO
Date: APRIL 1992	Ref. No: SAMPS	Map No: N-1



0.6/21/171 Ag(ppm), Pb(ppm), Zn(ppm)

- Soil sample
- Silt sample
- ▲ Rock sample



Kennecott Canada Inc.
138-200 Granville St, Vancouver, B.C., V6C 1S4

LANSING PROJECT
MAYO M.D. ⁴²⁰
DWG 63 KENO AREA ^{MAR# 105M/16} 093030
Ag(ppm), Pb(ppm), Zn(ppm) Geochemistry

to accompany a report by G.G.C.

Drawn by: MJD	NTS: 105M/16	Acad file: KENO
Date: APRIL 1992	Ref. No: AGPB	Map No: N-2

544,000 E

545,000 E

546,000 E

547,000 E

548,000 E

549,000 E

5074,000 N

5075,000 N

5076,000 N

5077,000 N

5078,000 N

5079,000 N

5080,000 N

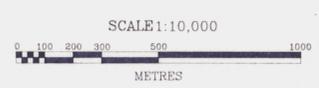
5081,000 N

5082,000 N



2.50 / 297/44 Fe(%), Mn(ppm), Ni(ppm)

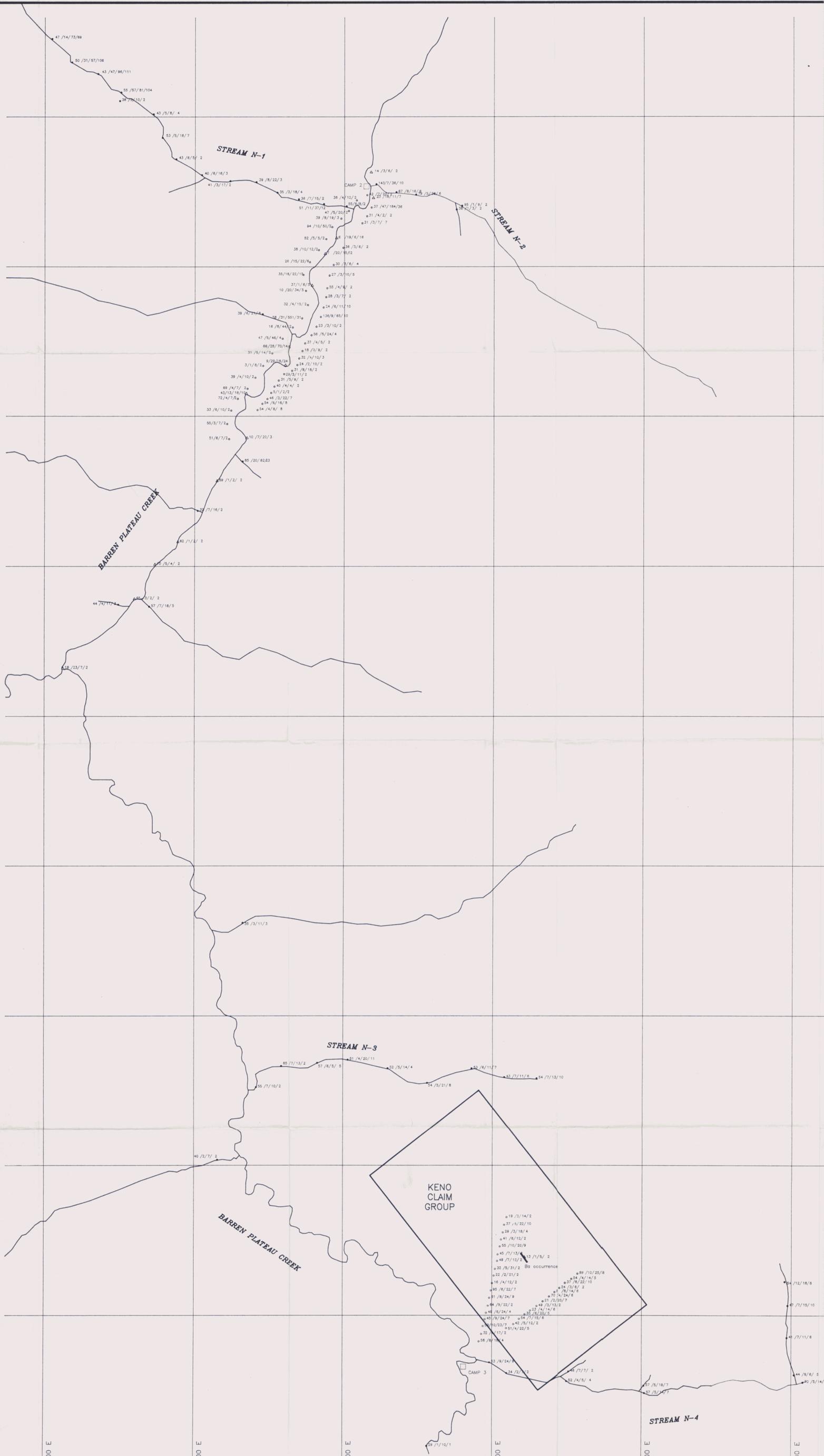
- Soil sample
- Silt sample
- Rock sample



Kennecott Canada Inc.
138-200 Granville St, Vancouver, B.C., V6C 1S4

LANSING PROJECT (42)
MAYO M.D. MAP# 105 m/16
DWG 64 KENO AREA 093030
Fe(%), Mn(ppm), Ni(ppm) Geochemistry

to accompany a report by: G.C.C.		
Drawn by: MJD	NTS: 105M/16	Acad file: KENO
Date: APRIL 1992	Ref. No: BAFE	Map No: N-3



5082,000 N

5081,000 N

5080,000 N

5079,000 N

5078,000 N

5077,000 N

5076,000 N

5075,000 N

5074,000 N

544,000 E

545,000 E

546,000 E

547,000 E

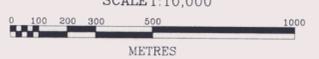
548,000 E

549,000 E

54 7/13/10 Cu(ppm), Mo(ppm), As(ppm), Sb(ppm)

- Soil sample
- Silt sample
- ▲ Rock sample

SCALE 1:10,000



Kennecott Canada Inc.
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LANSING PROJECT 422
MAYO M.D. MAP# 105M/16
DWG 65 KENO AREA 093030

Cu(ppm), Mo(ppm), As(ppm), Sb(ppm) Geochemistry
to accompany a report by G.G.C.

Drawn by: MJD	NTS: 105M/16	Acad file: KENO
Date: APRIL 1992	Ref. No: CUMO	Map No: N-4